DRAFT LBDC

A BUDGET BILL submitted by the Governor in accordance with Article VII of the Constitution

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to annual professional performance review of classroom teachers and building principals

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 3012-c of the education law, as 1 2 added by chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows: 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule or regulation to 3 4 the contrary, the annual professional performance reviews of all classroom teachers and building principals employed by school districts or 5 6 boards of cooperative educational services shall be conducted in accord-7 ance with the provisions of this section. Such performance reviews which are conducted on or after July first, two thousand eleven, or on or 8 after the date specified in paragraph c of subdivision two of this 9 section where applicable, shall include measures of student achievement 10 and be conducted in accordance with this section. Such annual profes-11 12 sional performance reviews shall be a significant factor for employment decisions including but not limited to, promotion, retention, tenure 13 14 determination, termination, and supplemental compensation, which decisions are to be made in accordance with locally developed procedures 15 negotiated pursuant to the requirements of article fourteen of the civil 16 17 service law where applicable. Provided, however, that nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the statutory right of a school 18 district or board of cooperative educational services to terminate a 19 20 probationary teacher or principal for statutorily and constitutionally

permissible reasons other than the performance of the teacher or princi-1 pal in the classroom or school, including but not limited to misconduct. 2 Such performance reviews shall also be a significant factor in teacher 3 and principal development, including but not limited to, coaching, 4 5 induction support and differentiated professional development, which are to be locally established in accordance with procedures negotiated 6 7 pursuant to the requirements of article fourteen of the civil service law. 8

9 § 2. Paragraph a of subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the education 10 law, as added by chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as 11 follows:

12 a. (1) The annual professional performance reviews conducted pursuant to this section for classroom teachers and building principals shall 13 14 differentiate teacher and principal effectiveness using the following 15 quality rating categories: highly effective, effective, developing and ineffective, with explicit minimum and maximum scoring ranges for each 16 17 category, for the state assessments and other comparable measures 18 subcomponent of the evaluation and for the locally selected measures of student achievement subcomponent of the evaluation, as prescribed in the 19 20 regulations of the commissioner. There shall be: (i) a state assessments and other comparable measures subcomponent which shall comprise twenty 21 22 or twenty-five percent of the evaluation; (ii) a locally selected measures of student achievement subcomponent which shall comprise twenty or 23 24 fifteen percent of the evaluation; and (iii) an other measures of teach-25 er or principal effectiveness subcomponent which shall comprise the remaining sixty percent of the evaluation, which in sum shall constitute 26 the composite teacher or principal effectiveness score. Such annual 27 professional performance reviews shall result in a single composite 28

1 teacher or principal effectiveness score, which incorporates multiple
2 measures of effectiveness related to the criteria included in the regu3 lations of the commissioner.

4 (2) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in accord-5 ance with paragraph b of this subdivision for the two thousand eleven-two thousand twelve school year and for annual professional performance 6 reviews conducted in accordance with paragraphs f and g of this subdivi-7 sion for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year, the 8 9 overall composite scoring ranges shall be in accordance with this 10 subparagraph. A classroom teacher and building principal shall be deemed 11 <u>to be:</u>

12 (A) Highly Effective if they achieve a composite effectiveness score
13 of 91-100.

14 (B) Effective if they achieve a composite effectiveness score of 15 75-90.

16 (C) Developing if they achieve a composite effectiveness score of 17 65-74.

18 (D) Ineffective if they achieve a composite effectiveness score of 19 <u>0-64.</u>

20 (3) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in accord-21 ance with paragraph b of this subdivision for the two thousand eleven--22 two thousand twelve school year and for annual professional performance reviews conducted in accordance with paragraph f of this subdivision for 23 24 the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year for classroom 25 teachers in subjects and grades for which the board of regents has not approved a value-added model and for building principals employed in 26 schools or programs for which there is no approved principal value-added 27 28 model, the scoring ranges for the student growth on state assessments or

4

other comparable measures subcomponent shall be in accordance with this 1 2 subparagraph. A classroom teacher and building principal shall receive: 3 (A) a highly effective rating in this subcomponent if the teacher's or principal's results are well-above the state average for similar 4 5 students and they achieve a subcomponent score of 18-20; (B) an effective rating in this subcomponent if the teacher's or prin-6 7 cipal's results meet the state average for similar students and they achieve a subcomponent score of 9-17; or 8 9 (C) a developing rating in this subcomponent if the teacher's or prin-10 cipal's results are below the state average for similar students and they achieve a subcomponent score of 3-8; or 11 12 (D) an ineffective rating in this subcomponent, if the teacher's or 13 principal's results are well-below the state average for similar

14 students and they achieve a subcomponent score of 0-2.

15 (4) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in accordance with paragraph g of this subdivision for the two thousand twelve--16 two thousand thirteen school year for classroom teachers in subjects and 17 18 grades for which the board of regents has approved a value-added model and for building principals employed in schools or programs for which 19 20 there is an approved principal value-added model, the scoring ranges for 21 the student growth on state assessments or other comparable measures 22 subcomponent shall be in accordance with this subparagraph. A classroom teacher and building principal shall receive: 23

(A) a highly effective rating in this subcomponent if the teacher's or
principal's results are well-above the state average for similar
students and they achieve a subcomponent score of 22-25;

5

(B) an effective rating in this subcomponent if the teacher's or prin cipal's results meet the state average for similar students and they
 achieve a subcomponent score of 10-21; or

4 (C) a developing rating in this subcomponent if the teacher's or prin5 cipal's results are below the state average for similar students and
6 they achieve a subcomponent score of 3-9; or

7 (D) an ineffective rating in this subcomponent, if the teacher's or
8 principal's results are well-below the state average for similar
9 students and they achieve a subcomponent score of 0-2.

10 (5) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in accord-11 ance with paragraph b of this subdivision for the two thousand eleven--12 two thousand twelve school year and for annual professional performance 13 reviews conducted in accordance with paragraph f of this subdivision for 14 the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year for classroom 15 teachers in subjects and grades for which the board of regents has not approved a value-added model and for building principals employed in 16 17 schools or programs for which there is no approved principal value-added 18 model, the scoring ranges for the locally selected measures of student achievement subcomponent shall be in accordance with this subparagraph. 19 20 <u>A classroom teacher and building principal shall receive:</u>

(A) a highly effective rating in this subcomponent if the results are
well-above district-adopted expectations for student growth or achievement and they achieve a subcomponent score of 18-20; or

24 (B) an effective rating in this subcomponent if the results meet 25 district-adopted expectations for growth or achievement and they achieve 26 a subcomponent score of 9-17; or

6

(C) a developing rating in this subcomponent if the results are below
 district-adopted expectations for growth or achievement and they achieve
 a subcomponent score of 3-8; or

4 (D) an ineffective rating in this subcomponent if the results are
5 well-below district-adopted expectations for growth or achievement and
6 they achieve a subcomponent score of 0-2.

7 (6) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in accordance with paragraph b of this subdivision for the two thousand eleven--8 9 two thousand twelve school year and for annual professional performance 10 reviews conducted in accordance with paragraph g of this subdivision for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year for classroom 11 teachers in subjects and grades for which the board of regents has 12 13 approved a value-added model and for building principals employed in 14 schools or programs for which there is an approved principal value-added model, the scoring ranges for the locally selected measures of student 15 achievement subcomponent shall be in accordance with this subparagraph. 16 <u>A classroom teacher and building principal shall receive:</u> 17

(A) a highly effective rating in this subcomponent if the results are
well-above district-adopted expectations for student growth or achievement and they achieve a subcomponent score of 14-15; or

(B) an effective rating in this subcomponent if the results meet
district-adopted expectations for growth or achievement and they achieve
a subcomponent score of 8-13; or

24 (C) a developing rating in this subcomponent if the results are below
25 district-adopted expectations for growth or achievement and they achieve
26 a subcomponent score of 3-7; or

7

(D) an ineffective rating in this subcomponent if the results are
 well-below district-adopted expectations for growth or achievement and
 they achieve a subcomponent score of 0-2.

4 (7) For the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year
5 and thereafter, the commissioner shall review the specific scoring rang6 es for each of the rating categories annually before the start of each
7 school year and shall recommend any changes to the board of regents for
8 consideration.

(8) Except for the student growth measures on the state assessments or 9 10 other comparable measures of student growth prescribed in paragraphs e, and g of this subdivision, the elements comprising the composite 11 f effectiveness score and the process by which points are assigned to 12 subcomponents shall be locally developed, consistent with the standards 13 prescribed in the regulations of the commissioner and the requirements 14 15 of this section, through negotiations conducted, pursuant to the requirements of article fourteen of the civil service law. 16

17 § 3. Paragraphs b and c of subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the 18 education law, as added by chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, are amended 19 to read as follows:

20 b. (1) Annual professional performance reviews conducted by school districts [on or after July first, two thousand eleven] or boards of 21 22 cooperative educational services for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year of classroom teachers of common branch subjects 23 or English language arts or mathematics in grades four to eight and all 24 25 building principals of schools in which such teachers are employed shall be conducted pursuant to this subdivision and shall use two thousand 26 ten--two thousand eleven school year student data as the baseline for 27

the initial computation of the composite teacher or principal effective ness score for such classroom teachers and principals.

3 (2) Subject to paragraph k of this subdivision the entire annual 4 professional performance review shall be completed and provided to the 5 teacher or principal as soon as practicable but in no case later than 6 September first, two thousand twelve. The provisions of subparagraphs 7 two and three of paragraph c of this subdivision shall apply to such 8 reviews.

c. (1) Annual professional performance reviews conducted by school 9 10 districts or boards of cooperative educational services [on or after 11 July first, two thousand twelve] for the two thousand twelve--two thou-12 sand thirteen school year and thereafter of all classroom teachers and all building principals shall be conducted pursuant to this subdivision 13 and shall use two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year 14 15 student data as the baseline for the initial computation of the composite teacher or principal effectiveness score for such classroom teachers 16 and principals. For purposes of this section, an administrator in charge 17 of an instructional program of a board of cooperative educational 18 services shall be deemed to be a building principal. 19

20 (2) Subject to paragraph k of this subdivision the entire annual 21 professional performance review shall be completed and provided to the 22 teacher or principal as soon as practicable but in no case later than September first of the school year next following the school year for 23 which the classroom teacher or building principal's performance is being 24 25 measured. The teacher's and principal's score and rating on the locally 26 selected measures subcomponent, if available, and on the other measures of teacher and principal effectiveness subcomponent for a teacher's or 27 28 principal's annual professional performance review shall be computed and

9

provided to the teacher or principal, in writing, by no later than the
 last day of the school year for which the teacher or principal is being
 measured. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to authorize a
 teacher or principal to trigger the appeal process prior to receipt of
 his or her composite effectiveness score and rating.

6 (3) Each such annual professional performance review shall be based on 7 the state assessments or other comparable measures subcomponent, the 8 locally selected measures of student achievement subcomponent and the 9 other measures of teacher and principal effectiveness subcomponent, 10 determined in accordance with the applicable provisions of this section 11 and the regulations of the commissioner, for the school year for which 12 the teacher's or principal's performance is measured.

13 § 4. Paragraphs e, f and g of subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the 14 education law, as added by chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, are amended 15 to read as follows:

e. (1) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in 16 accordance with paragraph b of this subdivision [in] for the two thou-17 sand eleven--two thousand twelve school year, forty percent of the 18 composite score of effectiveness shall be based on student achievement 19 20 measures as follows: (i) twenty percent of the evaluation shall be 21 based upon student growth data on state assessments as prescribed by the commissioner or a comparable measure of student growth if such growth 22 data is not available; and (ii) twenty percent shall be based on other 23 locally selected measures of student achievement that are determined to 24 be rigorous and comparable across classrooms in accordance with the 25 26 regulations of the commissioner and as are developed locally in a manner consistent with procedures negotiated pursuant to the requirements of 27 article fourteen of the civil service law. 28

(2) Such locally selected measures may include measures of student 1 2 achievement or growth on state assessments, regents examinations and/or 3 department approved equivalent, provided that such measures are differ-4 ent from those prescribed by the commissioner pursuant to clause (i) of 5 subparagraph one of this paragraph. The regulations of the commissioner shall describe the types of measures of student growth or achievement 6 that may be locally selected. The selection of the local measure(s) as 7 described in this paragraph to be used by the school district or board 8 9 of cooperative educational services shall be determined through collec-10 tive bargaining.

f. (1) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in 11 accordance with paragraph c of this subdivision [in any school year 12 prior to the first school year for which the board of regents has 13 approved use of a value-added growth model, but not earlier than] for 14 15 the two thousand twelve -- two thousand thirteen school year and thereafter for classroom teachers in subjects and grades for which the board of 16 regents has not approved a value-added model and for building principals 17 18 employed in schools or programs for which there is no approved principal value-added model, forty percent of the composite score of effectiveness 19 20 shall be based on student achievement measures as follows: (i) twenty percent of the evaluation shall be based upon student growth data on 21 state assessments as prescribed by the commissioner or a comparable 22 measure of student growth if such growth data is not available; and (ii) 23 twenty percent shall be based on other locally selected measures of 24 25 student achievement that are determined to be rigorous and comparable across classrooms in accordance with the regulations of the commissioner 26 and as are developed locally in a manner consistent with procedures 27

negotiated pursuant to the requirements of article fourteen of the civil
 service law.

3 (2) One or more of the following types of locally selected measures of 4 student achievement or growth may be used for the evaluation of class-5 room teachers:

6 (i) student achievement or growth on state assessments, regents exam-7 inations and/or department approved alternative examinations as described in the regulations of the commissioner including, but not 8 9 limited to, advanced placement examinations, international baccalaureate 10 examinations, and SAT II, using a measure that is different from the 11 growth score prescribed by the department for student growth on such assessments or examinations for purposes of the state assessment or 12 13 other comparable measures subcomponent that is either:

14 (A) the change in percentage of a teacher's students who achieve a 15 specific level of performance as determined locally, on such assessments/examinations compared to those students' level of perform-16 ance on such assessments/examinations in the previous school year such 17 18 as a three percentage point increase in students earning the proficient level (three) or better performance level on the seventh grade math 19 20 state assessment compared to those same students' performance levels on 21 the sixth grade math state assessment, or an increase in the percentage 22 of a teacher's students earning the advanced performance level (four) on the fourth grade English language arts or math state assessments 23 compared to those students' performance levels on the third grade 24 25 English language arts or math state assessments; or

(B) a teacher specific growth score computed by the department based
on the percent of the teacher's students earning a department determined
level of growth. The methodology to translate such growth into the

1 state-established subcomponent scoring ranges shall be determined local-2 ly; or 3 (C) a teacher-specific achievement or growth score computed in a 4 manner determined locally based on a measure of student performance on 5 the state assessments, regents examinations and/or department approved 6 alternative examinations other than the measure described in item (A) or

7 (B) of this subparagraph;

8 (ii) student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined 9 locally based on a student assessment approved by the department pursu-10 ant to a request for qualification process established in the regu-11 lations of the commissioner;

12 (iii) student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined 13 locally based on a district, regional or BOCES-developed assessment that 14 is rigorous and comparable across classrooms;

15 (iv) a school-wide measure of either student growth or achievement
16 based on either:

(A) a state-provided student growth score covering all students in the
school that took the state assessment in English language arts or mathematics in grades four through eight;

20 (B) a school-wide measure of student growth or achievement computed in 21 a manner determined locally based on a district, regional or board of 22 cooperative educational services developed assessment that is rigorous 23 and comparable across classrooms or a department approved student 24 assessment or based on a state assessment; or

(v) where applicable, for teachers in any grade or subject where there
is no growth or value-added growth model approved by the board of
regents at that grade level or in that subject, a structured districtwide student growth goal-setting process to be used with any state

assessment or an approved student assessment or a district, regional or
 BOCES-developed assessment that is rigorous and comparable across class rooms.

(3) One or more of the following types of locally selected measures of
student achievement or growth may be used for the evaluation of principals, provided that each measure is rigorous and comparable across
classrooms and that any such measure shall be different from that used
for the state assessment or other comparable measures subcomponent:

9 (i) student achievement levels on state assessments in English 10 language arts and/or mathematics in grades four to eight such as 11 percentage of students in the school whose performance levels on state 12 assessments are proficient or advanced, as defined in the regulations of 13 the commissioner;

14 (ii) student growth or achievement on state or other assessments in 15 English language arts and/or mathematics in grades four to eight for 16 students in each of the performance levels described in the regulations 17 of the commissioner;

18 (iii) student growth or achievement on state assessments in English 19 language arts and/or mathematics in grades four to eight for students 20 with disabilities and English language learners in grades four to eight; 21 (iv) student performance on any or all of the district-wide locally 22 selected measures approved for use in teacher evaluations;

23 (v) for principals employed in a school with high school grades, four,

24 <u>five and/or six-year high school graduation and/or dropout rates;</u>

(vi) percentage of students who earn a regents diploma with advanced
designation and/or honors as defined in the regulations of the commissioner, for principals employed in a school with high school grades;

(vii) percentage of a cohort of students that achieve specified scores 1 2 on regents examinations and/or department approved alternative examinations including, but not limited to, advanced placement examinations, 3 international baccalaureate examinations and SAT II, for principals 4 5 employed in a school with high school grades such as the percentage of students in the two thousand nine cohort that scored at least a three on 6 7 an advanced placement examination since entry into the ninth grade; <u>and/or</u> 8

9 (viii) students' progress toward graduation in the school using strong 10 predictive indicators, including but not limited to ninth and/or tenth 11 grade credit accumulation and/or the percentage of students that pass 12 ninth and/or tenth grade subjects most commonly associated with gradu-13 ation and/or students' progress in passing the number of required 14 regents examinations for graduation, for principals employed in a school 15 with high school grades.

(ix) For school districts or boards of cooperative educational 16 services that choose to use more than one set of locally selected meas-17 18 ures described in this paragraph for principals in the same or similar grade configuration or program such as one set of locally selected meas-19 20 ures is used to evaluate principals in some K-5 schools and another set 21 of locally selected measures is used to evaluate principals in the other 22 K-5 schools in the district, the superintendent or district superintendent shall, in their professional performance review plan, certify that 23 24 the sets of measures are comparable, in accordance with the testing 25 standards as defined in regulations of the commissioner.

(x) For building principals employed in schools or programs for which
 there is no approved principal value-added model, the types of locally
 selected measures of student achievement or growth specified in subpara-

1 graph three of paragraph g of this subdivision may be used. In addition,
2 a structured district-wide student growth goal-setting process to be
3 used with any state assessment or an approved student assessment or a
4 district, regional of BOCES-developed assessment that is rigorous and
5 comparable across classrooms may be a locally selected measure.

6 (4) The selection of the local measure or measures as described in
7 subparagraphs two and three of this paragraph to be used by the school
8 district or board of cooperative educational services shall be deter9 mined through collective bargaining.

10 g. (1) For annual professional performance reviews conducted in accordance with paragraph c of this subdivision [in] for the [first 11 12 school year for which the board of regents has approved use of a valueadded growth model] two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school 13 14 year and thereafter for classroom teachers in subjects and grades in 15 which there is a value-added growth model approved by the board of regents and for building principals employed in schools or programs for 16 which there is an approved principal value-added model, forty percent of 17 18 the composite score of effectiveness shall be based on student achievement measures as follows: (i) twenty-five percent of the evaluation 19 20 shall be based upon student growth data on state assessments as prescribed by the commissioner or a comparable measure of student growth 21 if such growth data is not available; and (ii) fifteen percent shall be 22 based on other locally selected measures of student achievement that are 23 determined to be rigorous and comparable across classrooms in accordance 24 25 with the regulations of the commissioner and as are locally developed in a manner consistent with procedures negotiated pursuant to the require-26 ments of article fourteen of the civil service law. The department shall 27 develop the value-added growth model and shall consult with the advisory 28

committee established pursuant to subdivision seven of this section
 prior to recommending that the board of regents approve its use in eval uations.

4 (2) One or more of the following types of locally selected measures of
5 student achievement or growth may be used for the evaluation of class6 room teachers:

7 (i) student achievement or growth on state assessments, regents examinations and/or department approved alternative examinations as 8 described in the regulations of the commissioner including, but not 9 10 limited to, advanced placement examinations, international baccalaureate 11 examinations and SAT II, using a measure that is different from the 12 growth score prescribed by the department for student growth on such 13 assessments or examinations for purposes of the state assessment or 14 other comparable measures subcomponent that is either:

15 (A) the change in percentage of a teacher's students who achieve a specific level of performance as determined locally, on such 16 assessments/examinations compared to those students' level of perform-17 18 ance on such assessments/examinations in the previous school year such as a three percentage point increase in students earning the proficient 19 20 level (three) or better performance level on the seventh grade math 21 state assessment compared to those same students' performance levels on 22 the sixth grade math state assessment, or an increase in the percentage of a teacher's students earning the advanced performance level (four) on 23 24 the fourth grade English language arts or math state assessments 25 compared to those students' performance levels on the third grade 26 English language arts or math state assessments; or

27 (B) a teacher specific growth score computed by the state based on the
28 percent of the teacher's students earning a state determined level of

growth. The methodology to translate such growth into the state-establ-1 2 ished subcomponent scoring ranges shall be determined locally; or 3 (C) a teacher-specific achievement or growth score computed in a 4 manner determined locally based on a measure of student performance on 5 the state assessments, regents examinations and/or department approved alternative examinations other than the measure described in item (A) or 6 7 (B) of this subparagraph; 8 (ii) student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined 9 locally based on a student assessment approved by the department pursu-10 ant to a request for qualification process established in the regulations of the commissioner; 11 12 (iii) student growth or achievement computed in a manner determined 13 locally based on a district, regional or BOCES-developed assessment that 14 is rigorous and comparable across classrooms; 15 (iv) a school-wide measure of either student growth or achievement 16 based on either: 17 (A) a state-provided student growth score covering all students in the school that took the state assessment in English language arts or math-18 ematics in grades four through eight; or 19 20 (B) a school-wide measure of student growth or achievement computed in 21 a manner determined locally based on a district, regional or board of 22 cooperative educational services developed assessment that is rigorous

23 <u>and comparable across classrooms or a department approved student</u>
24 <u>assessment or based on a state assessment.</u>

25 (3) One or more of the following types of locally selected measures of
26 student achievement or growth may be used for the evaluation of princi27 pals, provided that each measure is rigorous and comparable across

classrooms and that any such measure shall be different from that used 1 2 for the state assessment or other comparable measures subcomponent: 3 (i) student achievement levels on state assessments in English 4 language arts and/or mathematics in grades four to eight such as 5 percentage of students in the school whose performance levels on state assessments are proficient or advanced, as defined in the regulations of 6 the commissioner; 7 8 (ii) student growth or achievement on state or other assessments in 9 English language arts and/or mathematics in grades four to eight for 10 students in each of the performance levels described in the regulations 11 of the commissioner; 12 (iii) student growth or achievement on state assessments in English 13 language arts and/or mathematics in grades four to eight for students 14 with disabilities and English language learners in grades four to eight; 15 (iv) student performance on any or all of the district-wide locally selected measures approved for use in teacher evaluations; 16 (v) for principals employed in a school with high school grades, four, 17 18 five and/or six-year high school graduation and/or dropout rates; 19 (vi) percentage of students who earn a regents diploma with advanced 20 designation and/or honors as defined in the regulations of the commis-21 sioner, for principals employed in a school with high school grades; 22 (vii) percentage of a cohort of students that achieve specified scores on regents examinations and/or department approved alternative examina-23 24 tions including, but not limited to, advanced placement examinations, 25 international baccalaureate examinations and SAT II, for principals

26 employed in a school with high school grades such as the percentage of

27 students in the two thousand nine cohort that scored at least a three on

an advanced placement examination since entry into the ninth grade;
 and/or

3 (viii) students' progress toward graduation in the school using strong 4 predictive indicators, including but not limited to ninth and/or tenth 5 grade credit accumulation and/or the percentage of students that pass 6 ninth and/or tenth grade subjects most commonly associated with gradu-7 ation and/or students' progress in passing the number of required 8 regents examinations for graduation, for principals employed in a school 9 with high school grades.

10 (ix) For school districts or boards of cooperative educational 11 services that choose to use more than one set of locally selected meas-12 ures described in this paragraph for principals in the same or similar 13 grade configuration or program, the superintendent or district super-14 intendent shall, in their professional performance review plan, certify 15 that the sets of measures are comparable, in accordance with the testing 16 standards as defined in regulations of the commissioner.

17 (4) The selection of the local measure or measures as described in
18 subparagraphs two and three of this paragraph to be used by the school
19 district or board of cooperative educational services shall be deter20 mined through collective bargaining.

21 (5) The department shall develop the value-added growth model and 22 shall consult with the advisory committee established pursuant to subdi-23 vision seven of this section prior to recommending that the board of 24 regents approve its use in evaluations.

25 § 5. Paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the education 26 law, as added by chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as 27 follows:

h. The remaining sixty percent of the evaluations, ratings and effec-1 tiveness scores shall be locally developed, consistent with the stand-2 ards prescribed in the regulations of the commissioner, through negoti-3 4 ations conducted pursuant to article fourteen of the civil service law. 5 (1) A majority of the sixty points for classroom teachers shall be based on multiple classroom observations conducted by a principal or 6 7 other trained administrator, which may be performed in-person or by video. For evaluations for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thir-8 9 teen school year and thereafter, at least one such observation shall be 10 an unannounced visit. (2) For the remaining portion of these sixty points for evaluations 11 for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year, the 12 commissioner's regulation shall prescribe the other forms of evidence of 13 14 teacher and principal effectiveness that may be used. 15 (3) For evaluations of classroom teachers for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year and thereafter, the remaining portion 16 of these sixty points shall be based on one or more of the following: 17 18 (i) one or more classroom observations by independent trained evaluators selected by the school district or board of cooperative educa-19 20 tional services who are teachers or former teachers with a demonstrated 21 record of effectiveness and have no prior affiliation with the school in which they are conducting the evaluation and no other relationship with 22 the teachers being evaluated that would affect their impartiality; 23 24 (ii) classroom observations by trained in-school peer teachers; and/or

25 (iii) use of a state-approved instrument for parent or student feed26 back; and/or

(iv) evidence of student development and performance through lesson
 plans, student portfolios and other artifacts of teacher practices
 through a structured review process.

4 (4) A majority of these sixty points for building principals shall be 5 based on a broad assessment of the principal's leadership and management actions based on the principal practice rubric by the building princi-6 7 pal's supervisor, a trained administrator or a trained independent eval-8 uator, with one or more visits conducted by the supervisor, and, for 9 evaluations for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year and thereafter, that such assessment must incorporate multiple 10 11 school visits by a supervisor, a trained administrator or other trained evaluator, with at least one visit conducted by the supervisor and at 12 13 least one unannounced visit. For the remaining portion of these sixty 14 points for evaluations for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve 15 school year, such regulations shall also prescribe the other forms of evidence of principal effectiveness that may be used consistent with the 16 standards prescribed by the commissioner. 17

18 (5) For evaluations of building principals for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year and thereafter, the remaining 19 20 portion of these sixty points shall include, in addition to the require-21 ments of subparagraph three of this paragraph, at least two other sourc-22 es of evidence from the following options: feedback from teachers, students, and/or families using state-approved instruments; school 23 24 visits by other trained evaluators; and/or review of school documents, 25 records, and/or state accountability processes. Any such remaining points shall be assigned based on the results of one or more ambitious 26 and measurable goals set collaboratively with principals and their 27 superintendents or district superintendents as follows: 28

1 (i) at least one goal must address the principal's contribution to 2 improving teacher effectiveness, which shall include one or more of the 3 following: improved retention of high performing teachers, the corre-4 lation between student growth scores of teachers granted tenure as 5 opposed to those denied tenure; or improvements in the proficiency 6 rating of the principal on specific teacher effectiveness standards in 7 the principal practice rubric.

8 (ii) any other goals shall address quantifiable and verifiable 9 improvements in academic results or the school's learning environmental 10 such as student or teacher attendance.

11 (6) The district or board of cooperative educational services shall 12 establish specific minimum and maximum scoring ranges for each perform-13 ance level within this subcomponent before the start of each school year 14 and shall assign points to a teacher or principal for this subcomponent 15 based on the standards prescribed in the regulations of the commission-16 er, all in accordance with, and subject to, the requirements of para-17 graph j of this subdivision.

18 § 6. Subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the education law is amended 19 by adding a new paragraph j to read as follows:

j. (1) The process by which points are assigned in subcomponents and
the scoring ranges for the subcomponents must be transparent and available to those being rated before the beginning of each school year. The
process by which points are assigned in the respective subcomponents are
to be determined as follows:

25 (i) For the state assessment or other comparable measures subcompo26 nent, that process shall be formulated by the commissioner with the
27 approval of the board of regents.

(ii) For the locally selected measures of the student achievement 1 subcomponent, that process shall be established locally through negoti-2 3 ations conducted under article fourteen of the civil service law. 4 (iii) For the other measures of teacher and principal effectiveness 5 subcomponent, that process shall be established locally through negotiations conducted under article fourteen of the civil services law. 6 7 (2) Such process must ensure that it is possible for a teacher or principal to obtain each point in the applicable scoring ranges, includ-8 9 ing zero, for the state assessment or other comparable measures subcom-10 ponent, the locally selected measures of student achievement subcompo-11 nent and the overall rating categories. The process must also ensure 12 that it is possible for a teacher or principal to obtain each point in 13 the scoring ranges prescribed by the district or board of cooperative 14 educational services for the other measures of teacher and principal 15 effectiveness subcomponent.

16 (3) The superintendent, district superintendent or chancellor and the 17 president of the collective bargaining representative (where one exists) 18 shall certify in its plan that the process will use the narrative 19 descriptions of the standards for the scoring ranges provided in the 20 regulations of the commissioner to effectively differentiate a teacher 21 or principal's performance in each of the subcomponents and in their 22 overall ratings to improve student learning and instruction.

(4) The scoring ranges for the other measures of teacher and principal
effectiveness subcomponent shall be established locally through negotiations conducted under article fourteen of the civil service law.
§ 7. Subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the education law is amended

26 § 7. Subdivision 2 of section 3012-c of the education law is amended 27 by adding a new paragraph k to read as follows:

1 k. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule or regulation to 2 the contrary, by July first, two thousand twelve, the governing body of 3 each school district and board of cooperative educational services shall adopt a plan, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, for the annual 4 5 professional performance review of all of its classroom teachers and building principals in accordance with the requirements of this section 6 7 and the regulations of the commissioner, and shall submit such plan to the commissioner for approval. The plan may be an annual or multi-year 8 plan, for the annual professional performance review of all of its 9 10 classroom teachers and building principals. The commissioner shall 11 approve or reject the plan by September first, two thousand twelve, or as soon as practicable thereafter. The commissioner may reject a plan 12 13 that does not rigorously adhere to the provisions of this section and the regulations of the commissioner. Should any plan be rejected, the 14 15 commissioner shall describe each deficiency in the submitted plan and direct that each such deficiency be resolved through collective bargain-16 ing to the extent required under article fourteen of the civil service 17 18 law. If any material changes are made to the plan, the school district or board of cooperative educational services must submit the material 19 20 changes, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, to the commissioner 21 for approval. To the extent that by July first, two thousand twelve, or 22 by July first of any subsequent year, if all the terms of the plan have not been finalized as a result of unresolved collective bargaining nego-23 24 tiations, the entire plan shall be submitted to the commissioner upon 25 resolution of all of its terms, consistent with article fourteen of the 26 civil service law.

§ 8. Subdivision 4 of section 3012-c of the education law, as added by
chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

1 4. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, upon rating a teacher or a principal as developing or ineffective 2 3 through an annual professional performance review conducted pursuant to 4 subdivision two of this section, the school district or board of cooper-5 ative educational services shall formulate and commence implementation of a teacher or principal improvement plan for such teacher or principal 6 7 as soon as practicable but in no case later than ten school days after [the date on which teachers are required to report prior to] the opening 8 of classes for the school year. Such improvement plan shall be consist-9 10 ent with the regulations of the commissioner and developed locally through negotiations conducted pursuant to article fourteen of the civil 11 12 service law. Such improvement plan shall include, but need not be limited to, identification of needed areas of improvement, a timeline for 13 14 achieving improvement, the manner in which improvement will be assessed, 15 and, where appropriate, differentiated activities to support a teacher's or principal's improvement in those areas. 16

17 § 9. Subdivision 5 of section 3012-c of the education law, as added by 18 chapter 103 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

19 5. a. An appeals procedure shall be locally established in each school 20 district and in each board of cooperative educational services by which the evaluated teacher or principal may only challenge the substance of 21 22 the annual professional performance review, the school district's or board of cooperative educational services' adherence to the standards 23 and methodologies required for such reviews, pursuant to this section, 24 25 the adherence to the regulations of the commissioner and compliance with 26 any applicable locally negotiated procedures, as well as the school district's or board of cooperative educational services' issuance and/or 27 implementation of the terms of the teacher or principal improvement 28

72019-04-2

plan, as required under this section. Appeal procedures shall provide 1 for the timely and expeditious resolution of any appeal under this 2 subdivision. The specifics of the appeal procedure shall be locally 3 established through negotiations conducted pursuant to article fourteen 4 5 of the civil service law. An evaluation which is the subject of an appeal shall not be sought to be offered in evidence or placed in 6 7 evidence in any proceeding conducted pursuant to either section three thousand twenty-a of this article or any locally negotiated alternate 8 disciplinary procedure, until the appeal process is concluded. 9

26

b. Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or diminish the authority of the governing body of a school district or board of cooperative educational services to grant or deny tenure to or terminate probationary teachers or probationary building principals during the pendency of an appeal pursuant to this section for statutorily and constitutionally permissible reasons other than the teacher's or principal's performance that is the subject of the appeal.

17 c. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize a teacher
18 or principal to trigger the appeal process prior to receipt of their
19 composite effectiveness score and rating from the district or board of
20 cooperative educational services.

21 § 10. Section 3012-c of the education law is amended by adding a new 22 subdivision 9 to read as follows:

9. a. The department shall annually monitor and analyze trends and patterns in teacher and principal evaluation results and data to identify school districts, boards of cooperative educational services and/or schools where evidence suggests that a more rigorous evaluation system is needed to improve educator effectiveness and student learning outcomes. The criteria for identifying school districts, boards of coop-

erative educational services and/or schools shall be prescribed in the
 regulations of the commissioner.

27

3 b. A school, school district or board of cooperative educational 4 services identified by the department in one of the categories enumer-5 ated in paragraph a of this subdivision may be highlighted in public reports and/or the commissioner may order a corrective action plan, 6 which may include, but not be limited to, requirements that the district 7 or board of cooperative educational services arrange for additional 8 professional development, provide additional in-service training and/or 9 10 utilize independent trained evaluators to review the efficacy of the evaluation system, provided that the plan shall be consistent with law 11 and not in conflict with any applicable collective bargaining agreement. 12 13 § 11. This act shall take effect immediately.