2010-11 NEW YORK STATE EXECUTIVE BUDGET PUBLIC PROTECTION AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT ARTICLE VII LEGISLATION

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STATE OF NEW YORK

S. 6606 A. 9706

SENATE - ASSEMBLY

January 19, 2010

IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance

IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the executive law, the vehicle and traffic law, the state finance law, the labor law, the public health law, the social services law, the criminal procedure law, the family court act, the public officers law, the general municipal law, the penal law, the correction law, the surrogate's court procedure act, the court of claims act, the civil practice law and rules, the real property tax law, the administrative code of the city of New York, the environmental conservation law, the parks, recreation and historic preservation law and the mental hygiene law, in relation to merging the crime victims board, the division of probation and correctional alternatives and the office for the prevention of domestic violence into the division of criminal justice services; and to repeal certain provisions of the executive law and the judiciary law relating thereto (Part A); to amend the executive law, in relation to disaster preparedness; in relation to the intrastate mutual aid program; to amend the executive law, the state finance law, the county law and the tax law, in relation to consolidating the office of homeland security, the state emergency management office, and the office of fire prevention and control within the department of state; to amend the executive law, in relation to duties of the division of homeland security and emergency services, the state fire administrator and the office of fire prevention and control; to amend the county law, in relation to fire training and mutual aid programs; to amend the general business law, in relation to approval of electrical devices; to amend the general municipal law, in relation to duties of the fire chief, and the fire mobilization and mutual aid plan; to amend the insurance law, in relation to information in reports of fire losses; to amend the state finance law, in relation to reimbursement for firefighting costs and funds for volunteer firefighting and emergency service providers; to amend the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to vehicles operated by

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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officials of the office of fire prevention and control; to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to arson investigation; amend the executive law, in relation to fire safety standards of cigarettes, and to repeal certain provisions of the county law and the executive law relating thereto (Part B); to amend the executive law and the civil practice law and rules, in relation to establishing a rape crisis program in the division of criminal justice services and remove the program from the department of health; and to repeal subdivision 15 of section 206 and article 6-A of the public health law relating thereto (Part C); to amend the criminal procedure law and the penal law, in relation to terms of probation; to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to probation mandate relief; to amend the executive law, in relation to the manner in which probation aid is distributed; to amend the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to warrants, the probation detainer warrant pilot project and modification and extension thereof, waiver of extradition, conditions of probation, and restitution; and to amend chapter 377 of the laws of 2007 amending the correction law and the criminal procedure law relating to establishing a probation detainer warrant pilot project, relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part D); to amend the executive in relation to creating in the division of criminal justice services the office of indigent defense; and to amend the state finance law, in relation to the distribution of monies from the indigent legal services fund (Part E); to amend the county law, relation to permitting counties to establish an office of conflict defender and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Part F); to amend the executive law, in relation to the collection of DNA; and to amend the penal law, in relation to conditions of probation and conditional discharge and refusal to provide a DNA sample (Part G); to amend the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to the denial of registration or renewal for certain violations; relation to the suspension of registration for failure to answer or pay penalties with respect to certain violations; and in relation to establishing a photo-monitoring program to impose fines for failing to obey work zone speed limits and for failing to obey certain posted speed limits (Part H); to amend the executive law, in relation to reducing the board of parole maximum membership from nineteen to thirteen and to reduce the term of office from six to five years (Part I); to amend the correction law, in relation to the housing of persons nineteen, twenty and twenty-one years of age with the department of correctional services; to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to permitting electronic appearances in certain proceedings; and to amend the correction law, in relation to permitting the commingling of inmates in local correctional infirmaries and to allow prisoners to voluntarily work for nonprofit organizations (Part J); to amend the judiciary law, the civil practice law and rules, the uniform district court act, the uniform city court act, and the New York city civil court act, in relation to the increase of certain civil court fees (Part K); to amend the uniform justice court act, in relation to improving the process for the merging of town and village courts (Part L); in relation to requiring the judiciary to publicly account for the impact on local governments from any new program or expanded program to be required by its rules and regu-(Part M); to amend the public authorities law, in relation to certain bonds authorized to be issued or purchased by the municipal bond bank agency and to certain financing agreements authorized to be



executed in connection therewith (Part N); to amend the civil service law, the labor law and the executive law, in relation to abolishing the state employment relations board and shift responsibilities to the public employment relations board; and to repeal certain provisions of the labor law relating thereto (Part O); to repeal section 163-c of the state finance law, relating to imposition of a centralized procurement contract fee (Part P); to collect surplus funds from workcompensation insurance carriers and to prevent such surpluses from recurring (Part Q); to amend the workers' compensation law and insurance law, in relation to providing the workers' compensation board with the powers needed to protect injured workers' benefits (Part R); to establish a joint appointing authority for the state financial system project (Part S); to amend the civil service law, the state finance law and the insurance law, in relation to allowing the New York state employee health insurance plan to have the option to be self insured; and to amend the parks, recreation and historic preservation law, in relation to the health benefit plan for employees (Part T); to amend the civil service law, in relation to reimbursement for medicare premium charges (Part U); to amend the retirement and social security law, in relation to payment by the state of certain employer retirement contributions (Part V); to amend the executive law, the real property tax law, and the tax law, in relation to merging the state office of real property services and the state board of real property services into the department of taxation and finance; and to repeal certain provisions of the real property tax law and the tax law relating thereto (Part W); to amend the real property tax law, the real property law and the tax law, in relation to establishing a property taxpayers' disclosure and assessment transparency act and simplifying the reporting of data relating to real estate transfers X); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to restructuring the current aid program to encourage full value reassessments to amend the state finance law, in relation to aid and incentives for municipalities (Part Z); to amend the state finance law, relation to a program of aid to municipalities in which a video lottery gaming facility is located (Part AA); to amend the legislative law, in relation to unfunded mandates on local governments and school districts; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof (Part BB); to amend the general municipal law, the education law, the public authorities law and chapter 738 of the laws of 1988 amending the administrative code of the city of New York, the public authorities law and other laws relating to the New York city school construction authority, in relation to separate specifications for public works contracts (Part CC); to amend the general municipal law, the public housing law, the state finance law and chapter 585 of the laws of 1939, relating to the rate of interest to be paid by certain public corporations upon judgments and accrued claims, relation to interest rates paid by certain public corporations (Part DD); to amend the agriculture and markets law and the county law, relation to the sharing of the duties of weights and measures between municipalities; to amend the town law, in relation to residency requirements of fire districts and fire companies; and to amend the real property tax law, in relation to entering into contracts for tax collection (Part EE); to amend the general municipal law, the economic development law, the state finance law and the public buildings law, in relation to procurements by local governments; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon expiration thereof (Part FF); to



amend the town law, in relation to eliminating compensation for town improvement district commissioners, in relation to the provision of sanitary services in the areas of towns outside of villages, and in relation to abolishing the offices of improvement district commission-(Part GG); to amend the public officers law, in relation to fees for accident reports; to amend the general municipal law and the banking law, in relation to permitting local governments to make deposits in credit unions and savings banks; to amend the general municipal law, in relation to authorizing fees for ambulance service provided by a fire department or fire company; to amend the general municipal law, in relation to authorizing municipalities to charge for the cost of providing additional police protection to paid-admission events; to amend the general city law and the village law, in relation to increasing the rate of tax authorized to be imposed by local gross receipts taxes; and to repeal certain provisions of the public officers law relating thereto (Part HH); to amend the public authorities law, in relation to federal subsidy bonds of the New York city transitional finance authority (Part II); and to provide for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2010-2011 budget; to authorize certain payments and transfers; to amend the state finance law, in relation to the school tax relief fund; to amend the state finance law, in relation to the expiration of certain provisions thereof; to amend the state finance law, in relation to notes and bonds of the environmental facilities corporation; to amend the state finance law, in relation to the general debt service fund; to amend the state finance law, in relation to the issuance of revenue bonds; to amend part RR of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008 providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2008-2009 budget, in relation to effectiveness of certain provisions thereof; to amend the state finance law, in relation to variable rate bonds; to amend the state finance law, in relation to mental health service facilities financing; to amend the state finance law, in relation to the sale of state bonds; to amend the state finance law, in relation the sale of housing bonds and urban renewal bonds; to amend the state finance law, in relation to federal interest subsidy payments; to amend the public authorities law, in relation to cultural education facilities; to amend the public authorities law, in relation to library construction; to amend the public authorities law, in relation to voting of directors of the local government assistance corporation; to amend part P of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, amending the education law relating to establishing a program of capital financing for public broadcasting stations, in relation to the effectiveness of certain provisions thereof; to amend the public authorities law, the judiciary law, the education law, the state finance law, chapter 57 of the laws of 2004, amending the education law and other laws relating to the calculation and payment of state aid to school districts and boards of cooperative educational services, chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, amending the labor law and other laws relating to implementing state fiscal plan for the 2005-2006 state fiscal year, chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to state finances, chapter 7 of the laws of 1989, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation to assist the state in restructuring certain payment requirements, chapter 190 of the laws of 1990, amending the tax law relating to certain taxes, fees and other impositions, chapter 61 of the laws of 2005, providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006



budget, chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2002-2003 budget, chapter 60 of the laws of 2006, relating to providing for administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2006-2007 budget, chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, providing for the financing of the correctional facilities improvement fund and the youth facility improvement fund, chapter 18 of the laws of 2008, amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to racing corporations and associations, chapter 432 of the laws of 1997, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the transportation, economic development and environmental conservation budget, chapter 796 of the laws of 1992, providing for enhancements to the center for science and technology on the campus of Syracuse University and the Cornell super computer center on the campus of Cornell University, chapter 684 of the laws of 1986, relating to providing for the construction of the center for computers, microelectronics and telecommunications on the campus of Columbia University in the city of New York, chapter 839 of the laws of 1987, constituting the omnibus economic development act of 1987, chapter 258 of the laws of 1993, relating to the development of sports facilities, chapter 61 of the laws of 2000, authorizing bonds for the strategic investment program, chapter 84 of the laws of 2002, chapter 3 of the laws of 2004, chapter 59 of the laws of 2004, chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, and chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York to issue bonds and notes, chapter 59 of the laws of 2005, relating to the urban development corporation bonding authority and relating to the authority of the urban development corporation and the dormitory authority to issue bonds, chapter 62 of the laws of 2003 and chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, authorizing the urban development corporation to issue bonds, chapter 35 of the laws of 1979, relating to appropriating funds to the New York state urban development corporation, New York state urban development corporation act, the New York state medical care facilities finance agency act, chapter 329 of the laws of 1991, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the establishment of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund; and to amend part R-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006 relating to dormitory authority bonds, in relation to state-supported debt; and providing for the repeal of certain provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part JJ)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2010-2011 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through JJ. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

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1 PART A

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Section 240 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

- § 240. [Division] Office of probation and correctional alternatives[; 1. There shall be in the [executive department a division] division of criminal justice services an office of probation and correctional alternatives, hereinafter referred to in this article as "the The head of the [division] office shall be the [state] director of probation and correctional alternatives, who shall be appointed by the [governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate, and hold office at the pleasure of the governor by whom he was appointed and until his successor is appointed and has qualified] commissioner.
- 2. The [state] director [of probation and correctional alternatives shall have sole charge of the administration of the division of probation and correctional alternatives], in consultation with the commissioner, shall coordinate and recommend policy relating to the administration of probation services and correctional alternative programs throughout the state.
- 3. [The principal office of the division of probation and correctional alternatives shall be in the county of Albany] The commissioner, in consultation with the director, shall appoint staff and perform such other functions to ensure the efficient operation of the office within the amounts made available therefor by appropriation.
- 4. As used in this article, the term "director" shall mean the [state] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives_ "office" shall mean the office of probation and correctional alternatives, "commissioner" shall mean the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services and "division" shall mean the division of criminal justice services.
 - § 2. Section 241 of the executive law is REPEALED.
- Section 836 of the executive law is amended by adding three new subdivisions 7, 8 and 9 to read as follows:
- 7. The functions, powers and duties of the former division of probation and correctional alternatives as established in article twelve of this chapter shall now be considered a function of the division of criminal justice services.
- 8. The functions, powers and duties of the former New York state office for the prevention of domestic violence as established in article twenty-one of this chapter shall now be considered a function of the division of criminal justice services.
- 9. The functions, powers and duties of the former crime victims board as established in article twenty-two of this chapter shall now be considered a function of the division of criminal justice services.
- Transfer of employees. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, upon the transfer of functions from the division of probation and correctional alternatives to the division of criminal justice services pursuant to subdivision 7 of section 836 of the executive law, as added by section three of this act, all employees of the division of probation and correctional alternatives 50 shall be transferred to the division of criminal justice services. Employees transferred pursuant to this section shall be transferred without further examination or qualification and shall retain their 53 respective civil service classifications, status and collective bargaining unit designations and collective bargaining agreements.

§ 5. Transfer of records. All books, papers, and property of the division of probation and correctional alternatives shall be delivered to the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services. All books, papers, and property of the division of probation and correctional alternatives shall continue to be maintained by the division of criminal justice services.

- § 6. Continuity of authority. For the purpose of succession of all functions, powers, duties and obligations transferred and assigned to, devolved upon and assumed by it pursuant to this act, the division of criminal justice services shall be deemed and held to constitute the continuation of the division of probation and correctional alternatives.
- § 7. Completion of unfinished business. Any business or other matter undertaken or commenced by the division of probation and correctional alternatives or the director thereof pertaining to or connected with the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred and assigned to the division of criminal justice services and pending on the effective date of this act, may be conducted and completed by the division of criminal justice services in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as if conducted and completed by the division of probation and correctional alternatives.
- § 8. Continuation of rules and regulations. All rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations, and decisions of the division of probation and correctional alternatives pertaining to the functions and powers herein transferred and assigned, in force at the time of such transfer and assumption, shall continue in full force and effect as rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations and decisions of the division of criminal justice services until duly modified or abrogated by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services.
- § 9. Terms occurring in laws, contracts and other documents. Whenever the division of probation and correctional alternatives or the director thereof, is referred to or designated in any law, contract or document pertaining to the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred to and assigned to the division of criminal justice services or the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, such reference or designation shall be deemed to refer to the division of criminal justice services, as applicable.
- § 10. Existing rights and remedies preserved. No existing right or remedy of any character shall be lost, impaired or affected by any provisions of this act.
- § 11. Pending actions and proceedings. No action or proceeding pending at the time when this act shall take effect, brought by or against the division of probation and correctional alternatives or the director thereof, shall be affected by any provision of this act, but the same may be prosecuted or defended in the name of the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services or the division of criminal justice services. In all such actions and proceedings, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, upon application of the court, shall be substituted as a party.
- § 12. Transfer of appropriations heretofore made. All appropriations or reappropriations heretofore made to the division of probation and correctional alternatives to the extent of remaining unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof, whether allocated or unallocated and whether obligated or unobligated, are hereby transferred to and made available for use and expenditure by the division of criminal justice services subject to the approval of the director of the budget for the same



purposes for which originally appropriated or reappropriated and shall be payable on vouchers certified or approved by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services on audit and warrant of the comptroller.

- § 13. Transfer of assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities of the division of probation and correctional alternatives are hereby transferred to and assumed by the division of criminal justice services.
- § 14. Subdivision 1 of section 221-a of the executive law, as amended by chapter 107 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The superintendent, in consultation with the division of criminal justice services, office of court administration, the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives[,] and the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence [and the division for women], develop a comprehensive plan for the establishment and maintenance of a statewide computerized registry of all orders of protection issued pursuant to articles four, five, six and eight of the family court act, section 530.12 of the criminal procedure law and, insofar as they involve victims of domestic violence as defined by section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social services law, section 530.13 of the criminal procedure law and sections two hundred forty and two hundred fifty-two of the domestic relations law, and orders of protection issued by courts of competent jurisdiction in another state, territorial or tribal jurisdiction, special orders of conditions issued pursuant to subparagraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (o) of subdivision one of section 330.20 of the criminal procedure law insofar as they involve a victim or victims of domestic violence as defined by subdivision one of section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social services law or a designated witness or witnesses to such domestic violence, and all warrants issued pursuant to sections one hundred fifty-three and eight hundred twenty-seven of the family court act, and arrest and bench warrants as defined in subdivisions twenty-eight, twenty-nine and thirty of section 1.20 of the criminal procedure law, insofar as such warrants pertain to orders of protection or temporary orders of protection; provided, however, that warrants issued pursuant to section one hundred fifty-three of the family court act pertaining to articles three, seven and ten of such act and section 530.13 of the criminal procedure law shall not be included in the registry. The superintendent shall establish and maintain such registry for the purposes of ascertaining the existence of orders protection, temporary orders of protection, warrants and special orders of conditions, and for enforcing the provisions of paragraph subdivision four of section 140.10 of the criminal procedure law.
- § 15. The article heading of article 12 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

§ 15-a. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 16. Subdivision 2 of section 242 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The present members of the state probation commission who were appointed to such commission by the governor shall continue as the members of said commission appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section at the pleasure of the governor, and until their successors are appointed and have qualified. The director shall be chairman of the commission. No member of said probation commission shall receive any compensation for his or her services as a member of such

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commission, but the members shall be entitled to their actual necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The [director] commissioner may from time to time assign an employee of the division to act as secretary to said probation commission. The duties of the members of said probation commission shall be to attend the meetings of such probation commission, at the time fixed by said commission, or called by the chairman of said commission, and to consider all matters relating to probation in the state, within the jurisdiction of the [division of probation and correctional alternatives] office, and to advise and consult with the director in regard thereto.

- § 17. Subdivisions 1 and 2, paragraph (a) of subdivision 3, and the opening paragraph of subdivision 4 of section 243 of the executive law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 574 of the laws of 1985, paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 as added by chapter 609 of the laws of 1997, and the opening paragraph of subdivision 4 as added by chapter 568 of the laws of 2008, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. The [director] office shall exercise general supervision over the administration of probation services throughout the state, including probation in family courts and shall collect statistical and other information and make recommendations regarding the administration of probation services in the courts. [He] The office shall endeavor to secure the effective application of the probation system and the enforcement of the probation laws and the laws relating to family courts throughout the state. After consultation with the state probation [he] the office shall [adopt] recommend to the commissioner commission, general rules which shall regulate methods and procedure in the administration of probation services, including investigation of defendants prior to sentence, and children prior to adjudication, supervision, case record keeping, and accounting, program planning and research so as to secure the most effective application of the probation system and the most efficient enforcement of the probation laws throughout the state. Such rules shall provide that the probation investigations ordered by the court in designated felony act cases under subdivision one of section 351.1 of the family court act shall have priority over other cases arising under articles three and seven of such act. [Such] When duly adopted by the commissioner, such rules shall be binding upon all probation officers and when duly adopted shall have the force and effect of law, but shall not supersede rules that may be adopted pursuant to the family court act. [He] The office shall keep [himself] informed as to the work of all probation officers and shall from time to time inquire into and report upon their conduct and efficiency. [He] The office may investigate the work of any probation bureau or probation officer and shall have access to all records and probation offices. [He] The office may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of books and papers. [He] The office may administer oaths and examine persons under oath. [He] The office may recommend to the appropriate authorities the removal of any probation officer. [He shall transmit to the governor not later than February first of each year an annual report of the work of the division of probation and correctional alternatives for the preceding calendar year, which shall include such information relative to the administration of probation and correctional alternatives throughout the state as may be appropriate. He] The office may from time to time publish reports regarding probation including probation in family courts, and the operation of the probation system including probation in family courts and any other information regarding

probation as [he] <u>the office</u> may determine provided expenditures for such purpose are within amounts appropriated therefor.

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The [director] office shall exercise general supervision over the utilization of correctional alternative programs throughout the state. [He] The office shall collect statistical and other information and make recommendations regarding the availability, identification, coordination and utilization of such programs. The [director] office shall endeavor to facilitate communication and coordination among and between correctional alternative programs and probation services in order to assist in making effective use of such programs. A correctional alternative program shall be deemed to refer to those programs, including eligible programs as defined in paragraph b of subdivision one of section two hundred sixty-one of this chapter, which by themselves, or when used in conjunction with one or more programs or with probation services, may serve as an alternative to a sentence or disposition of incarceration or a portion thereof, and which shall serve the interests of justice. [director] office shall further exercise general supervision over the administration and implementation of alternatives to incarceration service plans under the provisions of article thirteen-A of this chapter. [He] The office shall [adopt] recommend to the commissioner general rules and regulations which shall regulate methods and procedures in the administration and funding of alternative to incarceration service plans, and any other correctional alternative program funded by the state through the division, including but not limited to issuance of quarterly reports as specified by section two hundred sixty-three of this chapter. [Such] When duly adopted by the commissioner, such rules and regulations shall be binding upon all counties and eligible programs that may be funded in such plans and when duly adopted shall have the force and effect of law. [He] The office shall keep [himself] informed as to the development, implementation and utilization of plans and fundeligible programs therein and shall from time to time inquire into and report upon their work and efficiency. [He] The office shall investigate the work of any funded plan or eligible program and shall have access to their records and offices for such purpose.

(a) The [director] office shall have the authority to certify to the commissioner [of the division of criminal justice services] those correctional alternative programs subject to supervision of the division and determined to perform a criminal justice function, as defined in subdivision ten of section eight hundred thirty-five of this chapter, for the purpose of permitting access to criminal history records for criminal justice purposes, subject to the approval of the commissioner [of the division of criminal justice services]. Any such correctional alternative program may apply for certification to the division in writon forms prescribed by the division. Such application shall specify, at a minimum, the following: the nature and scope of the program; the necessity for access to such records related to their criminal justice function; the names of employees, and their job titles or positions, for whom access is being sought; and any other information the division deems necessary. Certification shall include the designation of those employees of such programs for whom access to such records is authorized. No designated employee shall have access to such records until such person has satisfactorily completed appropriate training, required by the division [of criminal justice services].

The [director] office shall [promulgate] recommend to the commissioner rules and regulations which shall include guidelines and procedures on the placement of sex offenders designated as level two or level three

offenders pursuant to article six-C of the correction law. Such regulations shall instruct local probation departments to consider certain factors when investigating and approving the residence of level two or level three sex offenders sentenced to a period of probation. Such factors shall include the following:

§ 18. Subdivision 1 of section 483-d of the social services law, as added by chapter 392 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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- 1. Committee established. There is hereby established within the council an out-of-state placement committee comprised of the commissioner of children and family services, the commissioner of mental health, the commissioner of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, the commissioner of education, the commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services, the commissioner of health, and the director of the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives.
- § 19. Section 244 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 906 of the laws of 1974, is amended to read as follows:
- § 244. Hostels and foster homes. 1. The [director] office is hereby authorized to provide or to pay for care in a hostel or foster home approved by [him] the office as suitable for such cases for any probationer or parolee under the age of twenty-one years when the parole board or a judge of a court determines that there is no other suitable home for such probationer or parolee and that such probationer or parolee should be placed in such hostel or foster home. In addition to payment for such care, when ordered by the board or court, the [direcoffice is authorized to provide or pay for clothing and other necessities, including medical and psychiatric treatment, required for the welfare of such probationer or parolee. The [director] office may also provide or contract for such care in any suitable facility operated by a department of correction or by any other public or voluntary social welfare agency, institution or organization. A court with respect to such a probationer and the parole board with respect to such a parolee shall, subject to regulation by the [director] division control admissions to and discharges from such hostels and foster homes. When placement is made in any hostel or foster home, or in any facility other than a public institution, such placement whenever practicable shall be in a hostel, or facility operated by or in the home of a person or persons of the same religious faith as the probationer or parolee.
- 2. The [director] office shall have authority and the duty to stimulate programs for the development of hostels and foster homes for the care of probationers and parolees under the age of twenty-one years.
- § 20. Section 245 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- § 245. Probation staff training and development. The [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives shall conduct training programs for city, county and state probation personnel, prepare and execute programs of information and education to interest persons in the field of probation as a vocation, encourage the development by schools within the state of courses of study in fields related to and bearing upon probation and engage in other activities of an educational or informational nature designed to increase the number of qualified probation personnel and improve the caliber of probation service within the state. In order to effectuate the provisions of this section, the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives shall be authorized to prepare and disseminate printed materials, utilize media of public information, cooperate with public and private institutions of learning and employ qualified persons as lecturers or consultants on a

fee basis to supplement services to be performed by its personnel hereunder. Such fees shall be payable out of funds appropriated for these purposes on the audit and warrant of the comptroller on vouchers certified or approved by the [director] office.

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- Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 246 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, are amended to read as follows:
- The program of state aid to county probation services shall be continued. It shall be administered by the division [of probation and correctional alternatives] with the advice of the state probation commission. Funds appropriated to the division for distribution as state aid to county probation services and to the probation services of New York city shall be distributed by the division in accordance with the provisions of this section, and rules adopted by the [director] commissioner after consultation with the director and the state probation commission.
- 3. Applications from counties or the city of New York for state aid under this section shall be made by filing with the division [of probation and correctional alternatives], a detailed plan, including cost estimates covering probation services for the fiscal year or 21 portion thereof for which aid is requested. Included in such estimates shall be clerical costs and maintenance and operation costs as well as salaries of probation personnel and such other pertinent information as the director may require. Items for which reimbursement is requested under this section shall be duly designated in the estimates submitted. The director, after consultation with the state probation commission, shall approve such plan if it conforms to standards relating to the administration of probation services as specified in the rules adopted by him.
 - § 22. Section 247 of the executive law is REPEALED.
 - § 23. Section 248 of the executive law, as added by chapter 479 of the laws of 1970, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 248. Establishment of probation scholarships. The [division of probation and correctional alternatives] office, [under regulations which it shall prescribe, and] out of moneys appropriated to it for that is authorized to grant scholarships for graduate training in any course of study that would be of substantial value in the field of probation at graduate schools located within the state whose programs are registered by the regents.

Each such scholarship shall entitle the holder thereof to a sum not to exceed four thousand dollars annually while in attendance at any of the said schools for a period not to exceed two years of graduate professional study.

Scholarships under this section shall be awarded only to residents of the state of New York who hold a degree of bachelor of arts or bachelor of science from a college or university, or the equivalent thereof.

The [director] office, after consultation with the state probation commission, shall [make] recommend to the commissioner rules governing the award of such scholarships, the publication of notices offering scholarships, the issuance and cancellation of certificates entitling persons to the benefits thereof, the use of such scholarships by the persons entitled thereto, the courses that may be included under such scholarships, the schools which may be attended under such scholarships, the rights and duties of scholarship holders and of the schools which they attend, and providing generally for the carrying into effect of the provisions of this section; and may, by appropriate rule, require that holders of such scholarships be available for employment in probation work in the state of New York upon the completion of the training for which the scholarship is provided. The [director] office shall, after consultation with the state probation commission, award such scholarships within such established rules, and any scholarship may be revoked for cause.

Payments of money under this section may be made to the holder of the scholarship or to the school or college attended under the scholarship, on behalf of, and for the benefit of, the holder of the scholarship.

Payments of money shall be ordered by the comptroller upon vouchers of the [director] office certifying that the person named therein is entitled to receive the sum either directly, or for his or her benefit.

- § 24. Subdivisions 2, 3 and 4 of section 257 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, are amended to read as follows:
- 2. The [state director] office of probation and correctional alternatives may when necessary certify in writing the need of one or more salaried probation officers to the official body charged with responsibility for appropriating funds for support of government in the political subdivision of the state wherein a probation department is located. Such body shall then determine whether such need exists and if found to exist it shall fix the salary of such probation officer and appropriate the necessary funds, as well as provide for the necessary expenses of such officer.
- 3. Each probation officer who collects or has custody of money, before entering upon the duties of his <u>or her</u> office, shall execute a bond, pursuant to the provisions of section eleven of the public officers law, in a penal sum to be fixed by the local director of probation with sufficient sureties approved thereby, conditioned for the honest accounting for all money received by him <u>or her</u> as such probation officer. In the discretion of the local director of probation, a position scheduled bond covering all such probation officers may be procured and executed in lieu of such individual bonds. The accounts of all probation officers shall be subject to audit at any time by the proper fiscal authorities and the [division] <u>office</u> of probation and correctional alternatives.
- It shall be the duty of every probation officer to furnish to each of his or her probationers a statement of the conditions of probation, and to instruct him or her with regard thereto; to keep informed concerning his or her conduct, habits, associates, employment, recreation and whereabouts; to contact him or her at least once a month pursuant to rules promulgated by the [state director of probation and correctional alternatives] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services; to aid and encourage him or her by friendly advice and admonition; and by such other measures as may seem most suitable to bring about improvement in his or her conduct, condition and general attitude toward society. Probation officers shall report to the head of the probation bureau or department who shall in turn report in writing to the court and the [state director] office of probation and correctional alternatives at least monthly or where there is no bureau or department, directly to the court and the [state director] office of probation and correctional alternatives concerning the conduct and condition of probationers; keep records of their work as probation officers; keep accurate and complete accounts of all money collected from probationers; give receipts therefor and make prompt returns thereof at



least monthly; aid in securing employment; perform such other duties in connection with such probationer as the court may direct or as required by the general rules adopted pursuant to section two hundred forty-three of this chapter; and make such reports to the [state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives as it may require.

- § 25. Paragraphs a, b, e and i of subdivision 1 of section 261 of the executive law, paragraphs a, e and i as amended by chapter 338 of the laws of 1989 and paragraph b as amended by chapter 461 of the laws of 1990, are amended to read as follows:
- a. "Service plan" or "plan" means a county plan designed to identify and provide eligible programs as determined by either an advisory board established pursuant to this article, or by an existing criminal justice coordinating council, provided, however, the membership of such council includes a majority of those persons set forth in subdivision two of this section, provided that one person shall be the chief administrative officer. The following factors considered, utilized and incorporated in the plan shall include but not be limited to:
- (i) an analysis of the jail population to assist in determining incarceration practices and trends, including, if submitting an approved amendment pursuant to section two hundred sixty-six of this article, an analysis of the relationship between alcohol, drugs and crime and the effects of alcohol and substance abuse on the local criminal justice system and jail, probation and alternatives to incarceration populations, consistent with planning guidelines established by the [division] office; the types and nature of alternative programming needed, and appropriate eligibility requirements;
- (ii) an analysis of recent overcrowding problems and measures taken by the county to relieve them;
- (iii) a summary of existing alternatives programs and/or related services and previous efforts made by the county to develop alternatives to incarceration and if an approved amendment is submitted, pursuant to section two hundred sixty-six of this article, a summary of existing alcohol and substance abuse programs;
- (iv) a comprehensive plan for the development of alternatives programs that addresses the specific needs identified in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph and furthers the county's long-range goals in the area of alternatives to incarceration;
- (v) specific proposals for the use of state aid available under this chapter, including a description of services to be provided, characteristics of the target populations, steps to be taken to identify eligible participants, the goals and objectives to be accomplished through the proposals;
- (vi) a detailed time frame for the implementation and evaluation of the specific proposals described in subparagraph (v) of this paragraph;
- (vii) a summary of those criteria by which the [division] office and the state commission of correction may measure the proposal's impact on jail overcrowding; and
- (viii) any other information which the [division] office may request consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
- Nothing in this article shall prohibit the development of regional programs by two or more counties.
- b. "Eligible programs" means existing programs, enhancement of existing programs or initiation of new programs or, if submitting an approved amendment pursuant to section two hundred sixty-six of this article, eligible alcohol and substance abuse programs as defined in paragraph c of this subdivision which serve to assist the court, public officers or

1 others in identifying and avoiding the inappropriate use of incarceration. Such programs may be administered by either the county or private, community-based organizations and may include, but shall not be limited to: new or enhanced specialized probation services which exceed those probation services otherwise required to be performed in accordance with applicable law, rule or regulation of the [state] division of [probation 7 and correctional alternatives] criminal justice services subject to the provisions of this article; a pre-trial alternative to detention program, including a comprehensive pre-arraignment program which screens all defendants and ensures that the court is fully advised of the avail-10 11 ability of alternatives based upon the defendant's suitability and needs 12 prior to its determination regarding the issuance of a securing order, 13 or an effective bail review program; alternatives to post-adjudicatory 14 incarceration programs, including community service, substance abuse or intervention programs; and management information systems 16 designed to improve the county's ability to identify appropriate persons 17 for alternatives to detention or incarceration, as well as for improved 18 classification of persons within jail. For purposes of this paragraph, 19 community service programs may place persons performing community service at worksites identified by the commissioner of the department of 20 21 environmental conservation and the commissioner of the office of parks, 22 recreation and historic preservation.

e. "Approved plan" means a plan submitted by the county executive upon approval by the advisory board or council and by the local legislative body, which has been determined by the [division of probation and correctional alternatives] office to meet the requirements set forth in paragraph a of this subdivision.

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- i. ["Division"] "Office" means the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives.
- § 26. Section 354-a of the executive law, as amended by chapter 355 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- § 354-a. Information on status of veterans receiving assistance. Departments, divisions, bureaus, boards, commissions and agencies of the state and political subdivisions thereof, which provide assistance, treatment, counseling, care, supervision or custody in service areas involving health, mental health, family services, criminal justice or employment, including but not limited to the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, office of mental health, [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives, office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, department of health, department of labor, local workforce investment boards, office of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, department of correctional services and division of parole, shall request assisted persons to provide information with regard to their veteran status and military experiences. Individuals identifying themselves as veterans shall be advised that the division of veterans' affairs and local veterservice agencies established pursuant to section three hundred fifty-seven of this article provide assistance to veterans regarding benefits under federal and state law. Information regarding veterans status and military service provided by assisted persons solely to implement this section shall be protected as personal confidential information under article six-A of the public officers law against disclosure of confidential material, and used only to assist in the diagnosis, treatment, assessment and handling of the veteran's problems within the agency requesting such information and in referring the veteran to the division of veterans' affairs for information and assist-

ance with regard to benefits and entitlements under federal and state law.

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- § 27. Subdivision 1 of section 410.92 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 377 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives shall establish a pilot project to implement the provisions of this section. Such pilot project shall be established in four counties designated by the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives provided that each such county shall be in a distinct region of the state outside of the city of New York. The state [director] commissioner of [probation and correctional alternatives] the division of criminal justice services shall have the power to adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section.
- § 28. Subdivision 5 of section 410.92 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 377 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 5. The [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives shall develop a standard reporting form that will be used by probation departments for collecting data relating to detainer warrants issued pursuant to subdivision two of this section. The [division] office shall prepare a report of the usage and impact of detainer warrants which shall include but not be limited to the number of warrants requested and granted and, for each case, the title of the individual or individuals issuing warrants in each jurisdiction, the summary of technical violations of conditions of probation for which a warrant is sought, the efforts to find an available judge, the judicial action taken in response to the warrant, the probationer's crime of conviction, the probationer's race and ethnicity, and such additional information deemed necessary and relevant by the [division] office. Such report shall be submitted to the governor, the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly no later than the first day of May following the effective date of this subdivision and annually thereafter. Each local director of probation shall maintain and report to the [state] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives records sufficient to allow the compilation of such reports.
- § 29. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 20 of section 623 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 418 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Information transmitted by the [state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives under subdivision five of section 390.30 of the criminal procedure law and subdivision seven of section 351.1 of the family court act which the board shall compile, review and make recommendations on how to promote the use of restitution and encourage its enforcement.
- § 30. Subdivision 1 of section 643 of the executive law, as added by chapter 94 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. As used in this section, "crime victim-related agency" means any agency of state government which provides services to or deals directly with crime victims, including (a) the [department of social services] office of children and family services, the office [of] for the aging, the division of veterans affairs, [the division of probation] the division of parole, [the crime victims board,] the department of motor vehicles, the office of vocational rehabilitation, the workers' compensation board, the department of health, the division of criminal justice services, the office of mental health, every transportation authority

and the division of state police, and (b) any other agency so designated by the governor within ninety days of the effective date of this section.

§ 31. Subdivision 9 of section 835 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 602 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

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- "Qualified agencies" means courts in the unified court system, the administrative board of the judicial conference, probation departments, sheriffs' offices, district attorneys' offices, the state department of correctional services[, the state division of probation], the department of correction of any municipality, the insurance frauds bureau of state department of insurance, the office of professional medical conduct of the state department of health for the purposes of section two hundred thirty of the public health law, the child protective services unit of a local social services district when conducting an investigation pursuant to subdivision six of section four hundred twenty-four of the social services law, the office of Medicaid inspector general, the temporary state commission of investigation, the criminal investigations bureau of the banking department, police forces and departments having responsibility for enforcement of the general criminal laws of the state and the Onondaga County Center for Forensic Sciences Laboratory when acting within the scope of its law enforcement duties.
- § 32. Subdivision 8 of section 92 of the public officers law, as amended by chapter 336 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:
- (8) Public safety agency record. The term "public safety agency record" means a record of the commission of correction, the temporary state commission of investigation, the department of correctional services, the [division for youth] office of children and family services, the division of parole, the [crime victims board] office of victim services, the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives or the division of state police or of any agency or component thereof whose primary function is the enforcement of civil or criminal statutes if such record pertains to investigation, law enforcement, confinement of persons in correctional facilities or supervision of persons pursuant to criminal conviction or court order, and any records maintained by the division of criminal justice services pursuant to sections eight hundred thirty-seven, eight hundred thirty-seven-a, eight hundred thirty-seven-b, eight hundred thirty-seven-c, eight hundred thirty-eight, eight hundred thirty-nine, eight hundred forty-five, and eight hundred forty-five-a of the executive law and by the department of state pursuant to section ninety-nine of the executive law.
- § 33. The opening paragraph of paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 of section 1198 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 669 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

After consultation with manufacturers of ignition interlock devices and the national highway traffic safety administration, the commissioner of the department of health, in consultation with the commissioner and the [director of the division] office of probation and correctional alternatives, shall promulgate regulations regarding standards for, and use of, ignition interlock devices. Such standards shall include provisions for setting a minimum and maximum calibration range and shall include, but not be limited to, requirements that the devices:

§ 34. Paragraph hh of subdivision 1 of section 3-0301 of the environ-55 mental conservation law, as amended by chapter 461 of the laws of 1990, 56 is amended to read as follows:



- hh. Cooperate with the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives by identifying appropriate worksites where persons performing community service as part of a criminal disposition may be assigned to provide cleanup and other maintenance services in order to preserve and enhance the state's natural beauty and human-made scenic qualities. Such sites may include but are not limited to the state's shorelines, beaches, parks, roadways, historic sites and other natural or human-made resources.
- § 35. Paragraph (m) of subdivision 1 of section 2782 of the public health law, as amended by chapter 193 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
- (m) an employee or agent of the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives or any local probation department, in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section twenty-seven hundred eighty-six of this article, to the extent the employee or agent is authorized to access records containing such information in order to carry out the [division's] office's or department's functions, powers and duties with respect to the protected individual, pursuant to articles twelve and twelve-A of the executive law;
- § 36. Subdivision 2-f of section 3.09 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation law, as amended by chapter 461 of the laws of 1990 and as separately renumbered by chapters 460 and 552 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 2-f. Cooperate with the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives by identifying appropriate worksites where persons performing community service as part of a criminal disposition may be assigned to provide cleanup and other maintenance services in order to preserve and enhance the state's natural beauty and human-made scenic qualities. Such sites may include but are not limited to the state's shorelines, beaches, parks, roadways, historic sites and other natural or human-made resources.
- § 37. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 19.09 of the mental hygiene law, as added by chapter 223 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Upon the request of a state agency, including but not limited to the department of correctional services, the [state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives, the [division for youth] office of children and family services, and the board of parole, the commissioner shall have the power to provide alcoholism, substance abuse, and chemical dependence services either directly or through agreements with local certified or approved providers to persons in the custody or under the jurisdiction of the requesting agency within amounts available and within priorities established through the planning process.
- § 38. Subdivision 4 of section 65.10 of the penal law, as added by chapter 653 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. Electronic monitoring. When imposing a sentence of probation the court may, in addition to any conditions imposed pursuant to subdivisions two and three of this section, require the defendant to submit to the use of an electronic monitoring device and/or to follow a schedule that governs the defendant's daily movement. Such condition may be imposed only where the court, in its discretion, determines that requiring the defendant to comply with such condition will advance public safety, probationer control or probationer surveillance. Electronic monitoring shall be used in accordance with uniform procedures developed by the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives.

§ 39. Subdivision 1 of section 89-e of the correction law, as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

- 1. The alternate correctional facility review panel is hereby established and shall consist of the commissioner, the chairman of the state commission of correction, the chairman of the board of parole, the director of the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives, the commissioner of correction of the city of New York, the president of the New York State Sheriffs' Association Institute, Inc., and the president of the Correctional Association of New York or their designees. The governor shall appoint a chairman and vice-chairman from among the members.
- § 40. Subdivision 4 of section 270 of the correction law, as added by section 1 of part SS of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. "Division" means the division of [probation and correctional alternatives] <u>criminal justice services</u>.
- § 41. Subdivision 1 of section 705 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 193 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. All applications, certificates and orders of revocation necessary for the purposes of this article shall be upon forms prescribed pursuant to agreement among the state commissioner of correctional services, the chairman of the state board of parole and the administrator of the state judicial conference. Such forms relating to certificates of relief from disabilities shall be distributed by the [director of the state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives and forms relating to certificates of good conduct shall be distributed by the chairman of the board of parole.
- § 42. The opening paragraph of subdivision 4 and subdivision 5 of section 390.30 of the criminal procedure law, the opening paragraph of subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 618 of the laws of 1992 and subdivision 5 as added by chapter 14 of the laws of 1985, are amended to read as follows:
- In lieu of the procedure set forth in subdivisions one, two and three of this section, where the conviction is of a misdemeanor the scope of the pre-sentence investigation may be abbreviated and a short form report may be made. The use of abbreviated investigations and short form reports, the matters to be covered therein and the form of the reports shall be in accordance with the general rules regulating methods and procedures in the administration of probation as adopted from time to time by the [state director of probation and correctional alternatives] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services pursuant to the provisions of article twelve of the executive law. No such rule, however, shall be construed so as to relieve the agency conducting the investigation of the duty of investigating and reporting upon:
- 5. Information to be forwarded to the [state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives. Investigating agencies under this article shall be responsible for the collection, and transmission to the [state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives, of data on the number of victim impact statements prepared, pursuant to regulations of the [division] office. [Such information shall be transmitted to the crime victims board and included in the board's annual report pursuant to subdivision twenty of section six hundred twenty-three of the executive law.]
- § 43. Subdivision 1 of section 410.80 of the criminal procedure law, 55 as amended by chapter 191 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as 56 follows:



- 1. Authority to transfer supervision. Where a probationer at the time of sentencing resides in another jurisdiction within the state, the sentencing court shall transfer supervision to the appropriate probation department in such other jurisdiction. Where, after a probation sentence is pronounced, a probationer desires to reside in another jurisdiction within the state that is not served by the sentencing court, such court, in its discretion, may approve a change in residency and, upon approval, shall transfer supervision to the appropriate probation department serving the county of the probationer's proposed new residence. Any transfer under this subdivision must be in accordance with rules adopted by the [director] commissioner of the [state] division of [probation and correctional alternatives] criminal justice services.
- § 44. Subdivision 8 of section 420.10 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 506 of the laws of 1985, paragraph (a) as separately amended by chapters 134, 233 and 506 of the laws of 1985 and paragraph (b) as separately amended by chapters 134 and 506 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- 8. Designation of restitution agency. (a) The chief elected official in each county, and in the city of New York the mayor, shall designate an official or organization other than the district attorney to be responsible for the collection and administration of restitution and reparation payments under provisions of the penal law and this chapter[; provided, however, that where the state division of probation and correctional alternatives provides for and delivers probation services pursuant to the provisions of section two hundred forty-seven of the executive law the state division of probation and correctional alternatives shall have the first option of designating such agency as the restitution agency for such county]. This official or organization shall be eligible for the designated surcharge provided for by subdivision eight of section 60.27 of the penal law.
- (b) The restitution agency, as designated by paragraph (a) of this subdivision, shall be responsible for the collection of data on a monthly basis regarding the numbers of restitution and reparation orders issued, the numbers of satisfied restitution and reparation orders and information concerning the types of crimes for which such orders were required. A probation department designated as the restitution agency shall then forward such information to the [director of the state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives within the first ten days following the end of each month [who shall transmit such information to the division of criminal justice services]. In all other cases the restitution agency shall report to the division of criminal justice services directly. The division of criminal justice services shall compile and review all such information and make recommendations to promote the use of restitution and encourage its enforcement.
- § 45. Section 252-a of the family court act, as added by chapter 55 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:
- § 252-a. Fees. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, every county, including the city of New York, may adopt a local law authorizing its probation department which is ordered to conduct an investigation pursuant to section six hundred fifty-three of this [chapter] act, to be entitled to a fee of not less than fifty dollars and not more than five hundred dollars from the parties in such proceeding for performing such investigation. Such fee shall be based on the party's ability to pay the fee and the schedule for payment shall be fixed by the court issuing the order for investigation, pursuant to the guidelines issued by the [director of the division] office of probation and

correctional alternatives, and may in the discretion of the court be waived when the parties lack sufficient means to pay the fee. The court shall apportion the fee between the parties based upon the respective financial circumstances of the parties and the equities of the case.

- (b) Fees pursuant to this section shall be paid directly to the local probation department to be retained and utilized for local probation services, and shall not be considered by the [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives when determining state aid [reimbursement] pursuant to section two hundred forty-six of the executive law.
- § 46. Subdivision 7 of section 351.1 of the family court act, as added by chapter 418 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:
- 7. The probation services which prepare the investigation reports shall be responsible for the collection and transmission to the [state division] office of probation and correctional alternatives, of data on the number of victim impact statements prepared, pursuant to regulations of the division. [Such information shall be transmitted to the crime victims board and included in the board's annual report pursuant to subdivision twenty of section six hundred twenty-three of the executive law.]
- § 47. Subdivision 2 of section 385.1 of the family court act, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives shall include in its annual report to the legislature and the governor information, by county, showing the total number of delinquency cases adjusted prior to filing.
 - § 48. Intentionally omitted.

- § 49. Intentionally omitted.
- § 50. Section 177-e of the judiciary law is REPEALED.
- § 51. Paragraph (g) of subdivision 1 of section 1193 of the vehicle and traffic law, as added by chapter 496 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
 - (g) The [division] office of probation and correctional alternatives shall [promulgate] recommend to the commissioner regulations governing the monitoring of compliance by persons ordered to install and maintain ignition interlock devices to provide standards for monitoring by departments of probation, and options for monitoring of compliance by such persons, that counties may adopt as an alternative to monitoring by a department of probation.
 - § 51-a. Subdivisions 5 and 6 of section 257-c of the executive law, as added by chapter 55 of the laws of 1992, are amended to read as follows:
 - 5. Monies collected pursuant to this section shall be utilized for probation services by the local probation department. Such moneys shall not be considered by the division when determining state aid [reimbursement] pursuant to section two hundred forty-six of the executive law. Monies collected shall not be used to replace federal funds otherwise utilized for probation services.
 - 6. The [director] <u>commissioner</u> of the division shall submit a report, with recommendations, to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, to the chairpersons of the senate crime and correction committee, and assembly correction committee, senate codes committee and assembly codes committee on or before January first, nineteen hundred ninety-three and January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four as to the effectiveness of the probation administrative fee in enhancing the delivery of probation services throughout the state. The

report shall include, but not be limited to, amounts of fees imposed and collected, rates of payment for different categories of convictions and types of offenders, and remedies utilized and costs incurred for collection in cases of non-payment.

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§ 51-b. Section 385.2 of the family court act, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

§ 385.2. Consolidation of records within a city having a population of one million or more. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a city having a population of one million or more, an index of the records of the local probation departments located in the counties comprising such city for proceedings under article three shall be consolidated and filed in a central office for use by the family court and local probation service in each such county. After consultation with the state administrative judge, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services in consultation with the [state] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives shall specify the information to be contained in such index and the organization of such consolidated file.

§ 51-c. Section 783-a of the family court act, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

§ 783-a. Consolidation of records within a city having a population of one million or more. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a city having a population of one million or more, an index of the records of the local probation departments located in the counties comprising such city for proceedings under article seven shall be consolidated and filed in a central office for use by the family court and local probation service in each such county. After consultation with the state administrative judge, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, in consultation with the [state] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives shall specify the information to be contained in such index and the organization of such consolidated file.

§ 51-d. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 34-a of the social services law, as added by section 18 of part E of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The commissioner of the office of children and family services shall review and approve or disapprove the diversion services portion of the plan jointly with the director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives or any other successor agency or entity. The requirements for the portion of the plan and report regarding the provision of diversion services shall be jointly established by the commissioner of the office of children and family services and the director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives or any other successor agency or entity. The multi-year services plan and where appropriate the annual implementation reports shall be based upon a written understanding between the local social services district and the probation department which outlines the cooperative procedures to be followed by both parties regarding diversion services pursuant to section seven hundred thirty-five of the family court act, consistent with their respective obligations as otherwise required by law.

§ 51-e. Subdivision 1 of section 483 of the social services law, as added by section 2 of part F2 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

1. There shall be a council on children and families established within the office of children and family services consisting of the following members: the state commissioner of children and family services, the



commissioner of temporary and disability assistance, the commissioner of mental health, the commissioner of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, the commissioner of education, the [state] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives, the commissioner of health, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, the state advocate for persons with disabilities, the director of the office for the aging, the commissioner of labor, and the chair of the commission on quality of care for the mentally disabled. The governor shall designate the chair of the council and the chief executive officer (CEO).

§ 51-f. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 483-c of the social services law, as added by section 2 of part F2 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

- (i) State tier III team. There is hereby established a state team designated as the "tier III team", which shall consist of the chair of the council, the commissioners of children and family services, mental health, health, education, alcohol and substance abuse services, and mental retardation and developmental disabilities, and the director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives, or their designated representatives, and representatives of families of children with emotional and/or behavioral disorders. Other representatives may be added at the discretion of such team.
- § 51-g. Subdivision 3 of section 702 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Where a certificate of relief from disabilities is not issued at the time sentence is pronounced it shall only be issued thereafter upon verified application to the court. The court may, for the purpose of determining whether such certificate shall be issued, request its probation service to conduct an investigation of the applicant, or if the court has no probation service it may request the probation service of the county court for the county in which the court is located to conduct such investigation[, or if there be no such probation service the court may request the state director of probation and correctional alternatives to arrange for such investigation]. Any probation officer requested to make an investigation pursuant to this section shall prepare and submit to the court a written report in accordance with such request.
- § 51-h. Subdivision 4 of section 995-c of the executive law, as added by chapter 737 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, in consultation with the commission, the commissioner of health, the [divisions] division of parole [and], the director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives and the department of correctional services, shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the procedures for notifying designated offenders of the requirements of this section.
- § 52. Section 575 of the executive law, as added by chapter 463 of the laws of 1992, paragraph (e) of subdivision 3 as amended and subdivision 9 as added by chapter 368 of the laws of 1997, paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 255 of the laws of 2008, paragraphs (c), (d) and (e) of subdivision 4 as amended and subdivisions 7 and 8 as added by chapter 396 of the laws of 1994, and subdivision 10 as added by chapter 297 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- 55 § 575. [New York state office] <u>Office</u> for the prevention of domestic violence. 1. Establishment of office. There is hereby established with-

in the [executive department the "New York state] <u>division of criminal</u> <u>justice services the</u> office for the prevention of domestic violence["], hereinafter in this section referred to as the "office".

- 1-a. The office shall be headed by a director, who shall be appointed by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services. The director shall serve as a special advisor to the governor regarding matters pertaining to the prevention of and response to domestic violence, and shall, in consultation with the commissioner, coordinate and recommend policy relating to the prevention of domestic violence throughout the state. The commissioner, in consultation with the director, shall also appoint staff and perform such other functions to ensure the efficient operation of the office within the amounts made available therefor by appropriation.
- 2. Duties and responsibilities. The office shall advise the governor and the legislature on the most effective ways for state government to respond to the problem of domestic violence. In fulfilling this responsibility, the office shall consult with experts, service providers and representative organizations in the field of domestic violence and shall act as an advocate for domestic violence victims and programs.
- 3. Activities. In addition, the office shall develop and implement policies and programs designed to assist victims of domestic violence and their families, and to provide education and prevention, training and technical assistance. Such domestic violence-related activities shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (a) Serving as a clearinghouse for information and materials;
- (b) Developing and coordinating community outreach and public education throughout the state;
- (c) Developing and delivering training to professionals, including but not limited to professionals in the fields of:
 - (i) domestic violence;

- (ii) health and mental health;
- (iii) social and human services;
 - (iv) public education;
 - (v) law enforcement and criminal justice;
- (vi) alcohol and substance abuse.
 - (d) Developing and promoting school-based prevention programs;
- (e) Providing technical assistance to state and local government bodies and other agencies and to private not-for-profit corporations, on effective policies and responses to domestic violence, including development of a model domestic violence policies[, pursuant to subdivisions seven, eight and nine of this section];
- (f) Promoting and facilitating interagency cooperation among state agencies and intergovernmental cooperation between different levels of government in the state in the delivery and/or funding of services;
- (g) Operating as an advocate for domestic violence services and victims;
- 47 (h) Undertaking program and services needs assessments on its own 48 initiative or at the request of the governor, the legislature or service 49 providers;
 - (i) Examining the relationship between domestic violence and other problems and making recommendations for effective policy response;
 - (j) Collecting data, conducting research, and holding public hearings;
- 53 (k) Making periodic reports to the governor and the legislature recom-54 mending policy and program directions and reviewing the activities of 55 the office;

(1) Any other activities including the making of and promulgation of rules and regulations deemed necessary to facilitate the prevention of domestic violence within the scope and purview of this article which are not otherwise inconsistent with any other provisions of law.

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- 4. Advisory council. (a) An advisory council is hereby established to make recommendations on domestic violence related issues and effective strategies for the prevention of domestic violence, to assist in the development of appropriate policies and priorities for effective intervention, public education and advocacy, and to facilitate and assure communication and coordination of efforts among state agencies and between different levels of government, state, federal, and municipal, for the prevention of domestic violence.
- (b) The advisory council shall consist of nine members and fourteen ex-officio members. Each member shall be appointed to serve for a term of three years and shall continue in office until a successor appointed member is made. A member appointed to fill a vacancy shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member he or she is to succeed. All of the members shall be individuals with expertise in the area of domestic violence. Three members shall be appointed by the governor, two members shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the temporary president of the senate, two members shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the speaker of the assembly, one member shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the minority leader of the senate, and one member shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the minority leader of the assembly. The ex-officio members of the advisory board shall consist of [one representative from the staff of each of the following state departments and divisions] the director of the office, who shall chair the council, and the following members or their designees: the commissioner of the office of temporary and disability services; the commissioner of the department of health; the commissioner of the education department; the commissioner of the office of mental health; [division] the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and [alcohol] substance [division of criminal justice services; division] the abuse <u>services;</u> director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives; the commissioner of the office of children and family services; [crime victims board] the director of the office of victim services; the chief administrative judge of the office of court administration; the commissioner of the department of labor; the director of the state office for the aging; the commissioner of the department of correctional services; and the chair of the division of parole.
- (c) [The governor shall appoint a member as chair of the advisory council to serve at the pleasure of the governor.
- (d)] The advisory council shall meet as often as deemed necessary by the chair [or executive director] but in no event less than two times per year.
- [(e)] (d) The members of the advisory council shall receive no salary or other compensation for their services but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties within amounts made available by appropriation therefor subject to the approval of the director of the budget. The ex-officio members of the advisory council shall receive no additional compensation for their services on the advisory council above the salary they receive from the respective departments or divisions that employ them.
- 55 5. [Executive director. (a) The governor shall appoint an executive 56 director of the office who shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.



(b) The executive director shall receive an annual salary fixed by the governor within the amounts appropriated specifically therefor and shall be entitled to reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the performance of the director's duties.

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- The executive director shall appoint staff and perform such other functions to ensure the efficient operation of the office.
- 6.] Assistance of other agencies. The office may request and shall receive in a timely manner from any department, division, board, bureau, commission or agency of the state, such information and assistance as shall enable it to properly carry out its powers and duties pursuant to this article.
- [7. Model domestic violence policy for counties. (a) The office shall convene a task force of county level municipal officials, municipal police and members of the judiciary, or their representatives, and directors of domestic violence programs, including representatives from a statewide advocacy organization for the prevention of domestic violence, to develop a model domestic violence policy for counties. For the purposes of this subdivision, "county" shall have the same meaning as such term is defined in section three of the county law, except that the city of New York shall be deemed to be one county. The office shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the governor, the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly for participation by any person on the task force, and shall make reasonable efforts to assure regional balance in membership.
- (b) The purpose of the model policy shall be to provide consistency and coordination by and between county agencies and departments, including criminal justice agencies and the judiciary, and, as appropriate, by municipalities or other jurisdictions within the county and other governmental agencies and departments, by assuring that best practices, policies, protocols and procedures are used to address the issue of domestic violence, and to secure the safety of the victim including, but not limited to:
 - (i) response, investigation and arrest policies by police agencies;
- (ii) response by other criminal justice agencies, including disposition of domestic violence complaints, the provision of information and orders of protection;
- (iii) response by human services and health agencies, including identification, assessment, intervention and referral policies and responses to victims and the perpetrators of domestic violence;
- (iv) training and appropriate and relevant measures for periodic evaluation of community efforts; and
- other issues as shall be appropriate and relevant for the task force to develop such policy.
- (c) Such model policy shall be reviewed by the task force to assure consistency with existing law and shall be made the subject of public hearings convened by the office throughout the state at places and at times which are convenient for attendance by the public, after which the policy shall be reviewed by the task force and amended as necessary to reflect concerns raised at the hearings. If approved by the task force, such model policy shall be provided as approved with explanation of its 51 provisions to the governor and the legislature not later than two years after the effective date of this subdivision. Notification of the availability of such model domestic violence policy shall be made by the office to every county in the state, and copies of the policy shall be made available to them upon request.

(d) The office in consultation with the task force, providers of service, the advisory council and others, including representatives of a statewide advocacy organization for the prevention domestic violence, shall provide technical support, information and encouragement to counties to implement the provisions of the model policy on domestic violence.

- (e) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall be deemed to prevent the governing body of a county from designating a local advisory committee to investigate the issues, work with providers of domestic violence programs and other interested parties, and to aid in the implementation of the policy required by this subdivision. Such governing body or advisory committee may request and shall receive technical assistance from the office for the development of such a policy. Implementation of the model domestic violence policy may take place in a form considered appropriate by the governing body of a county, including guidelines, regulations and local laws.
- (f) The office shall survey county governments within four years of the effective date of this subdivision to determine the level of compliance with the model domestic violence policy, and shall take such steps as shall be necessary to aid county governments in the implementation of such policy.
- 8. State domestic violence policy. (a) The office shall survey every state agency to determine any activities, programs, rules, regulations, guidelines or statutory requirements that have a direct or indirect bearing on the state's efforts and abilities to address the issue of domestic violence including, but not limited to, the provision of services to victims and their families. Within two years of the effective date of this subdivision, the office shall compile such information and provide a report, with appropriate comments and recommendations, to the governor and the legislature. For the purposes of this subdivision, "state agency" shall have the same meaning as such term is defined in section two-a of the state finance law.
- (b) Within three years of the effective date of this subdivision the office shall recommend a state domestic violence policy consistent with statute and best practice, policies, procedures and protocols to the governor and the legislature. The purpose of such model policy shall be to provide consistency and coordination by and between state agencies and departments to address the issue of domestic violence. In developing such model policy, the office shall consult with a statewide advocacy organization for the prevention of domestic violence, and shall assure that the advisory council reviews all data and recommendations and shall not submit such model policy until approved by the advisory council. Such recommendations shall be provided exclusive of any study or report the office is required to undertake pursuant to a chapter of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-four, entitled "the family protection and domestic violence intervention act of 1994".
- (c)] <u>6.</u> No state agency shall promulgate a rule pursuant to the state administrative procedure act, or adopt a guideline or other procedure, including a request for proposals, directly or indirectly affecting the provision of services to victims of domestic violence, or the provision of services by residential or non-residential domestic violence programs, as such terms are defined in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social services law, or establish a grant program directly or indirectly affecting such victims of domestic violence or providers of service, without first consulting the office, which shall provide all comments in response to such rules, guidelines or procedures in writing

 directly to the chief executive officer of such agency, to the administrative regulations review committee and to the appropriate committees of the legislature having jurisdiction of the subject matter addressed within two weeks of receipt thereof, provided that failure of the office to respond as required herein shall not otherwise impair the ability of such state agency to promulgate a rule. This paragraph shall not apply to an appropriation which finances a contract with a not-for-profit organization which has been identified for a state agency without the use of a request for proposals.

[9. Model domestic violence employee awareness and assistance policy. (a) The office shall convene a task force including members of the business community, employees, employee organizations, representatives from the department of labor and the empire state development corporation, and directors of domestic violence programs, including representatives of statewide advocacy organizations for the prevention of domestic violence, to develop a model domestic violence employee awareness and assistance policy for businesses.

The office shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the governor, the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly for participation by any person on the task force, and shall make reasonable efforts to assure regional balance in membership.

- (b) The purpose of the model employee awareness and assistance policy shall be to provide businesses with the best practices, policies, protocols and procedures in order that they ascertain domestic violence awareness in the workplace, assist affected employees, and provide a safe and helpful working environment for employees currently or potentially experiencing the effects of domestic violence. The model plan shall include but not be limited to:
- (i) the establishment of a definite corporate policy statement recognizing domestic violence as a workplace issue as well as promoting the need to maintain job security for those employees currently involved in domestic violence disputes;
- (ii) policy and service publication requirements, including posting said policies and service availability pamphlets in break rooms, on bulletin boards, restrooms and other communication methods;
- (iii) a listing of current domestic violence community resources such as shelters, crisis intervention programs, counseling and case management programs, legal assistance and advocacy opportunities for affected employees;
- (iv) measures to ensure workplace safety including, where appropriate, designated parking areas, escort services and other affirmative safeguards;
- (v) training programs and protocols designed to educate employees and managers in how to recognize, approach and assist employees experiencing domestic violence, including both victims and batterers; and
- (vi) other issues as shall be appropriate and relevant for the task force in developing such model policy.
- (c) Such model policy shall be reviewed by the task force to assure consistency with existing law and shall be made the subject of public hearings convened by the office throughout the state at places and at times which are convenient for attendance by the public, after which the policy shall be reviewed by the task force and amended as necessary to reflect concerns raised at the hearings. If approved by the task force, such model policy shall be provided as approved with explanation of its provisions to the governor and the legislature not later than one year after the effective date of this subdivision. The office shall make

every effort to notify businesses of the availability of such model domestic violence employee awareness and assistance policy.

(d) The office in consultation with the task force, providers of services, the advisory council, the department of labor, the empire state development corporation, and representatives of statewide advocacy organizations for the prevention of domestic violence, shall provide technical support, information, and encouragement to businesses to implement the provisions of the model domestic violence employee awareness and assistance policy.

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- (e) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall be deemed to prevent businesses from adopting their own domestic violence employee awareness and assistance policy.
- (f) The office shall survey businesses within four years of the effective date of this section to determine the level of model policy adoption amongst businesses and shall take steps necessary to promote the further adoption of such policy.
- 10. New York state address confidentiality program. The office shall study and issue a report to the governor and the legislature on the advisability and feasibility of creating an address confidentiality program in New York state to allow victims of domestic violence who have left abusive relationships to keep new addresses confidential. The study include, but not be limited to, an analysis of the various types of public records involved in domestic violence cases in order to determine the appropriateness of such records for such program, the potential effects of an address confidentiality program on the record-keeping practices of state and local agencies, issues concerning inter-agency cooperation, enforcement and procedure, the impact on the court system and any fiscal ramifications. The office shall consult with experts, service providers and representative organizations in the field of domestic violence, other states which have created similar programs, the division of criminal justice services and the department of state. office shall complete such study and report within one year of the effective date of this subdivision.]
 - § 53. Section 576 of the executive law is REPEALED.
- § 54. The article heading of article 21 of the executive law, as added by chapter 463 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

[NEW YORK STATE] OFFICE FOR

THE PREVENTION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

- § 55. Transfer of employees. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, upon the transfer of functions from the office for the prevention of domestic violence to the division of criminal justice services pursuant to subdivision 8 of section 836 of the executive law, as added by section three of this act, all employees of the office for the prevention of domestic violence shall be transferred to the division of criminal justice services. Employees transferred pursuant to this section shall be transferred without further examination or qualification and shall retain their respective civil service classifications, status and collective bargaining unit designations and collective bargaining agreements.
- § 56. Transfer of records. All books, papers, and property of the office for the prevention of domestic violence shall be delivered to the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services. All books, papers, and property of the office for the prevention of domestic violence shall continue to be maintained by the division of criminal justice services.

§ 57. Continuity of authority. For the purpose of succession of all functions, powers, duties and obligations transferred and assigned to, devolved upon and assumed by it pursuant to this act, the division of criminal justice services shall be deemed and held to constitute the continuation of the office for the prevention of domestic violence.

- § 58. Completion of unfinished business. Any business or other matter undertaken or commenced by the office for the prevention of domestic violence or the director thereof pertaining to or connected with the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred and assigned to the division of criminal justice services and pending on the effective date of this act, may be conducted and completed by the division of criminal justice services in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as if conducted and completed by the office for the prevention of domestic violence.
- § 59. Continuation of rules and regulations. All rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations, and decisions of the office for the prevention of domestic violence pertaining to the functions and powers herein transferred and assigned, in force at the time of such transfer and assumption, shall continue in full force and effect as rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations and decisions of the division of criminal justice services until duly modified or abrogated by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services.
- § 60. Terms occurring in laws, contracts and other documents. Whenever the office for the prevention of domestic violence or the director thereof, is referred to or designated in any law, contract or document pertaining to the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred to and assigned to the division of criminal justice services or the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, such reference or designation shall be deemed to refer to the division of criminal justice services, as applicable.
- § 61. Existing rights and remedies preserved. No existing right or remedy of any character shall be lost, impaired or affected by any provisions of this act.
- § 62. Pending actions and proceedings. No action or proceeding pending at the time when this act shall take effect, brought by or against the office for the prevention of domestic violence or the director thereof, shall be affected by any provision of this act, but the same may be prosecuted or defended in the name of the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services or the division of criminal justice services. In all such actions and proceedings, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, upon application of the court, shall be substituted as a party.
- § 63. Transfer of appropriations heretofore made. All appropriations or reappropriations heretofore made to the office for the prevention of domestic violence to the extent of remaining unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof, whether allocated or unallocated and whether obligated or unobligated, are hereby transferred to and made available for use and expenditure by the division of criminal justice services subject to the approval of the director of the budget for the same purposes for which originally appropriated or reappropriated and shall be payable on vouchers certified or approved by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services on audit and warrant of the comptroller.
- § 64. Transfer of assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities of the office for the prevention of domestic violence are hereby transferred to and assumed by the division of criminal justice services.



§ 65. The opening paragraph and subdivision (a) of section 214-b of the executive law, as added by chapter 222 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:

The superintendent shall, for all members of the state police including new and veteran officers, develop, maintain and disseminate, in consultation with the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence, written policies and procedures consistent with article eight of the family court act and applicable provisions of the criminal procedure <u>law</u> and <u>the</u> domestic relations [laws] <u>law</u>, regarding the investigation of and intervention in incidents of family offenses. Such policies and procedures shall make provision for education and training in the interpretation and enforcement of New York's family offense laws, including but not limited to:

(a) intake and recording of victim statements, on a standardized "domestic violence incident report form" promulgated by the state division of criminal justice services in consultation with the superintendent and with the [state] director of the office for the prevention of domestic violence, and the investigation thereof so as to ascertain whether a crime has been committed against the victim by a member of the victim's family or household as such terms are defined in section eight hundred twelve of the family court act and section 530.11 of the criminal procedure law;

§ 66. The opening paragraph of subdivision 15 of section 837 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 626 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

Promulgate, in consultation with the superintendent of state police and the [state] director of the office for the prevention of domestic violence, a standardized "domestic violence incident report form" for use by state and local law enforcement agencies in the reporting, recording and investigation of all alleged incidents of domestic violence, regardless of whether an arrest is made as a result of such investigation. Such form shall be prepared in multiple parts, one of which shall be immediately provided to the victim, and shall include designated spaces for: the recordation of the results of the investigation by the law enforcement agency and the basis for any action taken; the recordation of a victim's allegations of domestic violence; the age and gender of the victim and the alleged offender or offenders; and immediately thereunder a space on which the victim may sign and verify such victim's allegations. Such form shall also include, but not be limited to spaces to identify:

§ 67. Intentionally omitted.

- § 68. Section 10-a of the labor law, as added by chapter 527 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- § 10-a. Domestic violence policy. The commissioner shall study the issue of employees separated from employment due to acts of domestic violence as referred to in and qualified by section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social services law. The commissioner shall consult with the [New York state] office for the prevention of domestic violence and its advisory council, the department of social services[, the division of women] and members of the public in preparing such study. Such study shall include a review of case histories in which unemployment compensation was sought and an analysis of the policies in other states. A copy of such study shall be transmitted to the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly on or before January fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-six and shall contain policy recommendations.

- § 69. Section 10-b of the labor law, as added by chapter 368 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- § 10-b. Domestic violence employee awareness and assistance. The commissioner shall assist the office for the prevention of domestic violence in the creation, approval and dissemination of the model domestic violence employee awareness and assistance policy [as further defined in subdivision nine of section five hundred seventy-five of the executive law]. Upon completion and approval of the model [plan as outlined in subdivision nine of section five hundred seventy-five of the executive law,] policy, the commissioner shall assist in the promotion of the model policy to businesses in New York state.
 - § 70. Intentionally omitted.

§ 71. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2 of section 2803-p of the public health law, as added by chapter 271 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

Every hospital having maternity and newborn services shall provide information concerning family violence to parents of newborn infants at any time prior to the discharge of the mother. Such information shall also be provided by every diagnostic and treatment center offering prenatal care services to women upon an initial prenatal care visit. The commissioner shall, in consultation with the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence and the department of social services, prepare, produce and transmit such notice to such facilities in quantities sufficient to comply with the requirements of this section. Such notice shall contain information which shall include but not be limited to the effects of family violence and the services available to women and children experiencing family violence.

- § 72. Intentionally omitted.
- § 73. Subdivision 1 of section 111-v of the social services law, as added by chapter 398 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

 1. The department, in consultation with appropriate agencies including but not limited to the [New York state] office for the prevention of domestic violence, shall by regulation prescribe and implement safeguards on the confidentiality, integrity, accuracy, access, and the use of all confidential information and other data handled or maintained, including data obtained pursuant to section one hundred eleven-o of this article and including such information and data maintained in the automated child support enforcement system. Such information and data shall be maintained in a confidential manner designed to protect the privacy rights of the parties and shall not be disclosed except for the
 - § 74. Intentionally omitted.
 - § 75. Intentionally omitted.

modify or enforce an order of support.

§ 76. Subdivision (a) of section 483-ee of the social services law, as added by chapter 74 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

of, and to the extent necessary to, establish paternity, or establish,

(a) There is established an interagency task force on trafficking in persons, which shall consist of the following members or their designees: (1) the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services; (2) the commissioner of the office of temporary and disability assistance; (3) the commissioner of health; (4) the commissioner of the office of mental health; (5) the commissioner of labor; (6) the commissioner of the office of children and family services; (7) the commissioner of the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services; (8) the [chairperson] director of the [crime victims board] office of victim services; (9) the [executive] director of the office for the prevention of domestic

violence; and (10) the superintendent of the division of state police; and others as may be necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities under this section. The task force will be co-chaired by the commissioners of the division of criminal justice services and the office of temporary and disability assistance, or their designees. It shall meet as often as is necessary and under circumstances as are appropriate to fulfilling its duties under this section.

§ 77. Intentionally omitted.

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§ 78. Subdivision 6 of section 530.11 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 224 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:

6. Notice. Every police officer, peace officer or district attorney investigating a family offense under this article shall advise the victim of the availability of a shelter or other services in the community, and shall immediately give the victim written notice of the legal rights and remedies available to a victim of a family offense under the relevant provisions of the criminal procedure law, the family court act and the domestic relations law. Such notice shall be prepared in Spanish and English and if necessary, shall be delivered orally, and shall include but not be limited to the following statement:

"If you are the victim of domestic violence, you may request that the officer assist in providing for your safety and that of your children, including providing information on how to obtain a temporary order of protection. You may also request that the officer assist you in obtaining your essential personal effects and locating and taking you, or assist in making arrangements to take you, and your children to a safe place within such officer's jurisdiction, including but not limited to a domestic violence program, a family member's or a friend's residence, or a similar place of safety. When the officer's jurisdiction is more than a single county, you may ask the officer to take you or make arrangements to take you and your children to a place of safety in the county where the incident occurred. If you or your children are in need of medical treatment, you have the right to request that the officer assist you in obtaining such medical treatment. You may request a copy of any incident reports at no cost from the law enforcement agency. You have the right to seek legal counsel of your own choosing and if you proceed in family court and if it is determined that you cannot afford an attorney, one must be appointed to represent you without cost to you.

You may ask the district attorney or a law enforcement officer to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to file a petition in the family court when a family offense has been committed against you. You have the right to have your petition and request for an order of protection filed on the same day you appear in court, and such request must be heard that same day or the next day court is in session. Either court may issue an order of protection from conduct constituting a family offense which could include, among other provisions, an order for the respondent or defendant to stay away from you and your children. The family court may also order the payment of temporary child support and award temporary custody of your children. If the family court is not in session, you may seek immediate assistance from the criminal court in obtaining an order of protection.

The forms you need to obtain an order of protection are available from the family court and the local criminal court (the addresses and telephone numbers shall be listed). The resources available in this community for information relating to domestic violence, treatment of injuries, and places of safety and shelters can be accessed by calling the following 800 numbers (the statewide English and Spanish language 800 numbers shall be listed and space shall be provided for local domestic violence hotline telephone numbers).

Filing a criminal complaint or a family court petition containing allegations that are knowingly false is a crime."

The division of criminal justice services in consultation with the [state] director of the office for the prevention of domestic violence shall prepare the form of such written notice consistent with provisions of this section and distribute copies thereof to the appropriate law enforcement officials pursuant to subdivision nine of section eight hundred forty-one of the executive law.

Additionally, copies of such notice shall be provided to the chief administrator of the courts to be distributed to victims of family offenses through the criminal court at such time as such persons first come before the court and to the state department of health for distribution to all hospitals defined under article twenty-eight of the public health law. No cause of action for damages shall arise in favor of any person by reason of any failure to comply with the provisions of this subdivision except upon a showing of gross negligence or willful misconduct.

- § 79. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 249-b of the family court act, as added by chapter 476 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. provide for the development of training programs with the input of and in consultation with the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence. Such training programs must include the dynamics of domestic violence and its effect on victims and on children, and the relationship between such dynamics and the issues considered by the court, including, but not limited to, custody, visitation and child support. Such training programs along with the providers of such training must be approved by the office of court administration following consultation with and input from the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence; and
- § 80. Subdivision 5 of section 812 of the family court act, as amended by chapter 224 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:
- 5. Notice. Every police officer, peace officer or district attorney investigating a family offense under this article shall advise the victim of the availability of a shelter or other services in the community, and shall immediately give the victim written notice of the legal rights and remedies available to a victim of a family offense under the relevant provisions of the criminal procedure law, the family court act and the domestic relations law. Such notice shall be available in English and Spanish and, if necessary, shall be delivered orally and shall include but not be limited to the following statement:

"If you are the victim of domestic violence, you may request that the officer assist in providing for your safety and that of your children, including providing information on how to obtain a temporary order of protection. You may also request that the officer assist you in obtaining your essential personal effects and locating and taking you, or assist in making arrangement to take you, and your children to a safe place within such officer's jurisdiction, including but not limited to a domestic violence program, a family member's or a friend's residence, or a similar place of safety. When the officer's jurisdiction is more than a single county, you may ask the officer to take you or make arrangements to take you and your children to a place of safety in the county where the incident occurred. If you or your children are in need of

medical treatment, you have the right to request that the officer assist you in obtaining such medical treatment. You may request a copy of any incident reports at no cost from the law enforcement agency. You have the right to seek legal counsel of your own choosing and if you proceed in family court and if it is determined that you cannot afford an attorney, one must be appointed to represent you without cost to you.

You may ask the district attorney or a law enforcement officer to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to file a petition in the family court when a family offense has been committed against you. You have the right to have your petition and request for an order of protection filed on the same day you appear in court, and such request must be heard that same day or the next day court is in session. Either court may issue an order of protection from conduct constituting a family offense which could include, among other provisions, an order for the respondent or defendant to stay away from you and your children. The family court may also order the payment of temporary child support and award temporary custody of your children. If the family court is not in session, you may seek immediate assistance from the criminal court in obtaining an order of protection.

The forms you need to obtain an order of protection are available from the family court and the local criminal court (the addresses and telephone numbers shall be listed). The resources available in this community for information relating to domestic violence, treatment of injuries, and places of safety and shelters can be accessed by calling the following 800 numbers (the statewide English and Spanish language 800 numbers shall be listed and space shall be provided for local domestic violence hotline telephone numbers).

Filing a criminal complaint or a family court petition containing allegations that are knowingly false is a crime."

The division of criminal justice services in consultation with the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence shall prepare the form of such written notice consistent with the provisions of this section and distribute copies thereof to the appropriate law enforcement officials pursuant to subdivision nine of section eight hundred forty-one of the executive law. Additionally, copies of such notice shall be provided to the chief administrator of the courts to be distributed to victims of family offenses through the family court at such time as such persons first come before the court and to the state department of health for distribution to all hospitals defined under article twenty-eight of the public health law. No cause of action for damages shall arise in favor of any person by reason of any failure to comply with the provisions of this subdivision except upon a showing of gross negligence or willful misconduct.

- § 81. Paragraph (f) of subdivision 3 of section 840 of the executive law, as amended by section 5 of part Q of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- (f) Develop, maintain and disseminate, in consultation with the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence, written policies and procedures consistent with article eight of the family court act and applicable provisions of the criminal procedure and domestic relations laws, regarding the investigation of and intervention by new and veteran police officers in incidents of family offenses. Such policies and procedures shall make provisions for education and training in the interpretation and enforcement of New York's family offense laws, including but not limited to:

- (1) intake and recording of victim statements, on a standardized "domestic violence incident report form" promulgated by the division of criminal justice services in consultation with the superintendent of state police, representatives of local police forces and the [state] office for the prevention of domestic violence, and the investigation thereof so as to ascertain whether a crime has been committed against the victim by a member of the victim's family or household as such terms are defined in section eight hundred twelve of the family court act and section 530.11 of the criminal procedure law; and
- (2) the need for immediate intervention in family offenses including the arrest and detention of alleged offenders, pursuant to subdivision four of section 140.10 of the criminal procedure law, and notifying victims of their rights, including but not limited to immediately providing the victim with the written notice required in subdivision six of section 530.11 of the criminal procedure law and subdivision five of section eight hundred twelve of the family court act;
- § 82. Subdivision 1 of section 621 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 17 of the laws of 1982, is amended and three new subdivisions 1-a, 1-b and 1-c are added to read as follows:
 - 1. "Board" shall mean the crime victims compensation appeals board.
 - 1-a. "Office" shall mean the office of victim services.
- 22 <u>1-b. "Division" shall mean the division of criminal justice services.</u>
- 23 <u>1-c. "Commissioner" shall mean the commissioner of the division of</u> 24 <u>criminal justice services.</u>
 - § 83. Section 622 of the executive law is REPEALED and a new section 622 is added to read as follows:
 - § 622. Office of victim services. There is hereby created in the division of criminal justice services the office of victim services, hereinafter in this article referred to as the "office". The office shall be headed by a director, who shall be appointed by the commissioner for a term of three years. The director shall, in consultation with the commissioner, coordinate and recommend policy relating to the provision of services to crime victims. The commissioner, in consultation with the director, shall appoint staff and perform such other functions to ensure the efficient operation of the office within the amounts made available therefor by appropriation.
 - § 84. Section 623 of the executive law, as added by chapter 894 of the laws of 1966, subdivisions 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 as added by chapter 688 of the laws of 1985, subdivision 18 as amended by chapter 74 of the laws of 1986, paragraph (a) of subdivision 20 as amended by chapter 418 of the laws of 1986, and subdivision 22 as added by chapter 346 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 623. Powers and duties of the [board] office. The [board] office shall have the following powers and duties:
- 45 1. To [establish and maintain a principal office and such other 46 offices within the state as it may deem necessary.
 - 2. To appoint a secretary, counsel, clerks and such other employees and agents as it may deem necessary, fix their compensation within the limitations provided by law, and prescribe their duties.
- 3. To adopt, promulgate, amend and rescind] recommend to the commissioner suitable rules and regulations to carry out the provisions and
 purposes of this article, including rules for the determination of
 claims, rules for the approval of attorneys' fees for representation
 before the office and board and/or before the appellate division upon
 judicial review as provided for in section six hundred twenty-nine of
 this article, and rules for the authorization of qualified persons to

assist claimants in the preparation of claims for presentation to the office and board [or board members].

- [4.] <u>2.</u> To request from the division of state police, from county or municipal police departments and agencies and from any other state or municipal department or agency, or public authority, and the same are hereby authorized to provide, such assistance and data as will enable the [board] office to carry out its functions and duties.
- [5.] <u>3.</u> To hear and determine all claims for awards filed with the [board] office pursuant to this article, and to reinvestigate or reopen cases as [the board deems] necessary.
 - [6.] $\underline{4}$. To direct medical examination of victims.

- [7.] <u>5.</u> To hold hearings, administer oaths or affirmations, examine any person under oath or affirmation and to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and giving of testimony of witnesses and require the production of any books, papers, documentary or other evidence. The powers provided in this subdivision may be delegated by the [board] commissioner, after consultation with the director, to any member or employee [thereof] of the division. A subpoena issued under this subdivision shall be regulated by the civil practice law and rules.
- [8.] <u>6.</u> To take or cause to be taken affidavits or depositions within or without the state.
- [9.] 7. To establish and maintain a special investigative unit to expedite processing of claims by senior citizens and special emergency situations[, and to promote the establishment of a volunteer program of home visitation to elderly and invalid victims of violent crime].
- [10.] $\underline{8}$. To advise and assist the governor in developing policies designed to recognize the legitimate rights, needs and interests of crime victims.
- [11.] $\underline{9.}$ To coordinate state programs and activities relating to crime victims.
- [12.] $\underline{10.}$ To cooperate with and assist political subdivisions of the state and not-for-profit organizations in the development of local programs for crime victims.
- [13.] $\underline{11.}$ To study the operation of laws and procedures affecting crime victims and recommend to the governor $\underline{and\ legislature}$ proposals to improve the administration and effectiveness of such laws.
- [14. To establish an advisory council to assist in formulation of policies on the problems of crime victims.
- 15.] 12. To [advocate] work with national associations, statewide coalitions, regional coalitions, victim service providers, and other advocates to address and advance the rights and interests of crime victims of the state [before federal, state and local administrative, regulatory, legislative, judicial and criminal justice agencies].
- 44 [16.] $\underline{13.}$ To promote and conduct studies, research, analyses and 45 investigations of matters affecting the interests of crime victims.
 - [17.] <u>14.</u> To [sponsor conferences relating to the problems of crime victims] <u>coordinate training opportunities for crime victim advocates</u> and service providers.
- 49 [18. To serve as a clearinghouse for information relating to crime 50 victims' problems and programs.
 - 19.] 15. To accept, with the approval of the <u>commissioner and</u> governor, as agent of the state, any grant including federal grants, or any gift for the purposes of this article. Any monies so received may be expended by the [board] office to effectuate any purpose of this article, subject to the applicable provisions of the state finance law.



- [20. To render each year to the governor and to the legislature, on or before December first of each year, a written report on the board's activities including, but not limited to, specific information on each of the subdivisions of this section, and the manner in which the rights, needs and interests of crime victims are being addressed by the state's criminal justice system. Such report shall also include, but not be limited to:
- (a) Information transmitted by the state division of probation and correctional alternatives under subdivision five of section 390.30 of the criminal procedure law and subdivision seven of section 351.1 of the family court act which the board shall compile, review and make recommendations on how to promote the use of restitution and encourage its enforcement.
- (b) Information relating to the implementation of and compliance with article twenty-three of this chapter by the criminal justice agencies and the "crime victim-related agencies" of the state.
- 21. To make grants to local crime victim service programs and carry out related duties under section six hundred thirty-one-a of this article
- 22. To delegate to specified employees of the board the power to disallow claims under circumstances where regulations of the board provide for disallowance without prejudice to the reopening of claims.]
- § 85. Paragraph (i) of subdivision 1 and subdivision 2 of section 624 of the executive law, paragraph (i) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 427 of the laws of 1999 and subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 859 of the laws of 1990, are amended to read as follows:
- (i) a surviving spouse of a crime victim who died from causes not directly related to the crime when such victim died prior to filing a claim with the [board] office or subsequent to filing a claim but prior to the rendering of a decision by the [board] office. Such award shall be limited to out-of-pocket loss incurred as a direct result of the crime; and
- 2. A person who is criminally responsible for the crime upon which a claim is based or an accomplice of such person shall not be eligible to receive an award with respect to such claim. A member of the family of a person criminally responsible for the crime upon which a claim is based or a member of the family of an accomplice of such person, shall be eligible to receive an award, unless the [board] office determines pursuant to regulations [adopted by the board] promulgated to carry out the provisions and purposes of this article, that the person criminally responsible will receive substantial economic benefit or unjust enrichment from the compensation. In such circumstances the award may be reduced or structured in such way as to remove the substantial economic benefit or unjust enrichment to such person or the claim may be denied.
- § 85-a. Section 625 of the executive law, as added by chapter 894 of the laws of 1966, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 115 of the laws of 1981, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 359 of the laws of 2001 and subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 726 of the laws of 1969, is amended to read as follows:
- § 625. Filing of claims. 1. A claim may be filed by a person eligible to receive an award, as provided in section six hundred twenty-four of this article, or, if such person is under the age of eighteen years, an incompetent, or a conservatee, by his relative, guardian, committee, conservator, or attorney.
- 2. A claim must be filed by the claimant not later than one year after the occurrence or discovery of the crime upon which such claim is based,



one year after a court finds a lawsuit to be frivolous, or not later than one year after the death of the victim, provided, however, that upon good cause shown, the [board] office may extend the time for filing. The [board] office shall extend the time for filing where the claimant received no notice pursuant to section six hundred twenty-five-a of this article and had no knowledge of eligibility pursuant to section six hundred twenty-four of this article.

- 3. Claims shall be filed [in the office of the secretary of the board] in person [or], by mail or electronically, in such manner as the office may prescribe. The [secretary of the board] office shall accept for filing all claims submitted by persons eligible under subdivision one of this section and alleging the jurisdictional requirements set forth in this article and meeting the requirements as to form in the rules and regulations [of the board] promulgated to carry out the provisions and purposes of this article.
- [4. Upon filing of a claim pursuant to this article, the board shall promptly notify the district attorney of the county wherein the crime is alleged to have occurred. If, within ten days after such notification, such district attorney advises the board that a criminal prosecution is pending upon the same alleged crime and requests that action by the board be deferred, the board shall defer all proceedings under this article until such time as such criminal prosecution has been concluded and shall so notify such district attorney and the claimant. When such criminal prosecution has been concluded, such district attorney shall promptly so notify the board. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the board to grant emergency awards pursuant to section six hundred thirty of this article.]
- § 86. Transfer of employees. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, upon the transfer of functions from the crime victims board to the division of criminal justice services pursuant to subdivision 9 of section 836 of the executive law, as added by section three of this act, all employees of the crime victims board shall be transferred to the division of criminal justice services. Employees transferred pursuant to this section shall be transferred without further examination or qualification and shall retain their respective civil service classifications, status and collective bargaining unit designations and collective bargaining agreements.
- § 87. Transfer of records. All books, papers, and property of the crime victims board shall be delivered to the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services. All books, papers, and property of the crime victims board shall continue to be maintained by the division of criminal justice services.
- § 88. Continuity of authority. For the purpose of succession of all functions, powers, duties and obligations transferred and assigned to, devolved upon and assumed by it pursuant to this act, the division of criminal justice services shall be deemed and held to constitute the continuation of the crime victims board.
- § 89. Completion of unfinished business. Any business or other matter undertaken or commenced by the crime victims board or the chairman thereof pertaining to or connected with the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred and assigned to the division of criminal justice services and pending on the effective date of this act, may be conducted and completed by the division of criminal justice services in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as if conducted and completed by the crime victims board.

- § 90. Continuation of rules and regulations. All rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations, and decisions of the crime victims board pertaining to the functions and powers herein transferred and assigned, in force at the time of such transfer and assumption, shall continue in full force and effect as rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations and decisions of the division of criminal justice services until duly modified or abrogated by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services.
- § 91. Terms occurring in laws, contracts and other documents. Whenever the crime victims board or the chairman thereof, is referred to or designated in any law, contract or document pertaining to the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred to and assigned to the division of criminal justice services or the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, such reference or designation shall be deemed to refer to the division of criminal justice services or commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, as applicable
- § 92. Existing rights and remedies preserved. No existing right or remedy of any character shall be lost, impaired or affected by any provisions of this act.
- § 93. Pending actions and proceedings. No action or proceeding pending at the time when this act shall take effect, brought by or against the crime victims board or the chairman thereof, shall be affected by any provision of this act, but the same may be prosecuted or defended in the name of the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services or the division of criminal justice services. In all such actions and proceedings, the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, upon application of the court, shall be substituted as a party.
- § 94. Transfer of appropriations heretofore made. All appropriations or reappropriations heretofore made to the crime victims board to the extent of remaining unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof, whether allocated or unallocated and whether obligated or unobligated, are hereby transferred to and made available for use and expenditure by the division of criminal justice services subject to the approval of the director of the budget for the same purposes for which originally appropriated or reappropriated and shall be payable on vouchers certified or approved by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services on audit and warrant of the comptroller.
- § 95. Transfer of assets and liabilities. All assets and liabilities of the crime victims board are hereby transferred to and assumed by the division of criminal justice services.
- § 96. Paragraphs (c), (e) and (f) of subdivision 1 of section 169 of the executive law, paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 634 of the laws of 1998, paragraph (e) as amended by chapter 437 of the laws of 1995, and paragraph (f) as amended by chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as follows:
- (c) commissioner of agriculture and markets, commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services, adjutant general, commissioner and president of state civil service commission, commissioner of economic development, chair of the energy research and development authority, executive director of the board of real property services, president of higher education services corporation, commissioner of motor vehicles, member-chair of board of parole, [director of probation and correctional alternatives,] chair of public employment relations board, secretary of state, chair of the state racing and wagering board, commissioner of

alcoholism and substance abuse services, executive director of the housing finance agency, commissioner of housing and community renewal, executive director of state insurance fund, commissioner-chair of state liquor authority, chair of the workers' compensation board;

(e) chairman of state athletic commission, chairman and executive director of consumer protection board, [member-chairman of crime victims board], chairman of human rights appeal board, chairman of the industrial board of appeals, chairman of the employment relations board, chairman of the state commission of correction, members of the board of parole, members of the state racing and wagering board, member-chairman of unemployment insurance appeal board, director of veterans' affairs, and vice-chairman of the workers' compensation board;

- (f) executive director of adirondack park agency, commissioners of the state liquor authority, commissioners of the state civil service commission, members of state commission of correction, members of the employment relations board, [members of crime victims board,] members of unemployment insurance appeal board, and members of the workers' compensation board.
- § 97. Subdivision 4-b of section 257 of the executive law, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 4-b. It shall be the duty of every probation officer to provide written notice to probationers under the officer's supervision who may be subject to any requirement to report to the [crime victims board] office of victim services any funds of a convicted person as defined in section six hundred thirty-two-a of this chapter, the procedures for such reporting and any potential penalty for a failure to comply.
- § 98. Subdivision 6-a of section 259-a of the executive law, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 6-a. The division shall have the duty to provide written notice to persons who are serving a term of parole, parole supervision, conditional release or post release supervision of any requirement to report to the [crime victims board] office of victim services any funds of a convicted person as defined in section [six hundred thirty-a] six hundred thirty-two-a of this chapter, the procedure for such reporting and any potential penalty for a failure to comply.
- § 99. Subdivision 16 of section 259-c of the executive law, as amended by section 7 of part E of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003 and as renumbered by chapter 67 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 16. have the duty to provide written notice to such inmates prior to release on presumptive release, parole, parole supervision, conditional release or post release supervision or pursuant to subdivision six of section 410.91 of the criminal procedure law of any requirement to report to the [crime victims board] office of victim services any funds of a convicted person as defined in section six hundred thirty-two-a of this chapter, the procedure for such reporting and any potential penalty for a failure to comply.
- § 100. Subdivision 1 of section 625-a of the executive law, as amended by chapter 173 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Every police station, precinct house, any appropriate location where a crime may be reported and any location required by the [rules and regulations of the board] office shall have available informative booklets, pamphlets and other pertinent written information, including information cards, to be supplied by the [board] office, relating to the availability of crime victims compensation including all necessary application blanks required to be filed with the [board] office and shall display prominently posters giving notification of the existence

and general provisions of this article, those provisions of the penal law that prohibit the intimidation of crime victims and the location of the nearest crime victim service program. The [board] office may issue guidelines for the location of such display and shall provide posters, application forms, information cards and general information. Every victim who reports a crime in any manner whatsoever shall be given 7 notice about the rights of crime victims and the existence of all relevant local victim's assistance programs and services pursuant to section six hundred twenty-five-b of this article, and supplied by the person receiving the report with information, application blanks, and informa-10 11 tion cards which shall clearly state: (a) that crime victims may be eligible for state compensation benefits; (b) the address and phone 13 number of the [nearest board] office; (c) that police and district 14 attorneys can help protect victims against harassment and intimidation; the addresses and phone numbers of local victim service programs, 16 where appropriate, or space for inserting that information; or (e) any 17 other information the [board] office deems appropriate. Such cards shall be designed by the [board] office in consultation with local police, and 18 19 shall be printed and distributed by the [board] division. The [crime 20 victims board] division shall develop a system for distributing a sufficient supply of the information cards referred to in this subdivision, to all the appropriate designated locations, which shall include a sche-23 dule for meeting that requirement.

§ 101. Section 625-b of the executive law, as added by chapter 173 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 625-b. Standardized victim notification and verification procedures for police officers. 1. The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services in cooperation with the [crime victims board] office shall develop and implement a standardized procedure to be used by police officers, county sheriffs' departments and state police officers whereby victims of crime are notified about the rights of crime victims and the existence of programs designed to assist crime victims.
- 2. In establishing a victims assistance notification procedure, consideration shall be given to (a) developing a uniform method of informing victims of crime of their rights and services available, (b) including notification as part of a routine task performed in the course of law enforcement duties, and (c) documenting a victim's receipt of such notice.
- 3. All state or municipal printed forms for a police primary investigation report shall include a space to indicate that the victim did or did not receive information on victim's rights, [crime victims board] office of victims services assistance and relevant local assistance pursuant to subdivision one of section six hundred twenty-five-a of this article.
- § 101-a. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 626 of the executive law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 408 of the laws of 2005 and subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 276 of the laws of 1998, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. Out-of-pocket loss shall mean unreimbursed and unreimbursable expenses or indebtedness reasonably incurred for medical care or other services necessary as a result of the injury upon which such claim is based, including such expenses incurred as a result of the exacerbation of a pre-existing disability or condition directly resulting from the crime or causally related to the crime. Such expenses or indebtedness shall include the cost of counseling for the eligible spouse, grandparents, parents, stepparents, guardians, brothers, sisters, stepbrothers,

stepsisters, children or stepchildren of a homicide victim, and crime 1 victims who have sustained a personal physical injury as the direct result of a crime and the spouse, children or stepchildren of such physically injured victim. For the purposes of this subdivision, the victim of a sex offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law is presumed to have suffered physical injury. Such counseling may be provided by local victim service programs, where available. It shall 7 also include the cost of residing at or utilizing services provided by shelters for battered spouses and children who are eligible pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred twenty-four of this article, and 10 11 the cost of reasonable attorneys' fees for representation before the [board] office and/or before the appellate division upon judicial review 12 13 not to exceed one thousand dollars.

2. Out-of-pocket loss shall also include the cost of counseling for a child victim and the parent, stepparent, grandparent, guardian, brother, sister, stepbrother or stepsister of such victim, pursuant to regulations [of the board] promulgated to carry out the provisions and purposes of this article.

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- § 101-b. Section 627 of the executive law is REPEALED and a new section 627 is added to read as follows:
- § 627. Determination of claims. 1. The office shall determine claims in accordance with rules and regulations recommended by the director and promulgated by the commissioner.
- 2. The claimant may, within thirty days after receipt of the decision of the office regarding a claim, make an application in writing to the office for consideration of such decision by the crime victims compensation appeals board. The board shall consider such applications in accordance with rules and regulations recommended by the director and promulgated by the commissioner and may affirm or modify the decision of the office. The decision of the board shall become the final determination of the office regarding the claim.
- 32 § 101-c. Section 628 of the executive law is REPEALED and a new 33 section 628 is added to read as follows:
 - § 628. Crime victims compensation appeals board. 1. There is hereby created in the division of criminal justice services a board, to be known as the crime victims compensation appeals board. Such board shall consist of the director and two members appointed by the governor. One of the members appointed by the governor shall have been a victim of crime or the parent or spouse of a deceased victim of crime. The director shall serve as chair of the board ex officio.
 - 2. The term of office of the members appointed by the governor shall be three years. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of a term shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term.
 - 3. The members of the board appointed by the governor shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their functions. The director shall receive no additional compensation for service as chair of the board.
- 50 <u>4. The board shall meet as frequently as it deems necessary but in no</u> 51 <u>event less than monthly.</u>
- 52 § 101-d. Section 629 of the executive law, as added by chapter 894 of 53 the laws of 1966, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 688 of the laws of 54 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- § 629. Judicial review. 1. [Within fifteen days after receipt of the copy of the report containing the final decision of the board, the comp-



troller shall, if in his judgment the award is illegal or excessive, notify the board of his conclusion, state the reasons for that conclusion, and provide specific recommendations for modification. receiving such notification, the board shall have fifteen days within which to review and either modify or re-affirm its award. If after such modification or reaffirmation the comptroller continues to adjudge the award to be illegal or excessive, he may within fifteen days after receipt of such modification or reaffirmation, commence a proceeding in the appellate division of the supreme court, third department, to review the decision of the board. Such proceeding shall be heard in a summary manner and shall have precedence over all other civil cases in such court.] Any claimant aggrieved by a final decision of the [board] office may commence a proceeding to review that decision pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

2. Any such proceeding shall be commenced [by the service of notice thereof upon the claimant and the board in person or by mail] in accordance with the civil practice law and rules.

- § 101-e. Section 630 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 346 of the laws of 1986, and subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 318 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- § 630. Emergency awards. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section six hundred twenty-seven of this article, if it appears to the [board member to whom a claim is assigned] office, that such claim is one with respect to which an award probably will be made, and undue hardship will result to the claimant if immediate payment is not made, [such board member] the office may make one or more emergency awards to the claimant pending a final decision of the [board] office or payment of an award in the case, provided, however, that the total amount of such emergency awards shall not exceed twenty-five hundred dollars. The amount of such emergency awards shall be deducted from any final award made to the claimant, and the excess of the amount of any such emergency award over the amount of the final award, or the full amount of any emergency awards if no final award is made, shall be repaid by the claimant to the board.
- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section six hundred twenty-seven of this article, local crime victim service programs shall be authorized to provide emergency awards to crime victims for essential personal property, medical treatment, shelter costs, security services, counseling and transportation the total amount of such emergency awards not to exceed five hundred dollars. These programs shall be reimbursed by the board, pursuant to the provisions of this article, if it is subsequently determined that the victim is an eligible claimant. Local crime victim service programs shall be authorized to establish special accounts for this purpose. The [board] office shall initiate a program to assist local crime victim service programs in establishing special accounts to provide emergency awards, within amounts designated for that purpose.
- § 101-f. Subdivisions 1, 1-a, 3, 5, 6, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of section 631 of the executive law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 74 of the laws of 2007, subdivision 1-a as added by chapter 620 of the laws of 1997, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 148 of the laws of 2000, subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 351 of the laws of 1982, paragraph (c) of subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 74 of the laws of 1986, paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 309 of the laws of 1996, paragraph (e) of subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 763 of the laws of 1990, subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 810 of the laws of 1983, the opening para-

graph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 1991, subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 322 of the laws of 2005, subparagraph 7 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 309 of the laws of 1987, subdivision 13 as amended by section 1 of part E of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, subdivisions 14, 15, and 16 as added by chapter 21 of the laws of 2007, are amended to read as follows:

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1. No award shall be made unless the [board or board member] office, as the case may be, finds that (a) a crime was committed, (b) such crime directly resulted in personal physical injury to or the exacerbation of a preexisting disability, or condition, or death of, the victim, and (c) criminal justice agency records show that such crime was promptly reported to the proper authorities; and in no case may an award be made where the criminal justice agency records show that such report was made more than one week after the occurrence of such crime unless the [board] office, for good cause shown, finds the delay to have been justified; provided, however, in cases involving an alleged sex offense as contained in article one hundred thirty of the penal law or incest defined in section 255.25, 255.26 or 255.27 of the penal law or labor trafficking as defined in section 135.35 of the penal law or sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law or an offense chargeable as a family offense as described in section eight hundred twelve of the family court act or section 530.11 of the criminal procedure law, the criminal justice agency report need only be made within a reasonable time considering all the circumstances, including the victim's physical, emotional and mental condition and family situation. For the purposes of this subdivision, "criminal justice agency" shall include, but not be limited to, a police department, a district attorney's office, and any other governmental agency having responsibility for the enforcement of the criminal laws of the state provided, however, that in cases involving such sex offense a criminal justice agency shall also mean a family court, a governmental agency responsible for child and/or adult protective services pursuant to title six of article six of the social services law and/or title one of article nine-B of the social services law, and any medical facility established under the laws of the state that provides a forensic physical examination for victims of rape and sexual assault.

1-a. No award shall be made for a frivolous lawsuit unless the [board or board member, as the case may be,] office finds that the victim has been awarded costs pursuant to section eighty-three hundred three-a of the civil practice law and rules and the individual responsible for the payment of costs is unable to pay such costs provided, however, that in no event shall the amount of such costs exceed two thousand five hundred dollars.

3. Any award made for loss of earnings or support shall, unless reduced pursuant to other provisions of this article, be in an amount equal to the actual loss sustained, provided, however, that no such award shall exceed six hundred dollars for each week of lost earnings or support. Awards with respect to livery operator victims pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision six of <u>former</u> section six hundred twenty-seven of this article shall be granted in the amount and in the manner provided therein. The aggregate award for all such losses pursuant to this subdivision, including any awards made pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision six of <u>former</u> section six hundred twenty-seven of this article, shall not exceed thirty thousand dollars. If there are two or more persons entitled to an award as a result of the death of a person which

is the direct result of a crime, the award shall be apportioned by the [board] office among the claimants.

- 5. (a) In determining the amount of an award, the [board or board member, as the case may be,] office shall determine whether, because of his conduct, the victim of such crime contributed to the infliction of his injury, and the [board or board member] office shall reduce the amount of the award or reject the claim altogether, in accordance with such determination.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the [board or board member, as the case may be,] office shall disregard for this purpose the responsibility of the victim for his own injury where the record shows that the person injured was acting as a good samaritan, as defined in this article.
- (c) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, where the person injured acted as a good samaritan, the [board or board member, as the case may be,] office may, without regard to the financial difficulty of the claimant, make an award for out-of-pocket losses. Such award may also include compensation for any loss of property up to five thousand dollars suffered by the victim during the course of his actions as a good samaritan.
- (d) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, where a person acted as a good samaritan, and was killed as a direct result of the crime, the [board or the board member, as the case may be,] office may, without regard to the financial difficulty of the claimant, make a lump sum award to such claimant for actual loss of support not to exceed thirty thousand dollars.
- (e) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, where a police officer or firefighter, both paid and volunteer, dies from injuries received in the line of duty as a direct result of a crime, the [board or the board member, as the case may be,] office may, without regard to the financial difficulty of the claimant, make an award for the unreimbursed counseling expenses of the eligible spouse, parents, brothers, sisters or children of such victim, and/or the reasonable burial expenses incurred by the claimant.
- 6. (a) Claims may be approved only if the [board or board member, as the case may be,] office finds that unless the claimant's award is approved he will suffer financial difficulty. However, no finding of financial difficulty is required for a claim for an emergency award or an award less than five thousand dollars. In determining financial difficulty, the [board or board member] office shall consider all relevant factors, including but not limited to:
 - (1) the number of claimant's dependents;

- (2) reasonable living expenses of the claimant and his family;
- (3) any special health, rehabilitative or educational needs of the claimant and his dependents;
- 46 (4) the claimant's employment situation including income and potential 47 earning capacity;
 - (5) the claimant's net financial resources after authorized deduction as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision;
 - (6) whether claimant's financial resources will become exhausted during his lifetime; and
- 52 (7) the nature and the amount of claimant's total debt and liabil-53 ities, including the amount of debt incurred or to be incurred to pay 54 for losses and expenses of the crime, and the extent to which claimant's 55 essential assets will have to be liquidated.



- (b) Claimant's net financial resources do not include the present value of future earnings, and shall be determined by the [board] office by deducting from his total financial resources the value, within reasonable limits, of the following items:
- (1) a homestead, not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, or a total of ten years' rent for a renter;
- 7 (2) personal property consisting of clothing and strictly personal 8 effects;
 - (3) household furniture, appliances and equipment;
- 10 (4) tools and equipment necessary for the claimant's trade, occupation 11 or business;
 - (5) a family automobile;

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- (6) life insurance, except in death claims; and
- (7) retirement, education and health plans or contributions to a retirement or pension program including but not limited to contributions to: (i) employee profit sharing plans, (ii) employee money purchase plans, (iii) 401 (k) plans, (iv) simplified employee pensions (SEP), (v) individual retirement accounts (IRA), (vi) 403 (b) plans, (vii) 457 plans, (viii) Keogh plans, (self employed), and (ix) any other plan or account for which contributions are made primarily for retirement purposes.
- (c) The [board or board member] office, after taking into consideration the claimant's financial resources, may exempt that portion of the victim's or claimant's annual income required to meet reasonable living expenses and the value of inventory or other property necessary for the claimant's business or occupation or the production of income required to meet reasonable living expenses. In no event shall the aggregate value of exemptions under this paragraph exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- (d) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall be construed to mean that the [board] office must maintain the same standard of living enjoyed by the claimant prior to the death or injury.
- (e) The [board] office shall [establish] recommend to the commissioner such rules and regulations as are necessary for the implementation of this section.
- 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, when any New York state accredited hospital, accredited sexual assault examiner program, or licensed health care provider furnishes services to any sexual assault survivor, including but not limited to a health care forensic examination in accordance with the sex offense evidence collection protocol and standards established by the department of health, such hospital, sexual assault examiner program, or licensed healthcare provider shall provide such services to the person without charge and shall bill the [board] office directly. The [board] office, in consultation with the department of health, shall define the specific services to be covered by the sexual assault forensic exam reimbursement fee, which must include at a minimum forensic examiner services, hospital or healthcare facility services related to the exam, and related laboratory tests and pharmaceuticals. Follow-up HIV post-exposure prophylaxis costs shall continue to be reimbursed according to established [board] office procedure. The [board] office, in consultation with the department of health, shall also generate the necessary regulations and forms for the direct reimbursement procedure. The rate for reimbursement shall be the amount of itemized charges not exceeding eight hundred dollars, to be reviewed and adjusted annually by the [board] office in consultation with the department of health. The hospi-

1 tal, sexual assault examiner program, or licensed health care provider must accept this fee as payment in full for these specified services. No additional billing of the survivor for said services is permissible. A sexual assault survivor may voluntarily assign any private insurance benefits to which she or he is entitled for the healthcare forensic examination, in which case the hospital or healthcare provider may not 7 charge the [board] office. A hospital, sexual assault examiner program or licensed health care provider shall, at the time of the initial visit, request assignment of any private health insurance benefits which the sexual assault survivor is entitled on a form prescribed by 10 11 the [board] office; provided, however, such sexual assault survivor shall be advised orally and in writing that he or she may decline to 13 provide such information regarding private health insurance benefits if he or she believes that the provision of such information would substantially interfere with his or her personal privacy or safety and in such event, the sexual assault forensic exam fee shall be paid by the [board] 17 office. Such sexual assault survivor shall also be advised that providing such information may provide additional resources to pay for 18 19 services to other sexual assault victims. If he or she declines to provide such health insurance information, he or she shall indicate such 20 decision on the form provided by the hospital, sexual assault examiner program or licensed health care provider, which form shall be prescribed 23 by the [board] office.

14. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, where a victim dies from injuries received as a direct result of the World Trade Center terrorist attacks on September eleventh, two thousand one, the [board or the board member, as the case may be,] office may make an award for the unreimbursed and unreimbursable expense or indebtedness reasonably incurred for the cost of counseling for the eligible spouse, grandparents, parents, stepparents, guardians, brothers, sisters, stepbrothers, stepsisters, children, or stepchildren of such victim. Any award for such expense incurred on or before December thirty-first, two thousand seven, shall be made without regard to the financial difficulty of the claimant.

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- 15. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, where a victim is injured as a direct result of the World Trade Center terror-ist attacks on September eleventh, two thousand one, the [board or the board member, as the case may be,] office may make an award for the unreimbursed and unreimbursable expense or indebtedness reasonably incurred by the claimant for medical care or counseling services necessary as a result of such injury. Any award for such expense or indebtedness incurred on or before December thirty-first, two thousand seven, shall be made without regard to the financial difficulty of the claimant.
 - 16. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this article, and without regard to the financial difficulty of the claimant, where a victim dies from injuries received as a direct result of the World Trade Center terrorist attacks on September eleventh, two thousand one, the [board or the board member, as the case may be,] office may make an award of reasonable burial expenses for such victim.
 - § 101-g. Subdivision 2 of section 632 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 115 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:
 - 2. Where a person entitled to receive an award is a person under the age of eighteen years, an incompetent, or a conservatee, the award may be paid to a relative, guardian, committee, conservator, or attorney of such person on behalf of and for the benefit of such person. In such



case the payee shall be required to file a periodic accounting of the award with the [board] office and to take such other action as the [board] office shall determine is necessary and appropriate for the benefit of the person under the age of eighteen years, incompetent or conservatee.

- § 101-h. Section 632-a of the executive law, as amended by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 632-a. Crime victims. 1. For the purposes of this section:

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- (a) "Crime" means (i) any felony defined in the laws of the state; or (ii) an offense in any jurisdiction which includes all of the essential elements of any felony defined in the laws of this state and: (A) the crime victim, as defined in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, was a resident of this state at the time of the commission of the offense; or (B) the act or acts constituting the offense occurred in whole or in part in this state.
- (b) "Profits from a crime" means (i) any property obtained through or income generated from the commission of a crime of which the defendant was convicted; (ii) any property obtained by or income generated from the sale, conversion or exchange of proceeds of a crime, including any gain realized by such sale, conversion or exchange; and (iii) any property which the defendant obtained or income generated as a result of having committed the crime, including any assets obtained through the use of unique knowledge obtained during the commission of, or in preparation for the commission of, a crime, as well as any property obtained by or income generated from the sale, conversion or exchange of such property and any gain realized by such sale, conversion or exchange.
- (c) "Funds of a convicted person" means all funds and property received from any source by a person convicted of a specified crime, or by the representative of such person as defined in subdivision six of section six hundred twenty-one of this article excluding child support and earned income, where such person:
- (i) is an inmate serving a sentence with the department of correctional services or a prisoner confined at a local correctional facility or federal correctional institute, and includes funds that a superintendent, sheriff or municipal official receives on behalf of an inmate or prisoner and deposits in an inmate account to the credit of the inmate pursuant to section one hundred sixteen of the correction law or deposits in a prisoner account to the credit of the prisoner pursuant to section five hundred-c of the correction law; or
- (ii) is not an inmate or prisoner but who is serving a sentence of probation or conditional discharge or is presently subject to an undischarged indeterminate, determinate or definite term of imprisonment or period of post-release supervision or term of supervised release, but include earned income earned during a period in which such person was not in compliance with the conditions of his or her probation, parole, conditional release, period of post-release supervision by the division of parole or term of supervised release with the United States probation office or United States parole commission. For purposes of this subparagraph, such period of non-compliance shall be measured, as from the earliest date of delinquency determined by the applicable, [board] office or division of parole, or from the earliest date on which a declaration of delinquency is filed pursuant to section 410.30 of the criminal procedure law and thereafter sustained, or from the earliest date of delinquency determined in accordance with applicable federal law, rules or regulations, and shall continue until a final determination sustaining the violation has been made by the trial court,

[board] office or division of parole, or appropriate federal authority;

- 3 (iii) is no longer subject to a sentence of probation or conditional discharge or indeterminate, determinate or definite term of imprisonment or period of post-release supervision or term of supervised release, and where within the previous three years: the full or maximum term or peri-7 od terminated or expired or such person was granted a discharge by a board of parole pursuant to applicable law, or granted a discharge or termination from probation pursuant to applicable law or granted a discharge or termination under applicable federal or state law, rules or 10 11 regulations prior to the expiration of such full or maximum term or period; and includes only: (A) those funds paid to such person as a 13 result of any interest, right, right of action, asset, share, claim, recovery or benefit of any kind that the person obtained, or that accrued in favor of such person, prior to the expiration of such 16 sentence, term or period; (B) any recovery or award collected in a 17 lawsuit after expiration of such sentence where the right or cause of action accrued prior to the expiration or service of such sentence; and 18 19 (C) earned income earned during a period in which such person was not in compliance with the conditions of his or her probation, parole, condi-20 21 tional release, period of post-release supervision by the division of 22 parole or term of supervised release with the United States probation 23 office or United States parole commission. For purposes of this subparagraph, such period of non-compliance shall be measured, as applicable, 25 from the earliest date of delinquency determined by the [board] office or division of parole, or from the earliest date on which a declaration 26 27 of delinquency is filed pursuant to section 410.30 of the criminal 28 procedure law and thereafter sustained, or from the earliest date of 29 delinquency determined in accordance with applicable federal law, rules 30 or regulations, and shall continue until a final determination sustaining the violation has been made by the trial court, [board] office or 31 division of parole, or appropriate federal authority. 32
 - (d) "Crime victim" means (i) the victim of a crime; (ii) the representative of a crime victim as defined in subdivision six of section six hundred twenty-one of this article; (iii) a good samaritan as defined in subdivision seven of section six hundred twenty-one of this article; (iv) the [crime victims board] office of victim services or other governmental agency that has received an application for or provided financial assistance or compensation to the victim.
 - (e) (i) "Specified crime" means:

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- (A) a violent felony offense as defined in subdivision one of section 70.02 of the penal law;
 - (B) a class B felony offense defined in the penal law;
- (C) an offense for which a merit time allowance may not be received against the sentence pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight hundred three of the correction law;
- 47 (D) an offense defined in the penal law that is titled in such law as 48 a felony in the first degree; 49 (E) grand larceny in the fourth degree as defined in subdivision six
 - (E) grand larceny in the fourth degree as defined in subdivision six of section 155.30 or grand larceny in the second degree as defined in section 155.40 of the penal law;
 - (F) criminal possession of stolen property in the second degree as defined in section 165.52 of the penal law; or
 - (G) an offense in any jurisdiction which includes all of the essential elements of any of the crimes specified in clauses (A) through (F) of this subparagraph and either the crime victim as defined in subparagraph

(i) of paragraph (d) of this subdivision was a resident of this state at the time of the commission of the offense or the act or acts constituting the crime occurred in whole or in part in this state.

- (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph a "specified crime" shall not mean or include an offense defined in any of the following articles of the penal law: articles one hundred fifty-eight, one hundred seventy-eight, two hundred twenty, two hundred twenty-one, two hundred twenty-five, and two hundred thirty.
- (f) "Earned income" means income derived from one's own labor or through active participation in a business as distinguished from income from, for example, dividends or investments.
- 2. (a) Every person, firm, corporation, partnership, association or other legal entity, or representative of such person, firm, corporation, partnership, association or entity, which knowingly contracts for, pays, or agrees to pay: (i) any profits from a crime as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of this section, to a person charged with or convicted of that crime, or to the representative of such person as defined in subdivision six of section six hundred twenty-one of this article; or (ii) any funds of a convicted person, as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section, where such conviction is for a specified crime and the value, combined value or aggregate value of the payment or payments of such funds exceeds or will exceed ten thousand dollars, shall give written notice to the [crime victims board] office of the payment or obligation to pay as soon as practicable after discovering that the payment or intended payment constitutes profits from a crime or funds of a convicted person.
- (b) Notwithstanding subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, whenever the payment or obligation to pay involves funds of a convicted person that a superintendent, sheriff or municipal official receives or will receive on behalf [on] of an inmate serving a sentence with the department of correctional services or prisoner confined at a local correctional facility and deposits or will deposit in an inmate account to the credit of the inmate or in a prisoner account to the credit of the prisoner, and the value, combined value or aggregate value of such funds exceeds or will exceed ten thousand dollars, the superintendent, sheriff or municipal official shall also give written notice to the [crime victims board] office.

Further, whenever the state or subdivision of the state makes payment or has an obligation to pay funds of a convicted person, as defined in subparagraph (ii) or (iii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section, and the value, combined value or aggregate value of such funds exceeds or will exceed ten thousand dollars, the state or subdivision of the state shall also give written notice to the [crime victims board] office.

In all other instances where the payment or obligation to pay involves funds of a convicted person, as defined in subparagraph (ii) or (iii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section, and the value, combined value or aggregate value of such funds exceeds or will exceed ten thousand dollars, the convicted person who receives or will receive such funds, or the representative of such person as defined in subdivision six of section six hundred twenty-one of this article, shall give written notice to the [crime victims board] office.

(c) The [board] office, upon receipt of notice of a contract, an agreement to pay or payment of profits from a crime or funds of a convicted person pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, or upon receipt of notice of funds of a convicted person from the super-

intendent, sheriff or municipal official of the facility where the inmate or prisoner is confined pursuant to section one hundred sixteen or five hundred-c of the correction law, shall notify all known crime victims of the existence of such profits or funds at their last known address.

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- 3. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of the estates, powers and trusts law or the civil practice law and rules with respect to the timely bringing of an action, any crime victim shall have the right to bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover money damages from a person convicted of a crime of which the crime victim is a victim, or the representative of that convicted person, within three years of the discovery of any profits from a crime or funds of a convicted person, as those terms are defined in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a judgment obtained pursuant to this section shall not be subject to execution or enforcement against the first one thousand dollars deposited in an inmate account to the credit of the inmate pursuant to section one hundred sixteen of the correction law or in a prisoner account to the credit of the prisoner pursuant to section five hundred-c of the correction law. In addition, where the civil action involves funds of a convicted person and such funds were recovered by the convicted person pursuant to a judgment obtained in a civil action, a judgment obtained pursuant to this section may not be subject to execution or enforcement against a portion thereof in accordance with subdivision (k) of section fifty-two hundred five of the civil practice law and rules. If an action is filed pursuant to this subdivision after the expiration of all other applicable statutes of limitation, any other crime victims must file any action for damages as a result of the crime within three years of the actual discovery of such profits or funds, or within three years of actual notice received from or notice published by the [crime victims board] office of such discovery, whichever is later.
- 4. Upon filing an action pursuant to subdivision three of this section, the crime victim shall give notice to the [crime victims board] office of the filing by delivering a copy of the summons and complaint to the [board] office. The crime victim may also give such notice to the [board] office prior to filing the action so as to allow the [board] office to apply for any appropriate provisional remedies which are otherwise authorized to be invoked prior to the commencement of an action.
- 5. Upon receipt of a copy of a summons and complaint, or upon receipt of notice from the crime victim prior to filing the action as provided in subdivision four of this section, the [board] office shall immediately take such actions as are necessary to:
- (a) notify all other known crime victims of the alleged existence of profits from a crime or funds of a convicted person by certified mail, return receipt requested, where the victims' names and addresses are known by the [board] office;
- (b) publish, at least once every six months for three years from the date it is initially notified by a victim, pursuant to subdivision four of this section, a legal notice in newspapers of general circulation in the county wherein the crime was committed and in counties contiguous to such county advising any crime victims of the existence of profits from a crime or funds of a convicted person. For crimes committed in a county located within a city having a population of one million or more, the notice shall be published in newspapers having general circulation in

such city. The [board] office may, in its discretion, provide for such additional notice as it deems necessary;

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- (c) avoid the wasting of the assets identified in the complaint as the newly discovered profits from a crime or as funds of a convicted person, in any manner consistent with subdivision six of this section.
- 6. The [board] office, acting on behalf of the plaintiff and all other victims, shall have the right to apply for any and all provisional remedies that are also otherwise available to the plaintiff.
- (a) The provisional remedies of attachment, injunction, receivership and notice of pendency available to the plaintiff under the civil practice law and rules, shall also be available to the [board] office in all actions under this section.
- (b) On a motion for a provisional remedy, the moving party shall state whether any other provisional remedy has previously been sought in the same action against the same defendant. The court may require the moving party to elect between those remedies to which it would otherwise be entitled.
- (i) Whenever it appears that a person or entity has knowingly 7. (a) and willfully failed to give notice in violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision two of this section, other than the state, a subdivision the state, or a person who is a superintendent, sheriff or municipal official required to give notice pursuant to this section or section one hundred sixteen or section five hundred-c of the correction law, [board] office shall be authorized to serve a notice of hearing upon the person or entity by personal service or by registered or certified mail. The notice shall contain the time, place and purpose of the hearing. In addition, the notice shall be accompanied by a petition alleging facts an evidentiary character that support or tend to support that the person or entity, who shall be named therein as a respondent, knowingly and willfully failed to give notice in violation of paragraph (a) or (b) subdivision two of this section. Service of the notice and petition shall take place at least fifteen days prior to the date of the hearing.
- (ii) The [chairperson of the board,] commissioner or any [board member] individual designated by the [chairperson] commissioner, shall preside over the hearing[. The presiding member], shall administer oaths [and], may issue subpoenas[. The presiding member] and shall not be bound by the rules of evidence or civil procedure, but his or her determination shall be based on a preponderance of the evidence. At the hearing, the burden of proof shall be on the [board] office[, which shall be represented by the counsel to the board or another person designated by the board]. The [board] office shall produce witnesses and present evidence in support of the alleged violation, which may include relevant hearsay evidence. The respondent, who may appear personally at the hearing, shall have the right of counsel and may cross-examine witnesses and produce evidence and witnesses in his or her behalf, which may include relevant hearsay evidence. The issue of whether the person who received alleged payment or obligation to pay committed the underlying crime shall not be re-litigated at the hearing. Where the alleged violation is the failure to give notice of a payment amount involving two or more payments the combined value or aggregate value of which exceeds ten thousand dollars, no violation shall be found unless it is shown that such payments were intentionally structured to conceal their character as funds of a convicted person, as defined in this section.
- (iii) At the conclusion of the hearing, if the [presiding member] office or designated individual is not satisfied that there is a preponderance of evidence in support of a violation, [the member] office or



designated individual shall dismiss the petition. If the [presiding member] office or designated individual is satisfied that there is a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent committed one or more violations, the [member] office or designated individual shall so find. Upon such a finding, the [presiding member] office or designated individual shall prepare a written statement, to be made available to the respondent and respondent's counsel, indicating the evidence relied on and the reasons for finding the violation.

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- (iv) The [board] commissioner, in consultation with the director, shall adopt, promulgate, amend and repeal administrative rules and regulations governing the procedures to be followed with respect to hearings, including rules and regulations for the administrative appeal of a decision made pursuant to this paragraph, provided such rules and regulations are consistent with the provisions of this subdivision.
- (b)(i) Whenever it is found pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision that a respondent knowingly and willfully failed to give notice in violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision two of this section, the [board] office shall impose an assessment of up to the amount of the payment or obligation to pay and a civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars or ten percent of the payment or obligation to pay, whichever is greater. If a respondent fails to pay the assessment and civil penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph, the assessment and civil penalty may be recovered from the respondent by an action brought by the attorney general, upon the request of the [board] office, in any court of competent jurisdiction. The [board] office shall deposit the assessment in an escrow account pending the expiration of the three year statute of limitations authorized by subdivision three of this section to preserve such funds to satisfy a civil judgment in favor of a person who is a victim of a crime committed by the convicted person to whom such failure to give notice relates. The [board] office shall pay the civil penalty to the state comptroller who shall deposit the money in the state treasury pursuant to section one hundred twenty-one of the state finance law to the credit of the criminal justice improvement account established by section ninety-seven-bb of the state finance law.
- (ii) The [board] office shall then notify any crime victim or crime victims, who may have a claim against the convicted person, of the existence of such moneys. Such notice shall instruct such person or persons that they may have a right to commence a civil action against the convicted person, as well as any other information deemed necessary by the [board] office.
- (iii) Upon a crime victim's presentation to the [board] office of a civil judgment for damages incurred as a result of the crime, the [board] office shall satisfy up to one hundred percent of that judgment, including costs and disbursements as taxed by the clerk of the court, with the escrowed fund obtained pursuant to this paragraph, but in no event shall the amount of all judgments, costs and disbursements satisfied from such escrowed funds exceed the amount in escrow. If more than one such crime victim indicates to the [board] office that they intend to commence or have commenced a civil action against the convicted person, the [board] office shall delay satisfying any judgment, costs and disbursements until the claims of all such crime victims are reduced to judgment. If the aggregate of all judgments, costs and disbursement obtained exceeds the amount of escrowed funds, the amount used to partially satisfy each judgment shall be reduced to a pro rata share.
- (iv) After expiration of the three year statute of limitations period established in subdivision three of this section, the [board] office

shall review all judgments that have been satisfied from such escrowed funds. In the event no claim was filed or judgment obtained prior to the expiration of the three year statute of limitations, the [board] office shall return the escrowed amount to the respondent. In the event a claim claims are pending at the expiration of the statute of limitations, such funds shall remain escrowed until the final determination of all such claims to allow the [board] office to satisfy any judgment which 7 may be obtained by the crime victim. Upon the final determination of all such claims and the satisfaction of up to one hundred percent of such claims by the [board] office, the [board] office shall be authorized to 10 11 impose an additional civil penalty of up to one thousand dollars or ten percent of the payment or obligation to pay, whichever is greater. Prior 13 to imposing any such penalty, the [board] office shall serve a notice upon the respondent by personal service or by registered or certified mail of the intent of the [board] office to impose such penalty thirty 16 days after the date of the notice and of the opportunity to submit 17 documentation concerning the [board's] office's determination. After 18 imposing and deducting any such additional civil penalty, the [board] 19 office shall distribute such remaining escrowed funds, if any, as 20 follows: fifty percent to the state comptroller, who shall deposit the 21 money in the state treasury pursuant to section one hundred twenty-one of the state finance law to the credit of the criminal justice improvement account established by section ninety-seven-bb of the state finance law; and fifty percent to the respondent.

- (v) Notwithstanding any provision of law, an alleged failure by a convicted person to give notice under this section may not result in proceedings for an alleged violation of the conditions of probation, parole, conditional release, post release supervision or supervised release unless: one or more claims were made by a crime victim against the convicted person pursuant to this section, and the crime victims [board] office imposes an assessment and/or penalty upon the convicted person pursuant to this section, and the convicted person fails to pay the total amount of the assessment and/or penalty within sixty days of the imposition of such assessment and/or penalty.
- (vi) Records maintained by the [board] office and proceedings by the [board or a board member] office based thereon regarding a claim submitted by a victim or a claimant shall be deemed confidential, subject to the exceptions that appear in subdivision one of section six hundred thirty-three of this article.
- § 101-i. Section 633 of the executive law, as added by chapter 64 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- § 633. Confidentiality of records. 1. Records maintained by the [board] office and proceedings by the office or the board [or a board member] based thereon regarding a claim submitted by a victim or a claimant shall be deemed confidential with the following exceptions:
- 46 (a) requests for information based upon legitimate criminal justice 47 purposes;
 - (b) judicial subpoenas;

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- (c) requests for information by the victim or claimant or his or her authorized representative;
- 51 (d) for purposes necessary and proper for the administration of this 52 article.
- 2. All other records, including but not limited to, records maintained pursuant to sections six hundred thirty-one-a and six hundred thirty-two-a of this article and proceedings by the office or the board [or a board member] based thereon shall be public record.



- 3. Any report or record obtained by the board <u>or office</u>, the confidentiality of which is protected by any other law or regulation, shall remain confidential subject to such law or regulation.
 - § 101-j. Section 634 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 513 of the laws of 1982, subdivision 1 as amended and subdivision 6 as added by chapter 477 of the laws of 1986, paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 397 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 634. Subrogation. 1. (a) Acceptance of an award made pursuant to this article shall subrogate the state, to the extent of such award, to any right or right of action accruing to the claimant or the victim to recover payments on account of losses resulting from the crime with respect to which the award is made. Upon the payment of an award, [board] office may, by writing, notify the claimant that such claimant has ninety days, or thirty days prior to the date of expiration of the applicable statute of limitations, whichever period is shorter, within which to commence an action against his assailant or any third party who, as a result of the crime, may be liable in damages to the claimant. If the claimant fails to commence an action within the time provided herein, such failure shall, after written notification by the [board] office to the claimant, operate as an assignment of the claimant's cause of action against the assailant or such other third party to the state; provided, however, that should the claimant's cause of action be in an amount in excess of the [board's] office's award, such assignment shall be for only that portion of the cause of action which equals the amount of the award.
- (b) The [crime victims board] office of victim services shall review those claims that have been approved by the [board] office and that have resulted in an award in excess of one thousand dollars for the purpose of identifying those causes of action that are likely to result in recovery of the state's payment to the victim. The [board] office shall submit a list of these claims on a monthly basis to the attorney general with all necessary information relating to the case including whether the [claiment's] claimant's cause of action has been assigned to the [board] office.
- (c) The attorney general may commence an action against the defendant convicted of the crime or third party for money damages to the extent of the award paid, and the claimant shall retain a right of action, subject to defenses, to recover damages for the full amount of loss incurred by him as a result of the crime less the amount assigned to the state by operation of this subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an action brought by the attorney general pursuant to this paragraph against the defendant convicted of the crime must be commenced within seven years of the crime or pursuant to the time frames authorized in subdivision three of section six hundred thirty-two-a of this article. A claimant who retains such right of action shall be permitted to intervene in any action brought pursuant to this subdivision by the attorney general. Any action brought by the attorney general may be compromised or settled provided the attorney general and the [board] office find that such action is in the best interests of the state.
- 2. Acceptance of an award made pursuant to this article shall create a lien in favor of the state on the proceeds of any recovery from the person or persons liable for the injury or death giving rise to the award by the [board] office, whether by judgment, settlement or otherwise, after the deduction of the reasonable and necessary expenditures, including attorney's fees, incurred in effecting such recovery, to the

1 total amount of the award made by the [board] office. Such lien shall attach to any moneys received or to be received by the claimant or victim on account of losses resulting from the crime. Should the claimant or victim secure a recovery from the person or persons liable for the injury or death giving rise to the award by the [board] office, whether by judgment, settlement or otherwise, such claimant may, upon 7 notice to the [board] office, apply to the court in which the action was instituted, or to any court of competent jurisdiction if no action was instituted, for an order apportioning the reasonable and necessary expenditures, including attorney's fees, incurred in effecting such 10 recovery. Such expenditures shall be equitably apportioned by the court 11 between the claimant and the [board] office. A copy of such lien shall 13 be mailed to the clerk of the county within which the crime occurred and such clerk will file the copy in accordance with the duties of such clerk as set forth in section five hundred twenty-five of the county 16 The amount of such lien may be compromised or settled by the 17 [board] office provided the [board] office finds that such action is in 18 the best interests of the state, or payment of the full amount of the 19 lien to the state would cause undue hardship for the victim.

3. Any claimant who has received an award under this article, or his guardian, judicially appointed personal representative, or his estate, who brings an action for damages against the person or persons liable for the injury or death giving rise to an award by the [board] office under this article shall give written notice to the [board] office of the commencement of such action at the time such action is commenced. Such notice shall be served personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested.

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- 4. The attorney general may intervene, as of right, in any such action on behalf of the state of New York for the purpose of recovering the subrogated interest due the state of New York under the provisions of this article.
- 5. The [board] <u>commissioner</u>, in <u>consultation</u> with the <u>director</u>, shall adopt rules and regulations to carry out the provisions and purposes of this section.
- 6. The [board] office shall compile information on the number of cases submitted to the attorney general, the number of actions instituted by the attorney general to recover payments made to crime victims, the dollar amount of recoveries made in such actions both on behalf of the state and any awards made to victims who intervene in such actions. The [board] division shall include this information, and any recommendations to the governor and legislature to improve the collection of awards, in its annual report.
- § 102. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 631-a of the executive law, subdivision 1 as added by chapter 688 of the laws of 1985 and subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 263 of the laws of 1986, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. The [crime victims board] <u>division</u> shall make grants, within amounts appropriated for that purpose, for crime victim service programs to provide services to crime victims and witnesses. These programs shall be operated at the community level by not-for-profit organizations, by agencies of local government or by any combination thereof. Crime victim service programs may be designed to serve crime victims and witnesses in general in a particular community, or may be designed to serve a category of persons with special needs relating to a particular kind of crime.

- 1 2. The [crime victims board] <u>commissioner, in consultation with the</u> 2 <u>director,</u> shall promulgate regulations, relating to these grants, including guidelines for its determinations.
 - (a) These regulations shall be designed to promote:

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- (i) alternative funding sources other than the state, including local government and private sources;
- 7 (ii) coordination of public and private efforts to aid crime victims;
 8 and
 - (iii) long range development of services to all victims of crime in the community and to all victims and witnesses involved in criminal prosecutions.
 - (b) These regulations shall also provide for services including, but not limited to:
 - (i) assistance to claimants seeking crime victims compensation benefits;
 - (ii) referrals, crisis intervention and other counseling services;
 - (iii) services to elderly victims and to child victims and their families;
 - (iv) transportation and household assistance; and
 - (v) outreach to the community and education and training of law enforcement and other criminal justice officials to the needs of crime victims.
 - § 103. Subdivision 1 of section 640 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 414 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, in consultation with the [chairman of the crime victims board] <u>director</u> and other appropriate officials, shall promulgate standards for the treatment of the innocent victims of crime by the agencies which comprise the criminal justice system of the state.
 - § 104. The article heading of article 22 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 17 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:

[CRIME VICTIMS BOARD] OFFICE OF VICTIM SERVICES

- § 105. Section 644 of the executive law, as added by chapter 94 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:
- § 644. Implementation. The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services and the [chairman of the crime victims board] <u>director of the office of victim services</u> shall assist criminal justice agencies in implementing the guidelines promulgated by the commissioner.
- § 106. Section 645 of the executive law, as added by chapter 893 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:
- § 645. Fair treatment standards for crime victims in the courts. The chief administrator of the courts, in consultation with the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, the [chairman of the crime victims board] director of the office of victim services and other appropriate officials, shall promulgate standards for the treatment of the innocent victims of crime by the unified court system. These standards shall conform to and be consistent with the regulations promulgated pursuant to section six hundred forty of this article.
- § 107. Subdivisions 1, 3 and 4 of section 646-a of the executive law, subdivisions 1 as amended and 4 as added by chapter 173 of the laws of 2006 and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 67 of the laws of 1994, are amended to read as follows:
- 54 1. The district attorney shall provide the victim, at the earliest 55 time possible, with an informational pamphlet detailing the rights of 56 crime victims which shall be prepared by the division of criminal

justice services in [cooperation with the crime victims board,] <u>consultation</u> with the director of the office of victim services and distributed to each district attorney's office.

- 3. This pamphlet shall provide space for the insertion of the following information:
- (a) the address and phone number of the [nearest crime victims board] office of victim services;
- (b) the address and phone numbers of local victim service programs, where appropriate;
- (c) the name, phone number and office location of the person in the district attorney's office to whom inquiries concerning the victims case may be directed; and
 - (d) any other information the division deems appropriate.

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- 4. (a) The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services in [cooperation] consultation with the [crime victims board] director of the office of victim services shall develop and prepare a standardized form for the use of district attorney offices for the purpose of reporting compliance with this section. The form is to be distributed to each district attorney. Every district attorney's office in the state shall complete the reporting form annually and send it to the [chair of the crime victims board] director of the office of victim services by the first day of January each year subsequent to the effective date of this subdivision.
- (b) A copy of the report shall be retained by the district attorney and upon request, a victim of a crime or relative of a victim shall be entitled to receive from the district attorney a copy of their district attorney's annual report without charge. Any other person requesting a copy of the report shall pay a fee not to exceed the actual cost of reproduction.
- § 108. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 and subdivision 3-a of section 844-b of the executive law, paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 393 of the laws of 1995 and subdivision 3-a as added by chapter 626 of the laws of 1997, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) The committee shall consist of a representative of the commissionrepresentative of the superintendent of the New York state police, two representatives of the New York state sheriffs association, two representatives of the New York state association of chiefs of police, two representatives of the New York state district attorneys' association, a representative of the attorney general, a representative of the [chairperson of the crime victims board] director of the office of victim services, a representative of the director of the state office for the aging, a representative of the commissioner of social services, a representative of the commissioner of the New York city police department, a representative of the New York state crime prevention coalition and two elderly representatives one to be appointed by the temporary president of the senate and the other by the speaker of the assembly. The commissioner shall make appointments to the committee in accordance with nominations submitted by the relevant agencies or organizations. Each member of the committee shall be appointed by the commissioner to serve a two year term. Any member appointed by the commissioner may be reappointed for additional terms. Any vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and vacancies created otherwise than by expiration of term shall be filled for the remainder of that unexpired term.
- 3-a. Reports. On or before March first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight and annually thereafter the committee shall report to the temporary

1 president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the chair of the assembly committee on aging and the chair of the senate committee on aging, on the incidence of reports of abuse of elderly persons. Such report shall consist of information from reports forwarded to the committee by local law enforcement agencies pursuant to section 140.10 the criminal procedure law including number of reported incidents, 7 ages of victims and alleged offenders, circumstances of the incident whether arrests were made and the sentence, if any, of the offenders. Such report shall also recommend policies and programs to aid law enforcement agencies, the courts and the New York state [crime victims 10 board] office of victim services in efforts to assist elder victims of violence. The report shall also include recommendations 13 designed to assist law enforcement agencies in implementing "Triad 14 Programs".

§ 109. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 110. Subdivision 12-g of section 8 of the state finance law, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 12-g. Notwithstanding any other provision of the court of claims act or any other law to the contrary, thirty days before the comptroller issues a check for payment to an inmate serving a sentence of imprisonment with the state department of correctional services or to a prisoner confined at a local correctional facility for any reason, including a payment made in satisfaction of any damage award in connection with any lawsuit brought by or on behalf of such inmate or prisoner against the state or any of its employees in federal court or any other court, comptroller shall give written notice, if required pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred thirty-two-a of the executive law, to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services that such payment shall be made thirty days after the date of such notice.
- § 111. Subdivision 3 of section 97-bb of the state finance law, amended by section 1 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Monies of the criminal justice improvement account, following appropriation by the legislature and allocation by the director of the budget shall be made available for local assistance services and expenses of programs to provide services to crime victims and witnesses, including operations of the [crime victims board] office of victim services, and for payments to victims in accordance with the federal crime control act of 1984, as administered pursuant to article twentytwo of the executive law.
- § 112. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 2805-i of the public health law, as added by chapter 571 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) offering and making available appropriate HIV post-exposure treatment therapies in cases where it has been determined, in accordance with guidelines issued by the commissioner, that a significant exposure to HIV has occurred, and informing the victim that payment assistance for such therapies may be available from the [crime victims board] office of victim services pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-two of the executive law.
- 51 § 113. Section 70 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 53 § 70. Payment of judgments against municipal corporation. When a final judgment for a sum of money shall be recovered against a municipal 54 55 corporation, and the execution thereof shall not be stayed pursuant to law, or the time for such stay shall have expired, the treasurer or



other financial officer of such corporation having sufficient moneys in his hands belonging to the corporation not otherwise specifically appropriated, shall pay such judgment upon the production of a certified copy of the docket thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, in any case where payment for any reason is to be made to an inmate serving a sentence of imprisonment with the state department of correctional services or to a prisoner confined at a local correctional facility, the treasurer or other financial officer shall give written notice, if required pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred thirty-two-a of the executive law, to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services that such payment shall be made thirty days after the date of such notice.

§ 114. Intentionally omitted.

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§ 115. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 60.27 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 619 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

(b) the term "victim" shall include the victim of the offense, the representative of a crime victim as defined in subdivision six of section six hundred twenty-one of the executive law, an individual whose identity was assumed or whose personal identifying information was used in violation of section 190.78, 190.79 or 190.80 of this chapter, or any person who has suffered a financial loss as a direct result of the acts of a defendant in violation of section 190.78, 190.79, 190.80, 190.82 or 190.83 of this chapter, a good samaritan as defined in section six hundred twenty-one of the executive law and the [crime victims' board] office of victim services or other governmental agency that has received an application for or has provided financial assistance or compensation to the victim.

§ 116. Section 116 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:

§ 116. Inmates' funds. The warden or superintendent of each of the institutions within the jurisdiction of the department of correction shall deposit at least once in each week to his credit as such warden, superintendent, in such bank or banks as may be designated by the comptroller, all the moneys received by him as such warden, or superintendent, as inmates' funds, and send to the comptroller and also to the commissioner of correction monthly, a statement showing the amount so received and deposited. Such statement of deposits shall be certified by the proper officer of the bank receiving such deposit or deposits. The warden, or superintendent, shall also verify by his affidavit that the sum so deposited is all the money received by him as inmates' funds during the month. Any bank in which such deposits shall be made shall, before receiving any such deposits, file a bond with the comptroller of the state, subject to his approval, for such sum as he shall deem necessary. Upon a certificate of approval issued by the director of the budget, pursuant to the provisions of section fifty-three of the state finance law, the amount of interest, if any, heretofore accrued and hereafter to accrue on moneys so deposited, heretofore and hereafter credited to the warden, or superintendent, by the bank from time to time, shall be available for expenditure by the warden, or superintendent, subject to the direction of the commissioner, for welfare work among the inmates in his custody. The withdrawal of moneys so deposited by such warden, or superintendent, as inmates' funds, including any interest so credited, shall be subject to his check. Each warden, superintendent, shall each month provide the comptroller and also the commissioner with a record of all withdrawals from inmates' funds.

used in this section, the term "inmates' funds" means the funds in the possession of the inmate at the time of his admission into the institution, funds earned by him as provided in section one hundred eighty-seven of this chapter and any other funds received by him or on his behalf and deposited with such warden or superintendent in accordance with the rules and regulations of the commissioner. Whenever the total unencumbered value of funds in an inmate's account exceeds ten thousand dollars, the superintendent shall give written notice to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services.

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§ 117. Subdivisions 7 and 8 of section 500-c of the correction law, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, are amended to read as follows: 7. A sheriff, the New York city commissioner of correction, or the Westchester county commissioner of correction, as the case may be, shall maintain an institutional fund account on behalf of every lawfully sentenced inmate or prisoner in his custody and shall for the benefit of the person make deposits into said accounts of any prisoner funds. As used in this section, the term "prisoner funds" means (i) funds in the possession of the prisoner at the time of admission into the institution; (ii) funds earned by a prisoner as provided in section one hundred eighty-seven of this chapter; and (iii) any other funds received by or on behalf of the prisoner and deposited with such sheriff or municipal official in accordance with the written procedures established by the commission. Whenever the total value of unencumbered funds in a prisoner's account exceeds ten thousand dollars, such sheriff or official shall give written notice to the [state crime victims board] office of

8. A sheriff, the New York city commissioner of correction, or the Westchester county commissioner of correction, as the case may be, shall provide written notice to all inmates serving a definite sentence for a specified crime defined in paragraph (e) of subdivision one of section six hundred thirty-two-a of the executive law who may be subject to any requirement to report to the [crime victims board] office of victim services any funds of a convicted person as defined in section six hundred thirty-two-a of the executive law, the procedures for such reporting and any potential penalty for a failure to comply.

§ 118. Section 837-a of the executive law is amended by adding a new subdivision 10 to read as follows:

10. Present to the governor and to the legislature, on or before December thirty-first of each year, a report on the activities of the office of victim services, including, but not limited to, specific information on the matter in which the rights, needs and interests of crime victims are being addressed by the state's criminal justice system; information transmitted under subdivision five of section 390.30 of the criminal procedure law and subdivision seven of section 351.1 of the family court act which the office shall compile, review and make recommendations on how to promote the use of restitution and encourage its enforcement; and information relating to the implementation of and compliance with article twenty-three of this chapter by the criminal justice agencies and the "crime victim-related agencies" of the state.

§ 119. Subdivision 3 of section 410.10 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:

3. When the court pronounces a sentence of probation or conditional discharge for a specified crime defined in paragraph (e) of subdivision one of section six hundred thirty-two-a of the executive law, in addition to specifying the conditions of the sentence, the court shall

1 provide written notice to such defendant concerning any requirement to 2 report to the [crime victims board] office of victim services funds of a 3 convicted person as defined in section six hundred thirty-two-a of the 4 executive law, the procedures for such reporting and any potential 5 penalty for a failure to comply.

§ 120. Section 2222-a of the surrogate's court procedure act, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:

§ 2222-a. Notice of legacy or distributive share payable to inmate or prisoner

Where the legatee, distributee or beneficiary is an inmate serving a sentence of imprisonment with the state department of correctional services or a prisoner confined at a local correctional facility, the court shall give prompt written notice to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services, and at the same time direct that no payment be made to such inmate or prisoner for a period of thirty days following the date of entry of the order containing such direction.

- § 121. Subdivision 6-a of section 20 of the court of claims act, as added by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 6-a. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions five, five-a and six of this section, in any case where a judgment or any part thereof is to be paid to an inmate serving a sentence of imprisonment with the state department of correctional services or to a prisoner confined at a local correctional facility, the comptroller shall give written notice, if required pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred thirty-two-a of the executive law, to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services that such judgment shall be paid thirty days after the date of such notice.
- § 122. Subdivision 11 of section 1311 of the civil practice law and rules, as added by chapter 655 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:
- 11. (a) Any stipulation or settlement agreement between the parties to a forfeiture action shall be filed with the clerk of the court in which the forfeiture action is pending. No stipulation or settlement agreement shall be accepted for filing unless it is accompanied by an affidavit from the claiming authority that written notice of the stipulation or settlement agreement, including the terms of such, has been given to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services, the state division of criminal justice services, and in the case of a forfeiture based on a felony defined in article two hundred twenty or section 221.30 or 221.55 of the penal law, to the state division of substance abuse services.
- (b) No judgment or order of forfeiture shall be accepted for filing unless it is accompanied by an affidavit from the claiming authority that written notice of judgment or order, including the terms of such, has been given to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services, the state division of criminal justice services, and in the case of a forfeiture based on a felony defined in article two hundred twenty or section 221.30 or 221.55 of the penal law, to the state division of substance abuse services.
- (c) Any claiming authority or claiming agent which receives any property pursuant to chapter thirteen of the food and drug laws (21 U.S.C. §801 et seq.) of the United States and/or chapter four of the customs duties laws (19 U.S.C. §1301 et seq.) of the United States and/or chapter 96 of the crimes and criminal procedure laws (18 U.S.C. §1961 et seq.) of the United States shall provide an affidavit to the commission-

er of the division of criminal justice services stating the estimated present value of the property received.

- § 123. Subdivision 4 of section 1349 of the civil practice law and rules, as added by chapter 655 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. The claiming authority shall report the disposal of property and collection of assets pursuant to this section to the [state crime victims board] office of victim services, the state division of criminal justice services and the state division of substance abuse services.
- § 124. Subdivision (d) of section 4510 of the civil practice law and rules, as added by chapter 432 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:
- (d) Limitation on waiver. A client who, for the purposes of obtaining compensation under article twenty-two of the executive law or insurance benefits, authorizes the disclosure of any privileged communication to an employee of the [crime victims board] office of victim services or an insurance representative shall not be deemed to have waived the privilege created by this section.
- § 125. Section 5011 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 62 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- § 5011. Definition and content of judgment. A judgment is the determination of the rights of the parties in an action or special proceeding and may be either interlocutory or final. A judgment shall refer to, and state the result of, the verdict or decision, or recite the default upon which it is based. A judgment may direct that property be paid into court when the party would not have the benefit or use or control of such property or where special circumstances make it desirable that payment or delivery to the party entitled to it should be withheld. In any case where damages are awarded to an inmate serving a sentence of imprisonment with the state department of correctional services or to a prisoner confined at a local correctional facility, the court shall give prompt written notice to the [state crime victims board] <u>office of</u> victim services, and at the same time shall direct that no payment be made to such inmate or prisoner for a period of thirty days following the date of entry of the order containing such direction.
 - § 126. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 127. Subdivision 2 of section 459-b of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 269 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. To qualify as a physically disabled crime victim or good samaritan for the purposes of this section, an individual shall submit to the assessor a certified statement from a physician licensed to practice in the state of New York on a form prescribed and made available by the state board which states that the individual has a permanent physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such individual's major life activities, except that an individual who has obtained a certificate from the state commission for the blind and visually handicapped stating that such individual is legally blind may submit such certificate in lieu of a physician's certified statement. In addition, a copy of a police report pertaining to the crime from which the injury resulted, a report from the [crime victims board] office of victim services or other evidence or documentation which would tend to substantiate that a physical disability was inflicted upon an individual as the result of a crime shall also be submitted to the assessor.
- § 128. Paragraph 2 of subdivision c of section 17-193 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by local law number 62 of the city of New York for the year 2007, is amended to read as follows:



- 2. contact information for the New York state [crime victims board] office of victim services and information indicating how such owner, resident or occupant can apply to such [board] office for financial assistance to help cover the cost of professional clean up of a trauma scene, including how application forms can be obtained at the [board's] office's local office or website;
- § 129. This act shall take effect on April 1, 2010; provided, however, that:
- (a) the amendments to paragraphs a, b, e and i of subdivision 1 of section 261 of the executive law made by section twenty-five of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith;
- (b) the amendments to subdivisions 1 and 5 of section 410.92 of the criminal procedure law made by sections twenty-seven and twenty-eight of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith;
- (c) the amendments to the opening paragraph of paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 of section 1198 of the vehicle and traffic law made by section thirty-three of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith;
- (d) the amendments to section 252-a of the family court act made by section forty-five of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and shall be deemed to expire therewith;
- (e) the amendments to subdivisions 5 and 6 of section 257-c of the executive law made by section fifty-one-a of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and shall expire therewith;
- (f) the amendments to subdivision (a) of section 483-ee of the social services law made by section seventy-six of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith; and
- (g) the amendments to subdivisions 7 and 8 of section 500-c of the correction law made by section one hundred seventeen of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

34 PART B

- Section 1. Section 20 of the executive law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1978, paragraph a of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 781 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as follows:
- 38 § 20. Natural and man-made disasters; policy; definitions. 1. It shall 39 be the policy of the state that:
 - a. local government and emergency service organizations continue their essential role as the first line of defense in times of disaster, and that the state provide appropriate supportive services to the extent necessary;
 - b. local chief executives take an active and personal role in the development and implementation of disaster preparedness programs and be vested with authority and responsibility in order to insure the success of such programs;
 - c. state and local natural disaster and emergency response functions be coordinated <u>using recognized practices in incident management</u> in order to bring the fullest protection and benefit to the people;
- d. state resources be organized and prepared for immediate effective response to disasters which are beyond the capability of local governments and emergency service organizations; and

- e. state and local plans, organizational arrangements, and response capability required to execute the provisions of this article shall at all times be the most effective that current circumstances and existing resources allow.
- 5 2. As used in this article the following terms shall have the follow-6 ing meanings:
 - a. "disaster" means occurrence or imminent threat of wide spread or severe damage, injury, or loss of life or property resulting from any natural or man-made causes, including, but not limited to, fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, high water, landslide, mudslide, wind, storm, wave action, volcanic activity, epidemic, air contamination, terrorism, cyber event, blight, drought, infestation, explosion, radiological accident, nuclear, chemical, biological, or bacteriological release, water contamination, bridge failure or bridge collapse.
 - b. "state disaster emergency" means a period beginning with a declaration by the governor that a disaster exists and ending upon the termination thereof.
 - c. "municipality" means a public corporation as defined in subdivision one of section sixty-six of the general construction law and a special district as defined in subdivision sixteen of section one hundred two of the real property tax law.
 - d. "commission" means the disaster preparedness commission created pursuant to section twenty-one of this article.
 - e. "emergency services organization" means a public or private agency, voluntary organization or group organized and functioning for the purpose of providing fire, medical, ambulance, rescue, housing, food or other services directed toward relieving human suffering, injury or loss of life or damage to property as a result of an emergency, including non-profit and governmentally-supported organizations, but excluding governmental agencies.
 - f. "chief executive" means:

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- (1) a county executive or manager of a county;
- (2) in a county not having a county executive or manager, the chairman or other presiding officer of the county legislative body;
- or other presiding officer of the county legislative body;
 (3) a mayor of a city or village, except where a city or village has a
 manager, it shall mean such manager; and
- 37 (4) a supervisor of a town, except where a town has a manager, it 38 shall mean such manager.
 - g. "Disaster emergency response personnel" means agencies, public officers, employees, or affiliated volunteers having duties and responsibilities under or pursuant to a comprehensive emergency management plan.
 - h. "Emergency management director" means the government official responsible for emergency preparedness, response and recovery for a county, city, town, or village.
- § 2. Section 21 of the executive law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1978, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 346 of the laws of 2002, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 158 of the laws of 1994, paragraph c of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 42 of the laws of 2004, and paragraphs f, g, h, i, and j of subdivision 3 as amended and paragraph k of subdivision 3 as added by chapter 171 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- § 21. Disaster preparedness commission established; meetings; powers and duties. 1. There is hereby created in the executive department a disaster preparedness commission consisting of the commissioners of transportation, health, division of criminal justice services, educa-

1 tion, social services, economic development, agriculture and markets, housing and community renewal, general services, labor, environmental conservation, mental health, parks, recreation and historic preservation, correctional services and children and family services, the president of the New York state energy research and development authority, the superintendents of state police, insurance, banking, the secretary 7 of state, the state fire administrator, the [chair] chairs of the public service commission and the crime victims board, the adjutant general, the [director] directors of the [state] offices within the division of 10 homeland security and emergency services, the office for technology, the 11 [chairman] chairs of the thruway authority, the metropolitan transporta-12 tion authority, the port authority of New York and New Jersey, the chief 13 professional officer of the state coordinating chapter of the American 14 Red Cross and three additional members, to be appointed by the governor, 15 two of whom shall be chief executives. Each member agency may designate 16 an officer of that agency, with responsibility for disaster preparedness 17 matters, who may represent that agency on the commission. The commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall 18 19 serve as chair of the commission, and the governor shall designate the 20 <u>vice</u> chair of the commission. The members of the commission, except 21 those who serve ex officio, shall be allowed their actual and necessary 22 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this article 23 but shall receive no additional compensation for services rendered 24 pursuant to this article.

2. The commission, on call of the chairperson, shall meet at least twice each year and at such other times as may be necessary. The agenda and meeting place of all regular meetings shall be made available to the public in advance of such meetings and all such meetings shall be open to the public. The commission shall establish quorum requirements and other rules and procedures regarding conduct of its meetings and other affairs. [The adjutant general shall serve as secretary to the commission and provide staff services as may be necessary through the state emergency management office.]

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- 34 3. The commission shall have the following powers and responsibil-35 ities:
- 36 a. study all aspects of man-made or natural disaster prevention, 37 response and recovery;
 - b. request and obtain from any state or local officer or agency any information necessary to the commission for the exercise of its responsibilities;
 - c. prepare [state disaster preparedness plans, to be approved by the governor, and review such plans and report thereon] and, as appropriate, revise a state comprehensive emergency management plan. The commission shall report all revisions to such plan by March thirty-first of each year to the governor, the legislature and the chief judge of the state, unless a current version of the plan is available to the public on the website of the division of homeland security and emergency services. In preparing such plans, the commission shall consult with federal and local officials, emergency service organizations, and the public as it deems appropriate. To the extent such plans impact upon administration of the civil and criminal justice systems of the state, including their operational and fiscal needs in times of disaster emergency, the commission, its staff and any working group, task force, agency or other instrumentality to which it may delegate responsibility to assist it in its duties shall consult with the chief administrator of the courts and

coordinate their preparation with him or her or with his or her representatives;

- d. prepare, keep current and distribute to chief executives and others an inventory of programs directly relevant to prevention, minimization of damage, readiness, operations during disasters, and recovery following disasters;
- e. direct state disaster operations and coordinate state disaster operations with local disaster operations following the declaration of a state disaster emergency;
- f. unless it deems it unnecessary, create, following the declaration of a state disaster emergency, a temporary organization in the disaster area to provide for integration and coordination of efforts among the various federal, state, municipal and private agencies involved. The commission, upon a finding that a municipality is unable to manage local disaster operations, may, with the approval of the governor, direct the temporary organization to assume direction of the local disaster operations of such municipality, for a specified period of time, and in such cases such temporary organization shall assume direction of such local disaster operations, subject to the supervision of the commission. In such event, such temporary organization may utilize such municipality's local resources, provided, however, that the state shall not be liable for any expenses incurred in using such municipality's resources;
- g. assist in the coordination of federal recovery efforts and coordinate recovery assistance by state and private agencies;
- h. provide for periodic briefings, drills, exercises or other means to assure that all state personnel with direct responsibilities in the event of a disaster are fully familiar with response and recovery plans and the manner in which they shall carry out their responsibilities, and coordinate with federal, local or other state personnel. Such activities may take place on a regional or county basis, and local and federal participation shall be invited and encouraged;
- i. submit to the governor, the legislature and the chief judge of the state by March thirty-first of each year an annual report which shall include but need not be limited to:
- (1) a summary of commission and state agency activities for the year and plans for the ensuing year with respect to the duties and responsibilities of the commission;
- (2) recommendations on ways to improve state and local capability to prevent, prepare for, respond to and recover from disasters;
- (3) the status of the state and local plans for disaster preparedness and response, including the name of any locality which has failed or refused to develop and implement its own disaster preparedness plan and program; and
- j. [coordinate and, to the extent possible and feasible, integrate commission activities, responsibilities and duties with those of the civil defense commission; and
- k.] develop public service announcements to be distributed to television and radio stations and other media throughout the state informing the public how to prepare and respond to disasters. Such public service announcements shall be distributed in English and such other languages as such commission deems appropriate.
- 4. All powers of the state civil defense commission are assigned to the commission.
- 54 <u>5. The office of emergency management within the division of homeland</u> 55 <u>security and emergency services shall serve as the staff arm of the</u>

commission and shall be responsible for implementing provisions of this article and the rules and policies adopted by the commission.

- § 3. Subdivision 3 of section 22 of the executive law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1978, subparagraph 8 of paragraph b as amended by chapter 42 of the laws of 2004 and subparagraphs 14 and 15 of paragraph b as amended and subparagraph 16 of paragraph b as added by chapter 677 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Such plans shall be prepared with such assistance from other agencies as the commission deems necessary, and shall include, but not be limited to:
- a. Disaster prevention <u>and mitigation</u>. Plans to prevent and minimize the effects of disasters shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) identification of [potential disasters and disaster sites] hazards
 and assessment of risk;
- (2) recommended disaster prevention <u>and mitigation</u> projects, policies, priorities and programs, with suggested implementation schedules, which outline federal, state and local roles;
- (3) suggested revisions and additions to building and safety codes, and zoning and other land use programs;
- (4) suggested ways in which state agencies can provide technical assistance to municipalities in the development of local disaster prevention and mitigation plans and programs;
- (5) such other measures as reasonably can be taken to [prevent disasters or mitigate their impact] protect lives, prevent disasters, and reduce the impact of disasters.
- b. Disaster response. Plans to coordinate the use of resources and manpower for service during and after disaster emergencies and to deliver services to aid citizens and reduce human suffering resulting from a disaster emergency shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) [centralized] coordination of resources, manpower and services, using recognized practices in incident management and utilizing existing organizations and lines of authority and centralized direction of requests for assistance;
- (2) the location, procurement, construction, processing, transportation, storing, maintenance, renovation, distribution, disposal or use of materials, including those donated, and facilities and services;
 - (3) a system for warning populations who are or may be endangered;
- (4) arrangements for activating state, municipal and volunteer forces, through normal chains of command so far as possible and for continued communication and reporting;
- (5) a specific plan for rapid and efficient communication, and for the integration of state communication facilities during a state disaster emergency, including the assignment of responsibilities and the establishment of communication priorities, and liaison with municipal, private and federal communication facilities;
- (6) a plan for coordinated evacuation procedures, including the establishment of temporary housing and other necessary facilities;
- 48 (7) criteria for establishing priorities with respect to the restora-49 tion of vital services and debris removal;
- 50 (8) plans for the continued effective operation of the civil and crim-51 inal justice systems;
- 52 (9) provisions for training state and local government personnel and 53 volunteers in disaster response operations;
 - (10) providing information to the public;
- 55 (11) care for the injured and needy and identification and disposition 56 of the dead;



- (12) utilization and coordination of programs to assist victims of disasters, with particular attention to the needs of the poor, the elderly, the [handicapped] <u>disabled</u>, and other groups which may be especially affected;
 - (13) control of ingress and egress to and from a disaster area;
 - (14) arrangements to administer federal disaster assistance;

- (15) a system for obtaining and coordinating [disaster information] situational awareness including the centralized assessment of disaster effects and resultant needs; and
- (16) utilization and coordination of programs to assist individuals with household pets and service animals following a disaster, with particular attention to means of evacuation, shelter and transportation options.
- c. Recovery. Plans to provide for recovery and redevelopment after disaster emergencies shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) measures to coordinate state agency assistance in recovery efforts;
 - (2) arrangements to administer federal recovery assistance; and
- (3) such other measures as reasonably can be taken to assist in the development and implementation of local disaster recovery plans.
- § 4. Section 23 of the executive law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1978, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 603 of the laws of 1993, subdivision 5 and subparagraph 8 of paragraph b of subdivision 7 as amended by chapter 42 of the laws of 2004, and subparagraphs 16 and 17 of paragraph b of subdivision 7 as amended and subparagraph 18 of paragraph b of subdivision 7 as added by chapter 677 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- § 23. Local disaster preparedness plans. 1. Each county, except those contained within the city of New York, and each city, town and village is authorized to prepare [disaster preparedness] comprehensive emergency management plans. The disaster preparedness commission shall provide assistance and advice for the development of such plans. City, town and village plans shall be coordinated with the county plan.
- 2. The purpose of such plans shall be to minimize the effect of disasters by (i) identifying appropriate local measures to prevent disasters, (ii) developing mechanisms to coordinate the use of local resources and manpower for service during and after disasters and the delivery of services to aid citizens and reduce human suffering resulting from a disaster, and (iii) providing for recovery and redevelopment after disasters.
- 3. Plans for coordination of resources, manpower and services shall provide for a centralized coordination and direction of requests for a ssistance.
 - 4. Plans for coordination of assistance shall provide for utilization of existing organizations and lines of authority.
 - 5. In preparing such plans, cooperation, advice and assistance shall be sought from local government officials, regional and local planning agencies, police agencies, fire departments and fire companies, local [civil defense] emergency management agencies, commercial and volunteer ambulance services, health and social services officials, community action agencies, the chief administrator of the courts, organizations for the elderly and the handicapped, other interested groups and the general public. Such advice and assistance may be obtained through public hearings held on public notice, or through other appropriate methods.

- 6. All plans for [disaster preparedness] comprehensive emergency management developed by local governments or any revisions thereto shall be submitted to the commission by December thirty-first of each year to facilitate state coordination of disaster operations.
 - 7. Such plans shall include, but not be limited to:

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- a. Disaster prevention <u>and mitigation</u>. Plans to prevent and minimize the effects of disasters shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) [identification of potential disasters and disaster sites] <u>identification</u> of hazards and assessment of risk;
- (2) recommended disaster prevention <u>and mitigation</u> projects, policies, priorities and programs, with suggested implementation schedules, which outline federal, state and local roles;
- (3) suggested revisions and additions to building and safety codes and zoning and other land use programs;
- (4) such other measures as reasonably can be taken to [prevent disasters or mitigate their impact] protect lives, prevent disasters, and reduce their impact.
- b. Disaster response. Plans to coordinate the use of resources and manpower for service during and after disasters and to deliver services to aid citizens and reduce human suffering resulting from a disaster shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) centralized coordination of resources, manpower and services, utilizing existing organizations and lines of authority and centralized direction of requests for assistance;
- (2) the location, procurement, construction, processing, transportation, storing, maintenance, renovation, distribution or use of materials, facilities and services which may be required in time of disaster;
 - (3) a system for warning populations who are or may be endangered;
- (4) arrangements for activating municipal and volunteer forces, through normal chains of command so far as possible, and for continued communication and reporting;
- (5) a specific plan for rapid and efficient communication and for the integration of local communication facilities during a disaster including the assignment of responsibilities and the establishment of communication priorities and liaison with municipal, private, state and federal communication facilities;
- (6) a plan for coordination evacuation procedures including the establishment of temporary housing and other necessary facilities;
- (7) criteria for establishing priorities with respect to the restoration of vital services and debris removal;
- (8) plans for the continued effective operation of the civil and criminal justice systems;
- (9) provisions for training local government personnel and volunteers in disaster response operations;
 - (10) providing information to the public;
- (11) care for the injured and needy and identification and disposition of the dead;
- 48 (12) utilization and coordination of programs to assist victims of 49 disasters, with particular attention to the needs of the poor, the 50 elderly, the handicapped, and other groups which may be especially 51 affected;
 - (13) control of ingress and egress to and from a disaster area;
 - (14) arrangements to administer state and federal disaster assistance;
- 54 (15) procedures under which the county, city, town, village or other 55 political subdivision and emergency organization personnel and resources 56 will be used in the event of a disaster;



- 1 (16) a system for obtaining and coordinating disaster information 2 including the centralized assessment of local disaster effects and 3 resultant needs;
 - (17) continued operation of governments of political subdivisions; and
 - (18) utilization and coordination of programs to assist individuals with household pets and service animals following a disaster, with particular attention to means of evacuation, shelter and transportation options.

- 9 c. Recovery. Local plans to provide for recovery and redevelopment 10 after disasters shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (1) recommendations for replacement, reconstruction, removal or relocation of damaged or destroyed public or private facilities, proposed new or amendments to zoning, subdivision, building, sanitary or fire prevention regulations and recommendations for economic development and community development in order to minimize the impact of any potential future disasters on the community.
 - (2) provision for cooperation with state and federal agencies in recovery efforts.
 - (3) provisions for training and educating local disaster officials or organizations in the preparation of applications for federal and state disaster recovery assistance.
 - § 5. Paragraph f of subdivision 1 of section 24 of the executive law, as added by chapter 158 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:
 - f. the establishment or designation of emergency shelters [and/or], emergency medical shelters, and in consultation with the state commissioner of health and alternate medical care sites;
 - § 6. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 26 of the executive law, subdivision 2 as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1978 and subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 158 of the laws of 1994, are amended to read as follows:
 - 2. Coordination of assistance shall utilize existing organizations and lines of authority and shall utilize any [disaster preparedness or civil defense plans] comprehensive emergency management plans prepared by the affected municipality.
 - 3. A chief executive or any elected or appointed county, city, town or village official shall not be held responsible for acts or omissions of municipal employees, disaster preparedness forces or civil defense forces when performing disaster assistance pursuant to a declared disaster emergency or when exercising [disaster preparedness] comprehensive emergency management plans.
 - § 7. Section 29-b of the executive law, as added by chapter 640 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 29-b. Use of [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> in disasters. 1. The governor may, in his <u>or her</u> discretion, direct the state [civil defense commission] <u>disaster preparedness commission</u> to conduct [a civil defense drill] <u>an emergency exercise or drill</u>, under its direction, in which all or any of the [civil defense forces] <u>personnel and resources of the agencies of the commission</u> of the state may be utilized to perform the duties assigned to them in a [civil defense emergency] <u>disaster</u>, for the purpose of protecting and preserving human life or property in a disaster. [In such event, civil defense forces] <u>During a disaster or such drill or exercise</u>, <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> in the state shall operate under the direction and command of the [state director of civil defense] <u>chair of such commission</u>, and shall possess the same powers, duties, rights, privileges and

immunities as are applicable in a civil defense drill held at the direction of the state civil defense commission under the provisions of the New York state defense emergency act.

- 2. Local use of [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel. a. Upon the threat or occurrence of a disaster, and during and immediately following the same, and except as otherwise provided in paragraph d of this subdivision, the county chief executive may direct the [civil defense director] emergency management director of a county to assist in the protection and preservation of human life or property by [holding a civil defense drill and training exercise at the scene of the disaster and at any other appropriate places within the county, in which all or any civil defense forces may be called upon] calling upon disaster emergency response personnel employed by or supporting that county, as specified in the county comprehensive emergency management plan, to perform the [civil defense] emergency response duties assigned to them.
- b. The [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel of the county shall be regarded as a reserve disaster force to be activated, in whole [in] or in part, by the county [civil defense director] emergency management director upon the direction of the county chief executive when the county chief executive, in his discretion, is convinced that the personnel and resources of local municipal and private agencies normally available for disaster assistance are insufficient adequately to cope with the disaster.
- c. Except as provided in paragraph d of this subdivision, the county chief executive may exercise the power conferred upon him in paragraph a of this subdivision, or may deactivate the [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel of the county in whole or in part, on his own motion or upon the request of the chief executive officer of a village, town or city located within the county of which he is an officer.
- d. Where the local office of [civil defense] <u>public safety or emergency management</u> in a city is independent of the county office of [civil defense] <u>public safety or emergency management</u> and is not consolidated therewith, the county chief executive may direct the [civil defense director] <u>emergency management director</u> of the county to render assistance within such city only when the chief executive officer of such city has certified to him that the [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> of the city have been activated pursuant to the provisions of subdivision three of this section and that all resources available locally are insufficient adequately to cope with the disaster.
- e. When performing disaster assistance pursuant to this section, county [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel shall operate under the direction and command of the county [civil defense] emergency management director and his duly authorized deputies, and shall possess the same powers, duties, rights, privileges and immunities they would possess when performing their duties in a locally sponsored civil defense drill or training exercise in the civil or political subdivision in which they are enrolled, employed or assigned [civil defense] emergency response responsibilities.
- f. The chief executive officer of a city shall be responsible for the conduct of disaster operations within the city, including the operations directed by the county [civil defense] emergency management director when rendering disaster assistance within a city pursuant to this section.



g. Outside of a city, the sheriff of the county, and in Nassau county the commissioner of police of the county of Nassau, shall supervise the operations of the [civil defense director] emergency management director when rendering peace officer duties incident to disaster assistance. The sheriff and such commissioner may delegate such supervisory power to an elected or appointed town or village official in the area affected.

- h. Neither the chief executive officer of a city, nor the county chief executive, nor any elected or appointed town or village official to whom the county chief executive has delegated supervisory power as aforesaid shall be held responsible for acts or omissions of [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel when performing disaster assistance.
- 3. City use of [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u>. a. Upon the threat or occurrence of a disaster, and during and immediately following the same, and except as otherwise provided in paragraph d of this subdivision, the chief executive of a city may direct the [civil defense] <u>emergency management</u> director of the city to assist in the protection and preservation of human life or property by [holding a civil defense drill and training exercise at the scene of the disaster and at any other appropriate places within the city, in which all or any civil defense forces may be called upon] <u>calling upon city disaster emergency response personnel</u> to perform the [civil defense] <u>emergency response</u> duties assigned to them.
- b. The [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> of the city shall be regarded as a reserve disaster force to be activated, in whole or in part, by the city [civil defense] <u>emergency management</u> director upon the direction of the chief executive officer of the city when the latter, in his discretion, is convinced that the personnel and resources of local municipal and private agencies normally available for disaster assistance are insufficient adequately to cope with the disaster.
- c. Except as provided in paragraph d of this subdivision, the chief executive officer of a city may exercise the power conferred upon him in paragraph a of this subdivision, or may deactivate the [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel of the city in whole or in part, on his own motion or upon the request of the head of the city police force.
- d. Where the local office of [civil defense] emergency management in a city is under the jurisdiction of a consolidated county office of civil defense as provided in the New York state defense emergency act, the chief executive officer of such city seeking the assistance of [civil defense forces] disaster emergency response personnel in the protection and preservation of human life or property within such city because of such disaster, must request the same from the county chief executive in which such city is located, in the same manner as provided for assistance to towns and villages in subdivision two of this section.
- e. When performing disaster assistance pursuant to this subdivision, [city civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> shall operate under the direction and command of the city [civil defense director] <u>emergency management director</u> and his duly authorized deputies, and shall possess the same powers, duties, rights, privileges, and immunities they would possess when performing their duties in a locally sponsored civil defense drill or training exercise in the city in which they are enrolled, employed or assigned [civil defense] <u>emergency response</u> responsibilities.

- f. Where the city [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> have been directed to assist in local disaster operations pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision, and the chief executive officer of the city is convinced that the personnel and resources of local municipal and private agencies normally available for disaster assistance, including local [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u>, are insufficient adequately to cope with the disaster, he may certify the fact to the county chief executive and request the county chief executive to direct the county [civil defense] <u>emergency management</u> director to render assistance in the city, as provided in subdivision two of this section.
- g. The chief executive officer of a city shall be responsible for the conduct of disaster operations within the city, including the operations directed by the county [civil defense] emergency management director, when rendering disaster assistance within a city pursuant to this subdivision.
- h. Neither the chief executive officer of a city, nor the county chief executive, shall be held responsible for acts or omissions of [civil defense forces] <u>disaster emergency response personnel</u> when performing disaster assistance.
- § 8. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 29-e of the executive law, as added by chapter 603 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:
- (e) "The [state] office of emergency management [office]" shall mean the office within the [office of military and naval affairs that assists the disaster preparedness commission in implementing the powers and duties of the disaster preparedness commission] division of homeland security and emergency services.
- § 9. Paragraphs (a), (f) and (g) of subdivision 3 of section 29-e of the executive law, as added by chapter 603 of the laws of 1993, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) Upon the issuance of a declaration of significant economic distress due to unanticipated natural disaster by the governor, a municipality recognized by the governor as being affected by such disaster [which occurred on or after December first, nineteen hundred ninetytwo,] may apply to the [state emergency management office] division of homeland security and emergency services within ninety days of such declaration on a form prescribed by such office, for reimbursement from the state's contingency reserve fund for reimbursement of extraordinary and unanticipated costs associated with the reconstruction or repair of public buildings, facilities or infrastructure.
- (f) In providing assistance pursuant to this section, the [state emergency management office] <u>division of homeland security and emergency services</u> may give preference to applicants which demonstrate the greatest need or which document that such assistance will be utilized to bring the applicant into compliance with federal or state law.
- (g) In the event that amounts appropriated are insufficient to provide for full reimbursement of all extraordinary and unanticipated costs incurred by such municipality approved for reimbursement pursuant to this section, the [state emergency management office] <u>division of homeland security and emergency services</u> is authorized to provide a pro rata share of the appropriations, appropriated herein, to such municipality.
- § 10. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 4 of section 29-e of the executive law, as added by chapter 603 of the laws of 1993, are amended to read as follows:

(a) The [adjutant general] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services as defined in article [nine] twenty-six of this chapter with the [advise] advice and consent of the disaster preparedness commission created pursuant to this article, shall have the power to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of this section.

- (b) The [adjutant general] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall by March fifteenth of each year report to the governor and the legislature describing the activities and operation of the program authorized by this section. Such report shall set forth the number of reimbursement applications received and approved; the identities of the counties, cities, towns and villages receiving reimbursement together with the amount and purpose of the reimbursement.
- § 11. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 29-h to read as follows:
- § 29-h. Intrastate mutual aid program. 1. Creation. There is hereby created the intrastate mutual aid program to complement existing mutual aid agreements in the event of a disaster that results in a formal declaration of an emergency by a participating local government. All local governments within the state, excepting those which affirmatively choose not to participate in accordance with subdivision four of this section, are deemed to be participants in the program.
- 2. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- a. "Employee" means any person holding a position by election, appointment, or employment by a local government, or a volunteer expressly authorized to act by a local government;
- b. "Local government" means any county, city, town or village of the state;
- c. "Local emergency management officer" means the local government official responsible for emergency preparedness, response and recovery;
- d. "Requesting local government" means the local government that asks another local government for assistance during a declared emergency, or for the purposes of conducting training, or undertaking a drill or exercise;
- e. "Assisting local government" means one or more local governments that provide assistance pursuant to a request for assistance from a requesting local government during a declared emergency, or for the purposes of conducting training, or undertaking a drill or exercise; and
- f. "Volunteer" means an individual, or member of a volunteer organization, who is not a regular employee of the assisting local government and who provides emergency or disaster relief services at the request of an assisting local government, other than an enrolled member of a volunteer ambulance service as defined in section three thousand one of the public health law, or volunteer members of fire companies as defined in section sixteen-a of the general city law, section one hundred seventy-six-b of the town law, and section 10-1006 of the village law, regardless of whether or not the individual receives compensation from his or her regular employer; this includes but is not limited to medical reserve corps, community emergency response teams, and county animal response teams.
- 3. Intrastate mutual aid program committee established; meetings; powers and duties. a. There is hereby created within the disaster preparedness commission an intrastate mutual aid program committee, for purposes of this section to be referred to as the committee, which shall

- be chaired by the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services, and shall include the state fire administrator, the commissioner of health, and the commissioner of agriculture and markets, provided that each such official may appoint a designee to serve in his or her place on the committee. The committee shall also include five representatives from local public safety or emergency response agencies, who shall serve a maximum two-year term, to be appointed by the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services, with regard to a balance of geographic representation and discipline exper-<u>tise.</u>
 - b. The committee, on the call of the chairperson, shall meet at least twice each year and at such other times as may be necessary. The agenda and meeting place of all regular meetings shall be made available to the public in advance of such meetings and all such meetings shall be open to the public.

- c. The committee shall have the following powers and responsibilities:
 (1) to promulgate rules and regulations, acting through the division of homeland security and emergency services, to implement the intrastate mutual aid program as described in this section;
- (2) to develop policies, procedures and guidelines associated with the program, including a process for the reimbursement of assisting local governments by requesting local governments;
 - (3) to evaluate the use of the intrastate mutual aid program;
- (4) to examine issues facing participating local governments regarding the implementation of the intrastate mutual aid program; and
- (5) to prepare reports to the disaster preparedness commission discussing the effectiveness of mutual aid in the state and making recommendations for improving the efficacy of the system, if appropriate.
- 4. Local government participation in the intrastate mutual aid program. a. A local government may elect not to participate in the intrastate mutual aid program, or to withdraw from the program, by its governing body enacting a resolution declaring that it elects not to participate in the program and providing such resolution to the division of homeland security and emergency services. Participation in the program will continue until a copy of such resolution is received and confirmed by the division of homeland security and emergency services.
- b. A local government that has declined to participate in the program may, acting by resolution through its governing body and providing a copy of the resolution to the division of homeland security and emergency services, elect to participate in the program.
- c. Nothing in this section shall preclude a local government from entering into mutual aid agreements with other local governments or other entities with terms that supplement or differ from the provisions of this section.
- d. Nothing in this section shall affect any other agreement to which a local government may currently be a party, or later enter into, including, but not limited to, the state fire mobilization and mutual aid plan.
- 50 5. Fire related resources. Notwithstanding the authority vested 51 pursuant to this section, all fire related resources shall be adminis-52 tered pursuant to section two hundred nine-e of the general municipal 1aw.
- 6. Requesting assistance under the intrastate mutual aid program. a. A
 participating local government may request assistance of other participating local governments in preventing, mitigating, responding to and

- recovering from disasters that result in locally-declared emergencies, or for the purpose of conducting multi-jurisdictional or regional training, drills or exercises. Requests for assistance may be made verbally or in writing; verbal requests shall be memorialized in writing as soon thereafter as is practicable.
 - b. Once an emergency is declared at the county level, all requests and offers for assistance, to the extent practical, shall be made through the county emergency management office, or in the case of the city of New York, through the city emergency management office. All requests for assistance should include:
 - (1) a description of the disaster;

- (2) a description of the assistance needed;
- (3) a description of the mission for which assistance is requested;
- (4) an estimate of the length of time the assistance will be needed;
- 15 <u>(5) the specific place and time for staging of the assistance and a</u> 16 <u>point of contact at that location; and</u>
 - (6) any other information that will enable an assisting local government to respond appropriately to the request.
 - c. Assisting local governments shall submit to the requesting local government an inventory of the resources being deployed.
 - d. The written request for assistance and all inventories of resources being deployed shall be submitted to the division of homeland security and emergency services within three calendar days of the request for or deployment of such resources.
 - 7. Performance of services. a. (1) Emergency response personnel of an assisting local government shall continue under the administrative control of their jurisdiction. However, in all other cases where not prohibited by existing statute or other authority, emergency response personnel of an assisting local government shall be under the direction and control of the appropriate officials within the incident management system of the requesting local government;
 - (2) Performance by employees of an assisting local government or volunteers of services for a requesting local government, pursuant to this section, shall have no impact upon whether negotiating unit employees represented by an employee organization, recognized or certified pursuant to sections two hundred six or two hundred seven of the civil service law, exclusively perform such services, as that phrase is used by the New York state public employment relations board, on behalf of the requesting local government;
 - b. Assets and equipment of an assisting local government shall continue under the ownership of the assisting jurisdiction, but shall be under the direction and control of the appropriate officials within the incident management system of the requesting local government.
 - 8. Division of homeland security and emergency services responsibilities under the intrastate mutual aid program. The division of homeland security and emergency services shall:
 - a. maintain a current list of participating jurisdictions with their authorized representatives and contact information, and provide a copy of the list to each of the participating jurisdictions on an annual basis during the second quarter of each calendar year;
- 51 <u>b. monitor and report to the intrastate mutual aid program committee</u> 52 <u>on the use of the intrastate mutual aid program;</u>
- 53 <u>c. coordinate the provision of mutual aid resources in accordance with</u> 54 <u>the comprehensive emergency management plan and supporting protocols;</u>
- 55 <u>d. identify mutual aid best practices;</u>

- e. when practical, provide the committee with statistical information related to the use of mutual aid during recent regional disaster responses; and
- 4 <u>f. assist with the development, implementation and management of a state-wide resource typing system.</u>

- 9. License, certificate and permit portability. a. State certified emergency medical services providers who respond outside of their normal jurisdiction pursuant to a request for assistance under this program shall follow their normal operating protocols as if they were responding and rendering services in their home jurisdiction.
- b. Any other individual deployed through a participating local government who is certified or permitted either locally or regionally when responding pursuant to a request for assistance under this program shall have the same powers and duties as if they were responding in their home jurisdiction.
- c. The officers and members of any police department, including a sheriff and his or her deputies, while engaged in duty and rendering service in a requesting local government that is outside their geographical area of employment, shall have the same powers, duties, rights, benefits, privileges and immunities as if they were performing their duties in the civil or political subdivision in or by which they are normally employed.
- 10. Reimbursement of assisting jurisdiction by requesting jurisdiction; resolving disputes regarding reimbursement. a. Any assisting local government requesting aid under this program for loss, damage or expenses incurred in connection with the provision of aid that seeks reimbursement by the requesting local government shall make such request in accordance with procedures developed by the intrastate mutual aid committee.
- b. Where a dispute arises between an assisting local government and a requesting local government regarding reimbursement for loss, damages or expenses incurred in connection with the provision of aid, the parties will make every effort to resolve the dispute within thirty business days of written notice of the dispute by the party asserting noncompliance. In the event that the dispute is not resolved within ninety business days of the notice of the claim, at the request of either party, the dispute shall be resolved through arbitration conducted under the commercial arbitration rules of the American Arbitration Association.
- 11. Liability. a. Each local government is responsible for procuring and maintaining insurance or other coverage as it deems appropriate.
- b. All activities performed under the intrastate mutual aid program are deemed to be governmental functions, and employees of assisting local governments shall be provided the same protections from liability as if they were employees of the requesting jurisdiction.
- c. Employees of an assisting local government responding to or rendering assistance pursuant to a request who sustain injury or death in the course of, and arising out of, their response are entitled to all applicable benefits as if they were responding in their home jurisdiction.
- d. Nothing in this section shall be construed to provide any protection against liability, or to create any liability, for an individual who responds to a state of emergency where aid has not been requested, or where aid has not been authorized by the individual's local government.
- 54 12. Obligation of insurers. Nothing in this section shall impair, 55 alter, limit or modify the rights or obligations of any insurer under 56 any policy of insurance.

- 1 § 12. Section 31 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 37 of 2 the laws of 1962, subdivision 11 as amended by chapter 827 of the laws 3 of 1972 and subdivision 13 as added by chapter 430 of the laws of 1997, 4 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 § 31. Divisions. There shall be in the executive department the 6 following divisions:
 - 1. The division of the budget.
- 8 2. The division of military and naval affairs.
- 9 3. The office of general services.
- 10 4. The division of state police.
- 11 5. The division of parole.

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- 12 6. The division of housing.
- 7. The division of alcoholic beverage control.
- 14 8. [Commission against discrimination] The division of human rights.
- 15 9. [The division of safety.
- 16 10.] The division of veterans' affairs.
- 17 [11. The office of planning services.
- 18 12. State civil defense commission] 10. The division of homeland secu-19 rity and emergency services.
 - [13.] 11. Office for technology.
- 21 The governor may establish, consolidate, or abolish additional divi-22 sions and bureaus.
 - § 13. (a) Findings. The functions of the office for fire prevention and control and the state office of emergency management are critical to public health and safety, as is the function of the office of homeland security. The purpose of this section is to preserve and enhance these functions by consolidating these agencies. The goal of consolidation is not to reduce the performance of either function, but rather to integrate them so as to perform them in the most effective possible way.
 - (b) Consolidation. The powers, duties and unfinished business of the state emergency management office in the executive department and the office for fire prevention and control in the department of state are transferred to the division of homeland security and emergency services, created in article 26 of the executive law and formerly known as the office of homeland security. All assets, liabilities and records of the state emergency management office and the office for fire prevention and control are transferred to the division of emergency response and homeland security. For the purpose of succession to functions, powers, duties and obligations transferred and assigned to, devolved upon and assumed by it pursuant to this act, the division of homeland security and emergency services shall be deemed and held to constitute the continuation of the state emergency management office, and the office for fire prevention and control.
 - (c) Transfer of employees. Every officer and employee of the state emergency management office and the office of fire prevention and control is hereby transferred to the division of homeland security and emergency services. For those officers and employees of the state emergency management office and office for fire prevention and control in the unclassified service of the state, the provisions of section 45 of the civil service law shall apply.
- 51 (d) Pending actions and proceedings. No action pending as of the 52 effective date of this act brought by or against the state office of 53 emergency management or the office for fire prevention and control or 54 their directors shall be affected by any provision of this act, but the 55 same may be prosecuted or defended in the name of the commissioner of

the division of homeland security and emergency services who shall, upon application to the court, be substituted as a party.

- (e) Continuation of rules and regulations. All rules, regulations, acts, determinations and decisions of the state office of emergency management or office for fire prevention and control in force at the time of the effective date of this act shall continue in force and effect as rules, regulations, acts, determinations and decisions of the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services until duly modified or abrogated by the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services.
- (f) Transfer of appropriations. All appropriations and reappropriations heretofore made to the state office of emergency management, to the extent of remaining unexpended or unencumbered balances thereof, whether allocated or unallocated and whether obligated or unobligated, shall be transferred to and made available for use and expenditure by the division of homeland security and emergency services.
- § 14. The article heading of article 26 of the executive law, as added by section 1 of part B of chapter 1 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

[STATE OFFICE OF HOMELAND SECURITY]

DIVISION OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND EMERGENCY SERVICES

- § 15. Section 709 of the executive law, as added by section 2 of part B of chapter 1 of the laws of 2004, paragraph (p) of subdivision 2 as amended and paragraph (r) of subdivision 2 as added by chapter 620 of the laws of 2005, paragraph (q) of subdivision 2 as separately amended by chapters 537 and 620 of the laws of 2005, and paragraph (r) of subdivision 2 as added by chapter 537 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- § 709. [State office of homeland security] <u>Division of homeland security and emergency services</u>; creation; powers and duties. 1. There is hereby created within the executive department the [office of homeland security] <u>division of homeland security and emergency services</u>, which shall have and exercise the powers and duties set forth in this article. Any reference to the 'office of public security', the 'office of homeland security', the 'state emergency management office', the 'office of cyber security' or the 'office for fire prevention and control' in the laws of New York state, executive orders, or contracts entered into on behalf of the state shall be deemed to refer to the [state office of homeland security] <u>division of homeland security and emergency services</u>.
 - 2. The [office] division shall have the power and duty to:
- (a) oversee and coordinate the state's homeland security <u>and comprehensive emergency management</u> resources, subject to any laws, rules or regulations governing the budgeting and appropriation of funds;
- (b) review homeland security <u>and comprehensive emergency management</u> policies, protocols and strategies of state agencies. The agencies shall include, but not be limited to, [the division of state police, division of military and naval affairs, state emergency management office, department of health, department of environmental conservation, division of criminal justice services, department of state, office for technology, and the department of transportation] the state agencies included on the disaster preparedness commission as identified in section twenty-one of this chapter;
- (c) develop policies, protocols and strategies, which may be used to prevent, detect, respond to and recover from terrorist acts or threats and other natural and man-made disasters, which for purposes of this

section shall have the same meaning as defined in article two-B of this chapter:

- (d) identify potential inadequacies in the state's policies, protocols and strategies to detect, respond to and recover from terrorist acts or threats and other natural and man-made disasters;
- (e) undertake periodic drills and simulations designed to assess and prepare responses to terrorist acts or threats and other natural and man-made disasters;
- (f) coordinate state resources for the collection and analysis of information relating to terrorist threats and terrorist activities <u>and other natural and man-made disasters</u> throughout the state subject to any applicable laws, rules, or regulations;
- (g) coordinate and facilitate information sharing among local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies to ensure appropriate intelligence to assist in the early identification of and response to potential terrorist activities and other natural and man-made disasters, subject to any applicable laws, rules, or regulations governing the release, disclosure or sharing of any such information;
- (h) assess the preparedness of state and local public health systems to respond to terrorist acts and other natural and man-made disasters, including ensuring the availability of early warning systems designed to detect potential threats and determining adequacy and availability of necessary vaccines and pharmaceuticals and hospital capacity;
- (i) coordinate strategies, protocols and first-responder equipment needs that may be used to monitor, detect, respond to and mitigate the consequences of a potential biological, chemical or radiological terrorist act or threat;
- (j) work with local, state and federal agencies and private entities to conduct assessments of the vulnerability of critical infrastructure to terrorist attack and other natural and man-made disasters, including, but not limited to, nuclear facilities, power plants, telecommunications systems, mass transportation systems, public roadways, railways, bridges and tunnels, and develop strategies that may be used to protect such infrastructure from terrorist attack and other natural and man-made disasters;
- (k) develop plans that may be used to promote rapid recovery from terrorist attacks and other natural and man-made disasters, to ensure prompt restoration of transportation, utilities, critical communications and information systems and to protect such infrastructure;
- (1) develop plans that may be used to contain and remove hazardous materials used in a terrorist attack or released as a result of natural or man-made disaster;
- (m) act as primary contact with the federal department of homeland security;
- (n) adopt, promulgate, amend and rescind rules and regulations to effectuate the provisions and purposes of this article and the powers and duties of the [office] <u>division</u> in connection therewith;
- (o) consult with appropriate state and local governments, institutions of higher learning, first responders, health care providers and private entities as necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article, and work with those entities to establish, facilitate and foster cooperation to better prepare the state to prevent and respond to threats and acts of terrorism and other natural and man-made disasters;
- (p) to serve as a clearinghouse for the benefit of municipalities regarding information relating to available federal, state and regional grant programs in connection with homeland security, disaster prepared-

ness, communication infrastructure and emergency first responder services, and to promulgate rules and regulations necessary to ensure that grant information is timely posted on the [office's] division's website;

- (q) request from any department, division, office, commission or other agency of the state or any political subdivision thereof, and the same are authorized to provide, such assistance, services and data as may be required by the [office of homeland security] division of homeland security and emergency services in carrying out the purposes of this article, subject to applicable laws, rules, and regulations; [and]
- (r) develop standards and a certification process for training programs for training of private security officers in commercial buildings which shall:
 - (i) improve observation, detection and reporting skills;

- (ii) improve coordination with local police, fire and emergency services;
- (iii) provide and improve skills in working with advanced security technology including surveillance and access control procedures;
- (iv) require at least forty hours of training including three hours of training devoted to terrorism awareness; and
- (v) have been certified as a qualified program by the [state office of homeland security.] division of homeland security and emergency services;
- [(r)] <u>(s)</u> work in consultation with or make recommendations to the commissioner of agriculture and markets in developing rules and regulations relating to ammonium nitrate security[.]; and
- (t) develop, maintain, and deploy state, regional and local all-hazard incident management teams.
- 3. The division of homeland security and emergency services shall consist of several offices including, but not limited to, the office of homeland security, which shall have the powers, and be responsible for carrying out the duties, including but not limited to those set forth in this article; the office of emergency management, which shall have the powers, and be responsible for carrying out the duties, including but not limited to those set forth in article two-B of this chapter; the office of fire prevention and control, which shall have the powers, and be responsible for carrying out the duties, including but not limited to those set forth in section one hundred fifty-six of this chapter; the office of cyber security, which shall have the powers, and be responsible for carrying out the duties, including but not limited to those set forth in section seven hundred fifteen of this article; and the office of interoperable and emergency communications, which shall have the powers, and be responsible for carrying out the duties, including but not limited to those set forth in section seven hundred seventeen of this article.
- 4. As set forth in section seven hundred ten of this article, the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, and hold office at the pleasure of the governor. The directors of the offices of homeland security, emergency management, fire prevention and control, cyber security, and interoperable and emergency communications, and such other offices as may be established, shall be appointed by, and hold office at the pleasure of, the governor and they shall report to the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services except, in case of emergency, shall report to the commissioner and to the deputy secretary for public safety.

5. The directors of the offices of homeland security, emergency management, fire prevention and control, cyber security, interoperable and emergency communications, and such other offices as may be established, shall, in consultation with the commissioner, have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the duties of their office, including the establishment of fees necessary to compensate for costs associated with the delivery of training and services.

- 6. The directors of the offices of homeland security, emergency management, fire prevention and control, cyber security, interoperable and emergency communications, and such other offices as may be established, shall have the authority to enter into contracts with any person, firm, corporation, municipality, or government entity.
- § 16. Section 710 of the executive law, as added by section 2 of part B of chapter 1 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- § 710. [Director of the office of homeland security] <u>Commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u>; appointment of the [director] <u>commissioner</u>; powers and duties. 1. The [director of the office of homeland security (director)] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services (commissioner)</u> shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, and hold office at the pleasure of the governor. [The salary of the director shall be fixed at a level commensurate with that of the state officers identified in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section one hundred sixty-nine of this chapter.]
- 2. The [director] <u>commissioner</u>, acting by and through the [office] <u>division</u>, shall have the power and duty to:
- (a) administer the duties of the [office] <u>division</u> pursuant to this section;
- (b) administer such other duties as may be devolved upon the [office] division from time to time pursuant to law;
- (c) cooperate with and assist other state and federal departments, boards, commissions, agencies and public authorities in the development and administration of policies and protocols which will enhance the <u>safety and</u> security of the citizens of the state;
- (d) enter into contracts with any person, firm, corporation or governmental agency, and do all things necessary to carry out the functions, powers and duties expressly set forth in this article, subject to any applicable laws, rules or regulations;
- (e) establish offices, departments and bureaus and make changes therein as he or she may deem necessary to carry out the functions of the [office] division. One of the [divisions] units within the [office] division shall be the office of cyber security [and critical infrastructure coordination] which shall be dedicated to the identification and mitigation of the state's cyber security infrastructure vulnerabilities; [and]
- (f) subject to the provisions of this article and the civil service law, and the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the [director] <u>commissioner</u> may appoint other officers, employees, agents and consultants as may be necessary, prescribe their duties, fix their compensation, and provide for payment of their reasonable expenses, all within amounts available therefor by appropriation. The [director] <u>commissioner</u> may transfer officers or employees from their positions to other positions in the [office] <u>commissioner</u>, or abolish or consolidate such positions[.];
- 55 (g) notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, accept 56 and contract as agent of the state for any gift to support the develop-

ment and training missions of the division of homeland security and emergency services.

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- § 17. Section 713 of the executive law, as added by chapter 403 of the laws of 2003, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 426 of the laws of 2004, and such section as renumbered by section 2 of part B of chapter 1 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- § 713. Protection of critical infrastructure including energy generating and transmission facilities. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the [director of public security] commissioner of the division homeland security and emergency services shall conduct a review and analysis of measures being taken by the public service commission and any other agency or authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof and, to the extent practicable, of any federal entity, protect the security of critical infrastructure related to energy generation and transmission located within the state. The [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall have the authority to review any audits or reports related to the security of such critical infrastructure, including audits or reports conducted at the request of the public service commission or any other agency or authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof or, to the extent practicable, of any federal enti-The owners and operators of such energy generating or transmission facilities shall, in compliance with any federal and state requirements regarding the dissemination of such information, provide access to the [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services to such audits or reports regarding such critical infrastructure provided, however, that exclusive custody and control of such audits and reports shall remain solely with the owners and operators of such energy generating or transmission facilities. For the purposes of this article, the term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning ascribed to that term in subdivision five of section eighty-six of the public officers law.
- (a) On or before December thirty-first, two thousand four, and not later than three years after such date, and every five years thereafter, the [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the chairperson of the public service commission and the chief executive of any such affected generating or transmission company or his or her designee. Such report shall review the security measures being taken regarding critical infrastructure related to energy generating and transmission facilities, assess the effectiveness thereof, and include recommendations to the legislature or the public service commission if the [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services determines that additional measures are required to be implemented, considering, among other factors, the unique characteristics of each energy generating or transmission facility. [On or before April thirtieth, two thousand four, the director of public security shall make a preliminary report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the chairman of the public service commission, and the chief executive of any such affected generating or transmission company or his or her designee.]
- (b) Before the receipt of such report identified in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, each recipient of such report shall develop confiden-



1 tiality protocols, which shall be binding upon the recipient who issues the protocols and anyone to whom the recipient shows a copy of the report, in consultation with the [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services for the maintenance and use of such report so as to ensure the confidentiality of the report and all information contained therein, provided, 7 however, that such [protocols shall not be binding upon a person who is provided access to such report or any information contained therein pursuant to section eighty-nine of the public officers law after a final determination that access to such report or any information contained 10 therein could not be denied pursuant to subdivision two of section 11 12 eighty-seven] report and any information contained or used in its prepa-13 ration shall be exempt and not made available pursuant to article six of 14 the public officers law. The [director of public security] commissioner 15 of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall also 16 develop protocols for his or her office related to the maintenance and 17 use of such report so as to ensure the confidentiality of the report and 18 all information contained therein. On each report, the [director of 19 public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall prominently display the following statement: 20 21 "this report may contain information that if disclosed could endanger 22 the life or safety of the public, and therefore, pursuant to section 23 seven hundred [ten] eleven of the executive law, this report is to be maintained and used in a manner consistent with protocols established to preserve the confidentiality of the information contained herein in a 26 manner consistent with law".

(c) Except in the case of federally licensed electric generating facilities, the public service commission shall have the discretion to require that the recommendations of the [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services be implemented by any owner or operator of an energy generating or transmission facility. Recommendations regarding federally licensed electric generating facilities shall instead only be made available by the [director of public security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services to the appropriate federal agency in compliance with any federal and state requirements regarding the dissemination of such information.

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- 3. Any reports prepared pursuant to this article shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to [section] sections eighty-seven and eighty-eight of the public officers law.
- § 18. Section 714 of the executive law, as added by section 1 of part C of chapter 1 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- § 714. Protection of critical infrastructure; storage facilities for hazardous substances. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the availability of an appropriation, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall conduct a review and analysis of measures being taken by the owners and operators of facilities identified pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this section to protect the security of critical infrastructure related to such facilities. The [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall have the authority to review all audits or reports related to the security of such critical infrastructure, including all such audits or reports mandated by state and federal law or regulation, including spill prevention reports and risk management plans, audits and reports

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conducted at the request of the department of environmental conservation or at the request of any federal entity, or any other agency or authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof, and reports prepared by owners and operators of such facilities as required in this subdivision. The owners and operators of such facilities shall, in compliance with any federal and state requirements regarding the dissemination of such information, provide access to the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services to such audits and reports regarding such critical infrastructure provided, however, exclusive custody and control of such audits and reports shall remain solely with the owners and operators of such facilities to the extent not inconsistent with any other law. For the purposes of this section, the term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning ascribed to that term in subdivision five of section eighty-six of the public officers law.

- 2. To effectuate his or her duties pursuant to this section and identify risks to the public, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall:
- within six months of the effective date of this section, in consultation with the commissioner of environmental conservation, the commissioner of health, and such representatives of the chemical industry and higher education as may be appropriate, prepare a list that identifies toxic or hazardous substances, including but not limited to those substances listed as hazardous to public health, safety or the environment in regulations promulgated pursuant to article thirty-seven of the environmental conservation law, as well as those substances for which the state possesses insufficient or limited toxicological information but for which there exists preliminary evidence that the substance or the class of chemicals with similar physical and chemical properties to which it belongs has the potential to cause death, injury, or serious adverse effects to human health or the environment, based on the severity of the threat posed to the public by the unauthorized release of such substances. Such list will be promulgated in accord with the provisions of the state administrative procedure act;
- (b) upon completion of the list required pursuant to paragraph (a) subdivision, but no later than one hundred twenty days after such date, in consultation with the commissioner of environmental conservation, the commissioner of health and such representatives of the chemical industry and any state, local and municipal officials as may be appropriate, identify facilities, including facilities regulated pursuant to title nine and title eleven of article twenty-seven and article forty of the environmental conservation law, but excluding facilities that hold liquified petroleum gas for fuel at retail sale as described in section 112(1)(4)(B) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(r)(4)(b)) and those facilities that are defined as "water suppliin subdivision one of section eleven hundred twenty-five of the public health law, which because of their storage of or relationship to such substances identified pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision pose risks to the public should an unauthorized release of such hazardous substances occur; and
- (c) require such facilities identified pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision, as the director so determines, to prepare a vulnerability assessment of the security measures taken by such facilities to prevent and respond to the unauthorized release of hazardous substances as may be stored therein, which assessments the [director of the office

of homeland security] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security</u> <u>and emergency services</u> shall review and consider in light of the seriousness of the risk posed and vulnerability of such facility and, where appropriate, make recommendations with respect thereto.

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- (a) On or before June first, two thousand five, the [director of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall make a preliminary report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the commissioner of environmental conservation, the commissioner of health and the chief executive officer of any such affected facility or his or her designee, and on or before December thirty-first, two thousand five, and not later than three years after such date, and every five years thereafter, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, the commissioner of environmental conservation, the commissioner of health and the chief executive officer of any such affected facility or his or her designee. Such report shall review the security measures being taken regarding critical infrastructure related to such facilities, assess the effectiveness thereof, and include recommendations to the legislature, the department of environmental conservation or the department of health if the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services determines that additional measures are required to be implemented.
- (b) Before the receipt of such report identified in paragraph this subdivision, each recipient of such report shall develop confidentiality protocols which shall be binding upon the recipient who issues the protocols and anyone to whom the recipient shows a copy of the report in consultation with the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services, for the maintenance and use of such report so as to ensure the confidentiality of the report and all information contained therein, provided, however, that such protocols shall not be binding upon a person who is provided access to such report or any information contained therein pursuant to section eighty-nine of the public officers law after a final determination that access to such report or any information contained therein could not be denied pursuant to subdivision two of section eighty-seven of the public officers law. The [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall also develop protocols for such office related to the maintenance and use of such report so as to ensure the confidentiality of all sensitive information contained in such report. On each report, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall prominently display the following statement: "This report may contain information that if disclosed could endanger the life or safety of the public, and therefore, pursuant to section seven hundred eleven of the executive law[, as added by a chapter of the laws of two thousand four], this report is to be maintained and used in a manner consistent with protocols established to preserve the confidentiality of the information contained herein in a manner consistent with law."
- (c) The department of environmental conservation shall have the discretion to require that recommendations of the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland

security and emergency services be implemented by any owner or operator of a hazardous substances storage facility as defined in this section.

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- § 19. Section 715 of the executive law, as added by chapter 604 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- § 715. [Records and data] Office of cyber security. 1. The office of cyber security shall be dedicated to the protection of the state's cyber security infrastructure, including, but not limited to, the identification and mitigation of vulnerabilities, deterring and responding to cyber events, and promoting cyber security awareness within the state. The office shall also be responsible for statewide policies, standards, programs, and services relating to cyber security and geographic information systems, including the statewide coordination of geographically referenced critical infrastructure information. The director of the office shall be the chief cyber security officer of New York state.
- 2. The director may request and receive from any department, division, board, bureau, commission or other agency of the state or any political subdivision thereof or any public authority such assistance, information and data as will enable the office properly to carry out its functions, powers and duties.
- <u>3.</u> The director of the office [of cyber security and critical infrastructure coordination] is authorized to maintain, in electronic or paper formats, maps, geographic images, geographic data and metadata.
- [2.] $\underline{4}$. The director of the office [of cyber security and critical infrastructure coordination] is authorized to promulgate any rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- § 20. Section 715 of the executive law, as added by chapter 630 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- [715.] 716. Protection of critical infrastructure; commercial aviation, petroleum and natural gas fuel transmission facilities and pipelines. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall conduct a review and analysis of measures being taken by any other agency or authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof and, to the extent practicaof any federal entity, to protect the security of critical infrastructure related to commercial aviation fuel, petroleum and natural gas transmission facilities and pipelines in this state which are not located upon the premises of a commercial airport. As deemed appropriate by such [director] commissioner, the [office of homeland security] division of homeland security and emergency services shall have the authority to physically inspect the premises and review any audits or reports related to the security of such critical infrastructure, including audits or reports conducted at the request of any other agency or authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof or, to the extent practicable, of any federal entity. The operators of such commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facilities and pipelines shall, in compliance with any federal and state requirements regarding the dissemination of such information, provide access to the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services to such audits or reports regarding such critical infrastructure provided, however, exclusive custody and control of such audits and reports shall remain solely with the operators of such commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facilities and pipelines. For the purposes of this article, the term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning

ascribed to that term in subdivision five of section eighty-six of the public officers law.

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On or before December thirty-first, two thousand [eight, and not later than three years after such date] eleven, and every five years thereafter, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the public service commission, and the operator of any such affected commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facility or pipeline. Such report shall review the security measures being taken regarding critical infrastructure related to commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facilities and pipelines, assess the effectiveness thereof, and include recommendations to the legislature, the public service commission, or the operator of a commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facility or pipeline, or any appropriate state or federal regulating entity or agency if the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services determines that additional measures are required to be implemented, considering among other factors, the unique characteristics of each commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facility or pipeline. [On or before April thirtieth, two thousand eight, the director of the office of homeland security shall make a preliminary report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the public service commission, and the operator of any such affected commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facility or pipeline.]

(b) Before the receipt of such report identified in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, each recipient of such report shall develop confidentiality protocols, which shall be binding upon the recipient who issues the protocols and anyone to whom the recipient shows a copy of the report, in consultation with the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services for the maintenance and use of such report so as to ensure the confidentiality of the report and all information contained therein, provided, however, that such report and any information contained or used in its preparation shall be exempt and not made available pursuant to article six of the public officers law. The [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall also develop protocols for his or her office related to the maintenance and use of such report so as to ensure the confidentiality of the report and all information contained therein. On each report, the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall prominently display the following statement: "this report may contain information that if disclosed could endanger the life or safety of the public, and therefore, pursuant to section seven hundred eleven of the executive law, this report is to be maintained and used in a manner consistent with protocols established to preserve the confidentiality of the information contained herein in a manner consistent with law".

(c) The public service commission shall have the discretion to require, through regulation or otherwise, that the recommendations of the [director of the office of homeland security] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services be implemented at

an affected commercial aviation fuel, petroleum or natural gas transmission facility or pipeline.

- 3 (d) The [office of homeland security] <u>division of homeland security</u> 4 <u>and emergency services</u> shall receive necessary appropriations for the 5 performance of its duties pursuant to this section.
 - § 21. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 169 of the executive law, as amended by section 1 of part F of chapter 56 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
 - (a) commissioner of correctional services, commissioner of education, commissioner of health, commissioner of mental health, commissioner of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, commissioner of children and family services, commissioner of temporary and disability assistance, chancellor of the state university of New York, commissioner of transportation, commissioner of environmental conservation, superintendent of state police, [and] commissioner of general services and commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services;
 - \S 21-a. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 717 to read as follows:
 - § 717. Office of interoperable and emergency communications. 1. The office of interoperable and emergency communications shall be dedicated to the development, coordination and implementation of policies, plans, standards, programs and services related to interoperable and emergency communications. The office shall coordinate with federal, state, local, tribal, non-governmental and other appropriate entities.
 - 2. The office shall be responsible for coordinating relevant grant programs and other funding sources to enhance interoperable and emergency communications, as consistent with the mission of the division. The director shall make final determinations regarding the distribution of grants, in consultation with the board.
 - 3. The director of this office shall serve as the statewide interoperable and emergency communications coordinator.
 - 4. To ensure appropriate coordination and consultation with relevant entities, the director shall be the chairperson of the statewide interoperable and emergency communication board as defined in section three hundred twenty-seven of the county law, and whose duties shall include, but not be limited to all the duties regularly assigned to the board as defined by section three hundred twenty-eight of the county law.
 - § 22. Subdivision 2 of section 709 of the executive law is amended by adding a new paragraph (u) to read as follows:
 - (u) Notwithstanding article six-C of this chapter, or any other provision of law to the contrary, the division of homeland security and emergency services shall establish best practices regarding training and education for firefighters and first responders which shall include but not be limited to: minimum basic training for firefighters and first responders; in-service training and continuing education; and specialized training as it may apply to the specific duties of a category of emergency personnel.
 - § 23. Section 155 of the executive law, as added by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 155. Office of fire prevention and control; creation; state fire administrator; employees. There is hereby created in the [department of state] division of homeland security and emergency services an office of fire prevention and control. The head of such office shall be the state fire administrator, who shall be appointed by the [secretary of state] governor and shall hold office during the pleasure of the [secretary of

He shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the state] <u>governor</u>. [secretary of state] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services within the amount available by appropriation. He shall also be entitled to receive reimbursement for expenses actually and necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties within the amount available by appropriation. [The state fire administrator may, from time to time, with the approval of the secretary of state, 7 create, abolish, transfer and consolidate divisions, bureaus, and other units within the office of fire prevention and control as he may determine necessary for the efficient operation of such office. The state 10 fire administrator may, with the approval of the secretary of state, appoint such deputies, directors and others within the office as he may 12 13 deem necessary to the proper implementation of this article, prescribe their duties, fix their compensation and provide for reimbursement of their actual and necessary expenses within the amounts available by 16 appropriation.]

§ 24. Section 156-c of the executive law is REPEALED.

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- § 25. Section 156-f of the executive law, as added by chapter 21 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- § 156-f. Evacuation drills. Except as may be otherwise provided in rules and regulations promulgated by the [department of state] division of homeland security and emergency services pursuant to article eighteen of this chapter, in any building owned or leased in whole by the state or any agency thereof, an evacuation drill shall be conducted at least twice each year in which all of the occupants of the buildings shall participate simultaneously and which shall conduct all such occupants to a place of safety. In New York city, the state fire administrator shall make rules, regulations and special orders necessary and suitable to each situation, as appropriate.
- § 26. Section 156-g of the executive law, as added by chapter 303 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- § 156-g. Establishment of teams for urban search and rescue, specialty rescue and incident support. 1. Authorization to establish urban search and rescue task force teams, specialty rescue teams, and incident support teams. The [state fire administrator] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services after consultation with the state fire administrator shall have the authority to establish, organize, administer, support, train, and fund urban search and rescue task force teams, specialty rescue teams, and incident support teams created pursuant to this section.
- 2. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (a) "urban search and rescue task force team" shall mean a specialized team or group of teams, formed pursuant to this section, organized with capabilities equivalent to urban search and rescue task force teams established under the federal emergency management agency in order to assist in the removal of trapped victims in emergency situations including, but not limited to, collapsed structures, trench excavations, elevated locations, and other technical rescue situations.
- (b) "specialty rescue team" shall mean a specialized team, formed pursuant to this section, organized to provide technical rescue assistance to first responders including, but not limited to, canine search and rescue/disaster response, cave search and rescue, collapse search and rescue, mine and tunnel search and rescue, and swift water/flood search and rescue teams. Such teams shall be aligned with one or more of

the search and rescue categories within the federal emergency management agency's national resource typing system.

- (c) "incident support team" shall mean a team of trained response personnel, formed pursuant to this section, organized to provide coordination with governmental agencies and non-governmental organizations as well as technical, and logistical support to urban search and rescue task force teams and specialty rescue teams.
- 3. Appointment and training of team members; equipment. (a) The [state fire administrator] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services is hereby authorized to appoint members to any team created pursuant to this section. Team membership shall consist of local emergency response personnel, state agency personnel and specialty personnel as required.
- (b) The [state fire administrator] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall be responsible for training and equipping the teams established pursuant to this section and for training such other teams located within the state for response to manmade or natural disasters to the extent appropriations are provided. The [state fire administrator] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall support the capabilities of each team established pursuant to this section with the necessary training and equipment to ensure mobilization and deployment for rapid response to emergencies and disasters to the extent appropriations are provided.
- 4. Accreditation of teams. The [state fire administrator] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u> shall have the authority to establish an accreditation program to review and evaluate new and existing local and regional technical rescue capabilities, and provide recommendations for capability enhancement in accordance with the national incident management system, the national response plan, and nationally recognized standards.
- 5. Defense, indemnification and insurance coverage of team members. Members of the teams formed pursuant to this section who are volunteer firefighters, volunteer ambulance workers, municipal or state employees, or employees of a non-governmental entity shall be provided coverage by their respective municipalities, organizations, and entities for purposes of sections seventeen and eighteen of the public officers law and/or other defense and indemnification coverage and workers' compensation coverage pursuant to applicable provisions of the workers' compensation law or benefits pursuant to applicable provisions of the volunteer firefighters' [benefits] benefit law or the volunteer ambulance workers' benefit law. Individuals appointed to an urban search and rescue task force team, a specialty rescue team or an incident support team, for which such coverage is not available, shall be deemed volunteer state employees for purposes of section seventeen of the public officers law and section three of the workers' compensation law.
- 6. Rules and regulations. The [state fire administrator] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services after consultation with the state fire administrator shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations as deemed necessary relating to the accreditation of urban search and rescue task force teams, specialty rescue teams, and incident support teams and to the formation and operation of all teams established pursuant to this section.
- 7. Funding. The [secretary of state and the state fire administrator] division of homeland security and emergency services shall expend the necessary monies for training, equipment, and other items necessary to support the operations of urban search and rescue task force teams,



specialty rescue teams and incident support teams within appropriations provided. The [secretary of state and the state fire administrator] division of homeland security and emergency services also may, pursuant to applicable rules and regulations approved by the director of the division of the budget, approve grants of funds from monies allocated and appropriated for any or all such teams.

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§ 27. Section 157 of the executive law, as added by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:

§ 157. Granting authority. The [office of fire prevention and control, by and through the state fire administrator] division of homeland security and emergency services by and through the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services or his duly authorized officers and employees, shall administer, carry out and approve grants of funds from moneys allocated and appropriated therefor, for authorized arson, fire prevention and control expenditures as defined herein, are conducted by municipal corporations. "Authorized arson, fire prevention and control expenditures" shall mean those expenditures utilized by a municipal corporation for fire or arson prevention, fire or arson investigation and arson prosecution. No expenditure which has not been specifically designated by the local legislative body for arson, fire prevention and control and approved by the office of fire prevention and control pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated thereby shall be considered an "authorized arson, fire prevention and control expenditure." The [office of fire prevention and control] division of homeland security and emergency services shall adopt, amend and rescind such rules, regulations and guidelines as may be necessary for the performance of its functions, powers and duties under this section. The [office of fire prevention and control] division of homeland security and emergency services shall allocate grants under this article among the municipalities whose applications have been approved in such a manner as will most nearly provide an equitable distribution of the grants among municipalities, taking into consideration such factors as the level of suspected arson activity, population and population densithe need for state funding to carry out local programs, and the potential of the municipalities to effectively employ such grants.

§ 28. Section 158 of the executive law is REPEALED and a new section 158 is added to read as follows:

§ 158. Firefighting and code enforcement training. 1. For the purpose of this section, the term fire fighter and code enforcement personnel shall mean a member of a fire department whose duties include fire service as defined in paragraph d of subdivision eleven of section three hundred two of the retirement and social security law or a code enforcement officer charged with enforcement of building or fire codes.

- 2. In addition to the functions, powers and duties otherwise provided by this article, the state fire administrator may promulgate rules and regulations with respect to:
- (a) The approval, or revocation thereof, of fire and code enforcement training programs for fire fighters and code enforcement personnel;
- (b) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and equipment and facilities to be required for approved fire and code enforcement training programs for fire fighters and code enforcement personnel;
- (c) Minimum qualifications for instructors for approved fire and code enforcement training programs for fire fighters and code enforcement personnel;
- (d) The requirements of minimum basic training which fire fighters and code enforcement personnel appointed to probationary terms shall

complete before being eligible for permanent appointment, and the time within which such basic training must be completed following such appointment to a probationary term;

- (e) The requirements of minimum basic training which fire fighters and code enforcement personnel not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment, and the time within which such basic training must be completed following such appointment on a non-permanent basis;
- (f) The requirements for in-service training programs designed to assist fire fighters and code enforcement personnel in maintaining skills and being informed of technological advances;
- (g) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to such categories or classifications;
- (h) Exemptions from particular provisions of this article in the case of any county, city, town, village or fire district, if in the opinion of the state fire administrator the standards of fire and code enforcement training established and maintained by such county, city, town, village or fire district are equal to or higher than those established pursuant to this article; or revocation in whole or in part of such exemption, if in his or her opinion the standards of fire and code enforcement training established and maintained by such county, city, town, village or fire district are lower than those established pursuant to this article; and
- (i) Education, health and physical fitness requirements for eligibility of persons for provisional or permanent appointment in the competitive class of the civil service as fire fighters and code enforcement personnel as it deems necessary and proper for the efficient performance of such duties;
- 3. In furtherance of his or her functions, powers and duties as set forth in this section, the state fire administrator may:
- (a) Recommend studies, surveys and reports to be made by the state fire administrator regarding the carrying out of the objectives and purposes of this section;
- 36 (b) Visit and inspect any fire and code enforcement training programs
 37 approved by the state fire administrator or for which application for
 38 such approval has been made; and
 - (c) Recommend standards for promotion to supervisory positions.
 - 4. In addition to the functions, powers and duties otherwise provided by this section, the state fire administrator shall:
 - (a) Approve fire and code enforcement training programs for fire fighters and code enforcement personnel and issue certificates of approval to such programs, and revoke such approval or certificate;
 - (b) Certify, as qualified, instructors for approved fire and code enforcement training programs for fire fighters and code enforcement personnel and issue appropriate certificates to such instructors;
- (c) Certify fire fighters and code enforcement personnel who have satisfactorily completed basic training programs and in-service training programs, and issue appropriate certificates to such fire fighters and code enforcement personnel;
- 52 <u>(d) Cause studies and surveys to be made relating to the establish-</u>
 53 <u>ment, operation, effectiveness and approval of fire and code enforcement</u>
 54 <u>training programs;</u>

- 1 (e) Cause studies and surveys to be made relating to the completion or 2 partial completion of training programs by video or computer to the 3 maximum extent practicable; and
 - (f) Consult with and cooperate with the state university of New York and private universities, colleges and institutes in the state for the development of specialized courses of study for fire fighters and code enforcement personnel in fire science, fire administration and code enforcement.
 - § 29. Section 159 of the executive law is REPEALED.

- § 30 Section 159-a of the executive law is REPEALED.
- § 31. Section 159-b of the executive law is REPEALED.
 - § 32. Section 159-c of the executive law is REPEALED.
- § 33. Section 159-d of the executive law is REPEALED.
- § 34. Section 580 of the executive law is REPEALED.
- 15 § 35. Section 97-pp of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 16 631 of the laws of 1994, subdivisions 4, 5 and 6 as amended by chapter 17 72 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 97-pp. New York state emergency services revolving loan account. 1. There is hereby established within the combined expendable trust fund-020 in the custody of the state comptroller a new account to be known as the "New York state emergency services revolving loan account".
 - 2. The account shall consist of all moneys appropriated for its purpose, all moneys transferred to such account pursuant to law, and all moneys required by this section or any other law to be paid into or credited to this account, including all moneys received by the account or donated to it, payments of principal and interest on loans made from the account, and any interest earnings which may accrue from the investment or reinvestment of moneys from the account.
 - 3. Moneys of the account, when allocated, shall be available to the [secretary of state] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services to make loans as provided in this section. Up to five percent of the moneys of the account or two hundred fifty thousand dollars, whichever is less, may be used to pay the expenses, including personal service and maintenance and operation, in connection with the administration of such loans.
 - 4. (a) The [secretary of state] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u>, on recommendation of the [emergency services loan board] <u>state fire administrator</u>, may make, upon application duly made, up to the amounts available by appropriation, loans for:
 - (i) Purchasing fire fighting apparatus. A loan for purchasing fire fighting apparatus shall not exceed the lesser of two hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the fire fighting apparatus; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed the lesser of four hundred thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the fire fighting apparatus.
 - (ii) Purchasing ambulances or rescue vehicles. A loan for purchasing an ambulance or a rescue vehicle shall not exceed the lesser of one hundred fifty thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the ambulance or rescue vehicle; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed the lesser of two hundred sixty-five thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the ambulance or rescue vehicle.
- 55 (iii) Purchasing protective equipment or communication equipment. A 56 loan for purchasing protective equipment or communication equipment or

both shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Communication equipment purchased with such loan shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be compatible with the communication equipment of adjacent services and jurisdictions; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed one hundred sixty-five thousand dollars.

- (iv) Repairing or rehabilitating fire fighting apparatus, ambulances, or rescue vehicles. A loan for repairing or rehabilitating fire fighting apparatus, ambulances, or rescue vehicles shall not exceed the lesser of seventy-five thousand dollars or one hundred percent of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed the lesser of one hundred thirty-five thousand dollars or one hundred percent of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation.
- (v) Purchasing accessory equipment. A loan for purchasing accessory equipment shall not exceed seventy-five thousand dollars; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed one hundred thirty-five thousand dollars.
- (vi) Renovating, rehabilitating or repairing facilities that house firefighting equipment, ambulances, rescue vehicles and related equipment. A loan for this purpose shall not exceed the lesser of one hundred fifty thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the project; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed the lesser of two hundred sixty-five thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the project.
- (vii) Construction costs associated with the establishment of facilities that house firefighting equipment, ambulances, rescue vehicles and related equipment. A loan for this purpose shall not exceed the lesser of three hundred thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the construction, or be used for the payment of fees for design, planning, preparation of applications or other costs not directly attributable to land acquisitions or construction; provided, however, that loans issued in response to a joint application shall not exceed the lesser of five hundred twenty-five thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of the construction, or be used for the payment of fees for design, planning, preparation of applications or other costs not directly attributable to land acquisitions or construction.
- (viii) Construction costs associated with the establishment of facilities for the purpose of live fire training. A loan for this purpose shall not be granted if another live fire training facility is located within the boundaries of the county or within twenty-five miles. A loan for this purpose shall not exceed the lesser of one hundred fifty thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of construction, provided, however, joint applications shall not exceed the lesser of two hundred sixty-five thousand dollars or seventy-five percent of the cost of construction or be used for the payment of fees for design, planning, preparation of applications or other costs not directly attributable to land acquisitions or construction.
- (b) No loan authorized by this section shall have an interest rate exceeding two and one-half percent. No applicant shall receive a loan for any purpose under paragraph (a) of this subdivision more than once in any five-year period; provided, however, that joint applicants may receive up to two loans in any five year period. The minimum amount of any loan shall be five thousand dollars. The period of any loan shall not exceed the period of probable usefulness, prescribed by section 11.00 of the local finance law, for the emergency equipment to be

purchased with the proceeds of the loan or, if no period be there prescribed, five years. The total amount of any interest earned by the investment or reinvestment of all or part of the principal of any loan made under this section shall be returned to the [secretary of state] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services for deposit in the account and shall not be credited as payment of prin-cipal or interest on the loan. The [secretary of state] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services may require security for any loan and may specify the priority of liens against any emergency equipment wholly or partially purchased with moneys loaned under this section. The [secretary of state] commissioner of the divi-sion of homeland security and emergency services may make loans under this section subject to such other terms and conditions the [secretary] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services deems proper.

(c) The [secretary of state] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u> shall have the power to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of this section.

- (d) The [secretary of state] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u> shall annually report by March fifteenth to the governor and the legislature describing the activities and operation of the loan program authorized by this section. Such report shall set forth the number of loan applications received and approved; the number of joint applications received and approved; the names of counties, cities, towns, villages and fire districts receiving loans together with the amount and purpose of the loan, the interest rate charged, and the outstanding balance; and the balance remaining in the New York state emergency services revolving loan account, along with fund revenues and expenditures for the previous fiscal year, and projected revenues and expenditures for the current and following fiscal years.
- 5. (a) Application for loans may be made by a town, village, city, fire district, fire protection district, independent, not-for-profit fire and ambulance corporation or county, other than a county wholly contained within a city, provided that the application is otherwise consistent with its respective powers. Applications may also be submitted jointly by multiple applicants provided that the application is otherwise consistent with each applicant's respective powers.
- (b) Every application shall be in a form acceptable to the [secretary of state] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services. Every application shall accurately reflect the conditions which give rise to the proposed expenditure and accurately reflect the ability of the applicant to make such an expenditure without the proceeds of a loan under this section.
- (c) (i) The [emergency services loan board] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u> shall give preference to those applications which demonstrate the greatest need, joint applications, and to those applications the proceeds of which will be applied toward attaining compliance with federal and state laws and may disapprove any application which contains no adequate demonstration of need or which would result in inequitable or inefficient use of the moneys in the account.
- (ii) In making determinations on loan applications, the [emergency services loan board] <u>commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services</u> shall assure that loan fund moneys are equitably distributed among all sectors of the emergency services community and



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- all geographical areas of the state. Loans for the purpose of personal protective firefighting equipment shall be given preference for a period of two years from the date the first loan is made. Not less than fifty percent of the loans annually made shall be made to applicants whose fire protection or ambulance service is provided by a fire department or ambulance service whose membership is comprised exclusively of volunteers and whose budget for the fiscal year immediately preceding did not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- [An application or joint application shall be referred by the secretary of state to the emergency services loan board. The board shall consist of the following thirteen members: the secretary of state as chair, or the secretary's designee, the state fire administrator, five members appointed by the governor, two members appointed by the temporary president of the senate, two members appointed by the speaker of the assembly, one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate, and one member appointed by the minority leader of the assembly. member of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing official. Members of the board shall serve without salary or per diem allowance, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official duties under this section, provided, however, that such members are not, at the time such expenses are incurred, public employees otherwise entitled to such reimbursement. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, general, special or local, no officer or employee of the state, or political subdivision of the state, any governmental entity operating any public school or college or other public agency or instrumentality or unit of government which exercises governmental powers under the laws of the state, shall forfeit office or employment by reason of acceptance or appointment as a member, representative, officer, employee or agent of the board nor shall service as such member, representative, officer, employee or agent of the board be deemed incompatible or in conflict with such office or employment.
 - (e)] An application or joint application shall not be approved:
- (i) if the applicant or applicants are in arrears on any prior loan under this section,
- (ii) if it shall be shown that at any time in the prior ten years the applicant or applicants used state funds to repay all or part of any loan made under this section.
- [(f)] (e) The [emergency services loan board] commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services shall, to the maximum extent feasible, and consistent with the other provisions of this section, seek to provide that loans authorized by this section reflect an appropriate geographic distribution, are distributed equitably and encourage regional cooperation.
- 6. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the accompanying meanings:
- (a) "Fire companies" means (i) a fire company, the members of which are firefighters, volunteer, paid or both, of a county, city, town, village, fire district or fire department, or (ii) a fire corporation, the members of which are firefighters, volunteer, paid or both, providing fire protection pursuant to a fire protection contract within a fire protection district of a town.
- (b) "Volunteer ambulance service" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, municipality or any legal or public entity or subdivision thereof engaged in providing emergency medical services and the transportation of sick, disabled or injured persons by motor vehi-

cle, aircraft or other form of transportation to or from facilities providing hospital services which is (i) operating not for pecuniary profit or financial gain, and (ii) no part of the assets or income of which is distributable to, or inures to the benefit of, its members, directors or officers.

6 (c) "Ambulance" means a motor vehicle designed, appropriately 7 equipped, and used for carrying sick or injured persons.

- (d) "Accessory equipment" means equipment necessary to support the ordinary functions of fire fighting, emergency medical services, or rescue activities other than communication equipment, protective equipment, and motor vehicles together with their fixtures and appointments.
- (e) "Account" means the New York state emergency services revolving loan account established by this section within the combined expendable trust fund-020.
- (f) "Communication equipment" means any voice or original transmission system or telemetry system used to enhance fire fighter safety on the grounds of a fire or other emergency.
- (g) "Emergency equipment" means any or all of the following: ambulances, accessory equipment, communication equipment, fire fighting apparatus, protective equipment, and rescue vehicles.
- (h) "Fire fighting apparatus" means elevated equipment, pumpers, tankers, ladder trucks, hazardous materials emergency response vehicles, or other such specially equipped motor vehicles used for fire protection, together with the fixtures and appointments necessary to support their functions.
- (i) "Joint application" means an application submitted by two or more towns, villages, cities, fire districts, fire protection districts, not-for-profit fire and ambulance corporations or counties, other than a county wholly contained within a city, for any purposes provided in subdivision four of this section.
- (j) "Protective equipment" means any clothing and devices that comply with occupational safety and health administration standards (federal occupational safety and health act regulations) used to protect personnel who provide emergency services from injury while performing their functions, including, but not limited to, helmets, coats, boots, eyeshields, gloves and self contained respiratory protection devices.
- (k) "Rescue vehicle" means a motor vehicle, other than an ambulance or fire fighting apparatus, appropriately equipped and used to support fire department operations and includes a vehicle specifically for carrying accessory equipment.
- § 36. Section 326 of the county law, as added by section 1 of part G of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- § 326. New York state [911] <u>interoperable and emergency communication</u> board. The "New York state [911] <u>interoperable and emergency communication</u> board" is hereby established within the [department of state] <u>division of homeland security and emergency services</u>. The board shall assist local governments, service suppliers, wireless telephone service suppliers and appropriate state agencies by facilitating the most efficient and effective routing of 911 emergency calls; developing minimum standards for public safety answering points; promoting the exchange of information, including emerging technologies; and encouraging the use of best practice standards among the public safety answering point community.
- 54 § 37. Section 328 of the county law is amended by adding a new subdi-55 vision 10 to read as follows:



- 10. The New York state interoperable and emergency communication board shall advise the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services on priorities and approval of all interoperable expenditures and requests for expenditure of grants and other funding programs related to interoperable communications. In carrying out this responsibility, and consistent with the mission of the division of homeland security and emergency services, the board will provide guidance related to the development, coordination and implementation of policies, plans, standards, programs and services related to interoperable and emergency communications.
- § 38. Section 327 of the county law, as added by section 1 of part G of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, subdivision 5 as amended by section 2 of part Y of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- § 327. New York state [911] <u>interoperable and emergency communication</u> board membership. 1. The board shall consist of [thirteen] <u>twenty-five</u> members who shall be selected as follows:
- (a) one shall be the [secretary of state] statewide interoperable and emergency communication coordinator, or his or her designee, who shall be the chairperson of the board;
- (b) one shall be the commissioner of criminal justice services, or his or her designee;
- (c) [five] one shall be the superintendent of the state police, or his or her designee;
- (d) one shall be the adjutant general of the division of military and naval affairs, or his or her designee;
- (e) one shall be the commissioner of the division of homeland security and emergency services, or his or her designee;
- (f) one shall be the commissioner of the department of transportation, or his or her designee;
- 31 (g) one shall be the commissioner of the department of health, or his 32 or her designee; 33 (h) one shall be the director of the office for technology, or his or
 - (h) one shall be the director of the office for technology, or his or her designee;
 - (i) seven shall be appointed by the governor; provided, however, that no more than two such appointments made pursuant to this paragraph shall be from the same category of members as provided for in subdivision two of this section;
 - [(d) three] (j) five shall be appointed by the governor upon the recommendation of the temporary president of the senate; provided, however, that no more than one such appointment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be from the same category of members as provided for in subdivision two of this section; and
 - [(e) three] (k) five shall be appointed by the governor upon the recommendation of the speaker of the assembly; provided, however, that no more than one such appointment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be from the same category of members as provided for in subdivision two of this section.
 - 2. The members appointed upon the recommendation of the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly, and the members appointed by the governor pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision one of this section, shall be representative of chiefs of police, sheriffs, fire chiefs and departments, ambulance service providers, including proprietary or volunteer ambulance services, county 911 coordinators, emergency managers, local elected officials, non-governmental organizations specializing in disaster relief, tribal nation representation, and

<u>statewide first responder associations</u>, wireless telephone service suppliers, service suppliers or representatives of consumer interests.

3. Each board member shall be appointed for a term of four years. Vacancies in the board occurring otherwise than by expiration of a term shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. The board shall meet as frequently as it may deem necessary and at least four times each year on such dates as agreed upon by the board. The board may approve and from time to time amend bylaws in relation to its meetings and the transaction of its business. A majority of the members of the board then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business or the exercise of any power by the board.

- 4. Members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, no officer or employee of the state or any political subdivision of the state shall forfeit such office or employment by reason of acceptance or appointment as a member of the board. For purposes of section thirteen of article thirteen of the state constitution, membership on the board by a sheriff shall not constitute public office.
- 5. Article two of the state administrative procedure act shall not apply, provided, however, that the board shall publicly post the standards proposed pursuant to section three hundred twenty-eight of this article no later than forty-five days prior to their adoption. Such standards shall be posted in appropriate publications, the state register and on the [department of state's] division of homeland security and emergency services' website. During such forty-five day period, the board shall receive and consider public comment on the proposed standards before adopting final standards. Upon final adoption, those standards adopted pursuant to section three hundred twenty-eight of this article shall be posted in appropriate publications, the state register and on the [department of state's] division of homeland security and emergency services' website.
- 35 6. The board shall be subject to articles six and seven of the public 36 officers law.
 - § 39. Section 328-a of the county law is REPEALED.
 - § 40. Section 328-b of the county law, as added by section 1 of part G of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 328-b. Powers and duties of the chairperson. 1. The chairperson of the board shall coordinate efforts among other executive agencies having an interest in the duties of the board, and shall consult with such agencies in carrying out the duties of the board.
 - 2. The chairperson shall receive such assistance as required to carry out its duties from staff of the [department of state] division of homeland security and emergency services designated for such purposes, as well as staff members recommended by other state agencies to the chairperson.
- 3. The board may request and receive from any department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other agency of the state or any political subdivision thereof such assistance, information, and data as will enable the board to properly carry out its functions, powers, and duties under this article.
 - § 41. Section 331 of the county law is REPEALED.
- 55 § 42. Section 332 of the county law is REPEALED.



1 § 43. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 6 of section 186-f of the tax law, 2 as added by section 3 of part B of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is 3 amended to read as follows:

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- (c) [To fund costs associated with the design, construction, and operation of the statewide wireless network annually pursuant to appropriation by the legislature] Up to the sum of seventy-five million dollars annually may be used for the provision of grants or reimbursements to counties for the development, consolidation, or operation of public safety communications systems or networks designed to support statewide interoperable communications for first responders, to be distributed pursuant to standards and quidelines issued by the state. Annual grants may consider costs borne by a municipality related to the issuance of local public safety communications bonds pursuant to section twenty-four hundred thirty-two of the public authorities law, when the municipality has qualified as an approved participant in a statewide interoperable communications system under the standards and quidelines issued by the state, and maintains compliance with such standards and guidelines. The grant amount will be prescribed pursuant to an agreement with the municipality, and may not exceed thirty percent of the annual cost borne by the municipality in relation to such bonds;
- § 44. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subdivision 6 of section 186-f of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part B of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, are amended and a new paragraph (f) is added to read as follows:
- (d) Not less than the sum of ten million dollars annually must be disbursed pursuant to article six-A of the county law and appropriated by the legislature; [and]
- (e) To provide the costs of debt service for bonds and notes issued to finance expedited deployment funding pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred thirty-three of the county law and section sixteen hundred eighty-nine-h of the public authorities law[.]; and
- (f) services and expenses that support the operations and mission of the division of homeland security and emergency services as appropriated by the legislature.
- \S 45. Section 156-e of the executive law, as added by section 2 of part A of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- § 156-e. College fire safety. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, the office of fire prevention and control of the division of homeland security and emergency services, by and through the state fire administrator or their duly authorized officers and employees, shall have the responsibility to annually inspect buildings under the jurisdiction of public colleges and independent colleges, as these terms are defined in section eight hundred seven-b of the education law, for compliance with and violations of the uniform fire prevention and building code; or any other applicable code, rule or regulation pertaining to fire safety. Buildings subject to inspection are all buildings under the jurisdiction of such colleges used for classroom, dormitory, fraternity, sorority, laboratory, physical education, dining, recreational or other purposes.
- 2. a. The office of fire prevention and control shall have the power to issue a notice of violation and orders requiring the remedying of any condition found to exist in, on or about any such building which violates the uniform fire prevention and building code, or any other code, rule or regulation pertaining to fire safety, fire safety equipment and fire safety devices. Such office is further authorized to promulgate regulations regarding the issuance of violations, compliance

with orders, and providing for time for compliance, reinspection procedures, and issuance of certificates of conformance.

b. Where any college authority in general charge of the operation of any public or independent college buildings is served personally or by registered or certified mail with an order of the office of fire prevention and control to remedy any violation and fails to comply with such order immediately or within such other time as specified in the order, the office of fire prevention and control may avail itself of any or all of the following remedies: (1) assess a civil penalty of up to five hundred dollars per day until the violation is corrected; (2) order immediate closure of the building, buildings or parts thereof where a violation exists that poses an imminent threat to public health and safety; (3) exercise all of the authority conferred upon the [secretary of state] state fire administrator pursuant to article eighteen of this chapter to obtain compliance with its orders; or (4) refer violations to the appropriate local government authorities for enforcement pursuant to article eighteen of this chapter.

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- c. The office of fire prevention and control [by and through the secretary of state] is authorized to commence necessary proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction seeking enforcement of any of its orders and payment of assessed penalties.
- 3. a. Except as provided herein, any county, city, town or village, pursuant to resolution of their respective legislative bodies, may apply to the office of fire prevention and control for delegation of all or part of the duties, rights and powers conferred upon the office of fire prevention and control by this section and section eight hundred seven-b of the education law. Upon acceptable demonstration of adequate capability, resources and commitment on the part of the applicant local government, the office of fire prevention and control may make such delegation, in which case the local government shall also have all of the rights, duties and powers provided to local governments in article eighteen of this chapter and in any city charter or code. The authority granted in this section to assess civil penalties, order closure of buildings and take action possessed by the [secretary of state] state fire administrator under article eighteen of this chapter, shall not be delegated to the local government. Such powers shall continue in the office of fire prevention and control which may exercise them in the case of violations, on its own volition or at the request of the delegee local government. The delegation shall expire after three years, and may be renewed at the discretion of the office of fire prevention and control. All inspection reports conducted pursuant to a delegation of authority shall be promptly filed with the office of fire prevention and control. In the event any such report is not filed or reasonable grounds exist to believe that inspections or enforcement are inadequate or ineffective, the office of fire prevention and control may revoke the delegation or continue it subject to terms and conditions specified by the office of fire prevention and control.
- b. The authorities in a city having a population of one million or more shall exercise all of the rights, powers and duties pertaining to inspection of independent and public college buildings and enforcement provided in this section and section eight hundred seven-b of the education law, without impairing any existing authority of such city. A copy of all inspection reports shall be filed with the office of fire prevention and control by the authorities conducting inspections.

- 1 § 46. Subdivision 2 and paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 2 837-o of the executive law, as amended by chapter 689 of the laws of 3 2002, are amended to read as follows:
 - 2. Within ten business days of receipt from the applicant, the chief of the fire company shall send the completed search request form to either (i) the sheriff's department of the county in which the fire company is located, or (ii) the [department of state,] office of fire prevention and control, as follows:

- (a) the sheriff's department of the county in which the fire company is located shall be responsible for receiving the search requests and processing the search requests with the division within ten business days of receipt from the chief of the fire company, unless the county legislative body adopts and files with the [secretary of state] office of fire prevention and control pursuant to the municipal home rule law a local law providing that the sheriff's department shall not have such responsibility;
- (b) in all other instances where a county legislative body has adopted a local law pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the [department of state,] office of fire prevention and control shall be responsible for receiving search requests and forwarding the search requests to the division.
- The [department of state,] office of fire prevention and control is hereby authorized to establish a communication network with the division for the purpose of forwarding search requests and receiving search results pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subdivision.
- (b) The results of the search shall be communicated in writing, within ten business days of receipt from the division, to the chief of the fire company from which the search request originated by either the sheriff's department or the [department of state,] office of fire prevention and control, and shall be kept confidential by the chief, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subdivision. The results of the search shall only state either that: (i) the applicant stands convicted of arson, or (ii) the applicant has no record of conviction for arson. The results of the search shall not divulge any other information relating to the criminal history of the applicant.
- 36 § 47. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 225-a of the county law, as 37 amended by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, are amended to read as 38 follows:
 - 1. In order to develop and maintain programs for fire training, fire service-related activities and mutual aid in cases of fire and other emergencies in which the services of firemen would be used and to cooperate with the office of fire prevention and control [in the department of state] in furthering such programs, the board of supervisors of any county may create a county fire advisory board and may establish the office of county fire coordinator.
 - 2. A county fire advisory board shall consist of not less than five nor more than twenty-one members, each of whom shall be appointed by the board of supervisors for a term of not to exceed one year, two years or three years. Such terms of office need not be the same for all members. It shall be the duty of such board to cooperate with the office of fire prevention and control [in the department of state] in relation to such programs for fire training, fire service-related activities and mutual aid; to act as an advisory body to the board of supervisors and to the county fire coordinator, if any, in connection with the county participation in such programs for fire training, fire service-related activities and mutual aid and in connection with the county establishment and

maintenance of a county fire training school and mutual aid programs in cases of fire and other emergencies in which the services of firemen would be used; to perform such other duties as the board of supervisors may prescribe in relation to fire training, fire service-related activities and mutual aid in cases of fire and other emergencies in which the services of firemen would be used. The members of such board shall be county officers, and shall serve without compensation.

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- § 48. Section 399-n of the general business law, as added by chapter 576 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- § 399-n. Approval of electrical devices. Whenever electrical devices or electrical wiring or electrical apparatus are required to be approved by underwriters laboratories for fire safety by any statute, law, rule or regulation, of the state or any municipality thereof, approval by any qualified laboratory or testing organization that tests for fire safety in the state of New York will be deemed to be satisfaction of such requirement. For the purposes of this section, a qualified laboratory or testing organization is one which meets the criteria of (1) the American Society for Testing Materials test E548-76, or (2) any rules or regulations relating thereto that may be promulgated by [the office of fire prevention and control of] the department of state.
- § 49. Section 204-d of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 583 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 204-d. Duties of the fire chief. The fire chief of any fire department or company shall, in addition to any other duties assigned to him by law or contract, to the extent reasonably possible determine or cause to be determined the cause of each fire or explosion which the fire department or company has been called to suppress. He shall file with the office of fire prevention and control [of the department of state] a report containing such determination and any additional information required by such office regarding the fire or explosion. The report shall be in the form designated by such office. He shall contact or cause to be contacted the appropriate investigatory authority if he has reason to believe the fire or explosion is of incendiary or suspicious origin. For all fires that are suspected to have been ignited by a cigarette, within fourteen days after completing the investigation into such fire, the fire chief shall forward to [the office of fire prevention and control] the department of state information detailing, to the extent possible: (a) the specific brand and style of the cigarette suspected of having ignited such fire; (b) whether the cigarette package was marked as required by subdivision six of section one hundred fifty-six-c of the executive law; and (c) the location and manner in which such cigarette was purchased.
- § 50. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 209-e of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. Plan. The state fire administrator shall prepare a state fire mobilization and mutual aid plan which may provide for the establishment of fire mobilization and mutual aid zones of the state. Upon filing of the plan in the office [of the department of state] of fire prevention and control such plan shall become the state fire mobilization and mutual aid plan. Such plan may be amended from time to time in the same manner as originally adopted.
- 2. Regional fire administrators. The state fire administrator may appoint and remove a regional fire administrator for each fire mobilization and mutual aid zone established pursuant to the state fire mobilization and mutual aid plan. Before he enters on the duties of the

office, each regional fire administrator shall take and subscribe before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths the constitutional oath of office, which shall be administered and certified by the officer taking the same without compensation and shall be filed in the office of [the department of state] fire prevention and control.

- § 51. Subdivision (b) of section 318 of the insurance law is amended to read as follows:
- (b) The information contained in such reports shall, in accordance with such regulations, be available to law enforcement agencies, to tax districts which have, pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-two of the general municipal law, filed with the superintendent a notice of intention to claim against the proceeds of a policy of fire insurance, to the office of fire prevention and control [of the department of state,] and to appropriate governmental agencies charged with the responsibility for demolition of structures.
- § 52. Section 54-e of the state finance law, as added by chapter 741 of the laws of 1978, paragraph g of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:
- § 54-e. State assistance to reimburse municipalities for firefighting costs. 1. As used in this section, unless otherwise expressly stated:
- a. "Normal operating expenses" shall mean those costs, losses and expenses which are ordinarily associated with the maintenance, administration and day-to-day operations of the fire department of a municipality. Such expenses shall include, but not be limited to, the ordinary wages of firefighters, administrative and other overhead costs, depreciation, the costs of litigation and the costs of employee's benefits, including insurance, disability, death, or health care whether or not such costs are incurred as the result of firefighting services rendered to property under the jurisdiction of the state of New York.
- b. "Firefighting costs" shall mean those expenses and losses which would not have been incurred had not the fire in question taken place. Such costs shall include, but not be limited to, salaries for specially employed personnel, costs of supplies expended, and the lesser of (1) the cost of repairing any destroyed or damaged equipment or (2) the value of such equipment immediately preceding the fire. Firefighting costs shall not include: normal operating expenses as defined herein, any firefighting cost for which the municipality is reimbursed under a policy of insurance or any costs associated with false alarms, regardless of cause.
- c. "Claim" shall mean that amount which is equal to those firefighting costs incurred by a municipality to the extent that such costs exceed the sum of two hundred fifty dollars.
- d. "Fire" shall mean any instance of destructive and uncontrolled burning on property under the jurisdiction of the state of New York including scorch burns and explosions of combustible dust or solids, flammable liquids and gases.
- e. "Municipality" shall mean any county, city, village, town or fire district, having a fire department consisting of personnel, apparatus and equipment which has as its purpose protecting property and maintaining the safety and welfare of the public from the dangers of fire, or, in the case of a fire protection district or that portion of a town outside a village or fire district, a fire company as defined in section three of the volunteer [firemen's] <u>firefighters'</u> benefit law. The personnel of any such fire department may be paid employees or unpaid volunteers or any combination thereof.

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- f. "Property under the jurisdiction of the state of New York" shall mean real property and improvements thereon and appurtenances thereto in which the state of New York holds legal fee simple title and further, any real property conveyed or made available to the New York state housing finance agency or the dormitory authority of the state of New York under agreements for the financing and construction of facilities for the state university of New York; provided however, with the exception of property occupied by the state university of New York, such property shall not include leasehold interest; provided further, such property shall not include any property for which a municipality receives any payments-in-lieu of taxes or any other payments, including real property taxes, that are or may be used for providing fire protection to such property.
- [g. "Secretary" shall mean the secretary of state or the state fire administrator as his designee.]
- 2. Any municipality whose fire department has responded to a fire on property under the jurisdiction of the state of New York:
- a. shall, within thirty days after such fire, submit a report, on a form prescribed by the [secretary of state] office of fire prevention and control, to the [secretary] office of fire prevention and control stating the location of such a fire and the firefighting costs incurred while fighting such a fire; and
- b. may, within thirty days after such a fire, submit a claim, on a form prescribed by the [secretary of state,] office of fire prevention and control to the [secretary] office of fire prevention and control pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- The [secretary] office of fire prevention and control shall review each claim to determine if such claim shall be approved, reduced, amended or rejected and shall notify the municipality, within sixty days receipt of such claim, as to his determination. The municipality shall notify the [secretary,] office of fire prevention and control within thirty days after receipt of the [secretary's] office of fire prevention and control's notification, as to its acceptance or rejection of such determination. Failure to so notify the [secretary] office of fire prevention and control shall constitute an acceptance of the determination. If accepted by the municipality, such acceptance shall constitute the final and conclusive determination for such claim. If rejected by the municipality, such municipality shall resubmit its claim, within thirty days after receipt of the [secretary's] office of fire prevention and control's notification, together with its reasons for objection and any additional documentation which may justify its claim. Upon receipt of a resubmitted claim, the [secretary] office of fire prevention and control shall review such claim and within sixty days of receipt of such resubmitted claim, make a final determination as to the amount to be approved for such claim. If the municipality shall dispute such final determination it may commence an action, within sixty days of such final determination, in the court of claims which shall have jurisdiction to adjudicate the claim and enter judgment, which judgment shall be a final determination for purposes of this section and shall be payable in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions four and five of this section.
- 4. The [secretary] office of fire prevention and control shall certify all claims for which a final determination has been made. The [secretary] office of fire prevention and control shall submit all claims certified during the preceding year to the comptroller of the department of audit and control on or before April first of each year. Any claim



that has been received prior to April first of such year, but for which no certification has been made, shall, for purposes of payment, be considered as a claim for the year in which such certification is made.

- 5. All claims certified by the [secretary] office of fire prevention and control shall be paid annually and shall be paid upon a warrant from the comptroller from funds appropriated in the local assistance fund. In the event such appropriation is insufficient to permit the aggregate annual payments authorized under this section, each municipality's payment for any claim or claims certified during the preceding year shall be decreased proportionally until the total payments are equal to the amount appropriated.
- 6. The chief fiscal officer of the municipality shall pay the amounts received under this section into the fund or funds from which moneys were expended to provide the firefighting services for which a reimbursement was made under this section.
- 7. This section shall not in any way impair, limit or modify the rights and obligations of any insurer under any policy of insurance.
- 8. The [secretary of state] office of fire prevention and control shall annually prepare a report on the effectiveness of this section and shall submit such report to the legislature. Such report shall include the number and location of any fire on property under the jurisdiction of the state of New York, the number of claims and the amount of each such claim filed pursuant to this section and further, the total amount of all claims filed and the total amount of payments made under the provisions of this section. The first such report shall be submitted to the legislature on or before June first, nineteen hundred seventy-nine.
- § 53. Subdivisions 4 and 5 of section 99-q of the state finance law, as added by chapter 490 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:
- 4. Monies shall be payable from the fund on the audit and warrant of the comptroller on vouchers approved and certified by the [secretary of state upon the recommendation of the office of fire prevention and control] state fire administrator.
- 5. To the extent practicable, the [secretary of state] <u>state fire</u> <u>administrator</u> shall ensure that all monies received during a fiscal year are expended prior to the end of that fiscal year.
- § 54. Subdivision 1 of section 115-a of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 225 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a vehicle operated by officials of the office of fire prevention and control [in the department of state],
- § 55. Subdivision 79 of section 2.10 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 241 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- 79. Supervisors and members of the arson investigation bureau and fire inspection bureau of the [department of state's] office of fire prevention and control when acting pursuant to their special duties in matters arising under the laws relating to fires, their prevention, extinguishment, investigation thereof, and fire perils; provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall be deemed to authorize such employees to carry, possess, repair, or dispose of a firearm unless the appropriate license therefor has been issued pursuant to section 400.00 of the penal law.
- 53 § 56. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 100-c to 54 read as follows:
- § 100-c. Fire safety standards for cigarettes. 1. Definitions. As
 used in this section, a. "Cigarette" shall mean any roll for smoking

1 made wholly or in part of tobacco or of any other substance, irrespec-2 tive of size or shape and whether or not such tobacco or substance is 3 flavored, adulterated or mixed with any other ingredient, the wrapper or 4 cover of which is made of paper or any other substance or material 5 except tobacco.

b. "Sell" shall mean to sell, or to offer or agree to do the same.

- 2. a. Within two years after the effective date of this section, the department of state shall promulgate fire safety standards for cigarettes sold or offered for sale in this state. Such standards shall take effect as provided in subdivision four of this section and shall insure either:
- (1) that such cigarettes, if ignited, will stop burning within a time period specified by the standards if the cigarettes are not smoked during that period; or
- (2) that such cigarettes meet performance standards prescribed by the department of state to limit the risk that such cigarettes will ignite upholstered furniture, mattresses or other household furnishings.
- b. In promulgating fire safety standards for cigarettes pursuant to this section, the department of state, in consultation with the department of health, shall consider whether cigarettes manufactured in accordance with such standards may reasonably result in increased health risks to consumers.
- c. The department of state shall be responsible for administering the provisions of this section.
- d. The department of state shall report to the governor and the legislature no later than eighteen months after the effective date of this section on the status of its work in promulgating the fire safety standards required by this subdivision.
- e. When a cigarette is suspected of having ignited a fire, and the department of state receives information regarding the brand and style of such cigarette pursuant to section two hundred four-d or section ninety-one-a of the general municipal law, and where such brand and style had been previously certified pursuant to subdivision three of this section and the package has been marked as required by subdivision six of this section, the department of state shall conduct random testing on cigarettes of the same brand and style in order to determine whether such cigarettes meet the fire safety standards mandated by this section; provided however that such testing shall not be required if the department of state has tested such brand and style within the preceding three months.
- 3. On and after the date the fire safety standards take effect in accordance with subdivision four of this section, no cigarettes shall be sold or offered for sale in this state unless the manufacturer thereof has certified in writing to the department of state that such cigarettes meet the performance standards prescribed by the department of state pursuant to subdivision two of this section.
- a. Such certifications must be based upon testing conducted by a laboratory that has been accredited pursuant to Standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the international organization for standardization, or such other comparable accreditation standard as the department of state shall require by regulation.
- b. Such certification shall be signed by an officer of the manufacturer and shall contain for each cigarette brand style such information as shall be deemed necessary by the department of state, including but not limited to: (i) the brand and style; (ii) length in millimeters; (iii) circumference in millimeters; (iv) flavor, if applicable; (v) filter or

non-filter; (vi) package description; (vii) the name, address and telephone number of the laboratory, if different than the manufacturer that conducted the test; (viii) the date that the testing occurred; and (ix) a notarized statement from an officer or director of the laboratory certifying that the cigarette meets the performance standards prescribed by the department of state.

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c. If a manufacturer has certified a cigarette pursuant to this subdivision, and thereafter makes any change to such cigarette that is likely to alter its compliance with the fire safety standards mandated by this section, then before such cigarette may be sold or offered for sale in this state such manufacturer shall retest such cigarette in accordance with the testing standards prescribed by the department of state and maintain records of such retesting as required by subdivision seven of this section. Any such altered cigarette which does not meet the performance standard prescribed by the department of state may not be sold in the state. Copies of such written certifications shall be provided by the certifying manufacturer to all wholesale dealers, as defined in subdivision eight of section four hundred seventy of the tax law, and all agents, as defined in subdivision eleven of section four hundred seventy of the tax law. The department of state shall prescribe procedures by which stamping agents, wholesale dealers or retail dealers are notified of which cigarettes have been certified by manufacturers as meeting the performance standards prescribed by the department of state, which may include the maintenance of a website listing certified cigarette brands and styles.

4. The fire safety standards required pursuant to subdivision two of this section shall take effect on such date as the department of state shall specify in promulgating such standards and such date shall be the earliest practicable date by which manufacturers of cigarettes can comply with such standards; provided, however, that such date shall not be later than one hundred eighty days after such standards are promulgated. On and after such date, no person or entity shall sell in this state cigarettes that have not been certified by the manufacturer in accordance with subdivision three of this section or that have not been marked in the manner required by subdivision six of this section; provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit any person or entity from selling or offering for sale cigarettes that have not been certified by the manufacturer in accordance with subdivision three of this section and have not been marked in the manner required by subdivision six of this section if such cigarettes are or will be stamped for sale in another state or are packaged for sale outside the United States.

5. a. Any wholesale dealer, as defined in subdivision eight of section four hundred seventy of the tax law, or any agent, as defined in subdivision eleven of section four hundred seventy of the tax law, or any other person or entity who knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes in violation of subdivision four of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars for each pack of such cigarettes sold or offered for sale provided that in no case shall the penalty against any wholesale dealer exceed one hundred thousand dollars for sales or offers to sell during any thirty day period. Any retail dealer, as defined in subdivision nine of section four hundred seventy of the tax law, who knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes in violation of subdivision four of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars for each pack of such cigarettes sold or offered for sale, provided that in no case shall the

penalty against any retail dealer exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for sales or offers to sell during any thirty day period. Any person engaged in the business of selling cigarettes in or for shipment into New York who possesses cigarettes that have not been certified or marked in accordance with the requirements of this section shall be deemed to be offering such cigarettes for sale in New York. An agent licensed in more than one state may rebut such presumption by establishing: (i) that such cigarettes have been physically segregated from cigarettes offered for sale in New York; and (ii) no New York tax stamps have been placed on any cigarettes that have not been certified or marked in accordance with this section. In addition to any penalties imposed by this section the commissioner of taxation and finance, after an opportunity for a hearing has been afforded pursuant to subdivision five of section four hundred eighty of the tax law, shall suspend for six months the license of any agent issued pursuant to section four hundred seventy-two of the tax law, the license of any wholesale dealer issued pursuant to section four hundred eighty of the tax law, or the registration of any retail dealer issued pursuant to section four hundred eighty-a of the tax law, when such agent, wholesale dealer or retail dealer violates this section three or more times within a three year period, provided such violations occurred on at least three separate calendar days.

b. In addition to any penalty prescribed by law, any corporation, partnership, sole proprietor, limited partnership, association or any other business entity engaged in the manufacture of cigarettes that knowingly makes a false certification pursuant to subdivision three of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of at least seventy-five thousand dollars and not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each such false certification, and any entity that fails to pay a civil penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph within thirty days after such penalty is imposed, shall be subject to a bar from selling cigarettes covered by that false certification in this state until the state receives full payment of such penalty.

c. There is hereby established in the custody of the state comptroller a special fund to be known as the "cigarette fire safety act fund". Such fund shall consist of all moneys recovered from the assessment of civil penalties authorized by this subdivision. Such monies shall be deposited to the credit of the fund and shall, in addition to any other moneys made available for such purpose, be available to the department of state for the purpose of fire safety and prevention programs. All payments from the cigarette fire safety act fund shall be made on the audit and warrant of the state comptroller on vouchers certified and submitted by the state fire administrator.

6. No cigarettes shall be distributed, sold or offered for sale in this state unless the manufacturer has placed on each individual package the letters "FSC" which signifies fire standards compliant. Such letters shall appear in eight point type and be permanently printed, stamped, engraved or embossed on the package at or near the UPC code, if present. Any package containing such symbol is deemed to be in compliance with the department of state regulations set forth in 19 NYCRR 429.8.

7. a. Each manufacturer shall maintain copies of the reports of all tests conducted on all cigarettes for a period of three years, and shall make copies of such reports available to the department of state and the attorney general upon written request; provided, however, that any manufacturer that fails to make copies of such reports available within sixty days of receiving such a written request shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each day after the

sixtieth day that such manufacturer does not make such copies available and shall be subject to a bar from selling or offering to sell cigarettes in New York until such copies are made available.

- b. Testing performed or sponsored by the department of state in order to determine a cigarette's compliance with the fire safety standards mandated by this section shall be conducted (i) in accordance with the requirements applicable to manufacturers pursuant to the regulations of the department of state, and (ii) by a laboratory that has been accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the international organization for standardization or such other comparable accreditation standard as the department of state shall require by regulation.
- 8. a. To enforce the provisions of this section, the commissioner of taxation and finance and the secretary of state may take administrative action imposing the civil penalties and suspensions authorized by subdivision five of this section. In addition, the attorney general may bring an action on behalf of the people of the state of New York to enjoin acts in violation of this section and to recover any civil penalties unless civil penalties have been previously recovered in such administrative proceedings.
- b. Any enforcement officer as defined in section thirteen hundred ninety-nine-t of the public health law shall have the power to impose upon any retail dealer the civil penalties authorized by subdivision five of this section, following a hearing conducted in the same manner as hearings conducted under article thirteen-E of the public health law.
- c. To enforce the provisions of this section, the commissioner of taxation and finance and the secretary of state, or their duly authorized representatives, are hereby authorized to examine the books, papers, invoices and other records of any person in possession, control or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, stored, sold or offered for sale, as well as the stock of cigarettes in any such premises. Every person in the possession, control or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, sold or offered for sale, is hereby directed and required to give the commissioner of taxation and finance and the secretary of state, and their duly authorized representatives, the means, facilities and opportunity for such examinations as are herein provided for and required.
- d. Whenever any police officer designated in section 1.20 of the criminal procedure law shall discover any cigarettes which have not been marked in the manner required by subdivision six of this section, such officer is hereby authorized and empowered to seize and take possession of such cigarettes. Such seized cigarettes shall be turned over to the commissioner of taxation and finance, and shall be forfeited to the state. Cigarettes seized pursuant to this section shall be destroyed.
- e. The secretary of state and the commissioner of taxation and finance are hereby authorized and directed to promulgate such regulations as are deemed necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- § 57. Subdivision 2 of section 91-a of the general municipal law, as added by chapter 583 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Where an investigative unit formed by this section has investigated a fire and such fire is suspected to have been ignited by a cigarette and not caused by arson, the investigative unit shall forward to the office of fire prevention and control and the secretary of state within fourteen days of completing the investigation into such fire information detailing, to the extent possible: (a) the specific brand and style of the cigarette suspected of having ignited such fire; (b) whether the cigarette package was marked as required by subdivision six of section

[one hundred fifty-six-c] one hundred-c of the executive law; and (c) the location and manner in which such cigarette was purchased.

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§ 58. Section 204-d of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 583 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

§ 204-d. Duties of the fire chief. The fire chief of any fire department or company shall, in addition to any other duties assigned to him by law or contract, to the extent reasonably possible determine or cause to be determined the cause of each fire or explosion which the fire department or company has been called to suppress. He shall file with the office of fire prevention and control [of the department of state] a report containing such determination and any additional information required by such office regarding the fire or explosion. The report shall be in the form designated by such office. He shall contact or cause to be contacted the appropriate investigatory authority if he has reason to believe the fire or explosion is of incendiary or suspicious origin. For all fires that are suspected to have been ignited by a cigarette, within fourteen days after completing the investigation into such fire, the fire chief shall forward to the office of fire prevention and control information detailing, to the extent possible: (a) the specific brand and style of the cigarette suspected of having ignited such fire; (b) whether the cigarette package was marked as required by subdivision six of section [one hundred fifty-six-c] one hundred-c of the executive law; and (c) the location and manner in which such cigarette was purchased.

§ 59. Subdivision 2-a of section 480-b of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part MM-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

2-a. An agent may not affix, or cause to be affixed, a New York state cigarette tax stamp to a package of cigarettes unless: (a) the cigarettes have been certified by the manufacturer if certification is required under subdivision three of section [one hundred fifty-six-c] one hundred-c of the executive law; and (b) the package has been marked in such manner as may be required by subdivision six of section [one hundred fifty-six-c] one hundred-c of the executive law.

This act shall take effect on April 1, 2010; provided however that section eleven of this act shall take effect one year after it shall have become a law; and provided further that sections forty-one and forty-two of this act shall take effect on April 1, 2010 so long as nothing in this act may adversely affect any state agency from distributing funds to political subdivisions of the state in a like manner as the year prior; provided, however, that if anything in this act adversely affects any state agency from distributing funds to political subdivisions of this state in a like manner as the year prior then sections forty-one and forty-two of this act shall take effect upon the cessation of such adverse affects, provided that the director of the division of the budget shall notify the legislative bill drafting commission upon the cessation of such adverse affects provided for in this section in order that the commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public officers law; provided however that section fifty-three of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as section 3 of chapter 490 of the laws of 2009, takes effect; and provided further that agencies are hereby authorized to promulgate and establish any rules and regulations that are necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date.

1 PART C

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2 Section 1. Section 837 of the executive law is amended by adding a new 3 subdivision 19 to read as follows:

- 19. (a) Promulgate rules and regulations which establish:
- (i) procedures to review and approve rape crisis programs that provide training to rape crisis counselors as defined in section forty-five hundred ten of the civil practice law and rules;
 - (ii) minimum training standards for rape crisis counselors;
- 9 (iii) procedures to enable approved rape crisis programs to certify
 10 current and future rape crisis counselors, including volunteer counse11 lors, provided such rape crisis counselors have met the minimum training
 12 standards as set forth in this subdivision; and
 - (iv) procedures to periodically review approved training programs to assure they continue to satisfy established standards.
 - (b) Rape crisis programs approved by the division shall provide training programs consisting of at least thirty hours of pre-service training and within the first year of service at least ten hours of in-service training for rape crisis counselors. This training shall include but not be limited to, instruction on the following:
 - (i) the dynamics of sexual offenses, sexual abuses or incest;
 - (ii) crisis intervention techniques;
 - (iii) client-counselor confidentiality requirements;
- 23 (iv) communication skills and intervention techniques;
 - (v) an overview of the state criminal justice system;
- 25 <u>(vi) an update and review of state laws on sexual offenses, sexual</u> 26 <u>abuse or incest;</u>
 - (vii) the availability of state and community resources for clients;
 - (viii) working with a diverse population;
 - (ix) an overview of child abuse and maltreatment identification and reporting responsibilities; and
- 31 (x) information on the availability of medical and legal assistance 32 for such clients.
 - (c) The division shall provide technical assistance to approved rape crisis programs to implement training programs in accordance with the minimum standards set forth in this subdivision.
 - § 2. The executive law is amended by adding a new article 36-B to read as follows:

ARTICLE 36-B

RAPE CRISIS INTERVENTION AND PREVENTION PROGRAM

- 40 Section 846-n. Short title.
 - 846-o. Definitions.
 - 846-p. Authorization of programs.
 - 846-q. Technical assistance.
 - 846-r. Evaluation and reports.
 - 846-s. Assistance of other agencies.
 - § 846-n. Short title. This article shall be known and may be cited as the "rape crisis intervention and prevention act".
 - § 846-o. Definitions. As used in this article the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - 1. "Division" means the division of criminal justice services.
- 2. "Rape crisis intervention and prevention program" means any program which has been approved by the division offering counseling and assist-
- 53 ance to clients concerning sex offenses, sexual abuse, or incest.

- 3. "Community support system" means a system of service providers in a community designed to meet the needs of a victim of a sex offense, sexual abuse or incest.
- 4 <u>4. "Comprehensive services" means hotline, counseling, community</u> 5 prevention, recruitment and training programs, accompaniment services, 6 and referral.

- 5. "Counseling" means individual communication and interaction which helps the client make choices and act upon those choices, provided to a client concerning any sex offense, sexual abuse, incest, or attempt to commit a sex offense, sexual abuse, or incest.
- 6. "Client" means any person seeking or receiving the services of a rape crisis counselor for the purpose of securing counseling or assistance concerning any sex offense, sexual abuse, incest, or attempt to commit a sex offense, sexual abuse, or incest.
- 7. "Hotline" means twenty-four-hour access to rape crisis intervention and prevention services, including telephone hotline and telephone counseling capabilities.
- 8. "Community prevention" means public education projects designed to encourage victim use of rape crisis intervention services, educating the general public about the availability and significance of rape crisis intervention services, providing sex offense, sexual abuse or incest prevention and personal safety information, providing other education programs which sensitize service providers and the general public about the nature of sex offenses, sexual abuse or incest and the needs of survivors of a sex offense, sexual abuse or incest. "Community prevention" also means and includes public education projects designed to teach the general public about the problem of acquaintance rape, including but not limited to:
- (a) the importance of promptly respecting the decision of another person not to engage in sexual conduct; and
- (b) the right of every individual to make such a decision and have it respected.
- 9. "Recruitment and training programs" means programs designed to recruit and train staff or volunteers in a rape crisis intervention and prevention program as well as training or education to other agencies participating in a community support system.
- 10. "Accompaniment services" means services that assure the presence of a trained rape crisis worker to assist and support the client, at hospitals, law enforcement agencies, district attorneys' offices, courts and other agencies.
- 11. "Referral" means referral to and assistance with medical services and services of criminal justice agencies, mental health agencies, or other entities providing related services.
- § 846-p. Authorization of programs. 1. The division is hereby authorized to contract, within amounts appropriated, for the provision of rape crisis intervention and prevention programs as provided herein. Rules, regulations and guidelines as shall be necessary or appropriate to assure successful implementation of this program shall be promulgated by the division.
- 50 <u>2. Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit a program, with</u>
 51 <u>the approval of the division, from subcontracting for, or otherwise</u>
 52 <u>ensuring that the required services are available.</u>
- § 846-q. Technical assistance. The division shall provide or arrange to provide technical assistance as requested and necessary to programs to develop appropriate services, train staff, and improve coordination

with other appropriate support services, the criminal justice system and other appropriate officials and services.

- § 846-r. Evaluation and reports. To the extent resources are available, the division shall undertake a comprehensive evaluation of each program periodically and in addition shall monitor each program's compliance with the requirements of this article. The evaluation shall measure uniform indicators of program operation and effectiveness.
- § 846-s. Assistance of other agencies. To effectuate the purposes of this article, the division may request from any department, board, bureau, commission or other agency of the state, and the same are authorized to provide such assistance, services and data as will enable the division to assure that the provisions and intent of this article are carried out.
- § 3. Subdivision (a) of section 4510 of the civil practice law and rules, as added by chapter 432 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Definitions. When used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- 1. "Rape crisis program" means any office, institution or center which has been approved pursuant to subdivision [fifteen of section two hundred six of the public health] <u>nineteen of section eight hundred thirty-seven of the executive</u> law, offering counseling and assistance to clients concerning sexual offenses, sexual abuses or incest.
- 2. "Rape crisis counselor" means any person who has been certified by an approved rape crisis program as having satisfied the training standards specified in subdivision [fifteen of section two hundred six of the public health] nineteen of section eight hundred thirty-seven of the executive law, and who, regardless of compensation, is acting under the direction and supervision of an approved rape crisis program.
- 3. "Client" means any person who is seeking or receiving the services of a rape crisis counselor for the purpose of securing counseling or assistance concerning any sexual offenses, sexual abuse, incest or attempts to commit sexual offenses, sexual abuse, or incest, as defined in the penal law.
- § 4. Subdivision 15 of section 206 of the public health law, as added by chapter 432 of the laws of 1993, is REPEALED.
 - § 5. Article 6-A of the public health law is REPEALED.
- § 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010; provided, however, the rape crisis programs approved by the department of health prior to the effective date of this act shall remain certified unless such approval is terminated pursuant to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section three of this act and that rape crisis counselors certified by such programs shall remain certified for purposes of section 4510 of the civil practice law and rules; and provided further that the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services is authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act prior to such effective date.

49 PART D

- 50 Section 1. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 2 of section 390.20 51 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 413 of the laws of 52 1991, are amended to read as follows:
- 53 (b) A sentence of imprisonment for a term in excess of [ninety] <u>one</u> 54 <u>hundred eighty</u> days;

(c) Consecutive sentences of imprisonment with terms aggregating more than [ninety] one hundred eighty days.

 § 2. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 720.20 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 652 of the laws of 1974, is amended to read as follows:

Upon <u>felony</u> conviction of an eligible youth, the court must order a pre-sentence investigation [of the defendant] <u>and may not determine</u> youthful offender status and pronounce sentence unless it has received a written report of the investigation. Upon misdemeanor conviction of an eligible youth and where paragraph (b) of this subdivision applies, the court may not pronounce a sentence of probation or a sentence of imprisonment in excess of one hundred eighty days or consecutive sentences of imprisonment aggregating in excess of one hundred eighty days unless it has ordered a pre-sentence investigation and received a written report of the investigation. [After receipt of a written report of the investigation and at] At the time of pronouncing sentence the court must determine whether or not the eligible youth is a youthful offender. Such determination shall be in accordance with the following criteria:

§ 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 6 of section 390.50 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 866 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

Professional licensing agencies. Probation departments shall provide a copy of presentence reports prepared in the case of individuals who are known to be licensed pursuant to title eight of the education law to the state department of health if the licensee is a physician, a specialist's assistant or a physician's assistant, and to the state education department with respect to all other such licensees. Such reports shall be accumulated and forwarded every three months, shall be in writing, may be submitted in a hard copy or electronically, and shall contain the following information:

- § 4. Subdivision 30 of section 1.20 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 265 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows:
- 30. "Bench warrant" means a process of a criminal court in which a criminal action is pending, directing a police officer, or a uniformed court officer, pursuant to paragraph [b] (b) of subdivision two of section 530.70 of this chapter, to take into custody a defendant in such action who has previously been arraigned upon the accusatory instrument by which the action was commenced, and to bring him or her before such The function of a bench warrant is to achieve the court appearance of a defendant in a pending criminal action for some purpose other than his initial arraignment in the action. The term shall also include a process in which a criminal proceeding is pending or imminent, directing a probation officer or police officer pursuant to subdivision two of section 410.40 of this chapter or pursuant to subdivision two or six of section 530.70 of this chapter, to take into custody an individual under probation supervision and to bring him or her before the court. For purposes of this definition, any warrant issued upon reasonable grounds to believe that such an individual has violated a condition of his or her term of release under probation supervision or failed to appear in connection with the violation of probation action shall be recognized as a bench warrant and construed as a probation warrant for purposes of subdivision two of section two hundred twenty-one of the executive law.
- § 5. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 410.92 of the criminal procedure law, subdivision 1 as added by chapter 377 of the laws of 2007 and

subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 16 of the laws of 2008, are amended to read as follows:

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- 1. The division of [probation and correctional alternatives] <u>criminal justice services</u> shall [establish a pilot project to] implement the provisions of this section. [Such pilot project shall be established in four counties designated by the division of probation and correctional alternatives provided that each such county shall be in a distinct region of the state outside of the city of New York.] The [state director of probation and correctional alternatives] <u>commissioner of the division of criminal justice services</u> shall have the power to adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section.
- 13 2. A person under probation supervision for conviction of a sex 14 offense or a sexually violent offense, as such terms are defined by subdivision two or three of section one hundred sixty-eight-a of the 16 correction law, [or] a family offense as defined in subdivision one of 17 section 530.11 of this chapter, conviction of a crime defined in section one hundred sixty-eight-t of the correction law, or conviction of crimi-18 19 nal contempt in the first degree or aggravated criminal contempt as 20 defined in sections 215.51 and 215.52 of the penal law, where the 21 conduct underlying such criminal contempt conviction is related to a sex offense, a sexually violent offense, a family offense, or a crime 23 defined in section one hundred sixty-eight-t of the correction law, who has been taken into custody pursuant to section 410.40 or section 410.50 25 of this article in a county designated pursuant to subdivision one of this section for violation of a condition of a sentence of probation 26 27 must forthwith be brought before the court that imposed the sentence. Where the court that imposed sentence is a local criminal court and no 29 judge from that court is available, and such person has been taken into custody pursuant to subdivision four of section 410.50 of this article, 30 such person shall be brought before any available alternative court as 31 described in subdivision five of section 120.90 of this chapter. Where 32 33 the court that imposed the sentence is a superior court and no judge from that court is available, such person shall be brought before any available local criminal court in the same county. When no such alterna-35 36 tive court is available, the probation officer shall report such fact 37 and such efforts to locate an available alternative court to the direc-38 tor or deputy director of the local probation department, and thereupon 39 a warrant may be issued by such director or deputy director for the 40 temporary detention of such person upon that official's determination 41 that a public safety risk requires that the probationer be immediately 42 taken into custody. A warrant issued pursuant to this subdivision shall constitute sufficient authority to the superintendent or other person in 44 charge of any jail, penitentiary, lockup or detention pen to whom it is 45 delivered to hold in temporary detention the person named therein. During such period of temporary detention, a warrant issued pursuant to 47 this subdivision shall have the same effect as a warrant issued by a court pursuant to subdivision two of section 410.40 of this article. 48
- 49 § 6. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new section 50 570.51 to read as follows:
- 51 § 570.51 Pre-signed waiver of extradition.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a law enforcement agency in the state of New York holding a person who is alleged to have violated the terms or conditions of his or her probation, parole, bail or any other release in the demanding state shall immediately deliver



that person to the duly authorized agent of the demanding state without the requirement of a governor's warrant if the following apply:

- 3 1. the person has previously signed a written waiver of extradition 4 as a term of his or her current probation, parole, bail or other release 5 in the demanding state;
 - 2. the law enforcement agency holding the person has received an authenticated copy of the written waiver of extradition previously signed by the person and photographs or fingerprints or other evidence properly identifying the person as the person who signed the waiver; and 3. all open criminal charges in the state of New York have been disposed of through trial and sentencing.
 - § 7. Section 60.27 of the penal law is amended by adding a new subdivision 14 to read as follows:
 - 14. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of the appropriate district attorney, that an order of restitution that is part of any disposition does not include an amount owed to a victim, does not reflect the amount which was imposed by the court or agreed to by all parties, as the case may be, or is contrary to applicable law, it shall be his or her duty to immediately move to set aside such sentence pursuant to section 440.40 of the criminal procedure law.
 - (b) Where a transfer of probation has occurred pursuant to section 410.80 of the criminal procedure law and the probationer is subject to a restitution condition, the department of probation in the county in which the order of restitution was imposed shall notify the appropriate district attorney. Upon notification by the department of probation, such district attorney shall file a certified copy of the judgment with the clerk of the county in the receiving jurisdiction for purposes of establishing a first lien and to permit institution of civil proceedings pursuant to the provisions of subdivision six of section 420.10 of the criminal procedure law.
 - § 8. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 65.10 of the penal law is amended to read as follows:
 - (b) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court unless granted permission to leave by the court or the probation officer[; and]. Where a defendant is granted permission to move or travel outside the jurisdiction of the court, the defendant shall sign a written waiver of extradition agreeing to waive extradition proceedings and not to contest any effort by any jurisdiction to return the defendant to this state. Where any county or the city of New York incurs costs associated with the return of any probationer, the jurisdiction may collect the expenses involved in connection with his or her return, from the probationer.
 - § 9. Section 4 of chapter 377 of the laws of 2007, amending the correction law and the criminal procedure law relating to establishing a probation detainer warrant pilot project, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be deemed repealed March 31, [2010] 2013.
 - § 10. The section heading and subdivisions 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 246 of the executive law, the section heading and subdivisions 2 and 4 as added by chapter 479 of the laws of 1970, subdivisions 1 and 3 as amended by chapter 134 of the laws of 1985, and the second undesignated paragraph of subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 55 of the laws of 1992, are amended to read as follows:
- 54 State [reimbursement] <u>aid</u> for probation services. 1. The program of 55 state aid to county probation services shall be [continued. It shall be] 56 administered by the division of [probation and correctional alterna-



tives] <u>criminal justice services</u> with the advice of the [state probation commission] <u>director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives</u>. Funds appropriated to the division for distribution as state aid to county probation services and to the probation services of New York city shall be distributed by the division in accordance with [the provisions of this section, and] rules <u>and regulations</u> adopted by the [director] <u>commissioner of the division of criminal justice services</u> after consultation with the [state probation commission] <u>director of the</u> office of probation and correctional alternatives.

2. State aid shall be granted to the city of New York and the respective counties outside the city of New York [only to the extent of reimbursing fifty per centum of the approved] for expenditures to be incurred by the county or city in maintaining and improving local probation services subject to amounts appropriated for this purpose. [It] State aid grants shall not [include] be used for expenditures for capital additions or improvements, or for debt service costs for capital improvements.

State aid shall be granted by the [director] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services after consultation with the [state probation commission] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives, provided the respective counties or the city of New York conform to standards relating to the administration of probation services as adopted by the [director] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services after consultation with the [state probation commission] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives.

- Applications from counties or the city of New York for state aid under this section shall be made by filing with the division of [probation and correctional alternatives] criminal justice services, a detailed plan, including cost estimates covering probation services for the fiscal year or portion thereof for which aid is requested. Included in such estimates shall be clerical costs and maintenance and operation costs as well as salaries of probation personnel and such other pertinent information as the [director] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services may require. Items for which [reimbursement] state aid is requested under this section shall be duly designated in the estimates submitted. The [director] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, after consultation with the [state probation commission] director of the office of probation and correctional alternatives, shall approve such plan if it conforms to standards relating to the administration of probation services as specified in the rules adopted by him or her.
- 4. An approved plan and compliance with standards relating to the administration of probation services promulgated by the [director] commissioner of the division of criminal justice services shall be a prerequisite to eligibility for [reimbursement] state aid. [At the end of each quarter, each county outside the city of New York approved as eligible for reimbursement under this section, and the city of New York if approved as eligible for reimbursement under this section, shall submit to the division, in such form as the director requires, a verified accounting of all expenditures made by the county, or the city of New York, in providing probation services. Such accounting shall designate those items for which reimbursement is claimed, and shall be presented together with a claim for reimbursement.

In submitting a claim for reimbursement each] The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services may take into consideration grant-



1 ing additional state aid from an appropriation made for state aid for county probation services for counties or the city of New York when a county or the city of New York demonstrates that additional probation services were dedicated to intensive supervision programs, intensive programs for sex offenders or programs defined as juvenile risk inter-6 vention services. The administration of such additional grants shall be 7 made according to rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner the division of criminal justice services. Each county and the city 9 of New York shall certify the total amount collected pursuant to section two hundred fifty-seven-c of this chapter [during the period for which 10 11 such reimbursement is claimed]. The [director] commissioner of the divi-12 sion of criminal justice services shall thereupon certify to the comp-13 troller for payment by the state out of funds appropriated for that 14 purpose, the amount to which the county or the city of New York shall be 15 entitled under this section.

§ 11. The second undesignated paragraph of subdivision 4 of section 246 of the executive law, as added by chapter 479 of the laws of 1970, is amended to read as follows:

The [director] <u>commissioner of the division of criminal justice</u> <u>services</u> shall thereupon certify to the comptroller for payment by the state out of funds appropriated for that purpose, the amount to which the county or the city of New York shall be entitled under this section.

- § 12. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that:
- (a) sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, and eight of this act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law;
- (b) the provisions of section nine of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on or after March 31, 2010;
- (c) the amendments to subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 410.92 of the criminal procedure law made by section five of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith; and
- (d) the amendments to the second undesignated paragraph of subdivision 4 of section 246 of the executive law made by section ten of this act shall not affect the expiration and reversion of such undesignated paragraph and shall expire therewith when upon such date the provisions of section eleven of this act shall take effect.

37 PART E

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38 Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding two new sections 39 837-s and 837-t to read as follows:

§ 837-s. Office of indigent defense. 1. There is hereby created within the division the office of indigent defense, hereinafter in this section referred to as "the office". The office shall operate under the administrative supervision of the division and employees of the office shall abide by all administrative policies, procedures, and regulations of the division; provided that the office shall function independently of the division regarding the establishment of policy and standards for the provision of indigent defense services and shall report directly to the indigent defense board established pursuant to section eight hundred thirty-seven-t of this article regarding the establishment of policy and standards for the provision of indigent defense services.

2. (a) The governor shall appoint a director of the office who shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. The person appointed as director shall, upon his or her appointment, have been admitted to practice law

in the state of New York and shall have not less than five years professional experience in the area of indigent defense.

- (b) The commissioner, in consultation with the director, shall appoint employees and perform such other functions to ensure the efficient operation of the office within the amounts made available therefor by appropriation.
- 3. Duties and responsibilities. The office shall, in consultation with the indigent defense board, have the following duties and responsibilities:
- (a) To examine and evaluate indigent defense services provided to indigent criminal defendants in each county;
- (b) To collect information and data regarding the provision of indigent defense services including, but not limited to:
- (i) the types and combinations of defender systems now being utilized in each county;
 - (ii) the existing public defender salary scale statewide;
- (iii) the actual yearly caseloads of attorneys providing services to indigent criminal defendants as public defenders, legal aid attorneys or pursuant to any other city or county plan for representation placed in operation pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law;
- (iv) how the yearly caseloads of indigent defense counsel compare with the yearly caseloads of prosecutors in each county;
- (v) disposition rates, including whether by dismissal of charges, plea or trial, of public defense attorneys acting under each type of indigent defense plan;
- (vi) the average number of attorney hours currently being spent in each county to defend against different types of criminal charges;
- (vii) actual expenditures currently being made in each county on criminal defense and prosecution services;
- (viii) the funds currently being spent on criminal defense and prosecution services, and the amount being spent on ancillary services, such as investigators, support staff, social workers, and expert witnesses;
- (ix) the standards and criteria used in each county to determine whether a criminal defendant is eligible to receive public defense services; and
- (x) the standards and criteria used in each county to determine whether an attorney is qualified to provide services as a public defender, a legal aid attorney or pursuant to any other city or county plan for representation placed in operation pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law, including as assigned counsel on a case by case basis;
- (c) To analyze and evaluate the collected data, and undertake any necessary research and studies, in order to consider and recommend measures to enhance the provision of defense services to indigent defendants and to ensure that indigent criminal defendants are provided with constitutionally effective representation in a manner that is fiscally responsible for counties and the state, which may include but not be limited to: establishing a definition of indigency and uniform standards and procedures to guide courts in determining whether a defendant is eligible for indigent defense services; and establishing standards, criteria and a process for qualifying attorneys to provide defense services to indigent criminal defendants;
- 52 (d) To develop recommendations to improve the delivery of defense 53 services statewide in a manner that is consistent with the needs of the 54 counties, the efficiency and adequacy of the indigent defense plan oper-55 ated in the counties and the quality of representation offered, which 56 may include the distribution of grants pursuant to specified criteria;

(e) To develop recommendations regarding the distribution of any monies appropriated for indigent defense services, including but not limited to monies from the indigent legal services fund, for consideration by the indigent defense board;

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- (f) To investigate and monitor any other matter related to indigent defense services that the executive director deems important;
- (g) To request and receive from any department, division, board, bureau, commission or other agency of the state or any political subdivision thereof or any public authority such assistance, information and data as will enable the office properly to carry out its functions, powers and duties;
- (h) To present findings and make recommendations for consideration by the indigent defense board as established pursuant to section eight hundred thirty-seven-t of this article; and
- (i) to execute decisions of the indigent defense board established pursuant to section eight hundred thirty-seven-t of this article, including the distribution of funds.
- § 837-t. Indigent defense board. 1. There is hereby created within the division the indigent defense board, hereinafter referred to in this section as the board, which shall consist of nine members who shall be appointed as follows:
- (a) one shall be the chief judge of the court of appeals, who shall be the chair of the board;
- (b) one shall be appointed by the governor on recommendation of the temporary president of the senate;
- (c) one shall be appointed by the governor on recommendation of the speaker of the assembly;
- (d) one shall be appointed by the governor from a list of at least four nominees submitted by the New York state bar association;
- (e) two shall be appointed by the governor from a list of at least four nominees submitted by the New York state association of counties;
- (f) one shall be appointed by the governor and shall be an attorney who has provided indigent defense services as an employee of a public defender's office for at least five years; and
 - (g) two shall be appointed by the governor.
- 2. All members of the board shall be appointed for terms of two years, such terms to commence on April first, and expire on March thirty-first, except the chief judge of the court of appeals who shall serve ex officio. Any member chosen to fill a vacancy created otherwise than by expiration of term shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member whom he or she is to succeed. Vacancies caused by expiration of a term or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. Any member may be reappointed for additional terms.
- 3. Membership on the board shall not constitute the holding of an office, and members of the board shall not be required to take and file oaths of office before serving on the board. The board shall not have the right to exercise any portion of the sovereign power of the state.
- 4. The board shall meet at least four times in each year. Special 48 49 meetings may be called by the chair and shall be called by the chair 50 upon the written request of five members of the board. The board may 51 establish its own procedures with respect to the conduct of its meetings and other affairs; provided, however, that the quorum and majority 53 provisions of section forty-one of the general construction law shall
- 54 govern all actions taken by the board.

- 5. The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their functions hereunder.
 - 6. No member of the board shall be disqualified from holding any public office or employment, nor shall he or she forfeit any such office or employment, by reason of his or her appointment hereunder, notwithstanding the provisions of any general, special or local law, ordinance or city charter.

- 7. The board shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
- (a) To evaluate existing indigent defense programs and determine the type of indigent defense services that should be provided in New York state to best serve the interests of indigent defendants;
- (b) To consult with and advise the office of indigent defense in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of such office;
- (c) To accept, reject or modify recommendations made by the office of indigent defense regarding the allocation of funds from the indigent legal services fund and the awarding of grants, including incentive grants; and
- (d) To advise the governor and legislature and make recommendations regarding the provision of indigent defense services in New York state.
- § 2. Section 98-b of the state finance law, as added by section 12 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, subdivision 3 as amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2004 and paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 as amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 56 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- § 98-b. Indigent legal services fund. 1. There is hereby established in the joint custody of the comptroller and the commissioner of taxation and finance a special fund to be known as the indigent legal services fund.
- 2. Such fund shall consist of all moneys appropriated for the purpose of such fund, all other moneys required to be paid into or credited to such fund, and all moneys received by the fund or donated to it.
- 3. (a) [As provided in this subdivision, moneys received by the indigent legal services fund each calendar year from January first through December thirty-first shall be made available by the state comptroller in the immediately succeeding calendar year to (i) assist counties and, in the case of a county wholly contained within a city, such city, in providing legal representation for persons who are financially unable to afford counsel pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law; and (ii) assist the state, in funding representation provided by assigned counsel paid in accordance with section thirty-five of the judiciary law. Moneys from the fund shall be distributed at the direction of the state comptroller in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision.
- (b) (i) Commencing on March thirty-first, two thousand five, moneys from such fund shall first be made available, in the calendar year next succeeding the calendar year in which collected, to reimburse the state for payments, made in the previous calendar year, for] The office of court administration may expend a portion of the funds available in the indigent legal services fund to support assigned counsel paid in accordance with section thirty-five of the judiciary law, up to an annual sum of twenty-five million dollars.
- [(ii) Commencing with the payment on April first, two thousand five or as soon thereafter as practicable, and subsequent quarterly payments thereafter, moneys from such fund shall be available to reimburse the state for providing funding for legal representation in periods and at rates of compensation in effect after January first, two thousand four

in accordance with section thirty-five of the judiciary law, in an amount equal to such funding provided during the preceding quarter, less the amount of funding provided during that quarter in accordance with such section at rates of compensation in effect immediately prior to January first, two thousand four, up to but not exceeding six million two hundred fifty thousand dollars per quarter.

- (c) The balance of moneys received by such fund shall be distributed by the state comptroller, in the calendar year next succeeding the calendar year in which collected, to counties and, in the case of a county wholly contained within a city, such city, to assist such counties and such city in providing representation pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law. The amount to be made available each year to such counties and such city shall be calculated by the state comptroller as follows:
- (i) The county executive or chief executive officer of each county or, in the case of a county wholly contained within a city, such city shall, in accordance with subdivision two of section seven hundred twenty-two-f of the county law, certify to the state comptroller, by March first of each year, the total expenditure of local funds by each such county or city, during the period January first through December thirty-first of the previous calendar year, for providing legal representation to persons who were financially unable to afford counsel, pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law.
- (ii) The state comptroller shall then total the amount of local funds expended by all such counties and such city to determine the sum of such moneys expended by all such counties and such city for providing such representation in such calendar year.
- (iii) The state comptroller shall then calculate the percentage share of the statewide sum of such expenditures for each county and such city for such calendar year.
 - (iv) The state comptroller shall then determine:

- (A) the fund amount available to be distributed pursuant to this paragraph, which shall be the amount received by the indigent legal services fund in the immediately preceding calendar year, minus the amount to be distributed to the state under paragraph (b) of this subdivision provided, however, that with respect to the first payment made to counties and such city on March thirty-first, two thousand five, such payment shall be made from the amounts received by the indigent legal services fund in the immediately preceding two calendar years, minus the amount to be distributed to the state under paragraph (b) of this subdivision; and
- (B) the annual payment amount to be paid to each county and such city pursuant to this subdivision, which shall be the product of the percentage share of statewide local funds expended by each such county and city, as determined pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, multiplied by the fund amount available for distribution, as determined pursuant to clause (A) of this subparagraph.]
- (b) An annual sum of forty million dollars shall be available to the city of New York for the provision of indigent defense services.
- (c) Remaining moneys received by the indigent legal services fund shall be distributed in accordance with sections eight hundred thirty-seven-s and eight hundred thirty-seven-t of the executive law within amounts appropriated therein.
- (d) All payments from this account shall be made upon vouchers approved and certified and upon audit and warrant of the state comptroller. The state comptroller shall, as soon as practicable, make such



payments to the state and each county and each city in a lump sum payment.

[4. Maintenance of effort. (a) As used in this section, "local funds" shall mean all funds appropriated or allocated by a county or, in the case of a county wholly contained within a city, such city, for services and expenses in accordance with article eighteen-B of the county law, other than funds received from: (i) the federal government or the state; or (ii) a private source, where such city or county does not have authority or control over the payment of such funds by such private source.

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- (b) State funds received by a county or city pursuant to subdivision three of this section shall be used to supplement and not supplant any local funds which such county or city would otherwise have had to expend for the provision of counsel and expert, investigative and other services pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law. All such state funds received by a county or city shall be used to improve the quality of services provided pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, as a precondition for receiving state assistance pursuant to subdivision three of this section, a county or city shall be required pursuant to this paragraph to demonstrate compliance with the maintenance of effort provisions of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. Such compliance shall be shown as a part of the annual report submitted by the county or city in accordance with subdivision two of section seven hundred twenty-two-f of the county law. Such maintenance of effort shall be shown by demonstrating with specificity:
- (i) that the total amount of local funds expended for services and expenses pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law during the applicable calendar year reporting period did not decrease from the amount of such local funds expended during the previous calendar year provided, however, that with respect to the report filed in two thousand six regarding calendar year two thousand five, such maintenance of effort shall be shown by demonstrating with specificity that the total amount of local funds expended for services and expenses pursuant to article eighteen-B of the county law during the two thousand five calendar year did not decrease from the amount of such local funds expended during calendar year two thousand two; or
- (ii) where the amount of local funds expended for such services decreased over such period, that all state funds received during the most recent state fiscal year pursuant to subdivision three of this section were used to assure an improvement in the quality of services provided in accordance with article eighteen-B of the county law and have not been used to supplant local funds. For purposes of this subparagraph, whether there has been an improvement in the quality of such services shall be determined by considering the expertise, training and resources made available to attorneys, experts and investigators providing such services; the total caseload handled by such attorneys, experts and investigators as such relates to the time expended in each case and the quality of services provided; the system by which attorneys were matched to cases with a degree of complexity suitable to each attorney's training and experience; the provision of timely and confidential access to such attorneys and expert and investigative services; and any other similar factors related to the delivery of quality public defense services.]



1 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 2 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010.

3 PART F

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Section 1. Section 716 of the county law, as amended by chapter 714 of the laws of 1966, is amended to read as follows:

§ 716. Public defender and conflict defender; appointment; term; other employees. 1. The board of supervisors of any county may create an office of public defender, or may authorize a contract between its county and one or more other such counties to create an office of public defender to serve such counties. A city may create an office of public defender in any county wholly contained within its borders and such city shall possess with respect to such office all the powers conferred upon a board of supervisors by the provisions of this article. The board or boards of supervisors may designate an attorney-at-law as public defender and shall fix his or her term and compensation. Subject to the approval of such board or boards, the public defender may appoint as many assistant attorneys, clerks, investigators, stenographers and other employees as he or she may deem necessary and as shall be authorized by such board or boards. The public defender shall fix the compensation of such aides and assistants within the amounts such board or boards may appropriate for such purposes. Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the creation of county offices, where the board of supervisors of any county has established an office of public defender by resolution, and thereafter such office is created by local law, such local law may authorize the payment of compensation and other expenses incurred in the operation of said office retroactive to the date of the adoption of said resolution.

2. The board of supervisors of any county which has created the office of public defender, may create an office of conflict defender independent from the public defender's office, or may authorize a contract between its county and one or more other such counties to create such office of conflict defender to serve such counties. A city which has created the office of public defender may create such office of conflict defender in any county wholly contained within its borders and such city shall possess with respect to such office all the powers conferred upon a board of supervisors by the provisions of this article. The board or boards of supervisors may designate an attorney-at-law duly licensed to practice in the state of New York as conflict defender and shall fix his or her term and compensation. Subject to the approval of such board or boards, the conflict defender may appoint as many assistant attorneys, clerks, investigators, stenographers and other employees as he or she may deem necessary and as shall be authorized by such board or boards. The conflict defender shall fix the compensation of such aides and assistants within the amounts such board or boards may appropriate for such purposes. Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the creation of county offices, where the board of supervisors of any county has established an office of conflict defender by resolution, and thereafter such office is created by local law, such local law may authorize the payment of compensation and other expenses incurred in the operation of said office retroactive to the date of the adoption of said resolution.

§ 2. Section 717 of the county law, as amended by chapter 682 of the laws of 1975 and subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 453 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:



- § 717. Public defender and conflict defender; duties. 1. The public defender shall represent, without charge, at the request of the defendant, or by order of the court with the consent of the defendant, each indigent defendant who is charged with a crime as defined in section seven hundred twenty-two-a of [the county law] this chapter in the county or counties in which such public defender serves. When representing an indigent defendant, the public defender shall counsel and represent him or her at every stage of the proceedings following arrest, shall initiate such proceedings as in his or her judgment are necessary to protect the rights of the accused, and may, in his or her discretion, prosecute any appeal, if in his or her judgment the facts and circumstances warrant such appeal.
- 2. The public defender shall also represent, without charge, in a proceeding in family court or surrogate's court in the county or counties where such public defender serves, any person entitled to counsel pursuant to section two hundred sixty-two and section eleven hundred twenty of the family court act and section four hundred seven of the surrogate's court procedure act, or any person entitled to counsel pursuant to article six-C of the correction law, who is financially unable to obtain counsel. When representing such person, the public defender shall counsel and represent him or her at every stage of the proceedings, shall initiate such proceedings as in the judgment of the public defender are necessary to protect the rights of such person, and may prosecute any appeal when, in his or her judgment the facts and circumstances warrant such appeal.
- 3. (a) Whenever the public defender has been requested or assigned to undertake representation of a party or represents a party whose interests conflict with the interests of a party represented or proposed to be represented by the public defender, the conflict defender shall represent, without charge, any such person with a conflicting interest who is charged with a crime as defined in section seven hundred twenty-two-a of this chapter in the county or counties in which such conflict defender serves. When representing an indigent defendant, the conflict defender shall counsel and represent him or her at every stage of the proceedings following arrest, shall initiate such proceedings as in his or her judgment are necessary to protect the rights of the accused, and may, in his or her discretion, prosecute any appeal, if in his or her judgment the facts and circumstances warrant such appeal.
- (b) The conflict defender shall also represent such person with a conflicting interest as described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, without charge, in a proceeding in family court or surrogate's court in the county or counties where such conflict defender serves, any person entitled to counsel pursuant to section two hundred sixty-two and section eleven hundred twenty of the family court act and section four hundred seven of the surrogate's court procedure act, or any person entitled to counsel pursuant to article six-C of the correction law, who is financially unable to obtain counsel. When representing such person, the conflict defender shall counsel and represent him or her at every stage of the proceedings, shall initiate such proceedings as in the judgment of the conflict defender are necessary to protect the rights of such person, and may prosecute any appeal when, in his or her judgment the facts and circumstances warrant such appeal.
- § 4. Section 718 of the county law, as amended by chapter 682 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
- 55 § 718. Appointment of other counsel. Nothing contained herein shall 56 preclude a court on its own motion or upon application by the public

defender or conflict defender or by the indigent defendant or person described in section two hundred sixty-two or section eleven hundred twenty of the family court act, or section four hundred seven of the surrogate's court procedure act, from appointing an attorney other than the public defender or conflict defender to represent such defendant or person or to assist in the representation of such defendant or person at any stage of the proceedings or on appeal. If such attorney is appointed, he or she shall serve without compensation, unless such compensation is otherwise provided for by law.

- § 5. Section 719 of the county law, as amended by chapter 682 of the laws of 1975, is amended to read as follows:
- § 719. Expenses. If a public defender or conflict defender serves more than one county, the expenses of salaries, maintenance and operation of his or her office shall be shared by the participating counties in accordance with the provisions of the agreement establishing the office. Expenses incidental to individual cases shall be paid by the county for which the services were rendered. All expenses chargeable to a county hereunder shall be a county charge to be paid upon certification by the county treasurer out of an appropriation made for such purposes.
- 20 § 6. Section 720 of the county law, as amended by chapter 761 of the 21 laws of 1966, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 720. Annual report. The public defender and the conflict defender shall each make an annual report to the board or boards of supervisors covering all cases handled by his or her office during the preceding year.
- 26 § 7. Subdivision 1 of section 722 of the county law, as amended by 27 chapter 682 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Representation by a public defender or a conflict defender appointed pursuant to [county law] article eighteen-A of this chapter.
- 30 § 8. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, the 31 provisions of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed March 31, 32 2012.

33 PART G

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- 34 Section 1. Subdivision 7 of section 995 of the executive law, as 35 amended by chapter 2 of the laws of 2006, paragraph (a) as separately 36 amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as 37 follows:
- 38 7. "Designated offender" means a person convicted of [and sentenced 39 any [one or more of the following provisions of the penal law (a) sections 120.05, 120.10, and 120.11, relating to assault; sections 125.15 through 125.27 relating to homicide; sections 130.25, 130.30, 42 130.35, 130.40, 130.45, 130.50, 130.65, 130.67 and 130.70, relating to sex offenses; sections 205.10, 205.15, 205.17 and 205.19, relating to 43 escape and other offenses, where the offender has been convicted within 45 the previous five years of one of the other felonies specified in this subdivision; or sections 255.25, 255.26 and 255.27, relating to incest, 46 a violent felony offense as defined in subdivision one of section 70.02 of the penal law, attempted murder in the first degree, as defined in section 110.00 and section 125.27 of the penal law, kidnapping in the first degree, as defined in section 135.25 of the penal law, arson in the first degree, as defined in section 150.20 of the penal law, burglary in the third degree, as defined in section 140.20 of the penal law, attempted burglary in the third degree, as defined in section 110.00 and section 140.20 of the penal law, a felony defined in article

1 four hundred ninety of the penal law relating to terrorism or any attempt to commit an offense defined in such article relating to terrorism which is a felony; or (b) criminal possession of a controlled substance in the first degree, as defined in section 220.21 of the penal law; criminal possession of a controlled substance in the second degree, defined in section 220.18 of the penal law; criminal sale of a 7 controlled substance, as defined in article 220 of the penal law; or grand larceny in the fourth degree, as defined in subdivision five of section 155.30 of the penal law; or (c) any misdemeanor or felony defined as a sex offense or sexually violent offense pursuant to para-10 11 graph (a), (b) or (c) of subdivision two or paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section one hundred sixty-eight-a of the correction law; or (d) 13 any of the following felonies, or an attempt thereof where such attempt 14 is a felony offense:

15 aggravated assault upon a person less than eleven years old, as 16 defined in section 120.12 of the penal law; menacing in the first as defined in section 120.13 of the penal law; reckless endan-17 germent in the first degree, as defined in section 120.25 of the penal 18 19 law; stalking in the second degree, as defined in section 120.55 of the 20 penal law; criminally negligent homicide, as defined in section 125.10 21 of the penal law; vehicular manslaughter in the second degree, as 22 defined in section 125.12 of the penal law; vehicular manslaughter in 23 the first degree, as defined in section 125.13 of the penal law; persistent sexual abuse, as defined in section 130.53 of the penal law; aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree, as defined in section 130.65-a of the penal law; female genital mutilation, as defined in 27 section 130.85 of the penal law; facilitating a sex offense with a controlled substance, as defined in section 130.90 of the penal law; 29 unlawful imprisonment in the first degree, as defined in section 135.10 of the penal law; custodial interference in the first degree, as defined 30 in section 135.50 of the penal law; criminal trespass in the first 31 degree, as defined in section 140.17 of the penal law; criminal tamper-32 33 ing in the first degree, as defined in section 145.20 of the penal law; tampering with a consumer product in the first degree, as defined in 35 section 145.45 of the penal law; robbery in the third degree as defined 36 in section 160.05 of the penal law; identity theft in the second degree, 37 as defined in section 190.79 of the penal law; identity theft in the 38 first degree, as defined in section 190.80 of the penal law; promoting 39 prison contraband in the first degree, as defined in section 205.25 of 40 the penal law; tampering with a witness in the third degree, as defined 41 in section 215.11 of the penal law; tampering with a witness in the 42 second degree, as defined in section 215.12 of the penal law; tampering with a witness in the first degree, as defined in section 215.13 of the 44 penal law; criminal contempt in the first degree, as defined in subdivi-45 sions (b), (c) and (d) of section 215.51 of the penal law; aggravated criminal contempt, as defined in section 215.52 of the penal law; bail 47 jumping in the second degree, as defined in section 215.56 of the penal law; bail jumping in the first degree, as defined in section 215.57 of 48 the penal law; patronizing a prostitute in the second degree, as defined in section 230.05 of the penal law; patronizing a prostitute in the 51 first degree, as defined in section 230.06 of the penal law; promoting prostitution in the second degree, as defined in section 230.30 of the penal law; promoting prostitution in the first degree, as defined in section 230.32 of the penal law; compelling prostitution, as defined in section 230.33 of the penal law; disseminating indecent materials to minors in the second degree, as defined in section 235.21 of the penal



1 law; disseminating indecent materials to minors in the first degree, as defined in section 235.22 of the penal law; riot in the first degree, as defined in section 240.06 of the penal law; criminal anarchy, as defined in section 240.15 of the penal law; aggravated harassment of an employee by an inmate, as defined in section 240.32 of the penal law; unlawful surveillance in the second degree, as defined in section 250.45 of the 7 penal law; unlawful surveillance in the first degree, as defined in section 250.50 of the penal law; endangering the welfare of a vulnerable elderly person in the second degree, as defined in section 260.32 of the penal law; endangering the welfare of a vulnerable elderly person in the 10 11 first degree, as defined in section 260.34 of the penal law; use of 12 child in a sexual performance, as defined in section 263.05 of the penal 13 law; promoting an obscene sexual performance by a child, as defined in 14 section 263.10 of the penal law; possessing an obscene sexual perform-15 ance by a child, as defined in section 263.11 of the penal law; promoting a sexual performance by a child, as defined in section 263.15 of the 17 penal law; possessing a sexual performance by a child, as defined section 263.16 of the penal law; criminal possession of a weapon in the 18 19 third degree, as defined in section 265.02 of the penal law; criminal 20 sale of a firearm in the third degree, as defined in section 265.11 of 21 the penal law; criminal sale of a firearm to a minor, as defined in 22 section 265.16 of the penal law; unlawful wearing of a body vest, as 23 defined in section 270.20 of the penal law; hate crimes as defined in section 485.05 of the penal law; and crime of terrorism, as defined in 25 section 490.25 of the penal law; or (e) a felony defined in the penal law or an attempt thereof where such attempt is a felony; or (f) any of 26 27 the following misdemeanors: assault in the third degree as defined in 28 section 120.00 of the penal law; attempted aggravated assault upon a 29 person less than eleven years old, as defined in section 110.00 and section 120.12 of the penal law; attempted menacing in the first degree, 30 as defined in section 110.00 and section 120.13 of the penal law; menac-31 in the second degree as defined in section 120.14 of the penal law; 32 menacing in the third degree as defined in section 120.15 of the penal 33 law; reckless endangerment in the second degree as defined in section 120.20 of the penal law; stalking in the fourth degree as defined in 35 36 section 120.45 of the penal law; stalking in the third degree as defined 37 in section 120.50 of the penal law; attempted stalking in the second 38 degree, as defined in section 110.00 and section 120.55 of the penal forcible touching as defined in section 130.52 of the penal law 39 40 regardless of the age of the victim; sexual abuse in the third degree as 41 defined in section 130.55 of the penal law regardless of the age of the 42 victim; unlawful imprisonment in the second degree as defined in section 43 135.05 of the penal law regardless of the age of the victim; attempted 44 unlawful imprisonment in the first degree, as defined in section 110.00 45 and section 135.10 of the penal law regardless of the age of the victim; criminal trespass in the second degree as defined in section 140.15 of 47 the penal law; possession of burglar's tools as defined in section 140.35 of the penal law; petit larceny as defined in section 155.25 of 48 the penal law; endangering the welfare of a child as defined in section 260.10 of the penal law; endangering the welfare of an incompetent or 51 physically disabled person as defined in section 260.25] felony defined in the penal law or any misdemeanor defined in the penal law, or a 53 person adjudicated and sentenced as a youthful offender pursuant to article seven hundred twenty of the criminal procedure law for any such 54 55 misdemeanor or felony, or a person who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to article six-C of the correction law.



§ 2. Subdivision 3 of section 995-c of the executive law, as amended by chapter 576 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

- 3. (a) Any designated offender [subsequent to conviction and sentencing for a crime specified in subdivision seven of section nine hundred ninety-five of this article,] shall be required to provide a sample appropriate for DNA testing to determine identification characteristics specific to such person and to be included in a state DNA identification index pursuant to this article.
- (b) (i) In the case of a designated offender who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, such sample shall be collected by the public servant to whose custody the designated offender has been committed.
- (ii) In the case of a designated offender who is sentenced to a term of probation, including a sentence of probation imposed in conjunction with a sentence of imprisonment when a sample has not already been taken, such sample shall be collected by the probation department supervising the designated offender.
- (iii) In the case of a designated offender whose sentence does not include either a term of imprisonment or a term of probation, the court, or in the case of a person registered as a sex offender on or before the effective date of this subparagraph who has not had a DNA sample taken, the division of criminal justice services, shall order that the designated offender report to an office of the sheriff of that county, and when the designated offender does so, such sample shall be collected by the sheriff's office.
- (iv) In the case of a designated sex offender who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to article six-C of the correction law as a result of a conviction obtained in a foreign jurisdiction on or after the effective date of this subparagraph, such sample shall be collected by the probation department of the county in which the designated offender resides.
- (v) Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the collection of a DNA sample from a designated offender by any court official, state or local correction official or employee, probation officer, parole officer, police officer, peace officer, or other public servant who has been notified by the division of criminal justice services that such designated offender has not provided a DNA sample. Upon notification by the division of criminal justice services that a designated offender has not provided a DNA sample, such court official, state or local correction official or employee, probation officer, parole officer, police officer, peace officer or other public servant shall collect the DNA sample.
- § 3. Section 65.10 of the penal law is amended by adding a new subdivision 4-b to read as follows:
- 4-b. Mandatory DNA condition for designated offenders and certain other offenders. When imposing a sentence of probation or conditional discharge upon a person defined as a designated offender pursuant to subdivision seven of section nine hundred ninety-five of the executive law, the court shall require as a mandatory condition of such sentence that such person provide a DNA sample as required by section nine hundred ninety-five of the executive law. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as prohibiting a DNA condition upon any other offender where authorized by article forty-nine-B of the executive law.
- 52 § 4. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 270.40 to read 53 as follows:
- 54 § 270.40 Failure to provide a DNA sample.
- A person is guilty of failure to provide a DNA sample when he or she

 (a) is a designated offender, as defined in subdivision seven of section



nine hundred ninety-five of the executive law, required to provide a sample appropriate for DNA testing pursuant to the provisions of subdivision three of section nine hundred ninety-five-c of the executive law;

(b) has been notified by a court, state or local correction official or employee, parole officer, probation officer, police officer, peace officer or other public servant of the obligation to provide such a sample;

and (c) upon request to provide such sample made by a public servant authorized to collect it, fails to provide such a sample.

Failure to provide a DNA sample is a class A misdemeanor.

§ 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2011; provided, however, that the amendments to subdivision 7 of section 995 of the executive law made by section one of this act shall apply to designated offenses committed on or after such effective date; and provided, further that the amendments to subdivision 7 of section 995 of the executive law made by section one of this act relating to a person who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to article six-C of the correction law shall apply to a person registered as a sex offender prior to, on, or after such effective date.

19 PART H

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52 53 Section 1. Section 401 of the vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new subdivision 5-b to read as follows:

5-b. Denial of registration or renewal for certain violations. a. If at the time of application for a registration or renewal thereof there is a notification from or on behalf of the division of criminal justice services, or any agency, division or authority so designated by such division, that the registrant or his representative has failed to answer or has failed to pay any penalty imposed by such division, agency or authority following the entry of a final decision of liability in response to a total of three or more notices of liability charging the registrant was liable in accordance with section eleven hundred eightyone-a of this chapter for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this chapter, the commissioner, or his agent, shall deny the registration or renewal application until the applicant provides proof from the division of criminal justice services that in each such instance, the registrant has appeared in response to such notices of liability or has paid such penalties. Where an application is denied pursuant to this section, the commissioner may, in his or her discretion, deny a registration or renewal application to any other person for the same vehicle and may deny a registration or renewal application for any other motor vehicle registered in the name of the applicant where the commissioner has determined that such applicant's intent is to evade the purposes of this subdivision and where the commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that such registration or renewal will have the effect of defeating the purposes of this subdivision. Such denial shall only remain in effect as long as the notices of liability remain unanswered or the penalties Terms defined in section eleven hundred eighty-one-a of this unpaid. chapter shall be defined in the same way for purposes of this section.

b. Any notices required to be sent to the commissioner pursuant to this section shall be submitted in such form and manner as the commissioner may prescribe.

§ 2. Section 510 of the vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new subdivision 4-f to read as follows:



1 4-f. Suspension of registration for failure to answer or pay penalties 2 with respect to certain violations. a. Upon the receipt of a notifica-3 tion by or on behalf of the division of criminal justice services, or any agency, division or authority so designated by such division, that 5 an owner of a motor vehicle has failed to answer within the required 6 time or has failed to pay any penalty imposed following the entry of a 7 final decision of liability by such division, agency or authority in 8 response to a total of six or more notices of liability charging such 9 owner with a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this chapter in accordance 10 11 with the provisions of section eleven hundred eighty-one-a of this chap-12 ter, the commissioner, or his or her agent, shall suspend the registra-13 tion of the vehicle or vehicles involved in the violations or the privi-14 lege of operation of any motor vehicle owned by the registrant. Such 15 suspension shall take effect no less than thirty days from the date on 16 which notice thereof is sent by the commissioner to the person whose 17 registration or privilege is suspended, and shall remain in effect until such registrant has appeared in response to such notice of liability or 18 has paid such penalty in each such instance. Terms defined in section 19 20 eleven hundred eighty-one-a of this chapter shall be defined in the same 21 way for purposes of this section.

b. Any notices required to be sent to the commissioner pursuant to this section shall be submitted in such form and manner as the commissioner may prescribe.

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§ 3. The vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new section 1181-a to read as follows:

§ 1181-a. Owner liability for operation in excess of certain posted speed limits. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and in accordance with this section, rules and regulations may be promulgated by the division of state police, the division of criminal justice services, and any agency, division or authority so designated by the division of criminal justice services, to establish a photo-monitoring program and to impose monetary liability on the owner of a vehicle that is operated in excess of a maximum speed limit in violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article for failing to obey posted speed limits in work zones and designated stretches of highway. The superintendent of state police shall determine the locations in which the photo-monitoring program shall be established in consultation with the commissioner of the department of transportation. No more than fifty operating photomonitoring systems shall be in place at any given time. Signs alerting motorists to the presence of photo-monitoring devices shall be placed at least three hundred yards in advance of the location of such device.

2. The owner of a vehicle shall be liable for a civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section except as provided in subdivisions ten and eleven of this section and, provided, however, that no owner of a vehicle shall be liable for a penalty imposed pursuant to this section where the operator of such vehicle has been charged with a violation of section eleven hundred eighty of this article for the same incident.

3. For purposes of this section, the term "owner" shall mean any person, corporation, partnership, firm, agency, association, lessor or organization who, at the time of the violation and with respect to the vehicle identified in the notice of liability: (a) is the beneficial or equitable owner of such vehicle; or (b) has title to such vehicle; or (c) is the registrant or co-registrant of such vehicle which is regis-

tered with the department of motor vehicles of this state or any other



state, territory, district, province, nation or other jurisdiction and includes (d) a person entitled to the use and possession of a vehicle subject to a security interest in another person. For purposes of this section, the term "photo-monitoring system" shall mean a vehicle speed sensor that automatically produces one or more photographs, one or more microphotographs, a videotape or other recorded images of vehicles traveling at the location of such device. For purposes of this section, the term "vehicle" shall mean every device in, upon or by which a person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway.

- 4. A certificate, sworn to or affirmed by an agent of the division, agency or authority which charged that the violation occurred, or a facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images produced by a photo-monitoring system shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein and shall be admissible into evidence in any review of the liability for such violation.
- 5. An owner found liable for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article pursuant to this section shall be liable for a monetary penalty of fifty dollars. An owner found liable for a violation of subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article pursuant to this section shall be liable for a monetary penalty of one hundred dollars.
- 6. An imposition of liability pursuant to this section shall be based upon a preponderance of evidence as submitted. An imposition of liability pursuant to this section shall not be deemed a conviction as an operator and shall not be made part of the motor vehicle operating record, furnished pursuant to section three hundred fifty-four of this chapter, of the person upon whom such liability is imposed nor shall it be used for insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.
- 7. (a) A notice of liability shall be sent by first class mail to each person alleged to be liable, pursuant to this section, as an owner for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article. Such notice shall be mailed no later than forty-five days after the alleged violation except as provided in subdivision ten of this section. Personal delivery on the owner shall not be required. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the mailing of the notice.
- (b) A notice of liability shall contain the name and address of the person alleged to be liable as an owner for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article, the registration number of the vehicle involved in such violation, the location where such violation took place, the date and time of such violation, the identification number of the photo-monitoring system that recorded the violation or other document locator number.
- (c) The notice of liability shall also contain information advising the person charged of the manner and time in which such person may request a copy of the photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images produced by a photo-monitoring system and the certificate that charged that the violation occurred. Such request shall be submitted within forty-five days of mailing of the notice of liability.
- (d) The notice of liability shall contain information advising the person charged of the manner and the time in which such person may challenge the liability alleged in the notice. Such notice of liability shall also contain a warning to advise the person charged that failure



to answer or challenge in the manner and time provided shall be deemed an admission of liability and that a default judgment may be entered as a final decision of liability thereon.

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- (e) Failure to answer a notice of liability within forty-five days of mailing of the notice shall result in the entry of a default judgment and the immediate conversion of the notice of liability into a final decision of liability against the owner.
- 8. Review of a challenge to the liability imposed upon owners by this section shall be conducted by a liability review examiner. Liability review examiners shall be appointed by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services and shall be employees of the division of criminal justice services. The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services may appoint as many liability review examiners as are needed for review of challenges to liability pursuant to this section, within amounts appropriated therefor. Written challenges to liability shall be submitted to the division of criminal justice services by owners within forty-five days of mailing of the notice of liability or within forty-five days of mailing of the photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images and the certificate, whichever is later. The commissioner of the division of criminal justice services shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the review of challenges to liability imposed upon owners pursuant to this section which shall, at a minimum, require a liability review examiner to inspect the photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images produced by a photo-monitoring system and the certificate, or any other written information the examiner deems relevant, review the owner's written challenge to liability and the accuracy of the information alleged in the notice of liability, and issue a final decision of liability within thirty days of receipt of the challenge.
- 9. If an owner receives a notice of liability pursuant to this section for any time period during which the vehicle was reported to the police department as having been stolen, it shall be a valid defense to an allegation of liability for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article that prior to the time of the violation, the vehicle had been reported to the police as stolen, and that it had not been recovered by such time. For purposes of asserting the defense provided by this subdivision it shall be sufficient that a certified copy of the police report on the stolen vehicle be sent by first class mail to the division having jurisdiction.
- 10. An owner who is a lessor of a vehicle to which a notice of liability was issued pursuant to subdivision seven of this section shall not be liable for the violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article provided that he or she sends to the division serving the notice of liability a copy of the rental, lease or other such contract document covering such vehicle on the date of the violation, with the name and address of the lessee clearly legible, within thirty days after receiving the original notice of liability. Failure to send such information within such thirty day time period shall render the lessor liable for the penalty prescribed by this section. Where the lessor complies with the provisions of this subdivision, the lessee of such vehicle on the date of such violation shall be deemed to be the owner of such vehicle for purposes of this section and shall be subject to liability for the violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article, provided that the divi-

sion mails a notice of liability to the lessee within thirty days after receiving such notice from the lessor. For purposes of this subdivision the term "lessor" shall mean any person, corporation, firm, partnership, agency, association or organization engaged in the business of renting or leasing vehicles to any lessee under a rental agreement, lease or otherwise wherein the said lessee has the use of said vehicle for any period of time. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "lessee" shall mean any person, corporation, firm, partnership, agency, associstion or organization that rents, leases or contracts for the use of one or more vehicles and has use thereof for any period of time.

11. Except as provided in subdivision ten of this section, if a person receives a notice of liability pursuant to this section it shall be a valid defense to an allegation of liability for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article that the individual who received the notice of liability pursuant to this section was not an owner of the vehicle at the time the violation occurred or that the vehicle was used without the owner's express or implied permission. If the owner liable for a violation of paragraph two of subdivision (d) or subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred eighty of this article pursuant to this section was not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the violation, the owner may maintain an action for indemnification against the operator.

- 12. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the liability of an operator of a vehicle for any violation of any provision of law.
- 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images prepared pursuant to this section shall be for the use of governmental agencies or authorities in the discharge of their duties and shall not be made available to the public except as expressly provided for in this section.
 - § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

31 PART I

32 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 259-b of the executive law, as 33 amended by chapter 123 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as 34 follows:

- 1. There shall be in the state division of parole a state board of parole which shall possess the powers and duties hereinafter specified. Such board shall consist of not more than [nineteen] thirteen members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The term of office of each member of such board shall be for [six] five years; provided, however, that any member chosen to fill a vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of term shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term of the member whom he is to succeed. In the event of the inability to act of any member, the governor may appoint some competent informed person to act in his stead during the continuance of such disability.
- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that (a) for all current members of the state board of parole that have served five years or more of their current term of office, their term of office shall expire on the effective date of this act, and (b) all other current members of the state board of parole shall serve no more than five years of their current term provided that such members of the state board of parole shall continue to discharge their duties after the expiration of their term until a successor is chosen and confirmed.

1 PART J

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Section 1. Subdivisions 4 and 13 of section 500-b of the correction law, subdivision 4 as added by chapter 907 of the laws of 1984 and subdivision 13 as amended by chapter 574 of the laws of 1985, are amended to read as follows:

- 4. (a) No person under nineteen years of age shall be placed or kept or allowed to be at any time with any prisoner or prisoners [nineteen] twenty-two years of age or older, in any room, dormitory, cell or tier of the buildings of such institution unless separately grouped to prevent access to persons under nineteen years of age by prisoners [nineteen] twenty-two years of age or older.
- (b) Persons nineteen, twenty or twenty-one years of age may, at the discretion of the chief administrative officer, be placed or kept either with persons under nineteen years of age or with persons over twenty-two years of age, provided however that in making the decision on where to house such nineteen, twenty or twenty-one year old persons, the chief administrative officer shall consider all of the factors set forth in paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section.
- 13. Where in the opinion of the chief administrative officer an emergency overcrowding condition exists in a local correctional facility caused in part by the [prohibition against the commingling of persons under nineteen years of age with persons nineteen years of age or older or the commingling of persons nineteen years of age or older with persons under nineteen years of age] restrictions upon commingling of categories of persons set forth in subdivision four of this section, the chief administrative officer may apply to the commission for permission to commingle the aforementioned categories of inmates for a period not to exceed thirty days as provided herein. The commission shall acknowledge to the chief administrative officer the receipt of such application upon its receipt. The chief administrative officer shall be permitted to commingle such inmates upon acknowledgment of receipt of the application by the commission. The commission shall assess the application within seven days of receipt. The commission shall deny any such application and shall prohibit the continued commingling of such inmates where it has found that the local correctional facility does not meet the criteria set forth in this subdivision and further is in substantial noncompliance with minimum staffing requirements as provided in commission rules and regulations. In addition, the commission shall determine whether the commingling of such inmates presents a danger to the health, safety or welfare of any such inmate. If no such danger exists the chief administrative officer may continue the commingling until the expiration the aforementioned thirty day period or until such time as he determines that the overcrowding which necessitated the commingling no longer exists, whichever occurs first. In the event the commission determines that such danger exists, it shall immediately notify the chief administrative officer, and the commingling of such inmates shall cease. notification shall include specific measures which should be undertaken by the chief administrative officer, to correct such dangers. The chief administrative officer may correct such dangers and reapply to the commission for permission to commingle; however, no commingling may take place until such time as the commission certifies that the facility is now in compliance with the measures set forth in the notification under this subdivision. When such certification has been received by the chief administrative officer, the commingling may continue for thirty days, less any time during which the chief administrative officer commingled

such inmates following his application to the commission, or until such time as he determines that the overcrowding which necessitated the commingling no longer exists, whichever occurs first. The chief administrative officer may apply for permission to commingle such inmates for up to two additional thirty day periods, in conformity with the provisions and the requirements of this subdivision, in a given calendar year. For the period ending December thirtieth, nineteen hundred eight-y-four, a locality may not apply for more than one thirty day commingling period.

§ 2. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 182.20 of the criminal procedure law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 332 of the laws of 2009 and subdivision 2 as added by chapter 689 of the laws of 1993, are amended to read as follows:

- 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in section 182.30 of this article, the court, in its discretion, may dispense with the personal appearance of the defendant, except an appearance at a hearing or trial, and conduct an electronic appearance in connection with a criminal action [pending in Albany, Bronx, Broome, Erie, Kings, New York, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, Ontario, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, St. Lawrence, Tompkins, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Clinton, Essex, Montgomery, Rensselaer, Warren, Westchester, Suffolk, Herkimer or Franklin county], provided that the chief administrator of the courts has authorized the use of electronic appearance [and the defendant, after consultation with counsel, consents on the record. Such consent shall be required at the commencement of each electronic appearance to such electronic appearance].
- 2. If, for any reason, the court determines on its own motion or on the motion of any party that the conduct of an electronic appearance may impair the legal rights of the defendant, it shall not permit the electronic appearance to proceed. If [, for any other articulated reason, either party requests at any time during the electronic appearance that such appearance be terminated] the court commences and then terminates an electronic appearance, the court shall [grant such request and] adjourn the proceeding to a date certain. Upon the adjourned date the proceeding shall be recommenced from the point at which [the request for termination of] the electronic appearance [had been granted] was terminated.
- § 3. Subdivisions 6 and 12 of section 500-b of the correction law, as added by chapter 907 of the laws of 1984, are amended to read as follows:
- 6. The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with subdivisions seven and eight of this section to assure that persons in custody in local correctional facilities will be afforded appropriate precautions for their personal safety and welfare in assignment to housing, including care or treatment in a facility operated infirmary.
- 12. (a) The provisions of this section shall govern only the assignment of persons to facility housing units and shall not be construed to prohibit the commingling of persons during their participation in any facility program or activity, including meals and visitations.
- 50 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall not be
 51 prohibited to house men and women receiving care or treatment in a
 52 facility operated infirmary, provided that proper separation is main53 tained according to rules and regulations that shall be promulgated by
 54 the commission.
- § 4. Subdivision 2-a of section 72 of the correction law, as added by chapter 268 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows:



- 2-a. The commissioner, superintendent, or director of an institution in which an inmate is confined, may permit an inmate, wishing to do so, to leave the institution under guard for the purpose of performing volunteer labor or services when in the public interest upon the threat or occurrence of a natural disaster, including but not limited to flood, earthquake, hurricane, landslide or fire. An inmate may also be permit-ted to leave the institution under guard to voluntarily perform work for a nonprofit organization pursuant to this subdivision. As used in this subdivision, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization operated exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
 - § 5. Section 170 of the correction law is amended by adding a new subdivision 3 to read as follows:

- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an inmate may be permitted to leave the institution under guard to voluntarily perform work for a nonprofit organization. As used in this section, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization operated exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- § 6. Subdivision 6 of section 177 of the correction law, as renumbered by section 1 of part K of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is renumbered subdivision 7 and a new subdivision 6 is added to read as follows:
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an inmate may be permitted to leave the institution under guard to voluntarily perform work for a nonprofit organization. As used in this section, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization operated exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- § 7. Section 500-d of the correction law, as amended by chapter 403 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:
- § 500-d. Food and labor. (1) Prisoners detained for trial, and those under sentence, shall be provided with a sufficient quantity of plain but wholesome food, at the expense of the county; such foods shall be purchased in the manner and subject to the regulations provided in section four hundred eight of the county law; but prisoners detained for trial may, at their own expense, and under the direction of the keeper, be supplied with any other proper articles of food.
- (2) Such keeper shall cause each prisoner committed to his jail for imprisonment under sentence, to be constantly employed at hard labor when practicable, during every day, except Sunday but the Sunday exception shall not apply where a prisoner under sentence of intermittent imprisonment serves less than the five preceding days in the jail and the keeper has adopted an employment program designed especially for intermittent imprisonment, and the board of supervisors of the county, or judge of the county, may prescribe the kind of labor at which such prisoner shall be employed; and the keeper shall account, at least annually, with the board of supervisors of the county, for the proceeds of such labor.
- (3) Such keeper may, with the consent of the board of supervisors of the county, or the county judge, from time to time, cause such of the convicts under his charge as are capable of hard labor, to be employed outside of the jail in the same, or in an adjoining county, upon such terms as may be agreed upon between the keepers and the officers, or

persons, under whose direction such convicts shall be placed, subject to such regulations as the board or judge may prescribe; and the board of supervisors of the several counties are authorized to employ convicts under sentence to confinement in the county jails, in building and repairing penal institutions of the county and in building and repairing the highways in their respective counties or in preparing the materials 7 for such highways for sale to and for the use of the state, counties, towns, villages or cities, and in cutting wood and performing other work which is commonly carried on at a prison camp, and to make rules and regulations for their employment; and the said board of supervisors are 10 hereby authorized to cause money to be raised by taxation for purpose of furnishing materials and carrying this provision into effect; 13 and the courts of this state are hereby authorized to sentence convicts committed to detention in the county jails to such hard labor as may be provided for them by the boards of supervisors. This section as amended shall not affect a county wholly included within a city. Notwithstand-17 ing any other provision of law, an inmate may be permitted to leave the 18 institution under guard to voluntarily perform work for a nonprofit 19 organization pursuant to this subdivision. As used in this section, the term "nonprofit organization" means an organization operated exclusively 20 21 for religious, charitable, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or 23 <u>individual.</u>

- § 8. This act shall take effect immediately, provided however that:
- (a) the amendments to section 500-b of the correction law made by sections one and three of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith; and
- (b) the amendments to section 180.20 of the criminal procedure law made by section two of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith; and
- (c) section three of this act shall become effective upon promulgation of rules and regulations by the commission of correction as referenced in such section three.

34 PART K

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Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 2 of section 39 of the judiciary law, as amended by section 22 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

(e) All fees collected pursuant to sections eighteen hundred three, eighteen hundred three-A and nineteen hundred eleven of the New York city civil court act, all fees collected pursuant to state law by the county clerks in the city of New York, except as otherwise provided herein with respect to fees collected pursuant to subdivision (a) of section eight thousand eighteen of the civil practice law and rules and except those fees collected by the clerk of Richmond county which in the other counties of the city of New York are collected by the city registers, all fees collected pursuant to section eight thousand eighteen of the civil practice law and rules except only to the extent of [one hundred sixty-five] two hundred fifteen dollars of any fee collected pursuant to subdivision (a) of such section and except for those collected pursuant to paragraph three of such subdivision (a), all fees collected pursuant to section eight thousand twenty of the civil practice law and rules except for those collected pursuant to subdivisions (f), (g) and (h) of said section, all fees collected pursuant to section eight thousand twenty-two of the civil practice law and rules, all fees

collected pursuant to section twenty-four hundred two of the surrogate's court procedure act, all fees collected pursuant to section eighteen hundred three, eighteen hundred three-A and subdivision (a) of section nineteen hundred eleven of the uniform district court act, all fees collected pursuant to section eighteen hundred three, eighteen hundred three-A and subdivision (a) of section nineteen hundred eleven of the 7 uniform city court act and all fines, penalties and forfeitures collected pursuant to subdivision eight of section eighteen hundred three of the vehicle and traffic law, except such fines, penalties and by the Nassau county traffic and parking 10 forfeitures collected violations agency, section 71-0211 of the environmental conservation 11 12 section two hundred one of the navigation law and subdivision one 13 of section 27.13 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation law shall be paid to the state commissioner of taxation and finance on a monthly basis no later than ten days after the last day of each month. 16 The additional fee of five dollars collected by county clerks in New 17 York city pursuant to paragraph three of subdivision (a) of section eight thousand eighteen of the civil practice law and rules shall be 18 19 distributed monthly by the county clerks as follows: four dollars and seventy-five cents to the commissioner of education for deposit into the 20 21 local government records management improvement funds; and twenty-five 22 cents to the city of New York.

§ 2. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 8018 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by section 23 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

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- 1. A county clerk is entitled, for the assignment of an index number to an action pending in a court of which he or she is clerk, to a fee of [one hundred ninety] two hundred forty dollars, payable in advance.
- § 3. Subdivision (a) of section 8020 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by section 25 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Placing cause on calendar. For placing a cause on a calendar for trial or inquest, one hundred twenty-five dollars in the supreme court and county court; except that where rules of the chief administrator of the courts require that a request for judicial intervention be made in an action pending in supreme court or county court, the county clerk shall be entitled to a fee of ninety-five dollars, payable before a judge may be assigned pursuant to such request, and thereafter, for placing such a cause on a calendar for trial or inquest, the county clerk shall be entitled to an additional fee of thirty dollars, and no other fee may be charged thereafter pursuant to this subdivision; except that the county clerk shall be entitled to a fee of [forty-five] one hundred twenty dollars upon the filing of each motion or cross motion in such action. However, no fee shall be imposed for a motion which seeks leave to proceed as a poor person pursuant to subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred one of this chapter.
- 47 § 4. Subdivision (b) of section 8022 of the civil practice law and 48 rules, as amended by section 6 of part B of chapter 686 of the laws of 49 2003, is amended to read as follows:
 - (b) The clerks of the appellate divisions of the supreme court and the clerk of the court of appeals are entitled, upon the filing of a record on a civil appeal or a statement in lieu of record on a civil appeal, as required by rule 5530 of this chapter, to a fee of three hundred fifteen dollars, payable in advance. The clerks of the appellate divisions also shall be entitled to such fee upon the filing of a notice of petition or order to show cause commencing a special proceeding in their respective



courts. In addition, the clerks of the appellate divisions of the supreme court and the clerk of the court of appeals are entitled, upon the filing of each motion or cross motion with respect to a civil appeal or special proceeding, to a fee of [forty-five] one hundred twenty dollars, payable in advance. However, no fee shall be imposed for a motion or cross motion which seeks leave to prosecute or defend a civil appeal or special proceeding as a poor person pursuant to subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred one of this chapter.

- § 5. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 1911 of the uniform district court act, as amended by section 33 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Upon filing the first paper in an action or proceeding, including a special proceeding for the settlement of a claim of an infant or incompetent, [forty-five] sixty dollars, unless there has been paid a fee of forty-five dollars for the issuance of a summons, order of arrest or attachment, requisition or warrant of seizure, or a notice of petition or order to show cause in lieu thereof in a summary proceeding, as provided for by [subparagraph (1) hereof] paragraph (1) of this subdivision.
- § 6. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 1911 of the uniform city court act, as amended by section 5 of part B of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon the filing of the first paper in any action or proceeding, [forty-five] sixty dollars, unless there has already been paid a fee of forty-five dollars as provided for by paragraph (11) [hereof] of this subdivision.
- § 7. Subdivision (b) of section 1911 of the New York city civil court act, as amended by section 36 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) Upon filing summons with proof of service thereof, or upon filing of the first paper in that county in any action or proceeding, [forty-five] sixty dollars, unless there has been paid in that county a fee of forty-five dollars pursuant to subdivision (a) [hereof] of this section.
 - § 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

36 PART L

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- Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 106 of the uniform justice court act, as amended by chapter 499 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
- 40 1. A justice may hold court anywhere in the municipality including in 41 the case of a town justice anywhere within a village wholly or partly 42 contained within the town of which he is a justice regardless of whether or not said village has a village court and in the event two or more 43 contiguous villages maintain offices in the same building, a village justice of any such village may hold court in such building, notwithstanding that the building is outside the boundaries of such village. A 46 town justice may hold court in an adjacent town providing such justice has been elected or holds office pursuant to a plan established by 48 resolution which was adopted pursuant to the provisions of section one hundred six-a of this [chapter] article or the provisions of section one hundred six-b of this article. A justice may hold court in one or more municipalities that form a contiguous geographic area, including in a 52 town and one or more villages each of which is wholly or partly 53 contained within such town, within the same county providing there is an

agreement between such municipalities pursuant to article five-g of the general municipal law to hold all court proceedings in any of the such municipalities in a courtroom or other suitable facility open to the public.

- § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 106-a of the uniform justice court act, as amended by chapter 237 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The town boards of two or more towns that form a contiguous geographic area within the same county are hereby authorized to establish a single town court to be comprised of town justices to be elected from each of such towns in the same manner and for the same terms as town justices are so elected except that [such terms shall not expire during the same year] the number of such terms expiring in any one year may not exceed by more than one the number of terms expiring in any other year in which terms expire. The procedure to establish such single court may be initiated by the town board or may be initiated by petition. In the event the procedure is initiated by petition, the petition shall be addressed to each town board and shall be signed by at least twenty percent of the registered voters in such towns.
- § 3. Subdivision 3 of section 106-a of the uniform justice court act, as amended by chapter 237 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Such petition shall be filed in the office of the town clerk of one of such towns and a certified copy shall be filed in the office of the town clerk of the other town or towns.
- § 4. Subdivision 8 of section 106-a of the uniform justice court act, as amended by chapter 237 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 8. In the event that each respective town board approves such resolution or petition, such boards shall prepare a joint resolution which shall provide that the office of one justice in each town shall be abolished and that the remaining justice in each town shall have jurisdiction in each town to the same extent as if each such justice was elected in each town. Such joint resolution shall provide for the election of at least one town justice every two years but in no case shall the number of terms expiring in any one year exceed by more than one the number of terms expiring in any other year in which terms expire, and shall identify each justice whose office shall be abolished, and shall identify each justice whose office shall be continued [to so provide for the election of one justice every two years].
- § 5. Subdivision 9 of section 106-a of the uniform justice court act, as amended by chapter 237 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 9. In the event no agreement can be reached as to which offices shall be abolished, the [office] offices to be [first] abolished by such resolution shall be chosen from each of the offices of town justice by lot. [In the event it is determined by lot that the office of justice to be first abolished is an office, the term of which will expire in more than two years, such office shall be abolished as provided in such resolution. The office of town justice that shall also then be abolished in the other town shall be that office which would have expired in less than two years. In the event it is determined by lot that the office of town justice to be abolished is an office, the term of which will expire in less than two years, such office shall be abolished as provided in such resolution. The office of town justice that shall also be abolished in any town shall be that office which would have expired in more

than two years] However in no case shall an office be chosen by lot to be abolished that would cause the remaining offices to violate the requirements of subdivision eight of this section.

- § 6. Subdivision 11 of section 106-a of the uniform justice court act, as added by chapter 499 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
- 11. If such resolution is approved by a majority of the qualified persons voting thereon in each town such resolution shall be deemed to be adopted and the plan to establish a single town court shall be implemented in the manner provided in such resolution. If such resolution is disapproved by a majority of the qualified persons voting thereon in one [town] or [in both] more towns, such resolution shall be defeated and no further action shall be taken to implement such plan.
- § 7. Subdivision 12 of section 106-a of the uniform justice court act, as added by chapter 499 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
- 12. Any town justice continuing in office pursuant to such plan and any town justice hereafter elected pursuant to the plan established in such resolution shall have jurisdiction in each [adjacent] town in the contiguous geographic area to the same extent and effect as if such town justice were elected in each such town.
- § 8. This act shall take effect April 1, 2010.

23 PART M

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- 24 Section 1. 1. Mandates. As used in this section, "mandate" means any rule or regulation issued by the chief judge of the court of appeals or the chief administrative judge that creates a new program or requires a 27 higher level of service for an existing program that a local government 28 is required to provide.
- Impact of local mandates. (a) There shall be no new mandates imposed on a local government without a public accounting of the expected impact on such local government, which public accounting shall include the fiscal impacts of such mandate, a cost-benefit analysis, documentation of input sought and received from the affected local 33 government, and proposed sources of revenue to fund such mandate.
 - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subdivision, such a mandate may be imposed without such accounting if such mandate is necessary to protect against an urgent threat to public health or safety, provided that such accounting shall be completed promptly thereafter.
- 39 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

40 PART N

- 41 Section 1. Section 2431 of the public authorities law is amended by adding a new closing paragraph to read as follows:
- 43 It is further declared to be in the public interest and it is 44 policy of the state to provide a means by which state and local first-
- responder public safety agencies can establish regional communications
- capabilities, intended to serve as a part of a statewide interoperable
- 47 network, and to do so by authorizing a state instrumentality to borrow
- money and use the proceeds to purchase obligations issued by a munici-49
- pality or enter into special public safety communications financing agreements with a municipality to fund these communications capabili-50
- ties, thereby resulting in savings for taxpayers.

- § 2. Subdivisions 2, 3 and 10 of section 2432 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 2 of part E of chapter 494 of the laws of 2009, are amended, subdivisions 25 and 26 are renumbered subdivisions 26 and 27 and three new subdivisions 25, 28 and 29 are added to read as follows:
- (2) "Bonds" and "Notes". The bonds and notes, including any special program bonds, special school purpose bonds, [and] recovery act bonds, and public safety communications bonds respectively issued by the agency pursuant to this title. Bonds and notes shall not include any tax lien collateralized securities issued pursuant to this title.
- (3) "Municipal Bond". A bond or note or evidence of debt payable from any local revenues, including taxes, assessments and rents, which a municipality may lawfully issue to finance local improvements and public purposes, including local ARRA bonds and local public safety communications bonds, but does not include (a) any bond or note or evidence of debt issued by any other state or any public body or municipal corporation thereof, (b) any special program agreement, or (c) any special school purpose agreement or any special school deficit program agreement.
- (10) "Debt Service Reserve Fund Requirement". With respect to any debt service reserve fund created by section twenty-four hundred thirty-nine of this title relating to bonds other than special program bonds or special school purpose bonds or special school deficit program bonds or recovery act bonds or public safety communications bonds, as of any particular date of computation, an amount of money equal to the greatest of the respective amounts, for the then current or any succeeding calendar year, of annual debt service payments required to be made to the agency on all municipal bonds purchased with the proceeds of bonds which bonds are secured by such debt service reserve fund, such annual debt service payments for any calendar year being an amount of money equal to the aggregate of (a) all interest payable during such calendar year on all municipal bonds purchased by the agency and then outstanding on said date of computation which are secured by such debt service reserve fund, plus (b) the principal amount of all municipal bonds purchased by the agency and then outstanding on said date of computation which mature during such calendar year and are secured by such debt service reserve fund; and with respect to any debt service reserve fund created by section twenty-four hundred thirty-nine of this title relating to an issue or issues of special program bonds or special school purpose bonds or special school deficit program bonds or recovery act bonds or public safety communications bonds, such amount as shall be determined by the agency.
- (25) "Public safety communications bonds". Bonds of the agency, all or a portion of the proceeds of which are used to purchase a local public safety communication bond or enter into a special public safety communications financing agreement, payable, in each case, from such funds as shall be provided therefor. The amount of such bonds issued by the agency shall not exceed one billion dollars.
- "Local public safety communications bonds". A municipal bond issued to finance or fund all or a portion of the costs of building regional, interoperable public communications networks for statewide use by first-responder agencies in the state, including equipment and incidental costs. Local public safety communication bonds may also be issued to refinance outstanding bonds issued by municipalities for the purposes described herein provided that present value savings are real-

ized from such a refunding.

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1 (29) "Special public safety communications financing agreement". An 2 agreement between the agency and a municipality entered into pursuant to section twenty-four hundred thirty-five-f of this title.

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- § 3. Subdivisions 11 and 18 of section 2434 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 68 of part H of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, are amended and a new subdivision 7-c is added to read as follows:
- (7-c) To acquire and contract to acquire, and to enter into arrangements with a municipality for the purchase of its local public safety communications bonds.
- (11) To make and execute contracts for the servicing of municipal bonds acquired by the agency pursuant to this title, and for the servicing of special program agreements, special school purpose agreements [and], special school deficit program agreements, and special public safety communications financing agreements, and to pay the reasonable value of services rendered to the agency pursuant to those contracts;
- (18) To establish any terms and provisions with respect to any special program agreement, special school purpose agreement [or]_ special school deficit program agreement or special public safety communications financing agreement, including any terms for payment, and any other matters which are necessary, desirable or advisable in the judgment of the agency;
- § 4. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 2435 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 4 of part E of chapter 494 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. The agency may purchase, and contract to purchase, municipal bonds from municipalities at such price or prices, upon such terms and conditions and in such manner, not inconsistent with the provisions of the local finance law, as the agency shall deem advisable; provided, however, that the average interest rate payable on all municipal bonds (taken as a group) purchased with the proceeds of an issue of bonds shall equal or exceed the interest rate on such issue of bonds. The agency shall not purchase the municipal bonds of any municipality if (i) the aggregate principal amount thereof, together with the aggregate principal balances of the municipal bonds of such municipality then outstanding and held by the agency, exceed an amount equal to ten percent of the aggregate principal amount of the statutory authorization at the time for the issuance of bonds and notes, as provided in section twenty-four hundred thirtyeight of this title, and (ii) the aggregate principal amount thereof exceeds an amount equal to fifty percent of the aggregate principal amount of all municipal bonds proposed to be so purchased at the time; provided, however, that this sentence shall not apply to local ARRA bonds or local public safety communications bonds.
- 2. The agency shall require as a condition of purchase of municipal bonds from municipalities that each such municipality shall agree (i) to pledge its full faith and credit for the payment of the principal of and interest on such municipal bonds, (ii) to make annual appropriations for amounts required for the payment of such principal and interest, and (iii) if at any time the municipality fails to make the required appropriation to pay such principal and interest, or fails to make the payment of the required principal and interest, the provisions of section twenty-four hundred thirty-six and/or twenty-four hundred thirty-six-b of this title shall take effect, provided that in connection with special public safety communications financing agreements, the agency may require that each municipality that has entered into such an agreement with the agency shall agree, to the extent permitted by law, (i) to pledge its full faith and credit for the payment of its obli-

gations under such special public safety communications financing agree-ments, (ii) to make annual appropriations for amounts required for the payment required to be made under such special public safety communications financing agreements. If at any time the municipality fails to make the required appropriation to pay its obligations under such special public safety communications financing agreements, or fails to make the payment of the required amounts thereunder, the provisions of section twenty-four hundred thirty-six of this title shall take effect. All municipalities selling municipal bonds to the agency are hereby authorized to make and carry out the agreements with the agency required in this subdivision.

§ 5. The public authorities law is amended by adding a new section 2436-c to read as follows:

- § 2436-c. Local public safety communications bonds. (1) The agency may purchase local public safety communications bonds using the proceeds of public safety communication bonds, subject to the provisions of this section and to any other provision of law applicable to the municipality and bonds it issues, including any debt limitation applicable to the municipality that issued the local public safety communications bond, as well as to the other provisions of this title. To the extent that any such other provision of law conflicts with a provision of this section, the provision of this section shall control, except as otherwise stated.
- (2) Local public safety communications bonds shall be payable from funds provided by a municipality for payment thereof as well as any monies available from special public safety communications agreements.
- (3) The agency's public safety communications bonds secured by payments of principal and interest due with respect to local public safety communications bonds shall not be a debt of either the state or any municipality, and neither the state nor any municipality shall be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those of the agency; and such local public safety communications bonds shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of any contract with holders of bonds, notes or other obligations, proceeds of public safety communications bonds to be paid to a municipality to purchase its local public safety communications bonds shall be paid to the municipality and shall not be commingled with any other money of the agency.
- (5) Nothing contained in this title shall be construed to create a debt of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provisions.
- (6) (a) A municipality may covenant and agree that the municipality will not limit, alter or impair the rights hereby vested in the agency to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with holders of the agency's public safety communications bonds, the proceeds of which were used to purchase the municipality's local public safety communications bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such holders or the security for such bonds, until such bonds, together with the interest thereon and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of such holders, are fully paid and discharged.
- (b) Any such agreement with a municipality may be pledged by the agency to secure its public safety communications bonds used to purchase local public safety communications bonds issued by that municipality and may not be modified thereafter except as provided by the terms of the pledge or subsequent agreements with the holders of such public safety communications bonds.

- 1 § 6. Subdivision 5 of section 2437 of the public authorities law, as 2 amended by section 6 of part E of chapter 494 of the laws of 2009, is 3 amended to read as follows:
- (5) Any bonds or notes of the agency other than special program bonds, 5 special school purpose bonds, special school deficit program bonds [or]_ 6 recovery act bonds or public safety communications bonds shall be sold 7 at public sale and from time to time upon such terms and at such prices as may be determined by the agency, and the agency may pay all expenses, premiums and commissions which it may deem necessary or advantageous in connection with the issuance and sale thereof. Any special program 10 bonds, special school purpose bonds, special school deficit program 11 12 bonds [or], recovery act bonds or public safety communications bonds 13 shall be sold at public or private sale and from time to time upon such 14 terms and at such prices as may be determined by the agency, and the agency may pay all expenses, premiums and commissions which it may deem 16 necessary or advantageous in connection with the issuance and sale ther-17 eof provided, however, that special program bonds relating to a special 18 program agreement entered for the purpose described in paragraph (b) of 19 subdivision one of section twenty-four hundred thirty-five-a of this title shall be sold on or before June thirtieth, two thousand one. No 20 21 special program bonds, special school purpose bonds, special school deficit program bonds, or recovery act bonds, or public safety communications bonds of the agency may be sold by the agency at private sale, 23 24 however, unless such sale and the terms thereof have been approved in 25 writing by (a) the comptroller, where such sale is not to the comp-26 troller, or (b) the director of the budget, where such sale is to the 27 comptroller.
 - § 7. Subdivision 1 of section 2438 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 7 of part E of chapter 494 of the laws of 2009, is amended as follows:

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- (1) The agency shall not issue bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding exceeding one billion dollars, excluding tax lien collateralized securities, special school purpose bonds, special school deficit program bonds, special program bonds issued to finance the reconstruction, rehabilitation or renovation of an educational facility pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (b) of section sixteen of chapter six hundred five of the laws of two thousand, special program bonds issued to finance the cost of a project for design, reconstruction or rehabilitation of a school building pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen of the city of Syracuse and the board of education of the city school district of the city of Syracuse cooperative school reconstruction act, recovery act bonds, public safety communications bonds and bonds and notes issued to refund outstanding bonds and notes.
- § 8. The public authorities law is amended by adding a new section 2435-f to read as follows:
- § 2435-f. Special public safety communications financing agreements.

 (1) In order to fulfill the purposes of this title and notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the agency and the applicable municipality are hereby authorized to enter into one or more special public safety communications financing agreements, which special public safety communications financing agreements shall, consistent with the provisions of this title, contain such terms, provisions and conditions as, in the judgment of the agency, shall be necessary or desirable. Each special public safety communications financing agreement shall specify the amount to be made available to the applicable municipality through

the proceeds of an issue of public safety communications bonds and shall require such municipality to make payments to the agency in the amounts and the times determined by the agency to be necessary to provide for the payment of such public safety communications bonds and for such other fees, charges, costs, and other amounts as the agency shall in its judgment determine to be necessary or desirable. Such payment or payments to be made by the applicable municipality to the agency as set forth in this section shall be made from such sources as shall be agreed upon between the applicable municipality and the agency pursuant to the applicable special public safety communications financing agreement.

(2) Any special public safety communications financing agreement entered into pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall provide that the obligations thereunder to fund or pay the amounts therein provided for shall not constitute a debt of the state or such municipality within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision and shall be deemed executory only to the extent of moneys available and that no liability shall be incurred by the state or such municipality beyond the moneys available for such purpose.

§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately.

20 PART O

 Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 205 of the civil service law is amended by adding a new paragraph (m) to read as follows:

(m) To administer the provisions of article twenty of the labor law to the extent provided for in such article, and to serve all the functions of the board as defined in section seven hundred one of the labor law, including to make, amend and rescind such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of such article.

- § 2. Subdivisions 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 205 of the civil service law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 391 of the laws of 1969, subdivision 2 as added by chapter 392 of the laws of 1967, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 307 of the laws of 1979 and subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 503 of the laws of 1971, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. There is hereby created in the [state] department [of civil service] a board, to be known as the public employment relations board, which shall consist of three members appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate from persons representative of the public. Not more than two members of the board shall be members of the same political party. Each member shall be appointed for a term of six years, except that of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term to expire on May thirty-first, nineteen hundred sixty-nine, one for a term to expire on May thirty-first, nineteen hundred seventy-one, and one for a term to expire on May thirty-first, nineteen hundred seventy-three. The governor shall designate one member who shall serve as [chairman] chairperson of the board until the expiration of his or her term. A member appointed to fill a vacancy shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member whom he or she is to succeed.
- 2. Members of the board shall hold no other public office or public employment in the state. The [chairman] <u>chairperson</u> shall give his <u>or her</u> whole time to his <u>or her</u> duties.
- 3. Members of the board other than the [chairman] <u>chairperson</u> shall, when performing the work of the board, be compensated at the rate of two hundred [and] fifty dollars per day, together with an allowance for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties



hereunder. The [chairman] <u>chairperson</u> shall receive an annual salary to be fixed within the amount available therefor by appropriation, in addition to an allowance for expenses actually and necessarily incurred by him <u>or her</u> in the performance of his <u>or her</u> duties.

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- 4. (a) The <u>chairperson of the</u> board may appoint an executive director and such other persons, including but not limited to attorneys, mediators, members of fact-finding boards and representatives of employee organizations and public employers to serve as technical advisers to such fact-finding boards, as it may from time to time deem necessary for the performance of its functions, prescribe their duties, fix their compensation and provide for reimbursement of their expenses within the amounts made available therefor by appropriation. Attorneys appointed under this section may, at the direction of the <u>chairperson</u> of the board, appear for and represent the board in any case in court.
- (b) No member of the board or its appointees pursuant to this subdiviincluding without limitation any mediator or fact-finder employed or retained by the board, shall, except as required by this article, be compelled to nor shall he or she voluntarily disclose to any administrative or judicial tribunal or at the legislative hearing, held pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision three of section two hundred nine of this article, any information relating to the resolution of a particular dispute in the course of collective negotiations acquired in the course of his or her official activities under this article, nor shall any reports, minutes, written communications, or other documents pertaining to such information and acquired in the course of his or her official activities under this article be subject to subpoena or voluntarily disclosed; except that where the information so required indicates that the person appearing or who has appeared before the board has been the victim of, or otherwise involved in, a crime, other than a criminal contempt in a case involving or growing out of a violation of this article, said members of the board and its appointees may be required to testify fully in relation thereto upon any examination, trial, or other proceeding in which the commission of such crime is the subject of inquiry.
- 35 § 3. Subdivision 9 of section 701 of the labor law, as amended by 36 chapter 166 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
 - 9. The term "board" means the <u>public</u> employment relations board created by section [seven hundred two of this article] <u>two hundred five of the civil service law, in carrying out its functions under this article</u>.
 - § 4. Section 702 of the labor law is REPEALED, and a new section 702 is added to read as follows:
 - § 702. Special mediators. The board may, when necessary, appoint or designate special mediators who shall have the authority and power of members of the board with regard to such matter, provided that their authority and power to act for the board shall cease upon the conclusion of the specific matter so assigned to them or by revocation by the board of their appointment or designation. Such special mediators shall, when performing the work of the board as aforesaid, be compensated at a rate to be determined by the board subject to the approval of the director of the budget, together with an allowance for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties hereunder.
- § 5. Subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 707 of the labor law, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 210 of the laws of 1942 and subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 676 of the laws of 1963, are amended to read as follows:



3. The jurisdiction of the supreme court shall be exclusive and its judgment and decree shall be final, except that appeals shall lie to the appellate division of said court and to the court of appeals, in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in the civil practice [act] <u>law and rules</u> irrespective of the nature of the decree or judgment or the amount involved.

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- Any person aggrieved by a final order of the board granting or denying in whole or in part the relief sought may obtain a review of such order in the supreme court of the county where the unfair labor practice in question was alleged to have been engaged in or wherein such person resides or transacts business by filing in such court a written petition praying that the order of the board be modified or set aside, or if such court be on vacation or in recess, then to the supreme court of any county adjoining the county wherein the unfair labor practice in question occurred or wherein any such person resides or [tranacts] transacts business. A copy of such petition shall be forthwith served upon the board, and thereupon the aggrieved party shall file in the court a transcript of the entire record in the proceeding, certified by the board, including the pleading and testimony and order of the board. Upon such filing, the court shall proceed in the same manner as in the case of an application by the board under subdivision one of this section, and shall have the same exclusive jurisdiction to grant to the board such temporary relief or restraining order as it deems just and proper, and in like manner to make and enter a decree enforcing, modifying and enforcing as so modified, or setting aside in whole or in part the order of the board; and the findings of the board as to the facts shall like manner be conclusive.
- § 6. Subdivision 1 of section 708 of the labor law, as added by chapter 443 of the laws of 1937, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The board, or its duly authorized agents or agencies, shall at all reasonable times have access to, for the purposes of examination, and the right to examine, copy or photograph any evidence, including payrolls or lists of employees, of any person being investigated or proceeded against that relates to any matter under investigation or in question. [Any member of the] The board shall have power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any evidence that relates to any matter under investigation or in question before the board, its member, agent, or agency, conducting the hearing or investigation. Any member of the board, or any agent or agency designated by the board for such purposes, may administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, and receive evidence.
- § 7. Section 710 of the labor law, as added by chapter 443 of the laws of 1937, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 710. Public records and proceedings. Subject to rules and regulations to be made by the board consistent with article six of the public officers law, the complaints, orders and testimony relating to a proceeding instituted by the board under section seven hundred six of this article may be made public records and be made available for inspection or copying. All proceedings pursuant to section seven hundred [and] six of this article shall be open to the public.
- § 8. Section 717 of the labor law, as added by chapter 166 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
- § 717. State mediation board [and], state labor relations board, and state employment relations board abolished. The state mediation board created by chapter five hundred sixty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred sixty-eight [and], the New York state labor relations board



1 created by chapter four hundred forty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred thirty-seven, and the state employment relations board created by chapter one hundred sixty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-one are hereby abolished. All the functions, powers and duties of such boards are hereby assigned to and shall hereafter be exercised and performed by and through the board. Any controversy, proceeding or other 7 matter pending before the New York state board of mediation [or], the state labor relations board or the state employment relations board at the time this section takes effect, may be conducted and completed by the board and for such purposes the board shall be deemed to be a 10 continuation of the functions, powers and duties of the New York state 11 board of mediation [or], the state labor relations board or the state 13 employment relations board, respectively, and not a new entity. Upon the transfer of functions to the board pursuant to this section, all appropriations and reappropriations heretofore or hereafter made to the 16 department of labor relating to the state board of mediation or the 17 state labor relations board or segregated pursuant to law, to the extent of remaining unexpended or unencumbered balances thereof, whether allo-18 19 cated or unallocated and whether obligated or unobligated are hereby 20 made available for use and expenditure by the board for the same 21 purposes for which originally appropriated or reappropriated. Whenever the state board of mediation or the state labor relations board or the 23 chairman of the state board of mediation or of the state labor relations board or the state employment relations board is referred to or designated in any general, special or local law or in any rule, regulation, 26 contract or other document, such reference or designation shall be 27 deemed to refer to the board and the chairman thereof, respectively.

§ 9. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 12 of the executive law, as added by section 2 of part B of chapter 383 of the laws of 2001, are amended to read as follows:

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(a) Notwithstanding any other law, the state, through the governor, may execute a tribal-state compact with the Seneca Nation of Indians pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-497; [§§] §§ 2701-2721 and 18 U.S.C. [§§] §§ 1166-1168) consistent with a memorandum of understanding between the governor and the president of the Seneca Nation of Indians executed on June twentieth, two thousand one and filed with the department of state on June twenty-first, two thousand one. Such tribal-state compact shall be deemed ratified by the legislature upon the governor's certification to the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, and the secretary of state, that such compact, through its terms, by a memorandum of understanding or other agreement between the state and Nation, by a Nation's ordinance or resolution, by statute, by executive order, or by the terms of any other agreement entered into by or on behalf of the Nation, provides: (i) assurances that the Nation will provide (1) reasonable access to the gaming and related facilities to labor union organizers for purposes of a campaign to solicit employee support for labor union representation; (2) permission for labor union organizers to distribute labor union authorization cards on site for the purpose of soliciting employee support for labor union representation; and (3) recognition of labor unions as the exclusive collective bargaining representatives of employees in appropriate bargaining units based upon a demonstration of majority employee support of such labor unions by union authorization card check as verified, if necessary, by an independent arbitrator appointed by the [State] Public Employment Relations Board in consultation with the Nation and the labor union; (ii) assurances that the Nation has an

adequate civil recovery system which guarantees fundamental due process to visitors and guests of the facility and related facilities; and (iii) assurances that the Nation will maintain during the term of the compact sufficient liability insurance to assure that visitors and guests will be compensated for their injuries.

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- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, the state, through the governor, may execute tribal-state compacts pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-497; 25 U.S.C. [§§]§§ 2701-2721 and 18 U.S.C. [§§]§§ 1166-1168) authorizing up to three Class III gaming facilities in the counties of Sullivan and Ulster. Such tribal-state compact shall be deemed ratified by the legislature upon the governor's certification to the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly and the secretary of state, that such compact, through its terms, by a memorandum of understanding or other agreement between the state and Nation, by a Nation's ordinance or resolution, by statute, by executive order, or by the terms of any other agreement entered into by or on behalf of the Nation, provides: (i) assurances that the Nation will provide (1) reasonable access to the gaming and related facilities to labor union organizers for purposes of a campaign to solicit employee support for labor union representation; (2) permission for labor union organizers to distribute labor union authorization cards on site for the purpose of soliciting employee support for labor union representation; provision of employees' names and addresses to labor union representatives and tribal/employer/management neutrality in labor union organizing campaigns; (4) recognition of labor unions as the exclusive collective bargaining representatives of employees in appropriate bargaining units based upon a demonstration of majority employee support of such labor unions by union authorization card check as verified, if necessary, by an independent arbitrator appointed by the [State] Public Employment Relations Board in consultation with the Nation and the labor union; and (5) final and binding arbitration of organized labor matters disputes including negotiations for collective bargaining agreements with arbitrators' awards enforceable in a state or federal court of competent jurisdiction; (ii) assurances that the Nation has an adequate civil recovery system which guarantees fundamental due process to visitors and guests of the facility and related facilities; and (iii) assurances that the Nation will maintain during the term of the compact sufficient liability insurance to assure that visitors and guests will be compensated for their injuries.
- § 10. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subdivision 1 of section 169 of the executive law, paragraph (e) as amended by chapter 437 of the laws of 1995 and paragraph (f) as amended by chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as follows:
- (e) chairman of state athletic commission, chairman and executive director of consumer protection board, member-chairman of crime victims board, chairman of human rights appeal board, chairman of the industrial board of appeals, [chairman of the employment relations board,] chairman of the state commission of correction, members of the board of parole, members of the state racing and wagering board, member-chairman of unemployment insurance appeal board, director of veterans' affairs, and vice-chairman of the workers' compensation board;
- (f) executive director of adirondack park agency, commissioners of the state liquor authority, commissioners of the state civil service commission, members of state commission of correction, [members of the employment relations board,] members of crime victims board, members of unem-

ployment insurance appeal board, and members of the workers' compensation board.

- § 11. This act shall not revoke or rescind any regulations or opinions issued by the state employment relations board in effect upon the effective date of this act, to the extent that such regulations or opinions are not inconsistent with any law of the state of New York. The public employment relations board shall undertake a comprehensive review of all such regulations and opinions, which will address the consistency of such regulations and opinions among each other and will propose any regulatory changes necessitated by such review.
- § 12. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall have become a law; provided, however, that effective immediately, the chair of the public employment relations board and the chair of the state employment relations board are hereby authorized to take such actions as are necessary and proper to prepare for an orderly transition of the functions, powers and duties as herein provided.

17 PART P

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- 18 Section 1. Section 163-c of the state finance law is REPEALED.
- 19 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

20 PART Q

- 21 Section 1. (a) For the purpose of this section, "insurance carrier,"
 22 and "workers' compensation rating board" shall have the meaning set
 23 forth in section 2 of the workers' compensation law.
 - (b) For the purposes of this section, "excess assessment funds" shall mean any excess of the amount collected by an insurance carrier from its policy holders in accordance with a calculation provided by the workers' compensation rating board pursuant to subdivision 8 of section 15, subdivision 3 of section 25-a or section 151 of the workers' compensation law attributable to the period April 1, 2008, through March 31, 2009, over the amount paid to the workers' compensation board pursuant to subdivision 8 of section 15, subdivision 3 of section 25-a or section 151 of the workers' compensation law attributable to the period April 1, 2008, through March 31, 2009.
 - (c) Any insurance carrier or affiliated group of insurance carriers that has collected excess assessment funds shall pay over to the chair of the workers' compensation board, within sixty days of the effective date of this subdivision, the amount of such funds. Such funds shall be credited to the workers' compensation account. Any amounts collected pursuant to this section shall be transferred by the comptroller to the general fund, at the request of the director of the budget.
 - § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

42 PART R

- 43 Section 1. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 50-a of the workers' 44 compensation law, as added by chapter 139 of the laws of 2008, are 45 amended to read as follows:
- 2. At any time prior to April first, two thousand [nine] <u>eleven</u>, the chair may withdraw funds from the uninsured employers fund provided for under section twenty-six-a of this chapter, up to such amount as the chair determines is sufficient to fund any anticipated additional expenses of such fund, taking into account anticipated available reven-

ues, but in no event to exceed [fifty-two] seventy-five million dollars in the aggregate. Such funds shall be deposited into the group self-insurer offset fund, and used in accordance with subdivision one of this section. As consistent with this section, the chair may set the timing of such withdrawals in its discretion.

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- 3. Beginning on January first, two thousand [ten] twelve, and each year thereafter, the chair shall add to the total of each annual assessment made under paragraph g of subdivision five of section fifty of this article the sum of up to three million dollars, to be allocated to private group and individual self-insurers in accordance with such paragraph. The chair shall assess additional funds under this paragraph as necessary to insure that there are sufficient funds in the fund for uninsured employers to meet its liabilities, or if necessary in accordance with section one hundred fifty-one of this chapter. Such funds as are collected pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited into the uninsured employer fund until all funds withdrawn therefrom under subdivision one of this section are returned with interest calculated at an annual rate equal to the rate of return on funds in the fund for uninsured employers from the prior year.
- § 2. Section 1108 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new subsection (j) to read as follows:
- (j) Any group of employers authorized by the workers' compensation board to provide workers' compensation benefits for the employees of all member employers pursuant to subdivision three-a of section fifty of the workers' compensation law.
- § 3. The second undesignated paragraph of subdivision 3 of section 50 of the workers' compensation law, as amended by chapter 6 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

If for any reason the status of an employer under this subdivision is terminated, the securities or the surety bond, or the securities, cash, or irrevocable letters of credit and surety bond, on deposit referred to herein shall remain in the custody of the chair for [a period of at least twenty-six months. At the expiration of] such time [or such further time period] as the chair may deem proper and warranted under the circumstances[, and so designates, the chair may accept in]. In

lieu thereof, [and for the additional purpose of] and at the discretion of the chair, the employer, his or her heirs or assigns or others carrying on or liquidating such business, may execute an assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy securing such further and future contingent liability as may arise from prior injuries to workers and be incurred by reason of any change in condition of such workers warranting the board making subsequent awards for payment of additional compensation[, a policy of insurance furnished by the employer, his heirs or assigns or others carrying on or liquidating such business]. Such policy shall be in a form approved by the superintendent of insurance and issued by the state fund or any insurance company licensed to issue this class of insurance in this state. In the event that such policy is issued by an insurance company other than the state fund, then said policy shall be deemed of the kind specified in paragraph fifteen of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of the insurance law and covered by the workers' compensation security fund as created and governed by article six-A of this chapter. It shall only be issued for a single complete premium payment in advance by the employer and in an amount deemed acceptable by the chair and the superintendent of insurance. In lieu of the applicable premium charge ordinarily required to be imposed by a carrier, said premium shall include a

surcharge in an amount to be determined by the chair to: (i) satisfy 1 all assessment liability due and owing to the board and/or the chair under this chapter; and (ii) satisfy all future assessment liability under this section. Said surcharge shall be payable to the board simultaneous to the execution of the assumption of workers' compensation 6 liability insurance policy. However, the payment of said surcharge does not relieve the carrier from any other liability, including liability 7 owed to the superintendent of insurance pursuant to article six-a of 9 this chapter. [It shall be given in an amount to be determined by the chair and when] When issued such policy shall be non-cancellable without 10 11 recourse for any cause during the continuance of the liability secured 12 and so covered.

§ 4. Paragraph 7 of subdivision 3-a of section 50 of the workers' compensation law, as amended by chapter 139 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

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(7) (a) If for any reason, the status of a group self-insurer under this subdivision is terminated, the securities or cash or the surety bond on deposit referred to herein shall remain in the custody of the chair for [a period of at least twenty-six months. At the expiration of] such time [or such further period] as the chair may deem proper and warranted[, he or she may accept in]. In lieu thereof, [and for the additional purpose of] and at the discretion of the chair, the group self-insurer, its heirs or assigns or others carrying on or liquidating such group self-insurer, including the chair on the group self-insurer's behalf, may execute an assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy securing such further and future contingent liability as may arise from prior injuries to workers and be incurred by reason of any change in the condition of such workers warranting the board making subsequent awards for payment of additional compensation[, a policy of insurance furnished by the group self-insurer, its successor or assigns or others carrying on or liquidating such group self-insurer]. Such policy shall be in a form approved by the superintendent of insurance and issued by the state fund or any insurance company licensed to issue this class of insurance in this state. In the event that such policy is issued by an insurance company other than the state fund, then said policy shall be deemed of the kind specified in paragraph fifteen of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of the insurance law and covered by the workers' compensation security fund as created and governed by article six-A of this chapter. It shall only be issued for a single complete premium payment in advance by the group self-insurer and in an amount deemed acceptable by the chair and the superintendent of insurance. In lieu of the applicable premium charge ordinarily required to be imposed by a carrier, said premium shall include a surcharge in an amount to be determined by the chair to: (i) satisfy all assessment liability due and owing to the board and/or the chair under this chapter; and (ii) satisfy all future assessment liability under this section. Said surcharge shall be payable to the board simultaneous to the execution of the assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy. However, the payment of said surcharge does not relieve the carrier from any other liability, including liability owed to the superintendent of insurance pursuant to article six-A of this chapter. [It shall be given in an amount to be determined by the chair and when] When issued such policy shall be noncancellable without recourse for any cause during the continuance of the liability secured and so covered.

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The chair shall levy an assessment on the members of a defaulted group self-insurer within one hundred twenty days of such default or of the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand eight which amended this subdivision, whichever is later, and against the members of any other terminated group self-insurer when necessary, for such an amount as he or she determines to be necessary to discharge all liabilities of the group self-insurer, including the reasonable cost of liquidation such as claims administration costs, actuarial and accounting services, and the value of future assessments on members of such group self-insurer. The chair may impose subsequent deficit assessments, or return funds to members, to adjust the moneys collected to reflect the time of participation, and percent of group self-insurer liabilities for such time. Notwithstanding any such action by the chair, each member of the group self-insurer shall remain jointly and severally responsible for all liabilities provided by this chapter including but not limited to outstanding and estimated future liabilities and Further, separate and apart from, and in addition to a member's joint and several liability and notwithstanding any payments made by any other members of the group self-insurer pursuant to this subparagraph, in the event that a member neglects or fails to pay an assessment levied pursuant to this subparagraph, the member shall be deemed in default in the payment of compensation. Such defaulting member is subject to the enforcement provisions of section twenty-six of this chapter for the payment of all compensation relative to awards due and owing on claims filed by the employees of such member that have neither been paid by the member or the group self-insurer. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the chair from offering payment plans or settling claims against members of any group self-insurer as necessary to facilitate collection.

- (c) Upon the assumption of the assets and liabilities of a group self-insurer by the chair or his or her designee pursuant to regulation of the chair, all records, documents and files of whatever nature, pertaining to the group self-insurer, be they in the possession of the group self-insurer or a third party, and all remaining assets of the group self-insurer, shall become the property of the chair. All custodians of such records and/or funds shall turn over to the chair or his designee all such original records upon demand.
- § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 50 of the workers' compensation law is amended by adding a new paragraph e to read as follows:
- e. If for any reason the status of a county, city, village, town, school district, fire district or other political subdivision of state is terminated, at the discretion of the chair, the county, city, village, town, school district, fire district or other political subdivision of state, may execute an assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy securing such further and future contingent liability as may arise from prior injuries to workers and be incurred by reason of any change in the condition of such workers warranting the board making subsequent awards for payment of additional compensation. Such policy shall be in a form approved by the superintendent of insurance and shall be issued by the state fund or any insurance company licensed to issue this class of policy in this state. In the event that such policy is issued by an insurance company other than the state fund, then said policy shall be deemed to be insurance of the kind specified in paragraph fifteen of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of the insurance law and covered by the workers' compensation security fund as created and governed by article six-A of this chapter. It shall only be issued for a single complete premium

1 payment in advance by the county, city, village, town, school district, fire district or other political subdivision of state and in an amount 3 deemed acceptable by the chair and the superintendent of insurance. In lieu of the applicable premium charge ordinarily required to be imposed by a carrier, said premium shall include a surcharge in an amount to be 6 determined by the chair to satisfy all assessment liability due and 7 owing to the board and/or the chair under this chapter. Said surcharge shall be payable to the board simultaneous to the execution of the assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy. However, 9 the payment of said surcharge does not relieve the carrier from any 10 other liability, including liability owed to the superintendent of 11 12 insurance pursuant to article six-A of this chapter. When issued such 13 policy shall be non-cancellable without recourse for any cause during 14 the continuance of the liability secured and so covered. 15

§ 6. Section 73 of the workers' compensation law, as added by chapter 849 of the laws of 1955, is amended to read as follows:

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§ 73. Abandonment of plan. The board of supervisors of a county may by local law provide for the abandonment of a plan, effective as of the close of the calendar year then in progress. Such plan, however, continue to operate thereafter until all liabilities of the plan incurred prior to such effective date shall have been satisfied and all advances to the county self-insurance fund shall have been repaid. Such local law shall provide a method for the distribution of any assets of the plan remaining after all such liabilities have been satisfied. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any plan abandoned pursuant to section sixty-one of this chapter. At the discretion of the chair, the board of supervisors of a county may execute an assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy securing such further and future contingent liability as may arise from prior injuries to workers and be incurred by reason of any change in the condition of such workers warranting the board making subsequent awards for payment of additional compensation. Such policy shall be in a form approved by the superintendent of insurance and shall be issued by the state fund or any insurance company licensed to issue this class of insurance in this state. In the event that such policy is issued by an insurance company other than the state fund, then said policy shall be deemed to be of the kind specified in paragraph fifteen of subsection (a) of section one thousand one hundred thirteen of the insurance law and covered by the workers' compensation security fund as created and governed by article six-A of this chapter. It shall only be issued for a single complete premium payment in advance by the county, city, village, town, school district, fire district or other political subdivision of state and in an amount deemed acceptable by the chair and the superintendent of insurance. In lieu of the applicable premium charge ordinarily required to be imposed by a carrier, said premium shall include a surcharge in an amount to be determined by the chair to satisfy all assessment liability due and owing to the board and/or the chair under this chapter. Said surcharge shall be payable to the board simultaneous to the execution of the assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy. However, the payment of said surcharge does not relieve the carrier from any other liability, including liability owed to the superintendent of insurance pursuant to article six-A of this chapter. When issued such policy shall be non-cancellable without recourse for any cause during the continuance of the liability secured and so covered.

1 § 7. The eighth undesignated paragraph of section 106 of the workers' 2 compensation law, as amended by chapter 598 of the laws of 2000, is 3 amended to read as follows:

"Carrier" means a stock or mutual corporation or a reciprocal insurer or a nonprofit property/casualty insurance company, if such corporation or insurer is authorized to transact the business of workers' compensation insurance in this state, including but not limited to the issuance of an assumption of workers' compensation liability insurance policy, but not including any such corporation or insurer which is insolvent.

§ 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

12 PART S

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13 Section 1. The division of the budget and office of the state comptroller may dedicate such officers and employees as may be needed to a joint project, which shall be known as the state financial system project, and which shall be responsible for the development, implementation and maintenance of a single, statewide financial management system 17 for use by the state comptroller and all agencies. The division of the 18 budget and the office of the state comptroller shall serve jointly as the appointing authority for all titles within the project, and shall jointly appoint a project manager therefor. For purposes of appointment 21 and promotion under the civil service law, the state financial system 23 project shall be treated as if it were a single department.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

25 PART T

Section 1. The section heading and subdivision 1 of section 160 of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 329 of the laws of 1960, are amended to read as follows:

Regulations governing the health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan; advisory committee. 1. The president, subject to the provisions of this article, is hereby empowered to establish regulations relating to:

- (1) the eligibility of (a) active and (b) retired employees to participate in the health [insurance] benefit plan authorized by this article,
- (2) the terms and conditions of the insurance <u>and/or plan administrator</u> contract or contracts, as applied to (a) active employees and (b) retired employees, and
- (3) the purchase of such insurance <u>and/or plan administrator</u> contract or contracts and the administration of such health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan.

The president shall adopt such further regulations as may be required for the effective administration of this article, including the right to require advance payments of any portion of the amount required to be paid by any participating employer as its share in connection with the operation of the health [insurance] benefit plan hereunder.

- § 2. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 161 of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 329 of the laws of 1960, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. The president is hereby authorized and directed to establish a health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan for state officers and employees and their dependents and officers and employees of the state colleges of agriculture, home economics, industrial labor relations and veterinary medicine, the state agricultural experiment station at Geneva, and any

other institution or agency under the management and control of Cornell university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York, and the state college of ceramics under the management and control of Alfred university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York and their dependents which, subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this 7 article, and in the regulations of the president, will provide for group hospitalization, surgical and medical insurance against the financial costs of hospitalization, surgery, medical treatment and care, and may include, among other things prescribed drugs, medicines, prosthetic 10 appliances, hospital in-patient and out-patient service benefits and 11 12 medical expense indemnity benefits.

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- 3. The health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan shall be designed by the president (1) to provide a reasonable relationship between the hospital, surgical and medical benefits to be included, and the expected distribution of expenses of each such type to be incurred by the covered employees and dependents, and (2) to include reasonable controls, which may include deductible and coinsurance provisions applicable to some or all of the benefits, to reduce unnecessary utilization of the various hospital, surgical and medical services to be provided and to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years of the plan, and (3) to provide benefits on a non-discriminatory basis to the extent possible, to active members throughout the state, wherever located.
- § 3. The section heading and subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 162 of the civil service law, the section heading and subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 329 of the laws of 1960 and subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 805 of the laws of 1984, are amended to read as follows:

Contract for health [insurance] benefits. 1. The president is hereby authorized and directed to purchase a contract or contracts to provide the benefits under the plan of health [insurance] benefits determined upon in accordance with the provisions of this article. Such contract or contracts shall be purchased from one or more corporations licensed to transact accident and health insurance business in this state or subject to article forty-three of the insurance law. Alternatively, the president may provide health benefits directly to plan participants, in which case the president is hereby authorized to purchase a contract or contracts with one or more firms qualified to administer, on New York state health benefit plan's behalf, the plan of benefits required under this article. Any health insurance coverage mandated by law applicable to contracts for health insurance entered into under this section shall also apply to the provision of any benefits pursuant to this subdivision. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, the president's election to provide health benefits directly to plan participants shall not constitute the doing of insurance business within the meaning of article eleven of the insurance law. All of the benefits to be provided under this article may be included in one or more similar contracts, or the benefits may be classified into different types with each type included under one or more similar contracts issued by the same or different companies.

2. A reasonable time before entering into any insurance contract <u>or contract with an administrator or administrators</u> hereunder, the president shall invite proposals from such qualified insurers <u>or administrators</u> as in his <u>or her</u> opinion would desire to accept any part of the insurance coverage <u>or administrative services</u> authorized by this article.

§ 4. Subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 7 and 8 of section 163 of the civil service law, subdivisions 1 and 5 as amended by chapter 329 of the laws of 1960, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 617 of the laws of 1967, subdivision 7 as amended by chapter 198 of the laws of 1966 and subdivision 8 as added by chapter 394 of the laws of 1984, are amended to read as follows:

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- 1. All persons in the service of the state, whether elected, appointed or employed, who elect to participate in such health [insurance] benefit plan shall be eligible to participate therein, provided, however, that the president may adopt such regulations as he or she may deem appropriate excluding temporary, part time or intermittent employment.
- The contract or contracts shall provide for health [insurance] benefits for retired employees of the state and of the state colleges of agriculture, home economics, industrial labor relations and veterinary medicine, the state agricultural experiment station at Geneva, and any other institution or agency under the management and control of Cornell university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York, and the state college of ceramics under the management and control of Alfred university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York, and their spouses and dependent children as defined by the regulations of the president, on such terms as the president may deem appropriate, and the president may authorize the inclusion in the plan of the employees and retired employees of public authorities, public benefit corporations, school districts, special districts, district corporations, municipal corporations excluding active employees and retired employees of cities having a population of one million or more inhabitants whose compensation is or was before retirement paid out of the city treasury, other appropriate agencies, subdivisions or quasi-public organizations of the state and their spouses and dependent children as defined by the regulations of the president. Any such corporation, district, agency or organization electing to participate in the plan shall be required to pay its proportionate share of the expenses of administration of the plan in such amounts and at such times as determined and fixed by the All amounts payable for such expenses of administration president. shall be paid to the commissioner of taxation and finance and shall be applied to the reimbursement of funds previously advanced for such purposes. Neither the state nor any other participant in the plan shall be charged with the particular experience attributable to the employees of the participant, and all dividends or retroactive rate credits shall be distributed pro-rata based upon the number of employees of participant covered by the plan.
- 5. The chief fiscal officer of any such participating employer shall be authorized to deduct from the wages or salary paid to its employees who are participants in such health [insurance] benefit plan the sums required to be paid by them under such plan. Each such participating employer is authorized to appropriate such sums as are required to be paid by it as its share in connection with the operation of such plan.
- 7. For purposes of eligibility for participation in the health [insurance] benefit plan no person shall be deemed to be a state officer or employee or to be in the service of the state unless his salary or compensation is paid directly by the state, and no person shall be deemed to be a retired officer or employee of the state unless his salary or compensation immediately preceding his retirement was paid directly by the state; provided, however, that all active and retired justices, judges, officers and employees of the supreme court, surro-

gate's court, county court, family court, civil court of the city of New York, criminal court of the city of New York and district court in any county, officers and employees of the office of probation for the courts of New York city shall be eligible for participation in the health [insurance] benefit plan whether or not their salaries are paid or before retirement were paid directly by the state.

- 8. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, where the state and an employee organization representing state officers and employees who are in positions which are in the collective negotiating unit established by chapter four hundred three of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-three enter into a collectively negotiated agreement pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter providing that officers and employees who hold positions in such unit on or after April first, nineteen hundred eighty-four and who immediately upon termination from such position are eligible to receive a retirement benefit from either the New York state or New York city retirement systems shall continue to be eligible to participate in the employee benefit fund established by section two hundred six-a of the state finance law, such officers and employees upon retirement shall continue to participate in and receive the benefits of such fund as provided in such collectively negotiated agreement and shall not be eligible to receive and shall not receive from the statewide health [insurance] benefit plan established pursuant to this article coverage for benefits covered by such employee benefit fund.
- § 4-a. Section 163-a of the civil service law, as added by chapter 302 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:
- § 163-a. [Health insurance adjustment] <u>Supplementary plan</u>. 1. For the purposes of this section, the term "supplementary plan" shall mean a health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan which provides an adjustment to the deductible or co-insurance liability or to the benefits provided by the statewide health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan purchased pursuant to section one hundred sixty-two of this article.
- 2. The president may require the insurer of a supplementary plan to the statewide health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan, provided as a result of a collectively negotiated agreement pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter, to make a comparable supplementary plan available to participating employers as of the implementation date of the state employees' supplementary plan. The comparable supplementary plan shall be experience rated as to those participating employers electing it, with the costs thereof allocated equitably among them.
- 3. Every participating employer which, on or before July first, nineteen hundred eighty-five, entered into a collectively negotiated agreement pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter with employee organizations representing its employees to provide the statewide health [insurance] benefit plan shall provide such comparable supplementary plan on the date established by the president until the expiration of such negotiated agreement.
- § 5. Section 165 of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 810 of the laws of 1964, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 608 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
- § 165. Termination of active employment. 1. The health [insurance] benefit coverage of any employee and his or her dependents, if any, shall cease upon the discontinuance of his or her term of office or employment, subject to regulations which may be prescribed by the president for extension of coverage and for conversion to an individual contract providing for such of the benefits provided under this article

as may be provided under such individual contracts, under terms approved by the president, the total cost of any such contract to be borne by the employee.

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2. In the event of death of an employee having coverage at the time of death for himself or herself and his or her dependents, and where the circumstances of death are such that beneficiaries or dependents of such deceased employee are entitled to an accidental death benefit payable by a retirement system or pension plan administered by the state or a civil division thereof on account of death resulting from an accident sustained in the performance of his or her duties or to death benefits provided for under the [workmen's] workers' compensation law, the unremarried spouse of such employee covered at the time of his or her death and his or her covered dependents, for so long as they would otherwise qualify as dependents eligible for coverage under the regulations of the president, shall be eligible to continue full coverage under the health [insurance] benefit plan upon payment at intervals determined by the president of the full cost of such coverage; provided, however, that the state shall pay and any participating employer may elect to pay the full cost of such coverage, except that in the case of those enrolled in an optional benefit plan, the employer shall contribute not more than the same dollar amount which would be paid if such unremarried spouse and dependents were enrolled in the basic statewide health [insurance] benefit plan. The president shall adopt such regulations as may be required to carry out the provisions of this subdivision which shall include, but need not be limited to, provisions for filing application for continued coverage, including reasonable time limits therefor, and provisions for continued coverage of spouse and dependents pending determination of an application for accidental death benefits from a retirement system or pension plan administered by the state or a civil division thereof or pending determination of a claim for death benefits under the [workmen's] workers' compensation law.

§ 6. Section 165-a of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 467 of the laws of 1991, the closing paragraph as added by chapter 105 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

§ 165-a. Continuation of state health [insurance] benefit plans for survivors of employees of the state and/or of a political subdivision or of a public authority. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the president shall permit the unremarried spouse and the dependents, otherwise qualified as eligible for coverage under regulations of the president, of a person who was an employee of the state and/or of a political subdivision thereof or of a public authority for not less than ten years, provided however, that the ten-year service requirement shall not apply to such employees on active military duty in connection with the Persian Gulf conflict who die on or after August second, nineteen hundred ninety while in the Persian Gulf combat zone or while performing such military duties, who had been a participant in any of the state health [insurance] benefit plans, to continue under the coverage which such deceased employee had in effect at the time of death, upon the payment at intervals determined by the president of the full cost of such coverage, provided, however, that the unremarried spouse of an active employee of the State who died on or after April first nineteen hundred seventy-five and before April first nineteen hundred seventy-nine who timely elected to continue dependent coverage, or such unremarried spouse who timely elected individual coverage shall continue to pay at intervals determined by the president one-quarter of the full cost of dependent coverage and provided further, that, with

1 regard to employees of the State, where and to the extent that an agreement pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter so provides, or where the director of employee relations, with respect to employees of the State who are not included within a negotiating unit so recognized or certified pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter whom the director of employee relations determines should be declared eligible for the 7 continuation of health [insurance] benefit plans for the survivors of such employees of the State, the president shall adopt regulations providing for the continuation of such health [insurance] benefit or benefits by the unremarried spouse of an active employee of the State 10 11 who died on or after April first nineteen hundred seventy-nine who 12 elects to continue dependent coverage, or such unremarried spouse who 13 elects individual coverage, and upon such election shall pay at inter-14 vals determined by the president one-quarter of the full cost of dependent coverage and, provided further with respect to enrolled employees of 16 a political subdivision or public authority in a negotiating unit recog-17 nized or certified pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter, where an agreement negotiated pursuant to said article so provides, and with 18 19 respect to enrolled employees of a political subdivision or public 20 authority not included within a negotiating unit so recognized or certi-21 fied, at the discretion of the appropriate political subdivision or public authority, the unremarried spouse of an active employee of 23 political subdivision or of the public authority who died on or after April first nineteen hundred seventy-five, may elect to continue depend-25 ent coverage or such unremarried spouse may elect individual coverage and upon such election shall pay at intervals determined by the presi-26 27 dent one-quarter of the full cost of dependent coverage.

The president shall adopt such regulations as may be required to carry out the provisions of this subdivision which shall include, but need not be limited to, provisions for filing application for continued coverage.

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54 55 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the survivors of any employee subject to this section shall be entitled to the health [insurance] benefits granted pursuant to this section, provided that such employee died while on active duty other than for training purposes, pursuant to Title 10 of the United States Code, with the armed forces of the United States, and such member died on such active duty on or after the effective date of [the] chapter one hundred five of the laws of two thousand five [which added this paragraph] as a result of injuries, disease or other medical condition sustained or contracted in such active duty with the armed forces of the United States.

- § 7. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 and subdivisions 2, 4, 5 and 6 of section 167 of the civil service law, paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 582 of the laws of 1988, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 534 of the laws of 1998, subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 407 of the laws of 1970, subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 617 of the laws of 1967, and subdivision 6 as amended by section 2 of part C of chapter 56 of the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) The full cost of premium or subscription charges for the coverage of retired state employees who are enrolled in the statewide and the supplementary health [insurance] benefit plans established pursuant to this article and who retired prior to January first, nineteen hundred eighty-three shall be paid by the state. Nine-tenths of the cost of premium or subscription charges for the coverage of state employees and retired state employees retiring on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-three who are enrolled in the statewide and supplementary health [insurance] benefit plans shall be paid by the state. Three-

1 quarters of the cost of premium or subscription charges for the coverage of dependents of such state employees and retired state employees shall be paid by the state. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, the state shall contribute toward the premium or subscription charges for the coverage of each state employee or retired state employee who is enrolled in an optional benefit plan and for the dependents of 7 such state employee or retired state employee the same dollar amount which would be paid by the state for the premium or subscription charges for the coverage of such state employee or retired state employee and his or her dependents if he or she were enrolled in the statewide and 10 11 the supplementary health [insurance] benefit plans, but not in excess of the premium or subscription charges for the coverage of such state 12 13 employee or retired state employee and his or her dependents under such 14 optional benefit plan. For purposes of this subdivision, employees of the state colleges of agriculture, home economics, industrial labor 16 relations, and veterinary medicine, the state agricultural experiment 17 station at Geneva, and any other institution or agency under the management and control of Cornell university as the representative of the 18 19 board of trustees of the state university of New York, and employees of 20 the state college of ceramics under the management and control of Alfred 21 university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York, shall be deemed to be state employees whose 23 salaries or compensation are paid directly by the state.

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2. Each participating employer shall be required to pay not less than fifty percentum of the cost of premium or subscription charges for the coverage of its employees and retired employees who are enrolled in the statewide only or the statewide and comparable supplementary health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plans established pursuant to this article. employer shall be required to pay not less than thirty-five percentum of the cost of premium or subscription charges for the coverage of dependents of such employees and retired employees. Such employer contribute toward the premium or subscription charges for the coverage of each employee or retired employee who is enrolled in an optional benefit plan and for the dependents of such employee or retired employee the same dollar amount which would be paid by such employer for the premium or subscription charges for the coverage of such employee or retired employee and his or her dependents if he or she were enrolled in the statewide health [insurance] benefit plan, but not in excess of the premium or subscription charges for the coverage of such employee or retired employee and his or her dependents under such optional benefit Such employer shall not be required to pay the cost of premium or subscription charges for the coverage of unpaid elected officials, or unpaid board members of a public authority, or their dependents, provided, however that no unpaid board member of a public authority shall be eligible to participate in such [insurance] benefit plan until he or she has served in such position for at least six months. Subject to such regulations as the president may prescribe, any participating employer may elect to pay higher rates of contribution for the coverage of employees, retired employees and their dependents; provided, however, that if a participating employer elects to pay a higher or lower rate of contribution for its retired employees or their dependents, or both, than that paid by the state for its retired employees or their dependents, or both, amounts withheld from the retirement allowances of such retired employees for their share of premium or subscription charges, if any, shall, if the president so requires, be paid to such participating employer which shall pay into the health insurance fund the full cost of

premium or subscription charges for the coverage of such retired employees and their dependents. Such election shall be exercised by the adoption of a resolution by its governing body which, if required by law to be approved by any other body or officer, shall have been so approved.

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4. Upon the retirement, on or after July first, nineteen hundred sixty-five, of a state employee whose salary or compensation is paid directly by the state, who is subject to a plan established by law, rule, regulation, written order or written policy which provides for the regular earning and accumulation of sick leave, and who is eligible to continue coverage under the health [insurance] benefit plan after retirement, the department [of civil service] shall determine, based on the employee's age at the time of retirement, the actuarial equivalent in monthly installments for the remaining life expectancy of such retired employee, of the dollar value of the earned and accumulated but unused sick leave standing to his or her credit at the time of retirement, without interest. Such dollar value shall be based on the employee's salary at the time of retirement. In addition to regular employer contributions, contributions in the amount of such monthly installments shall be paid from the state's appropriation to the health insurance fund and applied towards the charges for health [insurance] benefits on account of such retired employee and his or her dependents, to the extent necessary to pay such charges. The remaining amount, if any, necessary to pay such charges shall be contributed by such retired employee. On or after October first, nineteen hundred seventy when such dollar value of such sick leave amounts to less than one hundred dollars for a particular retired employee, in lieu of contributions which would otherwise be required from such retired employee, additional contributions shall be paid for the state's appropriation to the health insurance fund and applied towards the charges for health [insurance] benefits on account of such retired employee and his or her dependents until the sum of such additional contributions equals such dollar value of such sick leave. The remaining amount, if any, necessary to pay such charges shall be contributed by such retired employee. For purposes of this subdivision, employees of the state colleges of agriculture, home economics, industrial labor relations, and veterinary medicine, the state agricultural experiment station at Geneva, and any other institution or agency under the management and control of Cornell university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York, and employees of the state college of ceramics under the management and control of Alfred university as the representative of the board of trustees of the state university of New York, shall be deemed to be state employees whose salaries or compensation is paid directly by the state.

5. Subject to such regulations as the president may prescribe, any participating employer may elect to make additional contributions towards charges for health [insurance] benefit coverage on account of its retired employees and their dependents, based on the dollar value of their sick leave accumulated but unused at the time of retirement. Such election shall apply to employees in the service of the participating employer who retire on or after the effective date of such election, who are subject to a plan established by law, rule, regulation, written order or written policy which provides for the regular earning and accumulation of sick leave, and who are eligible to continue coverage under the health [insurance] benefit plan after retirement. The participating employer shall certify to the department [of civil service] the dollar

value of earned and accumulated but unused sick leave standing to the credit of an employee at the time of his <u>or her</u> retirement. Additional contributions shall be paid by such participating employer and applied towards charges for health [insurance] <u>benefits</u> on account of its retired employees and their dependents in the same manner as provided in subdivision four of this section with respect to retired state employees and their dependents.

- 6. There is hereby created a health insurance fund which shall be available without fiscal year limitation for premium or subscription charge payments, for payment of health benefits to plan participants, for administrative services under any contract or contracts purchased in accordance with this article. The amounts withheld from employees and retired employees under subdivision three of this section, all amounts appropriated by the state to such health insurance fund, and all amounts contributed by any participating employer pursuant to subdivision two of this section, shall be credited to such health insurance fund. The income derived from any dividends, premium rate adjustments or other refunds under any such contract or contracts shall be credited to such fund and retained therein as a special reserve for adverse fluctuation in future charges under any such contract or contracts. Any interest earned by the investment of moneys in such health insurance fund shall be added to such special reserve, become a part of such special reserve, and be used for the purpose of such special reserve.
- § 8. Section 167-a of the civil service law, as added by chapter 602 of the laws of 1966, is amended to read as follows:
- § 167-a. Reimbursement for medicare premium charges. Upon exclusion from the coverage of the health [insurance] benefit plan of supplementary medical insurance benefits for which an active or retired employee or a dependent covered by the health [insurance] benefit plan is or would be eligible under the federal old-age, survivors and disability insurance program, an amount equal to the premium charge for such supplementary medical insurance benefits for such active or retired employee and his or her dependents, if any, shall be paid monthly or at other intervals to such active or retired employee from the health insurance fund. Where appropriate, such amount may be deducted from contributions payable by the employee or retired employee; or where appropriate in the case of a retired employee receiving a retirement allowance, such amount may be included with payments of his or her retirement allowance. Employer contributions to the health insurance fund shall be adjusted as necessary to provide for such payments.
- § 9. Section 168 of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 329 of the laws of 1960, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 585 of the laws of 1968 and subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 198 of the laws of 1966, is amended to read as follows:
- § 168. Assessment of certain costs. 1. If the salary or compensation of any officers and employees of the state is paid from a special or administrative fund or funds, other than the state purposes fund or the local assistance fund of the general fund of the state or the capital construction fund or an income fund of the state university or the mental hygiene services fund, such fund or funds shall be charged, and there shall be paid therefrom as [hereinafter] provided in this section the employer's share of the premium for the coverage of such officers and employees under the health [insurance] benefit plan. If the amounts appropriated or allocable from such special or administrative fund or funds are insufficient for such purpose, the director of the budget is hereby authorized to allocate such additional sums from such fund or

funds as may be necessary therefor; provided, however, that no transfer shall be made between two or more of such funds. Such amounts shall be paid, at such times as shall be required by the president, to the commissioner of taxation and finance and shall be credited to the health insurance fund to pay, or reimburse the health insurance fund for the payment of, the employer's share of the premium for coverage of such officers and employees under the health [insurance] benefit plan.

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- If the salary or compensation of any officers and employees of the state is payable from a special or administrative fund or funds, other than the state purposes fund or the local assistance fund of the general fund of the state or the capital construction fund or an income fund of the state university or the mental hygiene services fund, a proportionate share of the expenses of administration of the health [insurance] benefit plan, on account of coverage of such officers and employshall be payable from such fund or funds. If the amounts appropriated or allocable from such special or administrative fund or funds are insufficient for such purpose, the director of the budget is hereby authorized to allocate such additional sums from such funds or funds as may be necessary therefor; provided, however, that no transfer shall be made between two or more of such funds. The proportionate share of the expenses of administration of the health [insurance] benefit plan chargeable pursuant to this subdivision to any special or administrative fund shall be determined by the president and shall be payable at such times as may be fixed by him or her. Such sums shall be payable to the commissioner of taxation and finance and shall be applied to the reimbursement of funds previously advanced for the expenses of administration of the health [insurance] benefit plan.
- 3. (a) If the salary or compensation of any justices, judges, officers and employees of the supreme court, surrogate's court, county court, family court, civil court of the city of New York, criminal court of the city of New York and district court in any county, officers and employees of the office of probation for the courts of New York city is not paid in whole or in part from the treasury of the state, but is paid directly from the treasury of a civil division, such civil division shall be required to pay the employer's share of the premium charges for the coverage of such justices, judges, officers and employees under the state health [insurance] benefit plan. The appropriate fiscal officer of such civil division shall deduct from the salary or wages paid to such justices, judges, officers and employees the sums required to be paid by them under such plan. Such deductions and the corresponding employer's share of premium charges shall be paid, at such times as required by the president, to the commissioner of taxation and finance and shall be credited to the health insurance fund.
- (b) If the salary or compensation of any retired justices, judges, officers and employees of the supreme court, surrogate's court, county court, family court, civil court of the city of New York, criminal court of the city of New York and district court in any county, officers and employees of the office of probation for the courts of New York city prior to retirement was not paid in whole or in part from the treasury of the state but was paid directly from the treasury of a civil division, such civil division shall be required to pay the employer's share of the premium charges for the coverage of such retired justices, judges, officers and employees under the state health [insurance] benefit plan. If such retired justices, judges, officers and employees are receiving retirement allowances from a pension or retirement plan or system administered by such civil division, the amounts required to be

1 paid by such retired justices, judges, officers and employees as their 2 share of premium charges shall be deducted from their retirement allow-3 ances. Such deductions and the employer's share of premium charges shall 4 be paid, at such times as required by the president, to the commissioner 5 of taxation and finance and shall be credited to the health insurance 6 fund.

- (c) Any civil division required by this subdivision to pay the employer's share of the premium charges for the coverage of active or retired justices, judges, officers and employees of the supreme court, surrogate's court, county court, family court, civil court of the city of New York, criminal court of the city of New York and district court in any county, officers and employees of the office of probation for the courts of New York city shall also be assessed and required to pay a proportionate share of the expenses of administration of the health [insurance] benefit plan in such amounts and at such times as determined by the president. Such sums shall be payable to the commissioner of taxation and finance and shall be applied to the reimbursement of funds previously advanced for the expenses of administration of the health [insurance] benefit plan.
- § 10. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 161-a of the civil service law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 302 of the laws of 1985 and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 307 of the laws of 1979, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. Where, and to the extent that, an agreement between the state and an employee organization entered into pursuant to article fourteen of this chapter provides for health [insurance] benefits, the president, after receipt of written directions from the director of employee relations, shall implement the provisions of such agreement consistent with the terms thereof and to the extent necessary shall adopt regulations providing for the benefits to be thereunder provided. The president, with the approval of the director of the budget, may extend such benefits, in whole or in part, to employees not subject to the provisions of such agreement.
- 3. There is hereby created a council on employee health insurance to supervise the administration of changes to the health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan negotiated in collective negotiations and to provide continuing policy direction to insurance plans administered by the state the provisions of any other law to the contrary notwithstanding. The council shall consist of the president [of the civil service commission], the director of the division of the budget, and the director of employee relations.
- § 11. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 11 of the civil service law, as amended by chapter 299 of the laws of 1968, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) The term "expenses of administration" means the total cost of administration of the department [of civil service], excluding costs of providing services to municipalities and costs of administration of the health [insurance] benefit plan, and excluding costs of special programs or activities of the department as may be determined by the president, subject to approval of the director of the budget, which do not serve generally all state departments and agencies under the jurisdiction of the department;
- § 12. Section 158 of the civil service law, as added by chapter 1047 of the laws of 1973, subdivision 1 as amended by section 4 of part C of chapter 56 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

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§ 158. Group term life insurance plan and group accident and health [insurance] benefit plan. 1. The president, subject to the provisions of this section, is hereby empowered to establish regulations relating to, and to enter into and administer contracts providing for, a group term life insurance plan, and a group accident and health [insurance] benefit plan on behalf of legislators, employees of the legislature hired on an annual basis, judges and justices of the unified court system, and state employees and retired employees who, for the purposes of article fourteen of this chapter, have been for a period of time prescribed by the regulations and, except for such retirees, continue to be in positions designated as managerial or confidential positions. The president may authorize the inclusion in the plan of such employees and retired employees of other governments or public employers as defined in subdivision [seven] six of section two hundred one of this chapter. The president may adopt whatever other regulations which may be necessary to fulfill the intentions of this section. No regulation shall be adopted, repealed or amended, and no other action taken with respect to such employees affecting the amount of, or eligibility for, benefits or rates of contribution under this section without the approval of the director of employee relations.

The full costs of any insurance program or programs established pursuant to this subdivision, excluding administrative costs, shall be borne by insureds and retirees. Any interest earned by the moneys in the life insurance fund shall be added to such fund, become a part of such fund, be used for the purpose of such fund, and be available without fiscal year limitation.

- 2. The regulations of the president authorized by this section shall provide that the entire cost of premiums or subscription charges for coverage under the insurance plans established pursuant to such regulations shall be borne by the employees electing such coverage. Such regulations may provide for the allocation of any administrative expenses, other than those of the insurer, among employers or employees or retired employees participating in such coverage.
- § 13. Subdivision 1 of section 174 of the civil service law, as added by chapter 585 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. All persons who, as of the effective date of this article, are or shall become eligible to participate in the state health [insurance] benefit plan established under article eleven of this chapter, shall be eligible to participate in the long term care insurance plan established under this article. The president shall adopt regulations prescribing the conditions under which an eligible individual may elect to participate in the long term care insurance plan.
- § 14. The article heading of article 11 of the civil service law, as added by chapter 461 of the laws of 1956 and such article as renumbered by chapter 790 of the laws of 1958, is amended to read as follows:

HEALTH [INSURANCE] <u>BENEFITS</u> FOR STATE AND RETIRED STATE EMPLOYEES

- § 15. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph f of subdivision 2 of section 5 of the state finance law, as added by section 1 of part E of chapter 56 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) in the unclassified service of the state and, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, shall be designated managerial and, as such, eligible for benefits provided by subdivision two of section eleven and subdivision (a) of section twelve of chapter four hundred sixty of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-two, as amended; section one hundred fifty-eight of the civil service law; eligible to participate in the state deferred compensation plan, the New York state



and local employees' retirement system; the health [insurance] <u>benefit</u> plan for state employees; and subject to coverage under sections seventeen and eighteen of the public officers law, or

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- § 16. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 99-c of the state finance law, as added by chapter 55 of the laws of 1977, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. In the event a county, city, town, village or school district which has elected to receive distribution or distributions from the health insurance reserve receipts fund, pursuant to an agreement between such municipality or school district and the state and which has elected to terminate its contractual agreement for health [insurance] benefits with the New York state department of civil service, or if called upon by the New York state department of civil service, pursuant to such agreement, to return such distribution within the time period and under the conditions specified in such agreement, shall be in default of its obligation to repay such distribution, the allotment, apportionment, and payment of local assistance aid, education aid or other state aid as appropriate and as determined by the comptroller shall be withheld by the state upon the following terms and conditions.
- 3. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, the comptroller shall establish a fund, to be called the health insurance reserve receipts fund, to receive transfers of funds from the health insurance carriers or the plan administrator or administrators of the New York state employee health [insurance] benefit plan, pursuant to contractual agreements between such carriers and the New York state department of civil service and/or from the health insurance fund. Moneys returned by the municipalities and school districts or withheld from state aid by the comptroller pursuant to provisions governing termination of the contractual agreements shall be deposited in this fund. Disbursements from the health insurance reserve receipts fund shall be [for the purpose of returning to participating governments and school districts the appropriate share of moneys remitted by such health insurance carriers and/or] for the purpose of remitting to the carriers any moneys due them as a result of termination of the state's contract with the carriers or termination of agreements between the state and municipalities and school districts and/or for the purpose of transferring funds to the health insurance fund. Disbursements from such fund shall be made pursuant to the procedures for authorization of expenditures contained in article [XI] eleven of the civil service law upon the issuance of a certificate of approval of availability by the director of the budget and subject to audit and warrant of the comptroller.
- § 17. Subdivision 2 of section 9.09 of the parks, recreation and 43 historic preservation law is amended to read as follows:
 - 2. For the purposes of eligibility for participation in the state health [insurance] benefit plan under article eleven of the civil service law and for survivor's benefits for active and retired state employees [as provided by sections one hundred fifty-four and one hundred fifty-five of the civil service law], employees of the commission, to the extent to which the compensation paid for their services is derived from funds appropriated by this state, shall be deemed to be employees of this state and qualified for such participation and benefits. For the purpose of determining their rights under the [workmen's] workers' compensation law of this state, employees of the commission employed wholly or partly in this state shall be deemed to be employees of this state provided, however, that the amount of any payment made under such compensation law to an employee of the commission employed

only partly in this state shall be only in such proportion as the amount of his <u>or her</u> salary paid by the state of New York shall bear to his <u>or her</u> total salary.

- § 18. Subsection (b) of section 1101 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new subparagraph 6 to read as follows:
- (6) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the election by the president of the civil service commission to provide health benefits directly to New York state health benefit plan participants shall not constitute the doing of insurance business within the meaning of article eleven of the insurance law.
- 11 § 19. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 12 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010.

13 PART U

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14 Section 1. Section 167-a of the civil service law, as added by chapter 15 602 of the laws of 1966, is amended to read as follows:

§ 167-a. Reimbursement for medicare premium charges. Upon exclusion from the coverage of the health insurance plan of supplementary medical insurance benefits for which an active or retired employee or a dependent covered by the health insurance plan is or would be eligible under the federal old-age, survivors and disability insurance program, an amount equal to the premium charge for such supplementary medical insurance benefits for such active or retired employee and his or her dependents, if any, shall be paid monthly or at other intervals to such active or retired employee from the health insurance fund. Where appropriate, such amount may be deducted from contributions payable by the employee or retired employee; or where appropriate in the case of a retired employee receiving a retirement allowance, such amount may be included with payments of his or her retirement allowance. All state employer, employee, retired employee and dependent contributions to the health insurance fund shall be adjusted as necessary to provide for payment of premium charges under this section. All other employer contributions to the health insurance fund shall be adjusted as necessary to provide for such payments.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010.

36 PART V

37 Section 1. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding 38 a new section 16-e to read as follows:

§ 16-e. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand nine as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior to fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven and one-half percent of

the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March 1 2 thirty-first, two thousand eleven shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized 3 over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the 5 6 amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a 7 market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments 9 payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand 10 twelve.

b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven which shall be determined by the comptroller to equal the following amount:

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the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.

- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:
- (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirtytwo thousand twelve, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable, and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.
- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to section sixteen-c and sixteen-d of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization," determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand ten, in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c and sixteen-d of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization periods, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 2. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 16-f to read as follows:
- 52 § 16-f. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bill for 53 fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of 55 employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand ten

as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the 1 amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency 3 payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be 6 paid pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve. The amount by which 7 the contribution amount with respect to the fiscal year ending March 9 thirty-first, two thousand twelve exceeds ten and one-half percent of 10 the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March 11 thirty-first, two thousand twelve shall be the "amount eligible for 12 amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized 13 over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be 14 determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the 15 amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a 16 market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments 17 payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand 18 19 thirteen.

b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:

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- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section sixteen-g of this article, if applicable,
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section, and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, and sixteen-e of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization," determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- 54 (1) on or before August first, two thousand eleven, in addition to
 55 advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and
 56 for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant

to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, and sixteen-e of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve.

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- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization periods, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 3. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 16-g to read as follows:
- § 16-g. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand eleven as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen exceeds eleven and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen.
- b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section;
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- 53 c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of
 54 this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March
 55 thirty-first, two thousand fourteen an amount determined by the comp56 troller by adding the following four amounts together:



(1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section sixteen-h of this bill, if applicable,

- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section, and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable, and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, and sixteen-f of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization," determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand twelve, in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to section sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e and sixteen-f of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization periods, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 4. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 16-h to read as follows:
- § 16-h. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand twelve as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen exceeds twelve and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all



- 1 employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed 2 rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with 3 the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending 4 March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen.
 - b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:

- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
 - (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section sixteen-i of this title, if applicable,
 - (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
 - (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
 - (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, sixteen-f, and sixteen-g of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization," determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand thirteen, in addition to
 advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and
 for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant
 to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, sixteen-f, and sixteen-g of
 this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise
 the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-pay-



ment in full of said amount for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen.

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- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization periods, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 5. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 16-i to read as follows:
- § 16-i. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand thirteen as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen exceeds thirteen and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen.
- b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
 - (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- 51 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-52 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of 53 this title, if applicable; and
- 54 (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-55 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of 56 this title, if applicable.



- 1 c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of
 2 this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March
 3 thirty-first, two thousand sixteen an amount determined by the comp4 troller by adding the following six amounts together:
 - (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section sixteen-j of this title, if applicable,

- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- 12 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-13 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-h of 14 this title, if applicable; and
 - (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
 - (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
 - (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, sixteen-f, sixteen-g, and sixteen-h of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization," determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
 - (1) on or before August first, two thousand fourteen, in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, sixteen-f, sixteen-g and sixteen-h of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen.
 - (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization periods, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
 - § 6. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 16-j to read as follows:
 - § 16-j. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand fourteen as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis)

1 required to be paid pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen. The 3 amount by which the contribution amount with respect to the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen exceeds fourteen and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal 6 year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amorti-7 zation" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of 9 interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all 10 11 employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed 12 rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with 13 the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending 14 March thirty-first, two thousand seventeen.

b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts together:

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- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand seventeen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following seven amounts together:
- 44 (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-45 first, two thousand seventeen, calculated pursuant to section twenty-46 three-a of this article (without reference to this section);
- 47 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-48 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- 49 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-50 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-i of 51 this title, if applicable; and
- 52 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-53 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-h of 54 this title, if applicable; and

- 1 (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-g of 3 this title, if applicable; and
 - (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and

- (7) the sixth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, sixteen-f, sixteen-g, sixteen-h and sixteen-i of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization," determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand fifteen, in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections sixteen-c, sixteen-d, sixteen-e, sixteen-f, sixteen-g, sixteen-h and sixteen-i of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization periods, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 7. Paragraph 2 of subdivision b of section 23-a of the retirement and social security law, as added by section 1 of part A of chapter 49 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. requiring a minimum annual contribution from the state and every participating employer (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state or participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) equal to [four] five and one-half percent of pensionable salaries. Effective immediately upon implementation by the comptroller of the comprehensive structural reform program set forth in this section, and in all subsequent years, participating employers shall pay either the required annual contribution determined under the revised schedule pertaining to the valuation, billing and payment of contributions pursuant to paragraph one of this subdivision, or the required minimum annual contribution of [four] five and one-half percent of pensionable salaries, whichever is greater; and
- § 8. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 316-e to read as follows:
- § 316-e. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bills for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand nine as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the annual amount (exclusive of payments for group term life



insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven exceeds seventeen and one-half percent of the estimated pensiona-ble salary base for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" shall be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amorti-zation of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve.

b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven which shall be determined by the comptroller equaling the following amount,

the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand eleven, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.

- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:
- (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-f of this title, if applicable;
- 37 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-38 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.
 - d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c and three hundred sixteen-d of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
 - (1) on or before August first, two thousand ten in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c and three hundred sixteen-d of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven.
- 54 (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization 55 period, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and 56 for the payment of the annual amortized installment, the comptroller

shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.

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- § 9. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 316-f to read as follows:
- 6 § 316-f. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bills for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve. a. If 7 the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amorti-9 zation of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two 10 11 thousand ten as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall 12 determine the annual amount (exclusive of payments for group term life 13 insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal 14 years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives 15 or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amor-16 tized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-17 first, two thousand twelve. The amount by which the contribution amount 18 with respect to fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand 19 20 twelve exceeds eighteen and one-half percent of the estimated pensiona-21 ble salary base for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand 22 twelve shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount 23 eligible for amortization" shall be amortized over a ten-year period at 24 a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller 25 to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amorti-26 zation of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on 27 taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable 28 issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal 29 year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen.
 - b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:
 - (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand twelve, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
 - (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
 - (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-g of this article, if applicable;
 - (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section, and
- 54 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-55 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred 56 sixteen-e of this article, if applicable.

d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, and three hundred sixteen-e of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:

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- (1) on or before August first, two thousand eleven in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, and three hundred sixteen-e of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization period, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installment, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 10. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 316-g to read as follows:
- § 316-g. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bills for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand eleven as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the annual amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirtyfirst, two thousand thirteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen exceeds nineteen and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" shall be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen.
- b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- 53 (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, 54 two thousand thirteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred 55 twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less

the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivi-1 sion a of this section;

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- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:
- (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirtyfirst, two thousand fourteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-h of this title, if applicable;
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section;
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-f of this article, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, and three hundred sixteen-f of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand twelve in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, and three hundred sixteen-f of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization period, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installment, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- 49 § 11. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a 50 new section 316-h to read as follows:
- 51 § 316-h. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bills 52 for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen. a. If 53 the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two 55 thousand twelve as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall



determine the annual amount (exclusive of payments for group term life 1 insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal 3 years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section three hundred twen-6 ty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirty-7 first, two thousand fourteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thou-9 sand fourteen exceeds twenty and one-half percent of the estimated 10 pensionable salary base for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two 11 thousand fourteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The 12 "amount eligible for amortization" shall be amortized over a ten-year 13 period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the 14 comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible 15 for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of 16 return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by 17 comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during 18 the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen.

b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:

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- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section;
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
- (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-i of this title, if applicable;
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- 52 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-53 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred 54 sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and

1 (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.

- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, three hundred sixteen-f, and three hundred sixteen-g of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to both such section subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand thirteen in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, three hundred sixteen-f, and three hundred sixteen-g of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization period, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installment, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 12. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 316-i to read as follows:
- § 316-i. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bills for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand thirteen as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the annual amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirtyfirst, two thousand fifteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen exceeds twenty one and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" shall be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen.
- b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen

which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following 1 five amounts together:

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- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section;
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- 14 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-15 zation" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and 16
 - (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts together:
 - (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirtyfirst, two thousand sixteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-j of this title, if applicable; and
 - (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
 - (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-h of this title, if applicable; and
 - (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-g of this article, if applicable; and
 - (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
 - (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, three hundred sixteen-f, three hundred sixteen-g, and three hundred sixteen-h of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to both such section subject to the follow-<u>ing:</u>
- 52 (1) on or before August first, two thousand fourteen in addition to 53 advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and 54 for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant 55 to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, three hundred sixteen-f, three hundred sixteen-g, and

three hundred sixteen-h of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen.

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- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization period, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installment, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.
- § 13. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 316-j to read as follows:
- § 316-j. Amortization of a portion of the state's contribution bills for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation made as of April first, two thousand fourteen as provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the annual amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) required to be paid pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article for the fiscal year ending March thirtyfirst, two thousand sixteen. The amount by which the contribution amount with respect to fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen exceeds twenty-two and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization." The "amount eligible for amortization" shall be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand seventeen.
- b. The state may, in lieu of paying its bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen, pay a lesser amount during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts together:
- (1) the entire bill for the fiscal year ending on March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section;
- 47 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti48 zation" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-i of this
 49 title, if applicable; and
- 50 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-51 zation" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-h of this 52 title, if applicable; and
- 53 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-54 zation" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-g of this 55 title, if applicable; and



- 1 (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-f of this 3 title, if applicable; and
 - (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.

- c. If the state makes the payment provided for in subdivision b of this section, the state shall pay during the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand seventeen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following seven amounts together:
- (1) the state's entire bill for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand seventeen, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section);
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (7) the sixth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred sixteen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. The remaining amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, three hundred sixteen-f, three hundred sixteen-g, three hundred sixteen-h, and three hundred sixteen-i of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable each subsequent fiscal year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to both such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before August first, two thousand fifteen in addition to advising with respect to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installments determined pursuant to sections three hundred sixteen-c, three hundred sixteen-d, three hundred sixteen-e, three hundred sixteen-f, three hundred sixteen-g, three hundred sixteen-h, and three hundred sixteen-i of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen.
- (2) on or before each subsequent August first during the amortization period, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installment, the comptroller shall advise the state of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid for that fiscal year.

§ 14. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 17-e to read as follows:

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§ 17-e. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand ten -- two thousand eleven fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand nine, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven. The amount by which such contribution exceeds nine and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand twelve.

b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand eleven bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand eleven which shall be determined by the comptroller equaling the following amounts,

the entire February first, two thousand eleven bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section;

- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand twelve an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together;
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand twelve bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this article; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, and seventeen-d of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand eleven in addition
 to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of
 the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to section seventeen-b, seventeen-c, and seventeen-d of this title and pursuant to this
 section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the

total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand twelve.

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- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 15. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 17-f to read as follows:
- § 17-f. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand eleven -- two thousand twelve fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand ten, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve. The amount by which such contribution exceeds ten and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirtyfirst, two thousand twelve shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand thirteen.
- b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand twelve bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand twelve which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand twelve bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this article, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand thirteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand thirteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of this title; and
- 53 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-54 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and

1 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of 3 this title, if applicable.

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- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, and seventeen-e of this title, and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand twelve in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, and seventeen-e of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand thirteen.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 16. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 17-g to read as follows:
- § 17-g. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand eleven, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds eleven and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand fourteen.
- b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand thirteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February
 first, two thousand thirteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- 53 (1) the entire February first, two thousand thirteen bill, calculated 54 pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to 55 this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined 56 pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and



- 1 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of 3 this title, if applicable; and
 - (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.

- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand fourteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand fourteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this title, if applicable
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, and seventeen-f of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand thirteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, and seventeen-f of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand fourteen.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 17. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 17-h to read as follows:
- § 17-h. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand twelve, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participat-

- ing employer pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article due for 1 the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen. The 3 amount by which such contribution exceeds twelve and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen shall be the "amount eligible for 6 amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" 7 may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid 9 balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities 10 11 similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten 12 equal payments payable on February first, two thousand fifteen.
 - b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand fourteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand fourteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:

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- (1) the entire February first, two thousand fourteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand fifteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
- the entire February first, two thousand fifteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section seventeen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- 43 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-44 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- 46 (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-47 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of 48 this title, if applicable.
- 49 d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, 50 seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, seventeen-f and seventeen-g of 51 this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. 53 The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" deter-54

mined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following: 55



1 (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand fourteen in addition 2 to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of 3 the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, seventeen-f and seventeen-g of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand fifteen.

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- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 18. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 17-i to read as follows:
- § 17-i. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand fourteen -- two thousand fifteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand thirteen, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds thirteen and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand sixteen.
- b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand fifteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand fifteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand fifteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- 49 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-50 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-h of 51 this title, if applicable; and
- 52 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-53 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of 54 this title, if applicable; and

- 1 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of 3 this title, if applicable; and
 - (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.

- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand sixteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand sixteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section seventeen-j of this title, if applicable; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, seventeen-f, seventeen-g and seventeen-h of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand fifteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, seventeen-f, seventeen-g and seventeen-h of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand sixteen.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- 51 § 19. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a 52 new section 17-j to read as follows:
- § 17-j. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating
 the employers for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen fiscal
 the year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to
 the permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section,



then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand fourteen, on the basis 1 of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the 3 comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is 6 permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a 7 participating employer pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this arti-9 cle due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds fourteen and 10 11 one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal 12 year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible 13 14 for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed 15 rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization 16 17 of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable 18 fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, 19 with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two 20 thousand seventeen.

b. A participating employer may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand sixteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand sixteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts together:

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- (1) the entire February first, two thousand sixteen bill, calculated pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand seventeen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following seven amounts together:
- 48 (1) the entire February first, two thousand seventeen bill, calculated 49 pursuant to section twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to 50 this section); and
- 51 (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-52 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- 53 (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-54 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-i of 55 this title, if applicable; and



- 1 (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-h of 3 this title, if applicable; and
 - (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and

- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (7) the sixth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
 - d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, seventeen-f, seventeen-g, seventeen-h and seventeen-i of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
 - (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand sixteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d, seventeen-e, seventeen-f, seventeen-g, seventeen-h and seventeen-i of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand seventeen.
 - (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 20. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 317-e to read as follows:
- 317-e. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand ten--two thousand eleven fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand nine, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven. The amount by which such contribution exceeds seventeen and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand eleven shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all



employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand twelve.

b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand eleven bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand eleven which shall be determined by the comptroller equaling the following amounts,

the entire February first, two thousand eleven bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.

- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand twelve an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand twelve bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, and three hundred seventeen-d of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand eleven in addition to the the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, and three hundred seventeen-d of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand twelve.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 21. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 317-f to read as follows:
- § 317-f. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve fiscal year.

 a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand ten, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on

an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this arti-cle due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve. The amount by which such contribution exceeds eighteen and onehalf percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand twelve shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand thirteen.

b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand twelve bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand twelve which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following two amounts together:

- (1) the entire February first, two thousand twelve bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand thirteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand thirteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section), less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-g of this title; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, and three hundred seventeen-e of this title, and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand twelve in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, and three hundred seventeen-e of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand thirteen.

(2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.

- § 22. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 317-g to read as follows:
- 317-g. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand eleven, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds nineteen and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand thirteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand fourteen.
- b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand thirteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand thirteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following three amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand thirteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
 - (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision be of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand fourteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand fourteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and

(2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and

- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, and three hundred seventeen-f of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand thirteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, and three hundred seventeen-f of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand fourteen.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 23. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 317-h to read as follows:
- § 317-h. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand thirteen -- two thousand fourteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand twelve, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds twenty and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fourteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers,

1 with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two
2 thousand fifteen.

- b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand fourteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand fourteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following four amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand fourteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand fifteen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand fifteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section, less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred seventeen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, three hundred seventeen-f and three hundred seventeen-g of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand fourteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, three hundred seventeen-f and three hundred seventeen-g of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand fifteen.

(2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.

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- § 24. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 317-i to read as follows:
- 317-i. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand fourteen -- two thousand fifteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand thirteen, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comptroller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a participating employer pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds twentyone and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand fifteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to be applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand sixteen.
- b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand fifteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand fifteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following five amounts together:
 - (1) the entire February first, two thousand fifteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
 - (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
 - (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- 53 c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b
 54 of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand sixteen an
 55 amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts
 56 together:



(1) the entire February first, two thousand sixteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to section three hundred seventeen-j of this title, if applicable; and

- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, three hundred seventeen-f, three hundred seventeen-g and three hundred seventeen-h of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand fifteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-f, three hundred seventeen-g and three hundred seventeen-h of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand sixteen.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 25. The retirement and social security law is amended by adding a new section 317-j to read as follows:
- § 317-j. Amortization of a portion of the bills for participating employers for the two thousand fifteen -- two thousand sixteen fiscal year. a. If the comptroller, in his or her discretion, decides to permit amortization of employer contributions pursuant to this section, then, on or about October fifteenth, two thousand fourteen, on the basis of the annual actuarial valuation provided for in this chapter, the comp-troller shall determine the amount (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that a participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) of the annual contribution for a

participating employer pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article due for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen. The amount by which such contribution exceeds twentytwo and one-half percent of the estimated pensionable salary base for the fiscal year ending March thirty-first, two thousand sixteen shall be the "amount eligible for amortization". An amount up to the "amount eligible for amortization" may be amortized over a ten-year period at a fixed rate of interest per annum to be determined by the comptroller to applied to the unpaid balance of the amounts eligible for amortization of all employers, which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers, with the first of ten equal payments payable on February first, two thousand seventeen.

b. A participating employer, may, in lieu of paying its entire February first, two thousand sixteen bill, pay a lesser amount on February first, two thousand sixteen which shall be determined by the comptroller by adding the following six amounts together:

- (1) the entire February first, two thousand sixteen bill, calculated pursuant to section three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section) less the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section); and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and
- (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
- (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.
- c. A participating employer making a payment pursuant to subdivision b of this section shall pay on February first, two thousand seventeen an amount determined by the comptroller by adding the following seven amounts together:
- (1) the entire February first, two thousand seventeen bill, calculated pursuant to sections three hundred twenty-three-a of this article (without reference to this section); and
- (2) the first annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of this section; and
- (3) the second annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-i of this title, if applicable; and
- (4) the third annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-h of this title, if applicable; and
- 52 (5) the fourth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-53 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred 54 seventeen-g of this title, if applicable; and

- 1 (6) the fifth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amorti-2 zation" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred 3 seventeen-f of this title, if applicable; and
 - (7) the sixth annual installment of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to subdivision a of section three hundred seventeen-e of this title, if applicable.

- d. Amortized payments determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, three hundred seventeen-f, three hundred seventeen-g, three hundred seventeen-h and three hundred seventeen-i of this title and pursuant to this section shall be due and payable on February first of each year during the applicable amortization period. The comptroller shall have the authority to permit the pre-payment of the remaining balance of the "amount eligible for amortization" determined pursuant to all such sections subject to the following:
- (1) on or before November fifteenth, two thousand sixteen in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the amortized annual installment determined pursuant to sections three hundred seventeen-b, three hundred seventeen-c, three hundred seventeen-d, three hundred seventeen-e, three hundred seventeen-f, three hundred seventeen-g, three hundred seventeen-h and three hundred seventeen-i of this title and pursuant to this section, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount due and be authorized to accept pre-payment in full of said amount by February first, two thousand seventeen.
- (2) on or before each November fifteenth thereafter, in addition to the amount due for the current year billing and for the payment of the annual amortized installments, the comptroller shall advise the participating employer of the total amount still outstanding and be authorized to accept the pre-payment of any balance remaining to be paid by February first of the succeeding year.
- § 26. Paragraph 2 of subdivision b of section 323-a of the retirement and social security law, as added by section 2 of part A of chapter 49 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. requiring a minimum annual contribution from the state and every participating employer (exclusive of payments for group term life insurance, deficiency payments, adjustments relating to prior fiscal years' obligations and obligations pertaining to retirement incentives or any other obligations that the state or participating employer is permitted to pay on an amortized basis) equal to [four] <u>five</u> and one-half percent of pensionable salaries. Effective immediately upon implementation by the comptroller of the comprehensive structural reform program set forth in this section, and in all subsequent years, participating employers shall pay either the required annual contribution determined under the revised schedule pertaining to the valuation, billing and payment of contributions pursuant to paragraph one of this subdivision, or the required minimum annual contribution of [four] <u>five</u> and one-half percent of pensionable salaries, whichever is greater; and
- § 27. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of

the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.

§ 28. This act shall take effect immediately.

FISCAL NOTE. -- This bill would amend the Retirement and Social Security Law as it pertains to employer bills of the New York State and Local Employees Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS).

This bill puts in place a 6 year program that allows ERS and PFRS employers, if they choose to participate, to amortize a portion of their bill with their respective Retirement System when employer contributions rates rise above certain levels. In ERS these levels are 9.5% for 2010/11 bills, 10.5% for 2011/12 bills, 11.5% for 2012/13 bills, 12.5% for 2013/14 bills, 13.5% for 2014/15 bills, and 14.5% for 2015/16 bills. In PFRS these levels are 17.5% for 2010/11 bills, 18.5% for 2011/12 bills, 19.5% for 2012/13 bills, 20.5% for 2013/14 bills, 21.5% for 2014/15 bills, and 22.5% for 2015/16 bills. The amortization is over a period of 10 years at a rate of interest determined by the Comptroller (which approximates a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities with similar terms issued by comparable issuers), with the first of the ten equal annual payments payable one year following the respective billing date.

Further, this bill increases the current minimum contribution to the System from 4.5% of payroll to 5.5% of payroll for all future years. Over the long term, this provision will act to reduce the contribution rate volatility and enhance the long term fiscal health of the System.

If this bill is enacted, we estimate that there would be a small administrative cost to the System to revise the current billing processes.

This estimate, dated December 17, 2009, and intended for use only during the 2010 Legislative Session, is Fiscal Note No. 2010-45, prepared by the Actuary for the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System.

4 PART W

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16 17 Section 1. (a) The purpose of this act is to provide for an orderly transfer of responsibilities relating to real property tax administration to the commissioner of taxation and finance and the department of taxation and finance, from the state board of real property services and the state office of real property services.

- (b) Wherever the terms "state board of real property services," "state board" or "state office of real property services" appear in the real property tax law, such terms are hereby changed to "commissioner", provided that in sections 614, 816, 818, 1253 and 1263 of the real property tax law, such terms shall be changed to "tax appeals tribunal," and provided further that the text of sections 202, 216, 324, 489-o, 489-11, 1210 and 1218 of the real property tax law shall be changed only as provided by the ensuing provisions of this act.
- 18 (c) Wherever the terms "state board of real property services," "state 19 board" or "state office of real property services" appear in the tax 20 law, such terms are hereby changed to "commissioner", provided further 21 that the text of subdivision (e) of section 15, paragraph 5 of subdivi- 22 sion (b) of section 22, subdivision 25th of section 171 and sections 23 171-o, 697, and 1564 of the tax law shall only be changed to the extent 24 provided by the ensuing provisions of this act.

- (d) Wherever the term "state board of real property services" or "state office of real property services" appears in the consolidated or unconsolidated laws of this state other than the real property tax law or the tax law, such term is hereby changed to "commissioner of taxation and finance". Wherever the term "state board of real property services" is followed by the term "state board" in such a statute, such term is hereby changed to "commissioner".
- (e) The legislative bill drafting commission is hereby directed to effectuate this provision, and shall be guided by a memorandum of instruction setting forth the specific provisions of law to be amended. Such memorandum shall be transmitted to the legislative bill drafting commission within sixty days of enactment of this provision. Such memorandum shall be issued jointly by the governor, the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly, or by the delegate of each.
- § 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 169 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 634 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) commissioner of agriculture and markets, commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services, adjutant general, commissioner and president of state civil service commission, commissioner of economic development, chair of the energy research and development authority, [executive director of the board of real property services,] president of higher education services corporation, commissioner of motor vehicles, member-chair of board of parole, director of probation and correctional alternatives, chair of public employment relations board, secretary of state, chair of the state racing and wagering board, commissioner of alcoholism and substance abuse services, executive director of the housing finance agency, commissioner of housing and community renewal, executive director of state insurance fund, commissioner-chair of state liquor authority, chair of the workers' compensation board;
- 33 § 3. Section 102 of the real property tax law is amended by adding 34 three new subdivisions 5-a, 9-b and 20-a to read as follows:
 - 5-a. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of taxation and finance.
 - 9-b. "Department" means the department of taxation and finance.
 - 20-a. "Tax appeals tribunal" means the body established by section two thousand four of the tax law.
- 39 § 4. Sections 200, 201, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212 and 214 of the real 40 property tax law are REPEALED.
 - § 5. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new section 200 to read as follows:
 - § 200. Assumption of responsibilities by the department of taxation and finance. 1. On and after the effective date of this section, the functions, powers and duties of the state board of real property services as formerly established by this chapter shall be considered functions, powers and duties of the commissioner of taxation and finance, except to the extent provided by section two hundred six of this article.
- 2. On and after the effective date of this section, the functions, powers and duties of the office of real property services as formerly established by this chapter shall be considered functions, powers and duties of the commissioner of taxation and finance.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, upon the transfer of functions from the office of real property services to the department of taxation and finance pursuant to

this section, all employees of the office of real property services substantially engaged in the performance of the transferred functions shall be transferred to the department of taxation and finance. Employees transferred pursuant to this section shall be transferred without further examination or qualification and shall retain their respective civil service classifications, status and collective bargaining unit designations and collective bargaining agreements.

- 4. All books, papers, and property of the office of real property services shall be delivered to the commissioner. All books, papers, and property of the office of real property services shall continue to be maintained by the department.
- 5. For the purpose of succession of all functions, powers, duties and obligations transferred and assigned to, devolved upon and assumed by it pursuant to this section, the department shall be deemed and held to constitute the continuation of the office of real property services.
- 6. Except as provided in subdivision seven of this section, any business or other matter undertaken or commenced by the state board, the office of real property services or the executive director thereof pertaining to or connected with the functions, powers, obligations and duties hereby transferred and assigned to the commissioner or the department and pending on the effective date of this section, may be conducted and completed by the commissioner or the department in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as if conducted and completed by the state board, the office of real property services or its executive director.
- 7. No later than sixty days after the effective date of this section, the commissioner shall provide the president of the tax appeals tribunal with a list of all tentative special franchise values, special franchise assessments, railroad ceilings, state equalization rates and other equalization products established pursuant to this chapter for which a complaint had been filed and not been resolved by the state board, as well as any other tentative special franchise value, special franchise assessment, railroad ceiling, state equalization rate or any other equalization product established pursuant to this chapter for which a timely complaint could be filed after such date, as well as any pending county equalization reviews. Upon receipt of such list, the tax appeals tribunal shall perform the review functions previously performed by the state board.
- 8. (a) All rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations, and decisions of the state board or the office of real property services pertaining to the functions and powers herein transferred and assigned to the commissioner or the department, in force at the time of such transfer and assumption, shall continue in full force and effect as rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations and decisions of the department until duly modified or abrogated by the commissioner or the department.
- (b) All rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations, and decisions of the state board or the office of real property services pertaining to the functions and powers herein transferred and assigned to the tax appeals tribunal, in force at the time of such transfer and assumption, shall continue in full force and effect as rules, regulations, acts, orders, determinations and decisions of the tax appeals tribunal until duly modified or abrogated by the tax appeals tribunal.
- 9. Whenever the state board, the office of real property services or its executive director is referred to or designated in any law, contract or document pertaining to the functions, powers, obligations and duties

- hereby transferred to and assigned to the commissioner or the department, such reference or designation shall be deemed to refer to the commissioner or department, as applicable or indicated by the context.
- 10. No existing right or remedy of any character shall be lost, impaired or affected by any provisions of this section.
 - 11. Except as provided in subdivision seven of this section, no action or proceeding pending on the effective date of this section, brought by or against the state board, the office of real property services or its executive director shall be affected by any provision of this section, but the same may be prosecuted or defended in the name of the commissioner or the department. In all such actions and proceedings, the commissioner, upon application of the court, shall be substituted as a party.
 - 12. All appropriations or reappropriations made to the office of real property services to the extent of remaining unexpended or unencumbered balance thereof, whether allocated or unallocated and whether obligated or unobligated, are hereby transferred to and made available for use and expenditure by the department subject to the approval of the director of the budget for the same purposes for which originally appropriated or reappropriated and shall be payable on vouchers certified or approved by the commissioner on audit and warrant of the comptroller.
 - 13. All assets and liabilities of the office of real property services are hereby transferred to and assumed by the department.
 - § 6. Section 202 of the real property tax law, paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 615 of the laws of 1972, paragraph (h) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 261 of the laws of 1992, paragraph (k) of subdivision 1 as amended, paragraph (m) of subdivision 1 as added and paragraph (n) of subdivision 1 as relettered by chapter 833 of the laws of 1960, paragraph (o) of subdivision 1 as added by chapter 716 of the laws of 1990, paragraph (p) of subdivision 1 as added by chapter 166 of the laws of 1991, paragraph (q) of subdivision 1 as added by chapter 450 of the laws of 2004, subdivision 1-a as added by chapter 739 of the laws of 1978, subdivision 1-b as added by chapter 237 of the laws of 1995, subdivision 2 as added by chapter 522 of the laws of 1981, the opening paragraph of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 385 of the laws of 1994, and paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 776 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 202. Powers and duties of [state board] the commissioner in relation to real property tax administration. 1. The [board] commissioner shall:
 - (a) Assess special franchises;

- (b) Establish state equalization rates for each county, city, town and village;
- [(c) Hear and determine reviews relating to determinations made by county equalization agencies;
 - (d)] (c) Approve assessments of state lands subject to taxation;
- 46 [(e)] (d) Have general supervision of the function of assessing 47 throughout the state;
 - [(f)] (e) Investigate, from time to time, the methods of assessment throughout the state, and confer with, advise and assist assessors and other officials whose duties relate to assessments;
 - [(g)] <u>(f)</u> Furnish assessors with such information and instructions as may be necessary or proper to aid them in making assessments, which instructions shall be followed and compliance with which may be enforced by [the board] <u>him or her;</u>
- [(h)] (g) Prescribe, and in [its] his or her discretion furnish to assessors at the expense of the state, forms relating to assessments,

including applications for exemption from real property taxation, which forms shall be used by the assessors and applicants for an exemption granted pursuant to this or any other chapter, and the use of which shall be enforced by the [board] commissioner;

[(i)] (h) Obtain from state and local officers, bodies or other agencies such information as may be necessary for the proper discharge of [its] the duties conferred upon him or her in relation to real property tax administration, which information shall be furnished on his or her demand [of the state board];

- [(j)] <u>(i)</u> Inquire into the provisions of the laws of other states and confer with the appropriate officials thereof regarding the most effectual and equitable methods of assessing and taxing real property;
- [(k)] <u>(j)</u> Prepare an annual report to the legislature which shall include therein recommendations concerning amendments to existing law and such other information as [it] <u>he or she</u> may deem advisable;
- [(1)] <u>(k)</u> Adopt and amend such rules, regulations, orders and determinations, not inconsistent with law, as may be necessary for the exercise of [its] <u>his or her</u> powers and the performance of [its] <u>his or her</u> duties under this chapter;
 - [(m)] (1) Establish railroad ceilings for railroad real property;
- [(n)] $\underline{\text{(m)}}$ Exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may be conferred or imposed on [it] $\underline{\text{him or her}}$ by law.
- [(o) monitor] (n) Monitor the quality of local assessment practices by individual assessing units.
- [(p) impose,] (o) Impose, collect and receive such charges or fees as may be authorized by statute.
- [(q)] (p) Promulgate rules and regulations for the ascertainment and reporting of "assessment record billing owner" information, as defined in section one hundred three of the eminent domain procedure law, for the purposes of the administration of [said] such law.
- [1-a] <u>2</u>. In any instance where an assessing unit has acted pursuant to the rules, regulations, orders, determinations or instructions of the [state board] commissioner acting pursuant to the authority conferred upon him or her by this chapter, and such action is the subject of a judicial review, the [state board] commissioner may upon request of the assessing unit assist such assessing unit by the filing of a brief amicus curiae or through such other means as may be appropriate.
- [1-b] $\underline{3}$. The [state board] $\underline{\text{commissioner}}$ may adopt rules and regulations, as necessary, to implement the computerized statewide school district address match and income verification system set forth in section one hundred seventy-one of the tax law.
- [2. The members of the board, or a majority thereof, shall act as a body when determining reviews relating to county equalization rates and adopting and amending rules, regulations and orders in accordance with law. The board may by resolution delegate to any officer or employee of the office of real property services any other power or duty to be exercised or performed by it under this chapter or any other law subject to the following:
- (a) Any resolution which delegates powers and duties relating to the assessment of special franchises, the approval of assessments of state lands subject to taxation, and the establishment of state equalization rates pursuant to article twelve of this chapter shall be adopted annually. Any such resolution shall specify the assessment rolls for which said delegation is made and shall set forth the full value standard which shall be used. However, no such resolution may delegate the power to make a final determination in a matter in which a complaint has been

filed pursuant to articles six and twelve of this chapter; provided, however, that the power to adjust a final special franchise assessment which is affected by a special equalization rate established pursuant to section twelve hundred twenty-two of this chapter may be delegated whether or not a complaint has been filed pursuant to article six of this chapter. The executive director shall report to the members of the board all actions taken pursuant to any such resolution within ten days of taking said actions. Within ten days of receipt of the report of the executive director, if any member of the board has an objection, a meeting of the board shall be convened for the purpose of considering the objection. Failure to make a report shall not, however, affect the legality of any such actions.

(b) Any resolution which delegates powers and duties relating to the establishment of special state equalization rates pursuant to sections eight hundred six and thirteen hundred fourteen of this chapter and special equalization ratios pursuant to articles twelve-A and twelve-B of this chapter and certifications of changes in the level of assessment pursuant to this chapter or any other law shall prescribe the policies or criteria to be observed in the exercise of such powers and duties by the officer or employee to whom they are delegated. However, no such resolution may delegate the power to make a final determination in a matter in which a complaint has been filed pursuant to articles twelve-A and twelve-B of this chapter.]

4. Any records that come into the commissioner's custody in the course of discharging the duties imposed upon him or her by this chapter shall be subject to public access to the full extent provided by this chapter and the public officers law, and shall not be subject to the secrecy provisions of the tax law.

§ 7. The real property tax law is amended by adding two new sections 204 and 206 to read as follows:

§ 204. Office of real property tax services. There is hereby created within the department of taxation and finance an office of real property tax services. The head of the office shall be a deputy commissioner for real property tax services, who shall be appointed by the governor. The deputy commissioner for real property tax services shall exercise such powers and duties in relation to real property tax administration as may be delegated to him or her by the commissioner, shall report directly to the commissioner on the activities of the office, and shall hold office at the pleasure of the commissioner. The commissioner may appoint such officers, employees, agents, consultants and special committees as he or she may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, and shall prescribe their duties.

§ 206. Reviews of certain determinations. 1. The tax appeals tribunal shall have the following powers in relation to real property tax administration:

(a) The power to determine the final special franchise value, special franchise assessment, railroad ceiling, state equalization rate or any other equalization product established pursuant to this chapter for which a complaint has been filed, as provided by sections four hundred eighty-nine-o, four hundred eighty-nine-ll, six hundred fourteen, twelve hundred ten, twelve hundred fifty-three, and twelve hundred sixty-three of this chapter;

53 (b) The power to hear and determine reviews relating to determinations 54 made by county equalization agencies, as provided by sections eight 55 hundred sixteen and eight hundred eighteen of this chapter.



- 2. The provisions of section five hundred twenty-five of this chapter
 shall apply so far as practicable to a hearing conducted by the tax
 appeals tribunal pursuant to this chapter.
 - § 8. Section 216 of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 490 of the laws of 1988, subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 529 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 216. Powers of [board] <u>commissioner</u> upon neglect or refusal of officials to perform duties. 1. Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the [state board] <u>commissioner</u> that any assessor or other public officer, employee or board of assessment review whose duties relate directly to real property tax administration has failed to comply with the provisions of this chapter or any other law relating to such duties, or the rules and regulations of the [board] <u>commissioner</u> made pursuant thereto, after a hearing on the facts, the [board] <u>commissioner</u> may issue an order directing such assessor, officer, employee or board of assessment review to comply with such law, rule or regulation.
- 2. If any assessor or other public officer, employee or board of assessment review whose duties relate directly to real property tax administration shall [wilfully] willfully and intentionally refuse or neglect to perform any duty or do any act required by or pursuant to this chapter, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, such assessor, public officer, employee or member of a board of assessment review shall forfeit to the municipal corporation of which such assessor, public officer, employee or member is an officer a sum not to exceed fifty dollars for each [wilful] willful and intentional violation, which may be recovered by the [state board] commissioner.
- 3. Where a property owner is, in a proceeding conducted pursuant to this section, found to be directly affected by the violation of state law or rule, the [board] commissioner in its order shall establish procedures by which an assessor, officer, employee or board of assessment review whose duties relate directly to real property tax administration, whether or not a party to the proceeding, shall remedy the failure to comply with such state law or rules with respect to an assessment roll filed not more than three years prior to the commencement of the proceeding. Such remedy may include reconvening the board of assessment review, identifying the class of persons eligible to complain when the board of assessment review reconvenes, and issuing instructions to such board of assessment review on the law and any documentation required of eligible complainants in relation to the findings of the [state board] commissioner. A copy of such order shall be mailed to such assessor, officer, employee or board of assessment review and to each municipal corporation which utilizes such assessment roll. Such order shall, where appropriate, require the assessing unit to mail a copy of the order to each eligible complainant whose name and address is readily ascertainable from the record of the proceeding.
- 4. (a) Where the [state board] <u>commissioner</u> has ordered the board of assessment review to reconvene to receive complaints, a copy of the order shall be mailed by the assessing unit to each eligible complainant, which mailing shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the [state board] <u>commissioner</u> for complaints on tentative assessments or such other form as may be prescribed [by the state board] for such purpose. Included with such order and form shall be a notice stating the date, time and place at which the board of assessment review will reconvene. This material shall be mailed to the eligible complainant no later than fifteen days prior to the meeting of the board of assessment review. On the date and time specified in such notice, the board of

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assessment review will reconvene to hear any complaints filed pursuant to such order and shall have the powers and duties set forth in section five hundred twenty-five of this chapter, except that it may receive only complaints with respect to assessments of those parcels to which the [state board's] commissioner's order applies. A petition for review of the assessment of such property pursuant to either title one or one-A of article seven of this chapter may be filed no later than thirty days after the determination of the board of assessment review is mailed to the petitioner, notwithstanding the provisions of section seven hundred two or seven hundred thirty of this chapter.

- (b) The assessor shall correct the assessment roll upon receipt of the verified statement of changes from the board of assessment review. If the assessor no longer has custody of the assessment roll when such verified statement is received, he or she shall forward a copy of such verified statement and a copy of the [state board's] commissioner's order to the person having custody of the assessment roll or tax roll, which person shall thereupon make the appropriate corrections. The assessor shall also forward a copy of the verified statement of changes to the clerk of each tax levying body which levies taxes on such assessment roll.
- Where a tax, special assessment or special ad valorem levy has been paid prior to the correction of the tax roll pursuant to this section and the order of the board of assessment review results in a reduction of the tax liability of a parcel, the tax levying body shall refund to the person who paid such tax, special assessment or special ad valorem levy the amount which exceeds the tax, special assessment, or special ad valorem levy due upon the corrected tax roll. Any such refund shall be a charge upon each municipal corporation or special district to the extent that the taxes, special assessments or special ad valorem levies were levied on its behalf or as is otherwise provided by law with respect to Nassau and Suffolk counties; provided, however, that no application need be made by the petitioner for such refund. The verified statement of changes provided to the clerk of the tax district shall constitute an application for refund for the purposes of this section. Where a refund is not made within ninety days of the receipt of the verified statement of changes, interest in the amount of one percent per month shall be added to the amount to be refunded for each month or part thereof in excess of ninety days and paid to the property owner.
- (d) Where taxes, special assessments or special ad valorem levies have been levied prior to the correction of the tax roll pursuant to this section and the verified statement of changes of the board of assessment review results in an increase in the tax liability of a parcel or the imposition of a tax liability upon a parcel, the additional tax, special assessment, or special ad valorem levy shall be levied, collected and accounted for as provided in the [state board's] commissioner's order.
- (e) The provisions of title three of article five of this chapter shall apply as far as practicable to the correction of an assessment roll or tax roll and, if applicable, to a refund of taxes pursuant to this section; provided however that no application, except as provided herein, need be made for such correction or refund.
- 5. If an assessor, or other public officer, employee or board of assessment review whose duties relate directly to real property tax administration fails or refuses to comply with the [state board's] commissioner's order within ten days after service of such order or within such time as is prescribed by the [state board] commissioner for compliance with its order, the [state board] commissioner may commence a



special proceeding pursuant to article four of the civil practice law and rules to compel compliance with such order. Such special proceeding shall be commenced by the counsel to the [state board] department of taxation and finance, except that the attorney general of the state shall commence such proceeding on behalf of the [state board] department if he or she deems it necessary.

§ 9. Section 324 of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 361 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

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§ 324. Local disciplinary actions. An assessor may be removed from office for just cause by the appointing authority after a hearing upon notice. A determination to remove an assessor or take other disciplinary action as a result of the removal proceeding against an assessor shall be subject to review by the [state board] civil service commission upon application filed with [such board] the civil service commission by the assessor within thirty days after receipt by him or her of written notice of such determination. The review by the [state board] civil service commission shall be based upon the record and a transcript of the hearing held by the appointing authority and such oral or written argument as may be presented to [such board] the civil service commission by the parties to the proceeding. Upon completion of such review [state board] civil service commission shall affirm, reverse or modify the determination of the appointing authority. The determination of the [state board] civil service commission shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the provision of article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

§ 10. Subparagraphs (iv) and (v) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 425 of the real property tax law, subparagraph (iv) as amended by section 3 of part E of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, subparagraph (v) as amended by chapter 631 of the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

(iv) Effective with applications for the enhanced exemption on final assessment rolls to be completed in two thousand three, the application form shall indicate that the owners of the property and any owners' spouses residing on the premises may authorize the assessor to have their income eligibility verified annually thereafter by the state department of taxation and finance, in lieu of furnishing copies of the applicable income tax return or returns with the application. If owners of the property and any owners' spouses residing on the premises elect to participate in this program, which shall be known as the STAR income verification program, they must furnish their taxpayer identification numbers in order to facilitate matching with records of the department [of taxation and finance]. Thereafter, their income eligibility shall be verified annually by the [state] department [of taxation and finance] and the assessor shall not request income documentation from them, unless such department advises the assessor [through the state board] that they do not satisfy the applicable income eligibility requirements, or that it is unable to determine whether they satisfy those requirements.

(v) (A) Except in the case of a city with a population of one million or more, the assessor shall forward to the [state board] <u>department</u>, in the time and manner required by the [state board] <u>department</u>, information identifying the persons who have elected to participate in the STAR income verification program. [The state board shall forward such information to the department of taxation and finance in the manner provided by the agreement executed pursuant to section one hundred seventy-one-o of the tax law, and shall notify the assessor of the response or

responses it receives from such department pursuant to such agreement.] After receiving [such] the department's response or responses, the assessing authority shall cause notices to be mailed to participants as provided by paragraph (b) of subdivision five of this section. Information [obtained by the state board] provided to the department identifying such persons, and responses obtained from such department shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under article six of the public officers law.

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(B) In the case of a city of one million or more, the assessor shall forward to the department of taxation and finance, in the time and manner required by the department, information identifying the persons who have elected to participate in the STAR income verification program. The department shall advise the assessor of its findings in the manner provided by the agreement executed pursuant to section one hundred seventy-one-o of the tax law. After receiving such response or responses, the assessing authority shall cause notices to be mailed to participants as provided by paragraph (b) of subdivision five of this section. Information [obtained by the state board] provided to the department identifying such persons, and responses obtained from such department shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under article six of the public officers law.

§ 11. The opening paragraph of paragraph (b) of subdivision 5 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 742 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

Informational notice for participants in the STAR income verification program. In the case of a parcel which is owned by an owner or owners who have elected to participate in the STAR income verification program, the assessing authority shall cause a notice, preferably on a postcard, to be mailed to such owner or owners after the assessor has been notified of their income eligibility by the department [of taxation and finance through the state board]. Each such notice shall be mailed without restrictions upon forwarding or delivery, and shall contain, in language prescribed by the [state board] department, the substance of one of the following statements, whichever is appropriate:

- § 12. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 12 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as amended by section 9 of part E of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- Generally. In addition to discontinuing the exemption on the next ensuing tentative assessment roll, if the assessor determines that the property improperly received the exemption on one or more of the three preceding assessment rolls, or is advised by the department [of taxation and finance through the state board] that the applicable income standard was not satisfied with regard to a property which received the enhanced exemption on one or more of those rolls, he or she shall proceed to revoke the improperly granted prior exemption or exemptions. If the assessor is advised [through the state board] that the department [of taxation and finance] was unable to verify the income eligibility of one or more participants in the income verification program, the assessor shall mail that person or those persons a notice in a form prescribed by the [state board] department requesting that the person or persons document their income in the same manner and to the same extent as if the person or persons were submitting an initial application for the enhanced STAR exemption. If such income documentation is not provided within forty-five days of such request, or if the documentation provided does not establish the eligibility of the person or persons to the assessor's satisfaction, the assessor shall treat the exemption as an

improperly granted exemption and proceed in the manner provided by this subdivision.

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§ 13. Section 489-o of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 86 of the laws of 1963, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 735 of the laws of 1983, and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 841 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

§ 489-o. Final determination of railroad ceiling; certificate. After the hearing provided for in section four hundred eighty-nine-n of this [chapter] title, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall finally determine the railroad ceiling for the railroad real property of each railroad company situated in each assessing unit. Whenever upon complaint the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall revise the local reproduction cost of a railroad company in an assessing unit, it shall revise the railroad ceiling therefor to reflect such revision, but it shall not, on account of such revision, modify any other determination with respect to the railroad ceilings for such railroad company for such year. Notwithstanding the fact that no complaint shall have been filed with respect to a tentative determination of a railroad ceiling, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall give effect to any special equalization rate established, pursuant to subdivision two of section four hundred eighty-nine-1 of this [chapter] title prior to the final determination of the railroad ceiling.

- 2. Not later than ten days before the last date prescribed by law for the levy of taxes, the state board shall file a certificate setting forth each railroad ceiling as finally determined with the assessor of the appropriate assessing unit or the town or county assessor who prepares a copy of the applicable part of the town or county assessment roll for village tax purposes as provided in subdivision three of section fourteen hundred two of this chapter, and at the same time shall transmit to each railroad company for which such ceiling has been determined a duplicate copy of such certificate.
- 3. Any final determination of a railroad ceiling by the [state board] tax appeals tribunal pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall be subject to judicial review in a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.
- § 14. Section 489-11 of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 920 of the laws of 1977, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 735 of the laws of 1983, subdivision 3 as added by chapter 841 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

§ 489-11. Final determination of railroad ceiling; certificate. After the hearing provided for in section four hundred eighty-nine-kk of [chapter] title, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall finally determine the railroad ceiling for the railroad real property of each railroad company situated in each assessing unit. Whenever upon complaint the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall revise the local reproduction cost of a railroad company in an assessing unit, it shall revise the appropriate railroad ceiling to reflect such revision, but it shall not, on account of such revision, modify any other determination with respect to the railroad ceilings for such railroad company for such year. Notwithstanding the fact that no complaint shall have been filed with respect to a tentative determination of a railroad ceiling, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall give effect to any special equalization rate established pursuant to subdivision two of section four hundred eighty-nine-jj of this [chapter] title prior to the final determination of the railroad ceiling.

- 2. Not later than ten days before the last date prescribed by law for the levy of taxes, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall file a certificate setting forth each railroad ceiling as finally determined with the assessor of the appropriate assessing unit or the town or county assessor who prepares a copy of the applicable part of the town or county assessment roll for village tax purposes as provided in subdivision three of section fourteen hundred two of this chapter, and at the same time shall transmit to each railroad company for which such ceiling has been determined a duplicate copy of such certificate.
- 3. Any final determination of a railroad ceiling by the [state board] tax appeals tribunal pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall be subject to judicial review in a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.
- § 15. Section 614 of the real property tax law is amended to read as follows:
- § 614. Determination of final assessment of special franchises. After [the hearing of complaints, if any, as provided in] receiving the commissioner's report regarding any complaint filed pursuant to section six hundred twelve of this [chapter] article, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall determine the final assessment of each special franchise.
- § 16. Subdivision 2 of section 740 of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 732 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. A petition and notice shall be served by delivering two copies to [a member of the state board] the commissioner or to an officer or employee authorized by [the board] him or her to accept service, not more than sixty days after the written notice of the final assessment prescribed by section six hundred eighteen of this chapter has been served. Where a proceeding is commenced by an assessing unit in which a special franchise is situated, an additional copy shall be filed by the petitioner with the owner of that special franchise. Where a proceeding is commenced by a special franchise owner, the petitioner, within ten days after service, shall file an additional copy with the clerk of the city, town or village and with the clerk of the school district in which that special franchise is situated except a school district governed by the provisions of article fifty-two of the education law.
- § 17. Section 1210 of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 355 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:
- § 1210. Establishment of final state equalization rates, class ratios and class equalization rates. After [hearing the complaints, if any, as provided in] receiving the commissioner's report regarding any complaint filed pursuant to section twelve hundred eight of this [chapter] title, the [state board] tax appeals tribunal shall establish the final state equalization rate, class ratios, and class equalization rates, if required, for each city, town, village, special assessing unit, or approved assessing unit or eligible non-assessing unit village which has adopted the provisions of section nineteen hundred three of this chapter.
- § 18. Section 1218 of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 50 685 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 1218. Review of final determinations of [state board] tax appeals tribunal relating to state equalization rates. A final determination of the [state board] tax appeals tribunal relating to state equalization rates may be reviewed by commencing an action in the appellate division of the supreme court in the manner provided by article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules upon application of the county, city,



1 town or village for which the rate or rates were established. The standard of review in such a proceeding shall be as specified in subdivision four of section seventy-eight hundred three of the civil practice law Whenever a final order is issued in such a proceeding and rules. directing a revised state equalization rate, any county, village or school district that used the former rate in the apportionment of taxes must, upon receipt of such final order, recalculate the levy that used 7 such former rate and credit or debit as appropriate its constituent municipalities in its next levy. Any special franchise assessments that were established using the former rate must, upon receipt of such final 10 11 order, be revised by the [state board] tax appeals tribunal in accord-12 ance with the new rate, and, if taxes have already been levied upon such 13 assessments, the affected special franchise owners shall either automat-14 ically receive a refund if there is a decrease or be taxed on an increase in the next levy in the manner provided for omitted parcels in 16 title three of article five of this chapter.

§ 19. Subdivision (e) of section 15 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows: Eligible real property taxes. The term "eligible real property taxes" means taxes imposed on real property which is owned by the QEZE and located in an empire zone with respect to which the QEZE is certified pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, provided such taxes are paid by the QEZE which is the owner of the real property or are paid by a tenant which either (i) does not meet the eligibility requirements under section fourteen of this article to be a QEZE or (ii) cannot treat such payment as eligible real property taxes pursuant to this paragraph and such taxes become a lien on the real property during a taxable year in which the owner of the real property is both certified pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law and a qualified empire zone enterprise. In addition, real property taxes" shall include taxes paid by a QEZE which is a lessee of real property if the following conditions are satisfied: the taxes must be paid by the lessee pursuant to explicit requirements in a written lease executed or amended on or after June first, two thousand five, (2) such taxes become a lien on the real property during a taxable year in which the lessee of the real property is both certified pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law and a qualified empire zone enterprise, and (3) the lessee has made direct payment of such taxes to the taxing authority and has received a receipt for such payment of taxes from the taxing authority. In addition, the term "eligible real property taxes" includes payments in lieu of taxes made by the QEZE to the state, a municipal corporation or a public benefit corporation pursuant to a written agreement entered into between the QEZE and the state, municipal corporation, or public benefit corporation. Provided, however, a payment in lieu of taxes made by the QEZE pursuant to a written agreement executed or amended on or after January first, two thousand one, shall not constitute eligible real property taxes in any taxable year to the extent that such payment exceeds the product of (A) the greater of (i) the basis for federal income tax purposes, calculated without regard to depreciation, determined as the effective date of the QEZE's certification pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law of real property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, owned by the QEZE and located in empire zones with respect to which the QEZE is certified pursuant to such article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, and provided that if such basis is further adjusted or reduced pursuant to

1 any provision of the internal revenue code, the QEZE may petition the department[,] and the department of economic development [and the office of real property services] to disregard such reduction or adjustment for the purpose of this subdivision or (ii) the basis for federal income tax purposes of such real property described in clause (i) of this subparagraph, calculated without regard to depreciation, on the last day of the 7 taxable year, and provided that if such basis is further adjusted or reduced pursuant to any provision of the internal revenue code, the QEZE may petition the department, the department of economic development and 10 the office of real property services to disregard such reduction or adjustment for the purpose of this subdivision; and (B) the estimated 11 12 effective full value tax rate within the county in which such property 13 is located, as most recently [reported to] calculated by the commission-14 [by the secretary of the state board of real property services, or his or her designee]. The [state board] commissioner shall annually 16 calculate estimated effective full value tax rates within each county 17 for this purpose based upon the most current information available to 18 [it] him or her in relation to county, city, town, village and school 19 district taxes.

§ 20. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (b) of section 22 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

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(5) Eligible real property taxes. The term "eligible real property taxes" means taxes imposed on real property which consists of a qualified site owned by the developer, provided such taxes become a lien on the real property in a period during which the real property is a qualified site. In addition, the term "eligible real property taxes" includes payments in lieu of taxes by the developer, with respect to a qualified site, to the state, a municipal corporation or a public benefit corporation pursuant to a written agreement entered into between the developand the state, a municipal corporation or a public benefit corporation. Provided, however, such a payment in lieu of taxes shall not constitute eligible real property taxes in any taxable year to the extent that such payment exceeds the product of (A) the greater of the basis for federal income tax purposes, determined on the date the taxpayer becomes a developer as defined under this section, of real property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, owned by the developer and located on a qualified site with respect to which the taxpayer is a developer, or (ii) the basis for federal income tax purposes of such real property described in clause (i) of this subparagraph on the last day of the taxable year, and (B) the estimated effective full value tax rate within the county in which such property is located, as most recently [reported to] calculated by the commission-[by the secretary of the state board of real property services, or his or her designee]. The [state board] commissioner shall annually calculate estimated and effective full value tax rates within each county for this purpose based upon the most current information available to him or her in relation to county, city, town, village and school district taxes. Provided further, where the amount of the credit determined under paragraph two of this subdivision is the total product of the factors and tax specified therein, the term "eligible real property taxes" under this paragraph shall apply only to taxes imposed on real property which is attributed to a qualified site located in an environmental zone. Where the developer is a partner in a partnership or a shareholder in a New York S corporation, such real property shall be owned by the partnership or the New York S corporation, respectively.

Subdivision twenty-fifth of section 171 of the tax law, as § 21. amended by chapter 170 of the laws of 1994, paragraph a as amended by section 93 of part A of chapter 436 of the laws of 1997, paragraph b as amended and paragraph c as added by chapter 474 of the laws of 1996, amended to read as follows:

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Twenty-fifth. a. With respect to the income to be used in the computation of school aid payable in the school year nineteen hundred ninetyfour--ninety-five and thereafter, be required to design, develop and implement a permanent computerized statewide school district address match and income verification system in regard to each school district's 10 valuation of total New York adjusted gross income as determined by the department, for use in determining state aid to education. The department shall promulgate rules and regulations to effect the provisions of this paragraph within ninety days of the enactment of the chapter of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-four amending this paragraph. Commencing September first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, the commissioner[,] and the commissioner of education[, and the executive director of the office of real property services], subject to the approval of the director of the budget shall be required to enter into a cooperative agreement by September first of each year, which will govern the validation and correction and completion of the total New York adjusted gross income of school districts until September first of the following year. Such agreement shall include, but not be limited to: (i) procedures to improve the accuracy of school district income data, in a manner which gives appropriate recognition to computerized processing capabilities, administrative feasibility of manual processes and confidentiality implications; (ii) procedures to verify the school district codes reported by taxpayers; (iii) procedures to correct identified inaccuracies; (iv) procedures to assign school district codes based on the permanent residence addresses of taxpayers who failed to complete the school district code; (v) the schedule for the transmittal of electronic 31 data between the agencies, as necessary, to implement such system; beginning in the nineteen hundred ninety-six state fiscal year, procedures for the review process provided for in paragraph c of this All state departments and agencies, and school districts subdivision. and other local governments and agencies, shall cooperate with the parties to such agreement in its implementation.

[With respect to income used in the computation of school aid payable in the school years nineteen hundred ninety-four--ninety-five through nineteen hundred ninety-seven--ninety-eight, be required to design, develop and implement a process whereby school districts may request a review of the assignment of taxpayer addresses to their school district. In addition to the cooperative agreement developed pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision between the commissioner, the commissioner of education and the director of the office of real property services, the parties shall enter into a second cooperative agreement to establish procedures for such a review process. Such procedures shall include but not be limited to: (i) general criteria to be used for the purpose of evaluating suspected inaccuracies in the assignment of tax returns to school districts; (ii) a process for rating the requests for review, giving appropriate recognition to the relative incidence of suspected inaccuracies, the relative effect of suspected inaccuracies on the aggregate income, income per return and relative income per pupil of the school district, and the relative effect of suspected inaccuracies on state aid payable to the school district pursuant to the education law; (iii) a process for identifying the school districts for partic1 ipation in the review process from the rated list of applicants; (iv)
2 processes by which addresses assigned to identified school districts
3 will be reviewed and by which corrections to inaccuracies will be iden4 tified; (v) a process by which corrections to inaccurate assignments
5 will be made to appropriate files; and (vi) deadlines by which school
6 districts must submit requests for review to the commissioner of educa7 tion and timelines for each of the procedures included in the agreement.

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- 2. School districts requesting a review in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be required, in consultation with the district superintendent of schools for the supervisory district in which the school district is located, appointed pursuant to section nineteen hundred fifty of the education law, to submit to the commissioner of education evidence in support of a contention that the assignment of tax returns to their district is inaccurate. Identified school districts may be required to review ordered listings, prepared by the department or the office of real property services or an authorized vendor contracted by the department, of the permanent resident address of selected taxpayers who filed personal income tax returns with the department reporting a school district code or address which indicates that the taxpayer was a resident of such identified school district at the close of the taxable year for which the return was filed. In no case shall ordered address listings for school district review include those addresses which the school district had the opportunity to review pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision. District superintendents of schools appointed pursuant to section nineteen hundred fifty of the education law, having an identified school district within their supervisory district, shall be required to verify any suspected inaccuracies indicated by an identified district as a result of the district's review of ordered address listings pursuant to this paragraph.
- 3.] Any correction, pursuant to this paragraph, of verified inaccuracies of income data shall only result in the removal of such returns from the identified school district.
- [4.] $\underline{2}$. All state departments and agencies, and school districts and other local governments and agencies, shall cooperate with the parties to such agreement in the implementation of the review process provided pursuant to this paragraph.
- c. 1. With respect to income used in the computation of school aid payable in the school years nineteen hundred ninety-eight--ninety-nine and thereafter, be required to design, develop and implement a process whereby school districts may request a review of the assignment of taxpayer addresses to their school district. Procedures for such a review process shall be included in the cooperative agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision.
- 2. School districts requesting a review in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be required, in consultation with the district superintendent of schools for the supervisory district in which the school district is located, appointed pursuant to section nineteen hundred fifty of the education law, to submit to the commissioner of education evidence in support of a contention that the assignment of tax returns to their district is inaccurate. Identified school districts may be required to review ordered listings, prepared by the department [or the office of real property services] or an authorized vendor contracted by the department, of the permanent resident address of selected taxpayers who filed personal income tax returns with the department reporting a school district code or address which indicates that the taxpayer was a resident of such identified school district at the close of the taxa-

1 ble year for which the return was filed. In no case shall ordered 2 address listings for school district review include those addresses 3 which the school district had the opportunity to review pursuant to 4 paragraph a of this subdivision. District superintendents of schools 5 appointed pursuant to section nineteen hundred fifty of the education 6 law, having an identified school district within their supervisory 7 district, shall be required to verify any suspected inaccuracies indicated by an identified district as a result of the district's review of 9 ordered address listings pursuant to this paragraph.

3. Any correction, pursuant to this paragraph, of verified inaccuracies of income data shall only result in the removal of such returns from the identified school district.

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- 4. All state departments and agencies, and school districts and other local governments and agencies, shall cooperate with the parties to such agreement in the implementation of the review process provided pursuant to this paragraph.
- § 22. Section 171-o of the tax law, as amended by chapter 631 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 171-o. Income verification for [the state board of real property services and] a city with a population of one million or more. (1) department shall enter into an agreement with [the state board of real property services to verify, to the extent practicable, whether persons described in paragraph (b) of subdivision four of section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law meet the income eligibility requirements prescribed therein for the applicable income tax year, beginning with the income tax year ending in two thousand two. department shall also enter into an agreement with] a city with a population of one million or more to verify, to the extent practicable, whether persons described in paragraph (b) of subdivision four of section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law meet the income eligibility requirements prescribed therein for the applicable income tax year, beginning with the income tax year ending in two thousand five. The department shall advise the [state board of real property services, or] city[, as the case may be,] of its findings, stating in each case either that such person or persons do or do not satisfy such requirements, or that the eligibility of such person or persons cannot be verified, whichever is appropriate. The department shall not provide any other information about the income of such persons to the [state board of real property services or] city.
- (2) The provisions of article six of the public officers law shall not apply to any information that the department obtains from or provides to the [state board of real property services or] city pursuant to this section.
- (3) Any information furnished by the department pursuant to this section shall be deemed confidential and the assessor, any municipal officer or municipal employees are prohibited from disclosing any such information, except for any disclosure necessary in the performance of their official duties in connection with the school tax relief (STAR) exemption pursuant to section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law. Any unauthorized disclosure of such information shall be deemed a violation of section eight hundred five-a of the general municipal law.
- 53 § 23. Paragraph 12 of subsection (e) of section 606 of the tax law is 54 REPEALED.

§ 24. Paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of subsection (k) of section 697 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 237 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as follows:

- [(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, the department or authorized vendor contracted by the department shall furnish annually, as required pursuant to subdivision twenty-fifth of section one hundred seventy-one of this chapter, to the executive director of the office of real property services, electronic file transfers of the permanent residence address of each taxpayer who has filed a personal income tax return with the department. Such transfers shall be in accordance with the schedule established pursuant to the agreement developed in accordance with paragraph d of subdivision twenty-fifth of section one hundred seventy-one of this chapter. Similarly, the office of real property services shall, subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this purpose, verify or correct or determine the school district for each such residence address provided by the department and shall return such updated data to the department in accordance with the provisions of such agreement.]
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, the department [or the office of real property services] or an authorized vendor contracted by the department shall furnish, as required pursuant to subdivision twenty-fifth of section one hundred seventy-one of this chapter, to the superintendents of schools of identified school districts and district superintendents of schools appointed pursuant to section nineteen hundred fifty of the education law, having an identified school district within their supervisory district, an ordered listing, for such identified school districts electing to participate in the appeals process for a limited school district address review validation and correction process.
- (5) The information provided pursuant to this section and subdivision twenty-fifth of section one hundred seventy-one of this chapter shall be used solely for the purpose of verifying the legal residence and school district of a taxpayer in determining the distribution of state aid for education and such information may only be disclosed by such commission-[director,] superintendents and authorized vendor contracted by the department for such purposes to employees of the state education department, [employees of the state office of real property services] and to employees under the control of such superintendents. In addition, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (e) of this section, department may furnish to an authorized vendor contracted by the department the permanent resident address and school code data necessary for the implementation of the temporary school district address review validation and correction process, the pilot computerized address match and income verification project, or the permanent computerized statewide school district address match and income verification system pursuant to subdivision twenty-fifth of section one hundred seventy-one of chapter. Any violation of the provisions of this section shall be punishable in the manner provided for in subsection (e) of this section. Any information obtained by any agency or person pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be deemed a "record", as defined in subdivision four of section eighty-six of the public officers law.
- § 25. Subdivision 3 of section 1564 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 17 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. An exemption from the tax which is equal to the median sales price of residential real property within the applicable town or city, as determined by the [office of real property services pursuant to proce-



dures adopted for this purpose by the state board of real property 1 services established pursuant to article two of the real property tax law] commissioner, shall be allowed on the consideration of the conveyance of improved or unimproved real property or an interest therein.

§ 26. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART X 6

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Section 1. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new 7 section 509 to read as follows: 8

§ 509. Property taxpayers' disclosure and assessment transparency act. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general, special or local law to the contrary, the assessors in towns, cities and counties having power to assess property for tax purposes shall, not later than sixty days prior to the date set by law for the filing of the tentative assessment roll, provide to the state board in an electronic format the <u>following information:</u>

- (a) the preliminary assessment of each parcel on such tentative assessment roll;
- 18 (b) the level of assessment which the assessor expects to apply to 19 that roll;
 - (c) the final assessment of the parcel, if any, on the prior year's <u>final assessment roll;</u>
- 22 (d) the property address and tax map identification number of each 23 such parcel;
 - (e) the date by which complaints may be filed relative to the tentative assessments that are to appear on the tentative assessment roll, if other than the fourth Tuesday of May; and
 - (f) the dates and times when the assessor will be available to discuss preliminary assessments on an informal basis prior to the filing of the tentative assessment roll, and the contact information which he or she would like to be given to the general public.
 - 2. Not later than forty-five days prior to the date set by law for the filing of the tentative assessment roll, the state board shall post on its website a report pertaining to the assessing unit, which report shall include at least the following information:
 - (a) For the tentative assessment roll:
 - (i) the preliminary assessment of each parcel on such tentative assessment roll;
- 38 (ii) the level of assessment which the assessor expects to apply to 39 that roll;
 - (iii) the market value which each preliminary assessment represents,
- 42 (iv) the property address and tax map identification number of each 43 such parcel.
 - (b) For the prior year's final assessment roll:
- 45 (i) the final assessment of each parcel, if any, on the prior year's 46 <u>final assessment roll;</u> 47
 - (ii) the state equalization rate which was applicable to that roll;
 - (iii) the full value which each such final assessment represented; and
- 49 (iv) the property address and tax map identification number of each 50
- 51 (c) The dates and times when the assessor will be available to discuss 52 preliminary assessments on an informal basis prior to the filing of the 53 tentative assessment roll, together with the contact information which
 - he or she supplied to the state board.

1 (d) The date by which complaints may be filed relative to the tenta-2 tive assessments that are to appear on the tentative assessment roll.

- (e) A link to the most recent publication of the state board that describes the process for seeking review of tentative assessments.
- 3. The state board shall publicize the posting of its report through such reasonable means as may be at its disposal, including the distribution of media releases.
- 4. (a) The assessing unit shall make the data contained in the state board's report available to the public at its municipal offices or if there be none, at an alternative location designated by the governing body, and at such other convenient places as may be designated by the governing body. In addition, if the assessing unit maintains a website, it shall post a link thereon to such data.
- (b) The assessing unit may publicize the availability of such data through such reasonable means as may be at its disposal.
- 5. Where an assessment appearing on a tentative assessment roll is greater than the preliminary assessment of the same parcel reported to the state board pursuant to this section, the assessor shall mail a notice to the property owner at least ten days prior to the date for hearing complaints in relation to assessments. Such notice shall be substantially in the same form as is prescribed by section five hundred ten of this title.
- 6. Failure to post or otherwise provide any of the information described by this section, in whole or in part, or failure of an owner to receive the same shall not prevent the levy, collection and enforcement of the payment of the taxes on such real property.
- 7. The state board may adopt such rules as it deems necessary to the implementation of this section.
- 8. The provisions of this section shall not apply to special assessing units.
- 9. Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve assessing units of the obligation to send notices of increases when required under the provisions of section five hundred ten of this title.
- 34 § 2. Section 511 of the real property tax law is amended by adding a 35 new subdivision 9 to read as follows:
 - 9. The provisions of this section shall not apply to assessing units which are subject to the provisions of section five hundred nine of this title, nor to special assessing units.
 - § 3. Subdivision 5 of section 574 of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 257 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. [Forms or reports filed] <u>Data collected</u> pursuant to this section or section three hundred thirty-three of the real property law shall be made available for public inspection or copying in accordance with rules promulgated by the state board, <u>except that where the state board and the department of taxation and finance have developed a combined process for collecting data pursuant to paragraph viii of subdivision one-e of section three hundred thirty-three of the real property law, any data so collected which is not required to be furnished to the state board by statute or by the state board's rules shall not be subject to inspection or copying.</u>
- 52 § 4. Paragraphs i and v of subdivision 1-e of section 333 of the real 53 property law, as amended by section 1 of part B of chapter 57 of the 54 laws of 2004 and paragraph i as separately amended by chapter 521 of the 55 laws of 2004, are amended and two new paragraphs vii and viii are added 56 to read as follows:



i. A recording officer shall not record or accept for record any conveyance of real property affecting land in New York state unless accompanied by a transfer report form prescribed by the state board of real property services or in lieu thereof, confirmation from the state board that the required data has been reported to it pursuant to paragraph vii of this subdivision, and the fee prescribed pursuant to subdivision three of this section.

v. The provisions of this subdivision shall not operate to invalidate any conveyance of real property where one or more of the items designated as subparagraphs one through eight of paragraph ii of this subdivision, have not been reported or which has been erroneously reported, nor affect the record contrary to the provisions of this subdivision, nor impair any title founded on such conveyance or record. Such form shall [be certified] contain an affirmation as to the accuracy of contents made both by the transferor or transferors and by the transferee or transferees. Provided, however, that if the conveyance of real property occurs as a result of a taking by eminent domain, tax foreclosure, or other involuntary proceeding such [form] affirmation may be [certified] made only by either the condemnor, tax district, or other party to whom the property has been conveyed, or by that party's attor-The affirmations required by this paragraph shall be made in the form and manner prescribed by the state board, provided that notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, affirmants may be allowed, but shall not be required, to sign such affirmations electronically.

<u>vi.</u> Any deed executed and delivered prior to July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four may nevertheless be recorded in the office of the county clerk providing there is submitted therewith, and in place of such form, a separate statement signed by the transferor or transferors and the transferee or transferees or any person having sufficient knowledge to sign such form which contains the same information required by the state board of real property services as set forth in subparagraphs one through four of paragraph ii of this subdivision.

vii. The state board is hereby authorized to develop and oversee the implementation of a system to allow the data required by this subdivision and section five hundred seventy-four of the real property tax law to be reported to it electronically, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary. The state board is further authorized to adopt any rules necessary to implement such a system. Such rules shall set forth such standards and procedures as may be needed for the effective and efficient administration of the program, including standards for providing confirmation to recording officers of the reporting of required data to the state board.

viii. Upon agreement between the state board of real property services and the department of taxation and finance, the process for collecting data pursuant to this subdivision and section five hundred seventy-four of the real property tax law may be combined in whole or in part with the process for collecting data pursuant to articles thirty-one, eleven, twenty-two and subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty-three of the tax law in connection with the real estate transfer tax, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary. The state board and the commissioner of taxation and finance are authorized to adopt any rules necessary to implement the provisions of this paragraph, individually or jointly.

55 § 5. Section 693 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection 56 (e) to read as follows:



- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph one of subsection (e) of section six hundred ninety-seven of this part, the commissioner may furnish to the state board of real property services information relating to real property transfers obtained or derived from returns filed pursuant to this article in relation to the real estate transfer tax, to the extent that such information is also required to be reported to the state board by section three hundred thirty-three of the real property law and section five hundred seventy-four of the real property tax law and the rules adopted thereunder, provided such information was collected through a combined process established pursuant to an agreement entered into with the state board pursuant <u>to paragraph viii of</u> subdivision one-e of section three hundred thirty-three of the real property law. The state board may redisclose such information to the extent authorized by section five hundred seventy-four of the real property tax law.
 - Section 1418 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-6. sion (h) to read as follows:
- (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a) of this section, the commissioner may furnish to the state board of real property services information relating to real property transfers obtained or derived from returns filed pursuant to this article in relation to the real estate transfer tax, to the extent that such information is also required to be reported to the state board by section three hundred thirty-three of the real property law and section five hundred seventyfour of the real property tax law and the rules adopted thereunder, provided such information was collected through a combined process established pursuant to an agreement entered into with the state board pursuant to paragraph viii of subdivision one-e of section three hundred thirty-three of the real property law. The state board may redisclose such information to the extent authorized by section five hundred seventy-four of the real property tax law.
- § 7. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-33 ing the date on which it shall have become a law, provided that the state board of real property services and the department of taxation and finance are hereby authorized to adopt any rules needed to implement the 36 provisions of this act prior to such date.

37 PART Y

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Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subdivision 1 and subdivision 2 of section 1573 of the real property tax law, paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 as amended and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 1 as added by chapter 309 of the laws of 1996, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 655 of the laws of 2004 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 212 of the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

- (a) the assessing unit has satisfied standards of quality assessment administration, as established by the state board pursuant to regulations promulgated by the state board, subject to the approval of the director of the budget[. Such rules shall be based upon but not limited to the following criteria:
 - (i) quality and maintenance of valuation data;
- (ii) presentation of public information and data;
- (iii) administration of exemptions;
- 53 (iv) an acceptable level of assessment uniformity as measured annually 54 by the state board; and



(v) compliance with statutes and rules.] <u>and has implemented a revaluation pursuant to an approved plan as provided in this subdivision;</u>

- (b) [any revaluation or update of assessments, implemented on an assessment roll finalized after the first day of January, nineteen hundred ninety-six,] the revaluation is at one hundred percent of value; however, in special assessing units the revaluation or update of assessments must be at a uniform percentage of value for each class;
- (c) [the assessing unit has published, on the tentative assessment roll, the uniform percentage of value at which all real property is assessed, or in special assessing units, the uniform percentage of value at which each class of property is assessed;] the revaluation was implemented pursuant to a plan, approved pursuant to the rules of the state board, of not less than four years that provides, at a minimum, for a revaluation in the first and last year of such plan, but in no case less than once every four years, and for inventory data to be collected at least once every six years;
- 2. (a) State assistance pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall be payable [as follows] in an amount not to exceed five dollars per parcel for [each separately assessed parcel appearing on the applicable] an assessment roll[, excluding] upon which a revaluation is implemented in accordance with an approved plan, and not to exceed two dollars per parcel for any assessment roll upon which a revaluation is not implemented in accordance with an approved plan. The amount payable on a per parcel basis shall exclude parcels which are wholly exempt or assessed by the state board[: (a) Triennial aid shall be payable when the state board determines that the assessing unit has implemented a revaluation or update that includes the reinspection and reappraisal of all locally assessed properties. However, no assessing unit may qualify for this payment more than once in a three year period, and no aid may be paid pursuant to this paragraph with respect to any assessment roll filed after the year two thousand eleven.
- (b) (i) Annual aid shall be payable when the state board determines that the assessing unit has maintained an equitable assessment roll. Such determination shall be made in accordance with standards established pursuant to regulations promulgated by the state board, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, and shall be based upon criteria including but not limited to:
- (A) annually maintaining assessments at the percentage of value specified in subdivision one of this section;
- (B) annually conducting a systematic analysis of all locally assessed properties using a methodology specified in such regulations;
- (C) annually revising assessments as necessary to maintain the stated uniform percentage of value; and
- (D) implementing a local program for physically inspecting and reappraising each parcel at least once every six years.
- (E) Such standards shall contain ranges of acceptable performance as determined by the state board in accordance with nationally recognized assessment methods.
- (ii) No aid shall be paid pursuant to this paragraph with respect to any assessment roll which receives triennial aid pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision].
- [(iii)] (b) Any assessing unit that fails to implement a revaluation as prescribed in an approved plan shall remit to the state the full amount of any state aid received pursuant to this subdivision for the assessment rolls following the one upon which the most recent revaluation was implemented.



- (c) Nothing herein shall be deemed to prevent an assessing unit from withdrawing from an approved plan. Any assessing unit that does so shall only be responsible for remission of per parcel payments for non-revaluation years.
- 5 (d) No grant awarded to any individual assessing unit in any given 6 year pursuant to this subdivision shall exceed five hundred thousand 7 dollars.
- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to assess-9 ment rolls with taxable status dates occurring on and after March 1, 10 2010.

11 PART Z

Section 1. Clause 2 of subparagraph (viii) of paragraph a of subdivision 10 of section 54 of the state finance law, as amended by section 5 of part GG of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

- eight and in each state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight and in each state fiscal year thereafter, the base level grant received in the immediately preceding state fiscal year pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision, excluding any deficit reduction adjustment pursuant to paragraph e-1 of this subdivision, plus any additional apportionments received in such year pursuant to paragraph d of this subdivision and any per capita adjustments received in such year pursuant to paragraph e of this subdivision plus any additional aid received in such year pursuant to paragraph p of this subdivision.
- § 2. Paragraph b of subdivision 10 of section 54 of the state finance law, as amended by section 2 of part 0 of chapter 56 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- b. Base level grants. (i) Within amounts appropriated in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand seven and in each state fiscal year thereafter, there shall be apportioned and paid to a county with a population of less than one million but more than nine hundred twenty-five thousand according to the federal decennial census of two thousand, cities with a population of less than one million, towns and villages a base level grant in an amount equal to the prior year aid received by such county, city, town or village.
- (ii) Notwithstanding subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, within amounts appropriated in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand ten, there shall be apportioned and paid to each municipality a base level grant in an amount equal to the prior year aid received by such municipality minus a base level grant adjustment calculated in accordance with clause two of this subparagraph.
 - (1) When used in this subparagraph, unless otherwise expressly stated:
- (A) "2008-09 AIM funding" shall mean the sum of the base level grant pursuant to this paragraph, additional annual apportionment pursuant to paragraph d of this subdivision, per capita adjustment pursuant to paragraph e of this subdivision and special aid and incentives to certain eligible cities as appropriated in chapter fifty of the laws of two thousand eight, as amended by chapter one of the laws of two thousand nine, apportioned and paid to such municipality in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight.
- 51 (B) "2008 total revenues" shall mean "total revenues" for such munici-52 pality as reported in the state comptroller's special report on local 53 government finances for New York state for local fiscal years ended in 54 two thousand eight.



- (C) "AIM reliance" shall mean 2008-09 AIM funding expressed as a percentage of 2008 total revenues.
 - (2) The base level grant adjustment shall equal:

- (A) two percent of prior year aid if AIM reliance was at least ten percent, or
- (B) five percent of prior year aid if AIM reliance was less than ten percent.
- (iii) Notwithstanding subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, a county with a population of less than one million but more than nine hundred twenty-five thousand according to the federal decennial census of two thousand shall not receive a base level grant in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand ten or in any state fiscal year thereafter.
- § 3. Paragraph i of subdivision 10 of section 54 of the state finance law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (vii) to read as follows:
- (vii) Notwithstanding subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand ten, the base level grant adjustment pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph b of this subdivision shall be made on or before September twenty-fifth for a town or village, on or before December fifteenth for a city whose fiscal year begins January first, and on or before March fifteenth for a city whose fiscal year does not begin on January first.
- § 4. Paragraph j of subdivision 10 of section 54 of the state finance law, as amended by section 3 of part D of chapter 503 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- j. Special aid and incentives for municipalities to the city of New York. In the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand seven a city with a population of one million or more shall receive twenty million dollars on or before December fifteenth. In the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight, a city with a population of one million or more shall receive two hundred forty-five million nine hundred forty-four thousand eight hundred thirty-four dollars payable on or before December fifteenth. In the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand nine, [and in each state fiscal year thereafter,] a city with a population of one million or more shall receive three hundred one million six hundred fifty-eight thousand four hundred ninety-five dollars payable on or before December fifteenth. Special aid and incentives for municipalities to the city of New York shall be apportioned and paid as required as follows:
- (i) Any amounts required to be paid to the city university construction fund pursuant to the city university construction fund act;
- (ii) Any amounts required to be paid to the New York city housing development corporation pursuant to the New York city housing development corporation act;
- (iii) Five hundred thousand dollars to the chief fiscal officer of the city of New York for payment to the trustees of the police pension fund of such city;
- (iv) Eighty million dollars to the special account for the municipal assistance corporation for the city of New York in the municipal assistance tax fund created pursuant to section ninety-two-d of this chapter to the extent that such amount has been included by the municipal assistance corporation for the city of New York in any computation for the issuance of bonds on a parity with outstanding bonds pursuant to a contract with the holders of such bonds prior to the issuance of any other bonds secured by payments from the municipal assistance corpo-

ration for the city of New York in the municipal assistance state aid fund created pursuant to section ninety-two-e of this chapter;

- (v) The balance of the special account for the municipal assistance corporation for the city of New York in the municipal assistance state aid fund created pursuant to section ninety-two-e of this chapter;
- (vi) Any amounts to be refunded to the general fund of the state of New York pursuant to the annual appropriation enacted for the municipal assistance state aid fund;
- 9 (vii) To the state of New York municipal bond bank agency to the 10 extent provided by section twenty-four hundred thirty-six of the public 11 authorities law; and
- 12 (viii) To the transit construction fund to the extent provided by 13 section twelve hundred twenty-five-i of the public authorities law, and 14 thereafter to the city of New York.
- 15 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the amount paid to any 16 city with a population of one million or more on or before December 17 fifteenth shall be for an entitlement period ending the immediately 18 preceding June thirtieth.
- 19 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 20 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010.

21 PART AA

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52 53 Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 54-1 of the state finance law, as amended by section 1 of part KK of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

- 2. Within amounts appropriated therefor, an eligible city and an eligible municipality shall receive a state aid payment as follows:
- a. An eligible city shall receive: (i) for the state fiscal years commencing April first, two thousand seven and April first, two thousand eight, a state aid payment equal to three and one-half percent of the "estimated net machine income" generated by a video lottery gaming facility located in such eligible city. Such state aid payment shall not exceed twenty million dollars per eligible city; [and] (ii) for the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand nine [and for each state fiscal year thereafter], an amount equal to the state aid payment received in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight; and (iii) for the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand ten and for each state fiscal year thereafter, an amount equal to ninety percent of the state aid payment received in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand nine.
- b. Eligible municipalities shall receive: (i) for the state fiscal years commencing April first, two thousand seven and April first, two thousand eight, a share of three and one-half percent of the "estimated net machine income" generated by a video lottery gaming facility located within such eligible municipality as follows: (1) twenty-five percent shall be apportioned and paid to the county; and (2) seventy-five percent shall be apportioned and paid on a pro rata basis to eligible municipalities, other than the county, based upon the population of such eligible municipalities. Such state aid payment shall not exceed twenty-five percent of an eligible municipality's total expenditures as reported in the statistical report of the comptroller in the preceding state fiscal year pursuant to section thirty-seven of the general municipal law; [and] (ii) for the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand nine [and for each state fiscal year thereafter]: (1) for an eligible municipality which is located in a county that has a poverty

rate equal to or greater than seventy-five percent of the New York state poverty rate, an amount equal to the state aid payment received in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight; and (2) for an eligible municipality which is located in a county that has a poverty rate less than seventy-five percent of the New York state poverty rate, an amount equal to fifty percent of the state aid payment received in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand eight; and (iii) for the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand ten and for each state fiscal year thereafter, an amount equal to ninety percent of the state aid payment received in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand nine.

12 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 13 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010.

14 PART BB

Section 1. The legislative law is amended by adding a new section 51-a to read as follows:

- § 51-a. Moratorium on unfunded mandates. 1. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- 19 (a) "Local government" means a county, city, town, village, school 20 district, or special district.
 - (b) "Net additional cost" means the cost or costs incurred or anticipated to be incurred within a one year period by a local government in performing or administering any program, project, or activity after subtracting therefrom any revenues received or receivable by such local government in relation to such program, project, or activity, including but not limited to:
 - (i) fees charged to the recipients of such program, project, or activity;
 - (ii) state or federal funds received for such program, project, or activity; and
 - (iii) an offsetting savings resulting from the diminution or elimination of any other program, project, or activity that state law requires such local government to provide or undertake.
 - (c) "Unfunded mandate" means:
 - (i) any state law that requires a local government to provide or undertake any new program, project or activity that results in an annual net additional cost to any local government in excess of ten thousand dollars or an aggregate annual net additional cost to all local governments within the state in excess of one million dollars; or
 - (ii) any state law that requires a local government to provide a higher level of service or funding for an existing program, project or activity that results in an annual net additional cost to any local government in excess of ten thousand dollars or an aggregate annual net additional cost to all local governments within the state in excess of one million dollars; or
 - (iii) any state law that requires a local government to grant any new property tax exemption or that broadens the eligibility or increases the dollar amount of any existing property tax exemption, on property that otherwise would have generated revenue under the current property tax rate of such local government in excess of ten thousand dollars in any local government or in excess of one million dollars statewide; or
- 52 (iv) any state law with a legal requirement that would otherwise like-53 ly have the effect of raising property taxes in excess of ten thousand

- 1 dollars in any local government or in excess of one million dollars
 2 statewide.
 - 2. Moratorium on unfunded mandates. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no unfunded mandates shall be enacted.
 - 3. Exemptions. (a) A state law shall not be considered an unfunded mandate where such law:
 - (i) is required by a court order or judgment; or

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- 8 <u>(ii) is provided at the option of the local government under a law</u>
 9 <u>that is permissive rather than mandatory; or</u>
- (iii) results from the passage of a home rule message whereby a local government requests authority to implement the program or service specified in the statute, and the statute imposes costs only upon that local government which requests the authority to impose the program or service; or
 - (iv) is required by statute or executive order that implements a federal law or regulation and results from costs mandated by the federal government to be borne at the local level, unless the statute or executive order results in costs which exceed the costs mandated by the federal government; or
 - (v) is imposed on both government and non-government entities in the same or substantially similar circumstances; or
 - (vi) repeals or revises a state law to ease an existing requirement that a local government provide or undertake a program, project, or activity, or reapportions the costs of activities between local governments; or
 - (vii) is necessary to protect against an immediate threat to public health or safety.
 - (b) The effective date of any act establishing a mandate shall provide a reasonable time for the state and any local government to plan implementation thereof and shall be consistent with the availability of required funds.
- § 2. Section 51 of the legislative law, as added by chapter 985 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 51. Fiscal [impact] notes on bills affecting political subdivisions.

 1. For the purpose of this section, the term "political subdivision" means any county, city, town, village, special district or school district.
 - 2. [The legislature shall by concurrent resolution of the senate and assembly prescribe rules requiring fiscal notes to accompany, on a separate form, bills and amendments to bills, except as otherwise prescribed by such rules, which] A bill that would substantially affect the revenues or expenses, or both, of any political subdivision shall contain a fiscal note stating the estimated annual cost to the political subdivision affected and the source of such estimate.
 - 3. Fiscal notes shall not, however, be required for bills: (a) subject to the provisions of section fifty of this chapter, or (b) accompanied by special home rule requests submitted by political subdivisions, or (c) which provide discretionary authority to political subdivisions, or
- 49 (d) submitted pursuant to section twenty-four of the state finance law.
 50 4. If the estimate or estimates contained in a fiscal note are inaccu-
- 50 4. If the estimate or estimates contained in a fiscal note are inaccu-51 rate, such inaccuracies shall not affect, impair or invalidate such 52 bill.
- § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that 54 section one of this act shall only apply to laws enacted after such 55 effective date and shall expire and be deemed repealed four years after 56 such effective date.



1 PART CC

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53 54 Section 1. Section 101 of the general municipal law is amended by adding a new subdivision 6 to read as follows:

- 6. Notwithstanding subdivision one of this section and any other law to the contrary, any contract, subcontract, lease, grant, bond, covenant, or other agreement for projects undertaken by school districts shall not be subject to the requirements of separate specifications (referred to as the Wicks Law).
- § 2. Subdivisions 2 and 2-a of section 458 of the education law, subdivision 2 as amended and subdivision 2-a as added by section 5 of part MM of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, are amended to read as follows:
- 2. [Except as otherwise provided in section two hundred twenty-two of the labor law, every contract, lease or other agreement entered into by or on behalf of the fund for the acquisition, lease, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of the school portion of the work in any combined occupancy structure shall contain a provision that, when the entire cost of any such contemplated construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement for the school portion of the work shall exceed three million dollars in the counties of the Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens, and Richmond; one million five hundred thousand dollars in the counties of Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester; and five hundred thousand dollars in all other counties within the state, separate specifications shall be prepared for the following three subdivisions of the work on the school portion to be performed:
 - a. Plumbing and gas fitting;
- b. Steam heating, hot water heating, ventilating and air conditioning apparatus; and
 - c. Electric wiring and standard illuminating fixtures.

Such specifications shall be drawn so as to permit the letting of separate and independent contracts for each of the above three subdivisions of work. Within the above three subdivisions of work, any equipment, apparatus and/or installations which shall be designed to service the entire combined occupancy structure shall be included within the school portion of the work or let as separate and independent contracts even if physically located within the non-school portion of the work.] Except as otherwise provided by the public housing law, the provisions of which shall apply when the developer is the New York city housing authority, every developer or general contractor undertaking the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of any such combined occupancy structure pursuant to or in furtherance of the provisions of this article shall let [separate] contracts to the lowest responsible bidder for the [three subdivisions of the above specified] work to persons, firms or corporations approved by the chairman of the fund as being qualified, responsible and reliable bidders engaged in these classes of work. All such qualified bidders engaged in [the above specified] this work shall be entitled to bid and to receive, upon request, a copy of the plans and specifications. All such bids shall be submitted to the fund and shall be opened publicly at a stated time and place.

2-a. Each bidder on a public work contract[, where the preparation of separate specifications is not required,] shall submit with its bid a separate sealed list that names each subcontractor that the bidder will use to perform work on the contract, and the agreed-upon amount to be paid to each, for: a. plumbing and gas fitting, b. steam heating, hot

1 water heating, ventilating and air conditioning apparatus and c. electric wiring and standard illuminating fixtures. After the low bid is announced, the sealed list of subcontractors submitted with such low bid shall be opened and the names of such subcontractors shall be announced, and thereafter any change of subcontractor or agreed-upon amount to be paid to each shall require the approval of the public owner, upon a 7 showing presented to the public owner of legitimate construction need for such change, which shall be open to public inspection. Legitimate construction need shall include, but not be limited to, a change in project specifications, a change in construction material costs, a 10 change to subcontractor status as determined pursuant to paragraph (e) 12 of subdivision two of section two hundred twenty-two of the labor law, 13 or the subcontractor has become otherwise unwilling, unable or unavail-14 able to perform the subcontract. The sealed lists of subcontractors submitted by all other bidders shall be returned to them unopened after 16 the contract award.

- § 3. Subdivisions 2 and 2-a of section 482 of the education law, subdivision 2 as amended and subdivision 2-a as added by section 6 of part MM of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, are amended to read as follows:
- 2. [Except as otherwise provided in section two hundred twenty-two of the labor law, every contract, lease or other agreement entered into by or on behalf of the fund for the acquisition, lease, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of any combined occupancy structure shall contain a provision that, when the entire cost of any such contemplated construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement shall exceed three million dollars in the counties of the Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens, and Richmond; one million five hundred thousand dollars in the counties of Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester; and five hundred thousand dollars in all other counties within the state, separate specifications shall be prepared for the following three subdivisions of the work to be performed:
 - a. Plumbing and gas fitting;

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- b. Steam heating, hot water heating, ventilating and air conditioning apparatus; and
 - c. Electric wiring and standard illuminating fixtures.

Such specifications shall be drawn so as to permit the letting of separate and independent contracts for each of the above three subdivisions of work.] Except as otherwise provided by the public housing law, the provisions of which shall apply when the developer is the Yonkers city housing authority, every developer or general contractor undertaking the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of any such combined occupancy structure pursuant to or in furtherance of the provisions of this article shall let [separate] contracts to the lowest responsible bidder for the [three subdivisions of the above specified] work to persons, firms or corporations approved by the chairman of the fund as being qualified, responsible and reliable bidders engaged in these classes of work. All such qualified bidders engaged in [the above specified] this work shall be entitled to bid and to receive, upon request, a copy of the plans and specifications. All such bids shall be submitted to the fund and shall be opened publicly at a stated time and place.

2-a. Each bidder on a public work contract[, where the preparation of separate specifications is not required,] shall submit with its bid a separate sealed list that names each subcontractor that the bidder will use to perform work on the contract, and the agreed-upon amount to be

paid to each, for: a. plumbing and gas fitting, b. steam heating, hot water heating, ventilating and air conditioning apparatus and c. tric wiring and standard illuminating fixtures. After the low bid is announced, the sealed list of subcontractors submitted with such low bid shall be opened and the names of such subcontractors shall be announced, and thereafter any change of subcontractor or agreed-upon amount to be 7 paid to each shall require the approval of the public owner, upon a showing presented to the public owner of legitimate construction need for such change, which shall be open to public inspection. Legitimate construction need shall include, but not be limited to, a change in project specifications, a change in construction material costs, change to subcontractor status as determined pursuant to paragraph (e) 13 of subdivision two of section two hundred twenty-two of the labor law, or the subcontractor has become otherwise unwilling, unable or unavailable to perform the subcontract. The sealed lists of subcontractors submitted by all other bidders shall be returned to them unopened after 17 the contract award.

- § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 1735 of the public authorities law, as amended by chapter 345 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph b of subdivision one of section seventeen hundred thirty-four of this title, the award of construction contracts by the authority [between July first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine and June thirtieth, two thousand fourteen,] shall not be subject to the provisions of section one hundred one of the general municipal law.
- § 5. Section 19 of chapter 738 of the laws of 1988, amending the administrative code of the city of New York, the public authorities law and other laws relating to the New York city school construction authority, as amended by chapter 345 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- § 19. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that the provisions of subdivision 6 of section 209 of the civil service law, as added by section four of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed on and after June 30, 1995[, and further provided that the provisions of section 1735 of the public authorities law, as added by section fourteen of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed on June 30, 2014].
- § 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall control all contracts advertised or solicited for bid on or after such date under the provisions of any law requiring contracts to be let pursuant to provisions of law amended by this act.

43 PART DD

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Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 3-a of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 4 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:

1. Except as provided in subdivisions two, four and five of this section, the rate of interest to be paid by a municipal corporation upon any judgment or accrued claim against the municipal corporation shall [not exceed nine per centum per annum] be calculated at a rate equal to the weekly average one year constant maturity treasury yield, as published by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, for the calendar week preceding the date of the entry of the judgment awarding damages. In no event, however, shall a municipal corporation pay a

rate of interest on any judgment or accrued claim more than nine per centum per annum.

- § 2. Subdivision 5 of section 157 of the public housing law, as amended by chapter 681 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. The rate of interest to be paid by an authority upon any judgment or accrued claim against the authority shall [not exceed nine per centum per annum] be calculated at a rate equal to the weekly average one year constant maturity treasury yield, as published by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, for the calendar week preceding the date of the entry of the judgment awarding damages. In no event, however, shall an authority pay a rate of interest on any judgment or accrued claim more than nine per centum per annum.
 - § 3. Section 16 of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 681 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 16. Rate of interest on judgments and accrued claims against the state. The rate of interest to be paid by the state upon any judgment or accrued claim against the state shall [not exceed nine per centum per annum] be calculated at a rate equal to the weekly average one year constant maturity treasury yield, as published by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, for the calendar week preceding the date of the entry of the judgment awarding damages. In no event, however, shall the state pay a rate of interest on any judgment or accrued claim more than nine per centum per annum.
 - § 4. Section 1 of chapter 585 of the laws of 1939, relating to the rate of interest to be paid by certain public corporations upon judgments and accrued claims, as amended by chapter 681 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 1. The rate of interest to be paid by a public corporation upon any judgment or accrued claim against the public corporation shall [not exceed nine per centum per annum] be calculated at a rate equal to the weekly average one year constant maturity treasury yield, as published by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, for the calendar week preceding the date of the entry of the judgment awarding damages. In no event, however, shall a public corporation pay a rate of interest on any judgment or accrued claim more than nine per The term "public corporation" as used in this act centum per annum. shall mean and include every corporation created for the construction of public improvements, other than a county, city, town, village, school district or fire district or an improvement district established in a town or towns, and possessing both the power to contract indebtedness and the power to collect rentals, charges, rates or fees for services or facilities furnished or supplied.
- § 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

45 PART EE

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46 Section 1. Section 180 of the agriculture and markets law, as added 47 by chapter 874 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 180. Municipal directors of weights and measures. 1. There shall be a county director of weights and measures in each county, except where (a) a county is wholly embraced within a city there shall be a city director of weights and measures, or (b) where two or more counties have entered into an intermunicipal agreement, pursuant to article five-G of the general municipal law, to share the functions, powers, and duties of one director of weights and measures. Any county or city having a popu-

lation of one million or more may elect to designate its commissioner of consumer affairs as its director of weights and measures. Subdivision four of this section shall not apply to a commissioner of consumer affairs so designated.

- 2. No city may institute a weights and measures program. Provided, that any city which maintained a weights and measures program on January first, nineteen hundred seventy-six may continue such program under a city director of weights and measures.
- a. Any such city may contract with the legislature of the county in which it is located for the county director of weights and measures to perform the duties of and have the same powers within such city as the city director. Such contract shall fix the amount to be paid annually by the city to the county for such services. During the period such contract is in force and effect, the office of city director of weights and measures shall be abolished.
- b. The county director shall not have jurisdiction in any city which has a city director of weights and measures, except in the county of Westchester the county director shall have concurrent jurisdiction with city directors of weights and measures in such county.
- 3. Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the governing body of any county or city from assigning to its municipal director powers and duties in addition to the powers and duties prescribed by this article provided such additional powers and duties deal primarily with services designed to aid and protect the consumer and are not inconsistent with the provisions of this article.
- 4. The municipal director shall be appointed by the appropriate authority of the municipality in which he resides having the general power of appointment of officers and employees. Where two or more counties have entered into an intermunicipal agreement, pursuant to article five-G of the general municipal law, to share the functions, powers, and duties of one director of weights and measures, such municipal director may reside in any county that is a party to the intermunicipal agreement. He shall be paid a salary determined by the appropriate authority and shall be provided by such authority with the working standards of weights, measures and other equipment as required by rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this article. The position of municipal director shall be in the competitive class of the civil service with respect to all persons appointed on or after the effective date of this act.
 - § 2. Section 775 of the county law is amended to read as follows:
- § 775. [County sealer] <u>Director of weights and measures</u>; duties. The [county sealer] <u>director of weights and measures</u> shall perform the duties prescribed by law for the enforcement of honest weights and measures. He shall perform such additional and related duties as may be prescribed by law and directed by the board of supervisors.
- § 3. Subdivision 7 of section 176-b of the town law, as separately amended by chapters 302, 314, 468 and 474 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 7. (a) The membership of any volunteer firefighter shall not be continued pursuant to subdivision five of this section, and persons shall not be elected to membership pursuant to subdivision six of this section, if, by so doing, the percentage of such non-resident members in the fire company would exceed forty-five per centum of the actual membership of the fire company, provided however, that the provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the memberships of the Shelter Island Heights fire district, the Cherry Grove fire district, the Fire

Island Pines fire district, the Davis Park fire department, and the Cold Spring Harbor fire district in Suffolk county, the New Hampton fire the Mechanicstown fire district, the Pocatello fire district, the Washington Heights fire district and the Good Will fire district in Orange county, the Jericho fire district and the Westbury fire district in Nassau county, the Orangeburg fire district in Rockland county, the South Lockport Fire Company and the Terry's Corners volunteer fire 7 company in Niagara County, the Taunton fire district and the Onondaga Hill fire department in Onondaga county, the Town of Batavia fire department in Genesee County, the Schuyler Heights fire district and the 10 Slingerlands fire district I in Albany county, the town of Providence 11 fire district in Saratoga county, the River Road fire district, No. 3 in 13 Erie county, the Sir William Johnson Fire Company in Fulton county, the 14 Fort Johnson Fire district in Montgomery county or the memberships of the Millwood fire district, the Purchase Fire District, the North Castle 16 South Fire District, No. 1 in Westchester county, the Thornwood fire 17 company, No. 1 in Westchester county and the Rockland Lake fire district 18 in Rockland county.

(b) Upon application by a fire district or fire company to the state fire administrator, the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be waived for a period of five years, provided that no adjacent fire district objects within sixty days of notice, published in the state register. Any such objection shall be made in writing to the state fire administrator setting forth the reasons such waiver should not be granted. In cases where an objection is properly filed, the state fire administrator shall have the authority to grant a waiver, for such length of time as deemed appropriate but not to exceed five years, upon consideration of (1) the difficulty of the fire company or district in retaining and recruiting adequate personnel; (2) any alternative means available to the fire company or district to address such difficulties; and (3) the impact of such waiver on adjacent fire districts.

§ 4. Section 578 of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 636 of the laws of 1970, is amended to read as follows:

§ 578. County assistance under cooperative agreements. <u>1.</u> The legislative bodies of the counties and the governing boards of the cities, towns, villages and school districts or appropriate officers thereof authorized by such legislative body or governing board, as the case may be, shall have power to enter into contracts with each other for data processing and other mechanical assistance in the preparation of assessment rolls, tax rolls, tax bills and other assessment and property tax records and for supplies of field books, assessment rolls and other assessment and property tax forms.

2. The legislative body of a county and the governing body of any city, town, village or school district therein shall have the power to enter into contracts with each other under which the county treasurer shall serve as the tax collecting officer for such city, town, village or school district. Such an agreement shall be considered an agreement for the provision of a "joint service" for purposes of article five-G of the general municipal law. Any such agreement shall be approved by both the city, town, village or school district and the county, by a majority vote of the voting strength of each governing body.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

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Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 103 of the general municipal law, as amended by section 1 of part D of chapter 494 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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1. Except as otherwise expressly provided by an act of the legislature 5 or by a local law adopted prior to September first, nineteen hundred 6 fifty-three, all contracts for public work involving an expenditure of 7 than [thirty-five] fifty thousand dollars and all purchase contracts involving an expenditure of more than [ten] twenty thousand dollars, shall be awarded by the appropriate officer, board or agency of a political subdivision or of any district therein including but not 10 11 limited to a soil conservation district, to the lowest responsible bidder furnishing the required security after advertisement for [sealed] 13 bids in the manner provided by this section. In any case where a respon-14 sible bidder's gross price is reducible by an allowance for the value of used machinery, equipment, apparatus or tools to be traded in by a poli-16 subdivision, the gross price shall be reduced by the amount of 17 such allowance, for the purpose of determining the low bid. In cases 18 where two or more responsible bidders furnishing the required security 19 submit identical bids as to price, such officer, board or agency may 20 award the contract to any of such bidders. Such officer, board or agency 21 in his or her or its discretion, reject all bids and readvertise 22 for new bids in the manner provided by this section. [For purposes of 23 this section, "sealed bids", as that term applies to purchase contracts, 24 shall include bids] In determining whether a purchase is an expenditure 25 within the discretionary threshold amounts established by this subdivi-26 sion, the officer, board or agency of a political subdivision or of any 27 district therein shall consider the reasonably expected aggregate amount 28 of all purchases of the same commodities, services or technology to be 29 made within the twelve-month period commencing on the date of purchase. Purchases of commodities, services or technology shall not be arti-30 31 ficially divided for the purpose of satisfying the discretionary buying 32 thresholds established by this subdivision. A change to or a renewal of 33 a discretionary purchase shall not be permitted if the change or renewal 34 would bring the reasonably expected aggregate amount of all purchases of the same commodities, services or technology from the same provider 35 36 within the twelve-month period commencing on the date of the first 37 purchase to an amount greater than the discretionary buying threshold 38 amount. Bids may be submitted in an electronic format including 39 submission of the statement of non-collusion required by section one 40 hundred three-d of this article, provided that the governing board of 41 the political subdivision or district, by resolution, has authorized the 42 receipt of bids in such format. Submission in electronic format may 43 [not, however,] be required as the sole method for the submission of 44 bids. Bids submitted in an electronic format shall be transmitted by 45 bidders to the receiving device designated by the political subdivision district. Any method used to receive electronic bids shall comply 47 with article three of the state technology law, and any rules and regu-48 lations promulgated and guidelines developed thereunder and, at a minimum, must (a) document the time and date of receipt of each bid received 50 electronically; (b) authenticate the identity of the sender; (c) 51 the security of the information transmitted; and (d) ensure the confi-52 dentiality of the bid until the time and date established for the open-53 ing of bids. The timely submission of an electronic bid in compliance with instructions provided for such submission in the advertisement for 54 55 bids and/or the specifications shall be the responsibility solely of each bidder or prospective bidder. No political subdivision or district



therein shall incur any liability from delays of or interruptions in the receiving device designated for the submission and receipt of electronic bids.

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- § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 103 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 413 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 1. Except as otherwise expressly provided by an act of the legislature or by a local law adopted prior to September first, nineteen hundred fifty-three, all contracts for public work involving an expenditure of more than [twenty] fifty thousand dollars and all purchase contracts 10 11 involving an expenditure of more than [ten] twenty thousand dollars, shall be awarded by the appropriate officer, board or agency of a poli-13 tical subdivision or of any district therein including but not limited to a soil conservation district, to the lowest responsible bidder furnishing the required security after advertisement for [sealed] bids 16 in the manner provided by this section. In determining whether a 17 purchase is an expenditure within the discretionary threshold amounts established by this subdivision, the officer, board or agency of a poli-18 19 tical subdivision or of any district therein shall consider the reason-20 ably expected aggregate amount of all purchases of the same commodities, 21 services or technology to be made within the twelve-month period 22 commencing on the date of purchase. Purchases of commodities, services 23 or technology shall not be artificially divided for the purpose of satisfying the discretionary buying thresholds established by this 25 subdivision. A change to or a renewal of a discretionary purchase shall 26 not be permitted if the change or renewal would bring the reasonably 27 expected aggregate amount of all purchases of the same commodities, 28 services or technology from the same provider within the twelve-month 29 period commencing on the date of the first purchase to an amount greater than the discretionary buying threshold amount. In any case where a 30 responsible bidder's gross price is reducible by an allowance for the 31 value of used machinery, equipment, apparatus or tools to be traded in 32 33 by a political subdivision, the gross price shall be reduced by the amount of such allowance, for the purpose of determining the low bid. In cases where two or more responsible bidders furnishing the required 35 36 security submit identical bids as to price, such officer, board or agen-37 cy may award the contract to any of such bidders. Such officer, board or 38 agency may, in his, her or its discretion, reject all bids and readver-39 tise for new bids in the manner provided by this section.
- 40 § 3. Subdivision 5 of section 103 of the general municipal law, as 41 amended by chapter 413 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as 42 follows:
 - 5. Upon the adoption of a resolution by a vote of at least three-fifths of all the members of the governing body of a political subdivision or district therein stating that, for reasons of efficiency or economy, there is need for standardization, purchase contracts for a particular type or kind of equipment, material or supplies [of more than ten thousand dollars] in excess of the monetary threshold fixed for purchase contracts in this section may be awarded by the appropriate officer, board or agency of such political subdivision or any such district therein, to the lowest responsible bidder furnishing the required security after advertisement for [sealed] bids therefor in the manner provided in this section. Such resolution shall contain a full explanation of the reasons for its adoption.
- § 4. Section 103-d of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 66 675 of the laws of 1966, is amended to read as follows:



- § 103-d. Statement of non-collusion in bids and proposals to political subdivision of the state. 1. Every bid or proposal hereafter made to a political subdivision of the state or any public department, agency or official thereof where competitive bidding is required by statute, rule, regulation or local law, for work or services performed or to be performed or goods sold or to be sold, shall contain the following statement subscribed by the bidder and affirmed by such bidder as true under the penalties of perjury: Non-collusive bidding certification.
- "(a) By submission of this bid, each bidder and each person signing on behalf of any bidder certifies, and in the case of a joint bid each party thereto certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of knowledge and belief:
- (1) The prices in this bid have been arrived at independently without collusion, consultation, communication, or agreement, for the purpose of restricting competition, as to any matter relating to such prices with any other bidder or with any competitor;
- (2) Unless otherwise required by law, the prices which have been quoted in this bid have not been knowingly disclosed by the bidder and will not knowingly be disclosed by the bidder prior to opening, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or to any competitor; and
- (3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder to induce any other person, partnership or corporation to submit or not to submit a bid for the purpose of restricting competition. "
- (a-1) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the statement of non-collusion may be submitted electronically in accordance with the provisions of subdivision one of section one hundred three of the general municipal law.
- (b) A bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made where (a) (1) (2) and (3) above have not been complied with; provided however, that if in any case the bidder cannot make the foregoing certification, the bidder shall so state and shall furnish with the bid a signed statement which sets forth in detail the reasons therefor. Where (a) (1) (2) and (3) above have not been complied with, the bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made unless the head of the purchasing unit of the political subdivision, public department, agency or official thereof to which the bid is made, or his designee, determines that such disclosure was not made for the purpose of restricting competition.
- The fact that a bidder (a) has published price lists, rates, or tariffs covering items being procured, (b) has informed prospective customers of proposed or pending publication of new or revised price lists for such items, or (c) has sold the same items to other customers at the same prices being bid, does not constitute, without more, a disclosure within the meaning of subparagraph one (a).
- 2. Any bid hereafter made to any political subdivision of the state or any public department, agency or official thereof by a corporate bidder for work or services performed or to be performed or goods sold or to be sold, where competitive bidding is required by statute, rule, regulation, or local law, and where such bid contains the certification referred to in subdivision one of this section, shall be deemed to have been authorized by the board of directors of the bidder, and such authorization shall be deemed to include the signing and submission of the bid and the inclusion therein of the certificate as to non-collusion as the act and deed of the corporation.
- § 5. Section 103 of the general municipal law is amended by adding three new subdivisions 1-b, 1-c and 13 to read as follows:



 1-b. When the officer, board or agency of any political subdivision or of any district therein charged with the awarding of contracts under this section determines that it is in the best interest of the political subdivision or district therein, they may award contracts for services on the basis of best value as defined in section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law to responsive and responsible offerers. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a contract for services may be awarded on the basis of best value provided that the contracting process and award shall comply with the guidelines established under section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law by the state procurement council. Any procurement made under this subdivision shall be approved by the governing body of the purchasing political subdivision or district therein.

1-c. A political subdivision or any district therein shall have the option of purchasing information technology and telecommunications hardware, software and professional services through cooperative purchasing permissible pursuant to federal general services administration information technology schedule seventy or any successor schedule. A political subdivision or any district therein that purchases through general services administration schedule seventy, information technology and consolidated schedule contracts shall comply with federal schedule ordering procedures as provided in federal acquisition regulation 8.405-1 or 8.405-2 or successor regulations, whichever is applicable. Adherence to such procedures shall constitute compliance with the competitive bidding requirements under this section.

13. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision one of this section and in addition to the provisions of subdivision three of this section and section one hundred four of this article, any officer, board or agency of a political subdivision or of any district therein authorized to make purchases of materials, equipment and supplies may make such purchases as may be required by such political subdivision or any district therein through the use of a contract let by any other state or political subdivision if such contract was let in accordance with competitive bidding requirements that are consistent with this section and with the intent of extending its use to certain other governmental entities. Prior to making such a purchase, the governing board of the political subdivision or district making the purchase shall determine, upon review of any necessary documentation and, as appropriate, upon advice of its counsel, that the requirements of this paragraph have been met, and shall certify, by resolution, that such purchase is permitted under the procurement policies and procedures of the political subdivision or district, adopted pursuant to section one hundred four-b of this article.

§ 6. Section 104 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 137 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

§ 104. Purchase through office of general services; certain federal contracts. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred three of this article or of any other general, special or local law, any officer, board or agency of a political subdivision, of a district therein, of a fire company or of a voluntary ambulance service authorized to make purchases of materials, equipment, food products, or supplies, or services available pursuant to sections one hundred sixty-one and one hundred sixty-seven of the state finance law, may make such purchases, except of printed material, through the office of general services subject to such rules as may be established from time to time pursuant to sections one hundred sixty-three and one hundred sixty-seven of the

1 state finance law [or through the general services administration pursuant to section 1555 of the federal acquisition streamlining act of 1994, P.L. 103-355]; provided that any such purchase shall exceed five hundred dollars and that the political subdivision, district, fire company or voluntary ambulance service for which such officer, board or agency acts shall accept sole responsibility for any payment due the vendor. All 7 purchases shall be subject to audit and inspection by the political subdivision, district, fire company or voluntary ambulance service for which made. No officer, board or agency of a political subdivision, or a district therein, of a fire company or of a voluntary ambulance service 10 11 shall make any purchase through such office when bids have been received 12 for such purchase by such officer, board or agency, unless such purchase may be made upon the same terms, conditions and specifications at a 13 14 lower price through such office. Two or more fire companies or voluntary 15 ambulance services may join in making purchases pursuant to this 16 section, and for the purposes of this section such groups shall be 17 deemed "fire companies or voluntary ambulance services."

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred three of this article or of any other general, special or local law, any officer, board or agency of a political subdivision, or of a district therein, may make purchases from federal general service administration supply schedules pursuant to section 211 of the federal e-government act of 2002, P.L. 107-347, and pursuant to section 1122 of the national defense authorization act for fiscal year 1994, P.L. 103-160, or any successor schedules in accordance with procedures established pursuant thereto. Prior to making such purchases the officer, board or agency shall consider whether such purchases will result in cost savings after all factors, including charges for service, material, and delivery, have been considered.

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- § 7. Subdivision 2 of section 103 of the general municipal law, as amended by section 5 of part X of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Advertisement for bids shall be published in the official newspaper or newspapers, if any, or otherwise in a newspaper or newspapers designated for such purpose, or in the statewide procurement opportunities newsletter. Such advertisement shall contain a statement of the time when and place where all bids received pursuant to such notice will be publicly opened and read, and the designation of the receiving device if the political subdivision or district has authorized the receipt of bids in an electronic format. Such board or agency may by resolution designate any officer or employee to open the bids at the time and place specified in the notice. Such designee shall make a record of such bids in such form and detail as the board or agency shall prescribe and present the same at the next regular or special meeting of such board or agency. All bids received shall be publicly opened and read at the time and place so specified. At least five days shall elapse between the first publication of such advertisement and the date so specified for the opening and reading of bids.
- § 8. Subdivision 2 of section 103 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 296 of the laws of 1958, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Advertisement for bids shall be published in the official newspaper or newspapers, if any, or otherwise in a newspaper or newspapers designated for such purpose, or in the statewide procurement opportunities newsletter. Such advertisement shall contain a statement of the time when and place where all bids received pursuant to such notice will be

publicly opened and read. Such board or agency may by resolution designate any officer or employee to open the bids at the time and place specified in the notice. Such designee shall make a record of such bids in such form and detail as the board or agency shall prescribe and present the same at the next regular or special meeting of such board or agency. All bids received shall be publicly opened and read at the time and place so specified. At least five days shall elapse between the first publication of such advertisement and the date so specified for the opening and reading of bids.

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- § 9. Subdivision 4 of section 142 of the economic development law, as amended by chapter 137 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. The commissioner may publish in the procurement opportunities news-(a) notices of procurement opportunities originating from political subdivisions of the state or business enterprises, and (b) notices from government or potential government contractors seeking subcontractors and suppliers, in such form and manner as the commissioner shall determine. The commissioner may charge a fee for the publication of such notices of procurement opportunities based upon the amounts estimated to be necessary to defray the expenses of preparing, publishing, marketing and distributing such additional notices of procurement opportunities. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other general, special or local law to the contrary, the publication requirements shall be deemed sufficient for any agency or political subdivision of the state with publication of such notices of procurement opportunities or other solicitations in the procurement opportunities newsletter.
- § 10. Subdivision 7 of section 163 of the state finance law, as separately amended by sections 12 and 20 of chapter 137 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 7. Method of procurement. Consistent with the requirements of subdivisions three and four of this section, state agencies shall select among permissible methods of procurement including, but not limited to, an invitation for bid, request for proposals or other means of solicitation pursuant to guidelines issued by the state procurement council. State agencies may accept bids electronically including submission of the statement of non-collusion required by section one hundred thirty-nine-d of the state finance law and may[, for technology contracts only,] require electronic submission as the sole method for the submission of bids for the solicitation, provided that the agency has made a determination, which shall be documented in the procurement record, that such method affords a fair and equal opportunity for offerers to submit responsive offers. Except where otherwise provided by law, procurements shall be competitive, and state agencies shall conduct formal competitive procurements to the maximum extent practicable. State agencies shall document the determination of the method of procurement and the basis of award in the procurement record. Where the basis for award is the best value offer, the state agency shall document, in the procurement record and in advance of the initial receipt of offers, the determination of the evaluation criteria, which whenever possible, shall be quantifiable, and the process to be used in the determination of best value and the manner in which the evaluation process and selection shall be conducted.
- § 11. Subdivision 1 of section 139-d of the state finance law is amended by adding a new paragraph (a-1) to read as follows:
- 55 <u>(a-1) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the statement of non-collusion</u> 56 <u>may be submitted electronically in accordance with the provisions of</u>



subdivision seven of section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law.

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- § 12. Section 20 of the public buildings law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:
- § 20. Work done by special order. The commissioner of general services shall determine when minor work of construction, reconstruction, alteration or repair of any state building may be done by special order. Special orders for such work shall be short-form contracts approved by the attorney general and by the comptroller. No work shall be done by special order in an amount in excess of [fifty] one hundred thousand dollars and a bond shall not be required for special orders. No work shall be done by special order unless the commissioner has presented to the comptroller evidence that he has made a diligent effort to obtain competition sufficient to protect the interests of the state prior to selecting the contractor to perform the work. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision two of section eight of this chapter, work done by special order under this section may be advertised solely through the regular public notification service of the office of general services. At least five days shall elapse between the first publication of such public notice and the date so specified for the public opening of bids. All payments on special orders shall be made on the certificate of the commissioner of general services and audited and approved by the state comptroller. All special orders shall contain a clause that the special order shall only be deemed executory to the extent of the moneys available and no liability shall be incurred by the state beyond the moneys available for the purpose.
- § 13. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to any contract let or awarded on or after such date; provided, however, that:
- 1. the amendments to subdivision 1 of section 103 of the general municipal law made by section one of this act shall not affect the expiration and reversion of such subdivision as provided in subdivision (a) of section 41 of part X of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section two of this act shall take effect; and
- 2. the amendments to section 103-d of the general municipal law made by section four of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on the same date and in the same manner as section 4 of part X of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, as provided in subdivision (a) of section 41 of part X of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, as amended; and
- 3. the amendments to subdivision 2 of section 103 of the general municipal law made by section seven of this act shall not affect the expiration and reversion of such subdivision as provided in subdivision (a) of section 41 of part X of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section eight of this act shall take effect; and
- 4. the amendments to subdivision 7 of section 163 of the state finance law made by section ten of this act shall not affect the repeal of such subdivision and shall be deemed repealed therewith; and
- 5. the amendments to section 139-d of the state finance law made by section eleven of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on the same date and in the same manner as section 33 of chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, as provided in subdivision 5 of section 362 of chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, as amended.

Section 1. Section 214 of the town law, as amended by chapter 344 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 214. Oaths, undertakings and compensation of commissioners. Each commissioner, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take the constitutional oath of office and execute to the town and file with the town clerk an official undertaking in such sum and with such sureties as the town board may direct. The town board at any time may require any such commissioners to file a new official undertaking for such sum and with such sureties as the board shall approve. [Such] Notwithstanding any provision of any general, special or local law, ordinance, resolution, rule or regulation to the contrary, such commissioners [may be paid such an amount as the town board may designate, but not to exceed the sum of one hundred dollars per day each for each day actually and necessarily spent in the service of the district. Such compensation shall be deemed an expense of maintaining the district] shall not receive any compensation of any kind, including but not limited to wages, salaries, gratuities, vehicles assigned to them, insurance, annuities or retirement plans, or any other perquisite or fringe benefit, but shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties.
- 21 § 2. The town law is amended by adding a new section 198-b to read as 22 follows:
 - § 198-b. Powers of town boards with respect to certain sanitary, refuse and garbage districts. 1. Applicability. This section shall apply to sanitary districts, refuse and garbage districts, or any similar town improvement districts that provide sanitary, refuse, or garbage services.
 - 2. Powers of town boards in such districts. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in such districts all powers and duties with respect to the districts, including the powers and duties of improvement district commissioners as provided for in section two hundred fifteen of this chapter or in any other general, special, or local law, and excepting those powers provided for in subdivisions three and four of this section, shall reside with the board of the town in which such district is located.
- 36 3. Powers of district commissioners in such districts. In such districts that have district commissioners, the commissioners shall retain the power and duties to:
 - (a) Elect officers of the board as currently provided for in subdivision one of section two hundred fifteen of this chapter;
 - (b) Give notice of annual election as currently provided for in subdivision three of section two hundred fifteen of this chapter; and
 - (c) Provide for a nominating process and the filling of vacancies as currently provided for in subdivisions twenty and twenty-one of section two hundred fifteen of this chapter.
 - 4. Level of service. In such districts that have district commissioners, the commissioners may also hold a referendum on whether the level of service provided by the town shall be increased or decreased. Prior to the referendum, the town shall provide cost estimates for such increase or such decrease in services that are to be considered in such referendum.
- 52 <u>5. Transfer of function. Employees of the district who are transferred</u> 53 <u>to the town shall be transferred pursuant to the civil service law.</u>
- 54 § 3. The opening paragraph of section 215 of the town law is amended 55 to read as follows:



Subject to law and the provisions of this chapter, the commissioners of every improvement district shall constitute and be known as the board of commissioners of such improvement district. Such board of commissioners, except when restricted by section one hundred ninety-eight-b of this chapter:

- § 4. The town law is amended by adding a new section 217 to read as follows:
- § 217. Abolition of offices of commissioners. 1. Resolution. The town board of any town may and within thirty days after the date of filing with the town clerk of a petition meeting the requirements of subdivision two of this section shall adopt a resolution calling a public hearing upon the abolition of the offices of commissioners in any district wholly located in such town, and the transfer to the town board of all the rights, powers and duties of such commissioners.
- 2. Petition to initiate. a. The electors of a town improvement district may petition to abolish the offices of commissioners by filing an original petition, containing not less than the number of signatures provided for in paragraph b of this subdivision and in the form provided for in paragraph c of this subdivision, with the clerk of the town in which the improvement district is located. Accompanying the filed petition shall be a cover sheet containing the name, address and telephone number of an individual who signed the petition and who will serve as a contact person.
- b. The petition shall contain the signatures of at least ten percent of the number of electors or five thousand electors, whichever is less, in the improvement district; provided, however, that where the improvement district contains five hundred or fewer electors, the petition shall contain the signatures of at least twenty percent of the number of electors. No signature on a petition is valid unless it is an original signature of an elector.
- c. A petition for the abolition of the offices of commissioners shall substantially comply with, and be circulated in, the following form:

PETITION FOR THE ABOLITION OF THE OFFICES OF COMMISSIONERS
We, the undersigned, electors and legal voters of (insert name of district), in the town of (insert name of town in which the district is located), New York, qualified to vote at the next general or special election, respectfully petition that there be submitted to the electors of (insert name of district), for their approval or rejection at a referendum held for that purpose, a proposal to abolish the offices of commissioners of (insert name of district).

41 <u>In witness whereof, we have signed our names on the dates indicated next</u>
42 <u>to our signatures.</u>

43		<u>Date</u>	Name -	print	name	under	signature	Home Add	<u>iresses</u>
44	<u>1.</u>								
45	<u>2.</u>								
46	<u>3.</u>								

47 (On the bottom of each page of the petition, after all of the numbered
48 signatures, insert a signed statement of a witness who is a duly quali49 fied voter of the state of New York. Such a statement shall be accepted
50 for all purposes as the equivalent of an affidavit, and if it contains a
51 material false statement, shall subject the person signing it to the
52 same penalties as if he or she has been duly sworn. The form of such

53 <u>statement shall be substantially as follows:</u>

54 <u>I, (insert name of witness), state that I am a duly qualified voter of</u> 55 <u>the State of New York. Each of the persons that have signed this peti-</u> tion sheet containing (insert number) signatures, have signed their names in my presence on the dates indicated above and identified themselves to be the same person who signed the sheet. I understand that this statement will be accepted for all purposes as the equivalent of an affidavit, and if it contains a materially false statement, shall subject me to the penalties of perjury.

7 _____ 8 Date

Signature of Witness)

9 (In lieu of the signed statement of a witness who is a duly qualified 10 voter of the state of New York, the following statement signed by a 11 notary public or a commissioner of deeds shall be accepted:

On the date above indicated before me personally came each of the electors and legal voters whose signatures appear on this petition sheet containing (insert number) signatures, who signed the petition in my presence and who, being by me duly sworn, each for himself or herself, identified himself or herself as the one and same person who signed the petition and that the foregoing information they provided was true.

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 <u>Date</u> <u>Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds</u>)

- d. An alteration or correction of information appearing on a petition's signature line, other than an uninitialed signature and date, shall not invalidate such signature.
- e. In matters of form, this subdivision shall be given a liberal construction, and precise compliance is not required.
- f. Within ten days of the filing of the petition, the clerk with whom the petition was filed shall make a final determination regarding the sufficiency of the signatures on the petition and provide timely written notice of such determination to the contact person named in the cover sheet accompanying the petition. The contact person or any individual who signed the petition may seek judicial review of such determination in a proceeding pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.
- 3. Notice. The town clerk shall give notice of such hearing by the publication of a notice in at least one but not more than two newspapers designated pursuant to subdivision eleven of section sixty-four of this chapter. Such notice shall specify the time when and the place where such hearing will be held and shall specifically state that the offices of commissioners are proposed to be abolished. The first publication of such notice shall be at least ten days prior to the time fixed for such public hearing.
- 4. Hearing. The town board shall meet at the time and place specified in such notice and hear all persons interested in the subject matter thereof concerning the same. a. If the town board adopted the resolution calling the public hearing without a petition to initiate being filed with the town clerk pursuant to subdivision two of this section, and if the town board shall determine upon the evidence given thereat that it is in the public interest to abolish the offices of commissioners, the board may adopt a resolution subject to a permissive referendum, so abolishing the offices of commissioners.
- b. If the town board adopted the resolution calling the public hearing because a petition to initiate was filed with the town clerk pursuant to subdivision two of this section, the town board shall adopt a resolution abolishing the offices of commissioners and shall adopt a resolution to

1 hold a special election upon the proposition as if a petition had been 2 filed pursuant to subdivision six of this section.

- 5. Notice of adoption of resolution. Within ten days after the adoption by the town board of a resolution abolishing the offices of commissioners in any district, the town clerk shall give notice thereof at the expense of the district, by the publication of a notice in at least one but not more than two newspapers designated pursuant to subdivision eleven of section sixty-four of this chapter. In addition, the town clerk shall post or cause to be posted on the bulletin board in his or her office a copy of such notice. In the event that the town maintains a website, such information may also be provided on the website. Such notice shall set forth the date of adoption of the resolution and contain an abstract of such resolution and shall specify that the offices of commissioners shall be abolished subject to permissive or mandatory (as applicable) referendum.
- 6. Petition. The resolution of the town board abolishing the offices of commissioners shall not take effect until forty-five days after its adoption; nor until approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified electors of such district voting upon such proposition, if within forty-five days after its adoption, there be filed with the town clerk a petition circulated, signed and authenticated in substantial compliance with the provisions of subdivision two of this section, that contains the signatures of at least twenty-five percent of the number of electors or fifteen thousand electors, whichever is less, in the town improvement district protesting against such resolution and requesting that it be submitted to the qualified electors of the district affected, for their approval or disapproval. The town clerk shall cause to be prepared and have available for distribution proper forms for the petition and shall distribute a supply to any person requesting the same.
- 7. Notice of election. If such a petition shall be filed with the town clerk, the town board shall adopt a resolution specifying a date not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for the holding of a special election, fixing the hours of opening and closing of the polls, designating the voting place and setting forth, in full, the proposition to be voted upon. The town board shall designate a voting place and not less than two or more than four persons to act as election inspectors and ballot clerks. Each of such persons shall be a qualified elector of such district and such election inspectors and ballot clerks shall receive for their services an amount to be fixed by the town board but not to exceed ten dollars each. The polls shall remain open from six o'clock in the evening until nine o'clock in the evening and such additional consecutive hours prior thereto as the town board may determine.
- 8. Election. The voting upon such proposition shall be by ballot and the town clerk shall cause such ballots to be prepared. No person shall be entitled to vote upon any such proposition unless he or she has the following qualifications: a. is an elector of the town, and b. is a resident of such district.
- 9. Canvass. Upon the closing of the polls at any such election, the election inspectors and ballot clerks shall immediately canvass the ballots cast and shall complete such canvass without adjournment. As soon as possible after completion, they shall file with the town clerk a certificate setting forth the holding of such election, the number of votes cast, the number of votes cast for and against such proposition, together with the name and address of every person voting at such election.

- 10. Adoption. A proposition for the abolition of the offices of commissioners shall require for its adoption the affirmative vote of a majority of the electors voting thereon. If any proposition so submitted shall not be adopted, the town board shall not adopt a similar resolution abolishing the offices of commissioners within one year from the date of the original resolution.
- 11. Expense. The expense of conducting any such election, including the publication of notices, the printing of ballots, the compensation of election inspectors and ballot clerks and all other expense occasioned by the election shall be a charge against the district affected.
- 12. Abolition of offices of commissioners. Whenever any resolution shall become effective pursuant to this section abolishing the offices of commissioners in any district and transferring to the town board all the powers and duties thereof, the offices of commissioners existing in any affected district shall be abolished as of the thirty-first day of December next succeeding, provided, however, that if any such resolution be adopted subsequent to the first day of October in any year, the offices of commissioners shall be abolished on the thirty-first day of December of the next succeeding calendar year. When such offices of commissioners shall be abolished, the commissioners of such district shall: a. deliver to the town clerk within ten days all the records, books and papers of such commissioners, b. deliver to the supervisor all funds, c. deliver to the town board all other property in their possession or under their control and d. make complete and proper accounting therefor to the town board. All powers previously exercised by such commissioners whose offices are so abolished shall thereafter be vested in and exercised by the town board.
- 28 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 29 sections one, two and three of this act shall take effect January 1, 30 2011.

31 PART HH

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32 Section 1. Subdivision 3 of section 66-a of the public officers law is 33 REPEALED and a new subdivision 3 is added to read as follows:

- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section twenty-three hundred seven of the civil practice law and rules, this chapter, or any other law to the contrary, any county, city, town or village, upon adoption of a local law, is hereby authorized to require the police department or force of such county, city, town or village to charge fees for the search for accident reports, certified copies thereof, photographs and contact sheets at rates not to exceed the rates authorized for the division of state police pursuant to subdivision two of this section; provided, however, that no fee shall be charged for a photocopy of an accident report. The fees for investigative reports shall be the same as those for accident reports. Any county whose police department charges any of the fees authorized by this subdivision prior to the effective date of this subdivision may, however, continue such fees at the rate in effect at such time or may, upon adoption of a local law, increase such fees to the same rate authorized by this subdivision.
- § 2. Paragraph d of subdivision 1 of section 10 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 623 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- 52 d. "Bank" shall mean a bank as defined by the banking law or a 53 national banking association located and authorized to do business in 54 New York; a credit union as defined by the banking law located and



- authorized to do business in New York which has its principal office in a location described in paragraph (a) of subdivision thirty-seven of section four hundred fifty-four of the banking law, or a branch office in a location described in paragraph (b) of subdivision thirty-seven of section four hundred fifty-four of the banking law; or a savings bank as defined by the banking law, a savings and loan association as defined by the banking law or a federal savings association located and authorized do business in New York which has its principal office in a location described in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section two hundred thirty-seven of the banking law, or a branch office in a location described in paragraph (b) of subdivision two of section two hundred thirty-seven of the banking law.
 - § 3. Section 454 of the banking law is amended by adding a new subdivision 37 to read as follows:

- 37. (a) To accept deposits for credit to a local government, as defined in paragraph a of subdivision one of section ten of the general municipal law, at its principal office where such credit union maintains its principal office within the jurisdiction of such local government.
- (b) To accept deposits for credit to a local government, as defined in paragraph a of subdivision one of section ten of the general municipal law, at its branch office where such credit union maintains a branch office within the jurisdiction of such local government.
- § 4. The banking law is amended by adding a new section 454-a to read as follows:
- § 454-a. Deposits of public money with credit unions; security. A credit union may accept deposits of public money subject to the limitations provided in subdivision thirty-seven of section four hundred fifty-four of this article. Such credit union shall pledge assets or furnish other security satisfactory in form and amount to the depositor, for the repayment of monies held in the name of such depositor, when required to be secured by applicable law, decree or regulation.
- § 5. Subdivision 2 of section 237 of the banking law, as amended by chapter 360 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. [No savings bank shall accept any deposit for credit to any municipal corporation.] (a) A savings bank which maintains its principal office within a local government, as defined in paragraph a of subdivision one of section ten of the general municipal law, may accept deposits at such principal office for credit to such local government.
- (b) A savings bank which maintains a branch office within a local government, as defined in paragraph a of subdivision one of section ten of the general municipal law, may accept deposits at such branch office for credit to such local government.
- § 6. Section 234 of the banking law is amended by adding a new subdivision 26 to read as follows:
- 26. Pursuant to subdivision two of section two hundred thirty-seven of this article, to pledge assets or furnish other security satisfactory in form and amount to the depositor, for the repayment of monies held in the name of such depositor, when required to be secured by applicable law, decree or regulation and to exercise the powers contained in section ninety-six-b of this chapter.
- 51 § 7. Section 383 of the banking law is amended by adding a new subdi-52 vision 17 to read as follows:
- 17. Pursuant to subdivision two of section two hundred thirty-seven of
 this chapter, to pledge assets or furnish other security satisfactory in
 form and amount to the depositor, for the repayment of monies held in
 the name of such depositor, when required to be secured by applicable

law, decree or regulation and to exercise the powers contained in section ninety-six-b of this chapter.

- § 8. Subdivision 4 of section 209-b of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 718 of the laws of 1958, is amended and a new subdivision 6 is added to read as follows:
- 4. Fees and charges [prohibited] <u>authorized</u>. Emergency and general ambulance service, including emergency medical service, authorized pursuant to this section [shall] <u>may</u> be furnished without cost to the person served; provided, however, the authorities having control of a fire department or fire company, except in cities of one million or more, who have authorized such fire department or fire company to provide such service or services, may establish fees and charges for services rendered. Such authorities may formulate rules and regulations for the collection of such fees and charges. The acceptance by any fireman of any personal remuneration or gratuity, directly or indirectly, from a person served shall be a ground for [his] expulsion or suspension as a member of the fire department or fire company.
- 6. The term "emergency medical service" as used in this section means initial emergency medical assistance including, but not limited to, the treatment of trauma, burns, respiratory, circulatory and obstetrical emergencies.
- § 9. The general municipal law is amended by adding a new section 207-r to read as follows:
- § 207-r. Police protection at special events. A municipality may adopt a local law to provide that the person or persons responsible for either operating, conducting, promoting, or sponsoring any special event, exhibition, or contest to be held in the municipality at which a price for admission or attendance is charged or is to be charged shall pay the costs incurred by the municipality as a result of providing additional police personnel, if any, beyond the normal number of officers who would have otherwise been on duty. The local law shall identify the type or types of special events, exhibitions, or contests for which an activity's operator, conductor, promoter, or sponsor may be charged for additional police personnel that is either requested by the operator, conductor, promoter, or sponsor or determined to be necessary by the municipality. The local law may also provide that: (a) the operator, conductor, promoter, or sponsor of the activity shall complete such forms or applications providing the information deemed necessary by the municipality to determine whether any additional police personnel should be scheduled for the event; (b) the local law shall not apply to any corporation formed under the not-for-profit corporation law; and (c) the operator, conductor, promoter, or sponsor of the activity shall pay all or a portion of the estimated cost of additional police protection prior to the commencement of the event.
- 45 § 10. Section 20-b of the general city law, as amended by chapter 310 46 of the laws of 1962, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 287 of 47 the laws of 1979, is amended to read as follows:
 - § 20-b. Cities authorized to impose taxes on utilities. 1. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, any city of this state, acting through its local legislative body, is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and amend local laws imposing in any such city a tax such as was imposed by section one hundred eighty-six-a of the tax law, in effect on January first, nineteen hundred fifty-nine, except that the rate thereof shall not exceed [one] three per centum of gross income or of gross operating income, as the case may be, and may make provision for the collection thereof by the chief fiscal officer of such

city; provided, however, [that the rate of such tax imposed by the cities of Rochester, Buffalo and Yonkers shall not exceed three per centum of gross income or gross operating income, as the case may be; and provided further] that nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prevent any city from adopting local laws exempting from such tax [omnibus corporations] common carriers subject to the supervision of [state department of public service] commissioner of transportation under article [three-a] five of the [public service] transportation law. A tax imposed pursuant to this section shall have application only within the territorial limits of any such city, and shall be in addition to any and all other taxes. This section shall not authorize the imposition of a tax on any transaction originating or consummated outside of the territorial limits of any such city, notwithstanding that some act be necessarily performed with respect to such transaction within such

2. Revenues resulting from the imposition of taxes authorized by this section heretofore or hereafter imposed shall be paid into the treasury of the city imposing the same, and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of such city.

- 3. All of the provisions of section one hundred eighty-six-a of the tax law, so far as the same are or can be made applicable, with such limitations as are set forth in this section, and such modifications as may be necessary in order to adapt such taxes to local conditions shall apply to the taxes authorized by this section.
- 4. Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the supreme court within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be instituted unless the amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law or regulation, shall be first deposited and an undertaking filed, in such amount and with such sureties as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding.
- 5. Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund thereof duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund, such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding.
- 53 § 11. Subdivision 1 of section 5-530 of the village law is amended to 54 read as follows:
 - Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, any village is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and amend local laws



imposing in any such village a tax such as was imposed by section one 1 hundred eighty-six-a of the tax law, in effect on January first, nineteen hundred fifty-nine, except that the rate thereof shall not exceed [one] three per centum of gross income or of gross operating income, as the case may be, and may make provision for the collection thereof by the chief fiscal officer of such village; provided, however, that noth-7 ing herein contained shall be construed so as to prevent any village from adopting local laws exempting from such tax [omnibus corporations] common carriers subject to the supervision of the [state department of public service] commissioner of transportation under article [three-a] 10 five of the [public service] transportation law. A tax imposed pursuant to this section shall have application only within the territorial 13 limits of any such village, and shall be in addition to any and all other taxes. This section shall not authorize the imposition of a tax on any transaction originating or consummated outside of the territorial limits of any such village, notwithstanding that some act be necessarily 17 performed with respect to such transaction within such limits. 18

- § 12. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010; provided, however, that:
- 21 (a) sections two through seven of this act shall take effect on the 22 ninetieth day after this act shall have become a law;
- 23 (b) section eight of this act shall take effect on the thirtieth day 24 after this act shall have become a law; and
- 25 (c) section nine of this act shall take effect on the one hundred 26 eightieth day after this act shall have become a law.

27 PART II

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Section 1. Section 2799-uu of the public authorities law, as renumbered by section 1 of part A-3 of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, is renumbered section 2799-vv and a new section 2799-uu is added to read as follows:

§ 2799-uu. Federal subsidy bonds of the authority. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, including but not limited to subdivision three of section twenty-seven hundred ninety-nine-gg of this title, the authority is hereby authorized to issue federal subsidy bonds, notes or other obligations subject to section 54F of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, without regard to the limitations on sinking fund bonds imposed by the local finance law, as amended from time to time, so long as such bonds are amortized through stated maturities, mandatory redemption, contributions to an invested sinking fund or any combination thereof providing, with other bonds of the same issue, if any, for substantially level or declining debt service as defined in section 21.00 of the local finance law, as amended from time to time. Bonds issued pursuant to this section shall have a maximum maturity of up to twenty years.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

47 PART JJ

48 Section 1. The state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to 49 loan money in accordance with the provisions set forth in subdivision 5 50 of section 4 of the state finance law to the following funds and/or 51 accounts:

1. Tuition reimbursement fund (050):



1 a. Tuition reimbursement account (01). 2 b. Proprietary vocational school supervision account (02). 2. Local government records management improvement fund (052): a. Local government records management account (01). 3. Dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (072): a. Highway and bridge capital account (01). 7 4. State University Residence Hall Rehabilitation Fund (074). 5. State parks infrastructure trust fund (076): 9 a. State parks infrastructure account (01). 6. Clean water/clean air implementation fund (079). 10 11 7. State lottery fund (160): 12 a. Education - New (03). b. VLT - Sound basic education fund (06). 13 14 8. Medicaid management information system escrow fund (179). 9. Federal operating grants fund (290) federal capital grants fund 16 (291).17 10. Sewage treatment program management and administration fund (300). 18 11. Environmental conservation special revenue fund (301): 19 a. Hazardous bulk storage account (F7). 20 b. Utility environmental regulation account (H4). 21 c. Low level radioactive waste siting account (K5). 22 d. Recreation account (K6). 23 e. Conservationist magazine account (S4). 24 f. Environmental regulatory account (S5). 25 g. Natural resource account (S6). h. Mined land reclamation program account (XB). 26 27 i. Federal grants indirect cost recovery account (IC). 28 12. Environmental protection and oil spill compensation fund (303). 29 13. Hazardous waste remedial fund (312): a. Site investigation and construction account (01). 30 b. Hazardous waste remedial clean up account (06). 31 32 14. Mass transportation operating assistance fund (313): 33 a. Public transportation systems account (01). b. Metropolitan mass transportation (02). 35 15. Clean air fund (314): 36 a. Operating permit program account (01). 37 b. Mobile source account (02). 38 16. Centralized services fund (323). 39 17. State exposition special fund (325). 40 18. Agency enterprise fund (331): 41 a. OGS convention center account (55). 42 19. Agencies internal service fund (334): 43 a. Archives records management account (02). 44 b. Federal single audit account (05). 45 c. Civil service law: sec 11 admin account (09). 46 d. Civil service EHS occupational health program account (10). 47 e. Banking services account (12). 48 f. Cultural resources survey account (14). 49 g. Neighborhood work project (17). 50 h. Automation & printing chargeback account (18). 51 i. OFT NYT account (20). 52 j. Data center account (23). k. Human service telecom account (24). 53 54 1. Centralized Technology services account (30). 55 m. OMRDD copy center account (26).

n. Intrusion detection account (27).

1 o. Domestic violence grant account (28). 2 p. Learning management system account. 3 20. Miscellaneous special revenue fund (339): a. Statewide planning and research cooperative system account (03). b. OMRDD provider of service account (05). c. New York state thruway authority account (08). 7 d. Mental hygiene patient income account (13). e. Financial control board account (15). 9 f. Regulation of racing account (16). 10 g. New York metropolitan transportation council account (17). 11 h. Quality of care account (20). 12 i. Cyber upgrade account (25). 13 j. Certificate of need account (26). 14 k. Hospital and nursing home management account (44). 15 1. State university dormitory income reimbursable account (47). 16 m. Energy research account (60). 17 n. Criminal justice improvement account (62). 18 o. Fingerprint identification and technology account (68). 19 p. Environmental laboratory reference fee account (81). 20 q. Clinical laboratory reference system assessment account (90). 21 r. Public employment relations board account (93). 22 s. Radiological health protection account (95). 23 t. Teacher certification account (A4). 24 u. Banking department account (A5). 25 v. Cable television account (A6). 26 w. Indirect cost recovery account (AH). 27 x. High school equivalency program account (AI). 28 y. Rail safety inspection account (AQ). 29 z. Child support revenue account (AX). 30 aa. Multi-agency training account (AY). 31 bb. Critical infrastructure account (B3). 32 cc. Insurance department account (B6). 33 dd. Bell jar collection account (BJ). 34 ee. Industry and utility service account (BK). 35 ff. Real property disposition account (BP). 36 gg. Parking account (BQ). hh. Asbestos safety training program account (BW). 37 38 ii. Improvement of real property tax administration account (BZ). 39 jj. Public service account (C3). 40 kk. Batavia school for the blind account (D9). 41 11. Investment services account (DC). 42 mm. Surplus property account (DE). 43 nn. OMRDD day services account (DH). 44 oo. Financial oversight account (DI). 45 pp. Regulation of indian gaming account (DT). 46 qq. Special conservation activities account (CU). 47 rr. Interest assessment account (DZ). 48 ss. Office of the professions account (E3). 49 tt. Rome school for the deaf account (E6). 50 uu. Seized assets account (E8). 51 vv. Administrative adjudication account (E9). 52 ww. Federal salary sharing account (EC). xx. Cultural education account (EN). 53 54 yy. Examination and miscellaneous revenue account (ER).

zz. Transportation regulation account (F1).

aaa. Local services account (G3).

1 bbb. Electronic benefit transfer and common benefit identification 2 card account (GD). 3 ccc. Housing special revenue account (H2). ddd. Department of motor vehicles compulsory insurance account (H7). eee. Housing Indirect cost recovery (HI). 6 fff. Housing credit agency application fee account (J5). 7 ggg. EPIC premium account (J6). 8 hhh. Federal gasoline and diesel fuel excise tax account (L6). 9 iii. OTDA earned revenue account (L7). jjj. Low income housing credit monitoring fee account (NG). 10 11 kkk. Procurement opportunities newsletter account (P4). 12 111. Corporation administration account (P6). 13 mmm. Montrose veteran's home account (Q6). 14 nnn. Excelsior capital corporation reimbursement account (R1). 15 ooo. Motor fuel quality account (R4). 16 ppp. Deferred compensation administration account (R7). 17 qqq. Rent revenue other account (RR). 18 rrr. Batavia medicaid income account (S1). 19 sss. Rent revenue account (S8). 20 ttt. Tax revenue arrearage account (TR). 21 uuu. Solid waste management account (W3). 22 vvv. Occupational health clinics account (W4). 23 www. Capacity contracting (XU). 24 xxx. Point insurance reduction program account. 25 yyy. Internet point insurance reduction program account. 26 zzz. Mental hygiene program fund account (10). 27 aaaa. Third party debt collection account. 28 21. State university income fund (345): 29 a. State university general income offset account (11). 22. State police and motor vehicle law enforcement fund (354): 30 31 a. State police motor vehicle law enforcement account (02). 32 23. Youth facilities improvement fund (357): 33 a. Youth facilities improvement account (01). 34 24. Highway safety program fund (362): 35 a. Highway safety program account (01). 36 25. Drinking water program management and administration fund (366): 37 a. EFC drinking water program account (01). 38 b. DOH drinking water program account (02). 26. New York city county clerks offset fund (368): 39 40 a. NYCCC operating offset account (01). 41 27. Housing assistance fund (374). 42 28. Housing program fund (376). 43 29. Department of transportation - engineering services fund (380): 44 a. Highway facility purpose account (01). 45 30. Miscellaneous capital projects fund (387): 46 a. Clean air capital account (08). 47 b. New York racing account. 48 31. Mental hygiene facilities capital improvement fund (389). 49 32. Joint labor/management administration fund (394): 50 a. Joint labor/management administration fund (01). 51 33. Audit and control revolving fund (395): 52 a. Executive direction internal audit account (04). 34. Health insurance internal service fund (396): 53 a. Health insurance internal service account (00). 54 55 b. Civil service employee benefits div admin (01). 35. Correctional industries revolving fund (397).

- 36. Correctional facilities capital improvement fund (399).
- 2 37. HCRA resources fund (061):
- 3 a. EPIC premium account (J6).
- b. Maternal and child HIV services account (LC).
- c. Hospital based grants program account (AF).
- 6 d. Child health plus program account (29).
- 7 § 1-a. The state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to loan 8 money in accordance with the provisions set forth in subdivision 5 of 9 section 4 of the state finance law to any account within the following 10 federal funds, provided the comptroller has made a determination that 11 sufficient federal grant award authority is available to reimburse such 12 loans:
- 13 1. Federal USDA-food nutrition services fund (261).
- 14 2. Federal health and human services fund (265).
 - 5 3. Federal education grants fund (267).
- 16 4. Federal block grant fund (269).
- 17 5. Federal operating grants fund (290).
- 18 6. Federal capital projects fund (291).
- 19 7. Federal unemployment insurance administration fund (480).
- 8. Federal unemployment insurance occupational training fund (484).
- 9. Federal employment and training grants (486).
 - § 2. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, upon request of the director of the budget, on or before March 31, 2011, up to the unencumbered balance or the following amounts:

Economic Development and Public Authorities:

- 28 1. \$100,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) under-29 ground facilities safety training account (US), to the general fund.
- 30 2. An amount up to the unencumbered balance from the miscellaneous 31 special revenue fund (339), business and licensing services account 32 (AG), to the general fund.
- 33 3. \$14,810,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), code 34 enforcement account (07), to the general fund.

Education:

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- 1. \$2,281,000,000 from the general fund to the state lottery fund (160), education account (03), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of the state finance law that are in excess of the amounts deposited in such fund for such purposes pursuant to section 1612 of the tax
- 2. \$562,000,000 from the general fund to the state lottery fund (160), VLT education account (06), as reimbursement for disbursements made from such fund for supplemental aid to education pursuant to section 92-c of the state finance law that are in excess of the amounts deposited in such fund for such purposes pursuant to section 1612 of the tax law.
- 47 3. Moneys from the state lottery fund (160) up to an amount deposited 48 in such fund pursuant to section 1612 of the tax law in excess of the 49 current year appropriation for supplemental aid to education pursuant to 50 section 92-c of the state finance law.
- 4. \$300,000 from the local government records management improvement fund (052) to the archives partnership trust fund (024).
- 53 5. \$700,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue 54 fund (339), Batavia school for the blind account (D9).
- 6. \$400,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), Rome school for the deaf account (E6).

- 1 \$1,500,000 from the general fund for the private schools for the 7. blind and deaf may be transferred to the department of health miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), quality assurance and audit revenue activities account (GB). Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, funds shall be available for transfer to the department of health miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), quality assurance and audit revenue activities account (GB), upon the approval 7 by the director of the budget of a staffing and expenditure plan developed by the department of health in consultation with the state educa-10 tion department.
- 11 8. \$55,000,000 from the state university dormitory income fund 12 to the state university residence hall rehabilitation fund (074).
- \$315,000,000 from the state university dormitory income fund (330) 14 to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), state university dormitory income reimbursable account (47).
- 16 10. \$1,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), 17 cultural education account (EN), to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), summer school of the arts account (38). 18
 - 11. \$24,000,000 from any of the state education department special revenue and internal service funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), indirect cost recovery account (AH).
- 22 12. \$8,318,000 from the general fund to the state university income 23 fund (345), state university income offset account (11), for the state's 24 share of repayment of the STIP loan.

Environmental Affairs:

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- \$500,000 from the department of transportation's federal capital projects fund (291) to the office of parks and recreation federal ating grants fund (290), miscellaneous operating grants account.
- 2. \$5,000,000 from the general fund to the hazardous waste remedial fund (312), hazardous waste remediation oversight and assistance account (00).
- 3. \$1,000,000 from the special revenue fund (339), snowmobile account (41), to the general fund.
- \$16,000,000 from any of the department of environmental conservation's special revenue federal funds to the special revenue fund (301) federal grant indirect cost recovery account.
- 37 5. \$2,000,000 from any of the office of parks, recreation and historic 38 preservation special revenue federal funds to the special revenue fund 39 (339) federal grant indirect cost recovery account.
 - \$1,000,000 from any of the office of parks, recreation and historic preservation special revenue federal funds to the special revenue fund (339) federal grant indirect cost recovery account (Z1).
 - 7. \$1,000,000 from any of the office of parks, recreation and historic preservation special revenue federal funds to the special revenue fund (339), I love NY water account (39).
- 46 8. \$105,000 from the state exposition special fund (325), state fair 47 receipts account (01), to the general fund. 48

Family Assistance:

- 1. \$10,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, or department of health special revenue federal funds and the general fund, in accordance with agreements with social services districts, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), office of human resources development state match account (2C).
- \$3,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services 55 or office of temporary and disability assistance special revenue federal

- funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), family preservation and support services and family violence services account (GC).
- 3. \$6,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services special revenue federal funds to the general fund for title IV-E reimbursement of youth facility costs.
- 4. \$28,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, or department of health special revenue federal funds and any other miscellaneous revenues generated from the operation of office of children and family services programs to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), office of children and family services income account (AR).

- 5. \$10,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services or office of temporary and disability assistance special revenue funds or the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), connections account (WK).
- 6. \$41,000,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance accounts within the federal health and human services fund (265) to the general fund.
- 7. \$8,300,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance accounts within the federal health and human services fund (265) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), client notices account (EG).
- 8. \$100,728,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance, department of health or office of children and family services special revenue funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), office of temporary and disability assistance earned revenue account (L7).
 - 9. \$2,500,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance or office of children and family services special revenue federal funds to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), office of temporary and disability assistance program account (AL).
 - 10. \$50,000,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, department of labor, and department of health special revenue federal funds to the office of children and family services miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), multi-agency training contract account (AY).
- 11. \$24,170,000 from the office of temporary and disability assistance federal health and human services fund (265) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), child support revenue account (AX).
- 12. \$6,300,000 from any of the office of children and family services, office of temporary and disability assistance, department of labor, or department of health special revenue funds to the office of temporary and disability assistance miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), multi-agency systems development account (MD).
- 13. \$10,073,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance special revenue federal funds, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), OTDA training contract account (48).
- 48 14. \$161,300,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), 49 youth facility per Diem account (YF), to the general fund.
- 15. \$10,000,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability assistance special revenue federal funds, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), electronic benefit transfer and common benefit identification card account (GD).
- 16. \$1,381,800 from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and bequests fund (020), WB Hoyt Memorial account (78).



1 17. \$7,000,000 from any of the office of temporary and disability 2 assistance accounts within the federal health and human services fund 3 (265), to the general fund.

General Government:

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- 1. \$1,545,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), examination and miscellaneous revenue account (ER) to the general fund.
- 2. \$12,500,000 from the general fund to the health insurance revolving fund (396).
- 9 3. \$192,400,000 from the health insurance reserve receipts fund (167) to the general fund.
- 4. \$150,000 from the general fund to the not-for-profit revolving loan fund (055).
- 13 5. \$150,000 from the not-for-profit revolving loan fund (055) to the 14 general fund.
- 6. \$11,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), real property disposition account (BP), to the general fund.
- 7. \$3,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), surplus property account (DE), to the general fund.
 - 8. \$22,335,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), alcoholic beverage control account (DB).
- 9. \$2,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), 22 federal liability account (FL), to the general fund.
 - 10. \$23,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), revenue arrearage account (CR), to the general fund.
 - 11. \$1,826,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) revenue arrearage account (CR), to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) authority budget office account.
 - 12. \$60,000,000 from any account within the special revenue federal funds receiving money pursuant to federal Medicare Part D legislation to the general fund.
- 13. \$11,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), statewide financial system account (FM).
- 33 14. \$1,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), 34 parking services account (BQ), to the general debt service fund (311), 35 general debt service account.
- 15. \$2,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), procurement account (CH), to the general fund.
- 16. \$10,000,000 from the centralized services fund (323), OGS building administration account (ZY), to the general fund.

 Health:
 - 1. \$1,500,000 from any of the department of health accounts within the federal health and human services fund (265) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), quality assurance and audit revenue activities account (GB).
- 2. \$139,560,000 from any of the department of health accounts within the federal health and human services fund (265) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), quality of care account (20).
- 3. \$1,000,000 from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and bequests fund (020), breast cancer research and education account (BD), an amount equal to the monies collected and deposited into that account in the previous fiscal year.
- 4. \$2,464,000 from any of the department of health accounts within the federal health and human services fund (265) to the department of health miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), statewide planning and research cooperation system (SPARCS) program account (03).

- 5. \$250,000 from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and bequests fund (020), prostate cancer research, detection, and education account (PR), an amount equal to the moneys collected and deposited into that account in the previous fiscal year.
 - 6. \$500,000 from the general fund to the combined gifts, grants and bequests fund (020), Alzheimer's disease research and assistance account (AA), an amount equal to the moneys collected and deposited into that account in the previous fiscal year.
 - 7. \$1,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), administration account (AP), to the general fund.
 - 8. \$600,000,000 from any of the department of health accounts within the federal health and human services fund (265) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), federal state health reform partnership account (FS).
 - 9. \$70,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) empire state stem cell trust fund account (SR).
 - 10. \$1,250,000 from the miscellaneous New York state agency fund (169), medical assistance account to the department of health miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), third party health insurance account (35).
- 21 11. \$3,700,000 from the miscellaneous New York state agency fund 22 (169), medical assistance account to the office of medicaid inspector 23 general miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), recoveries and revenue 24 account (C9).

Labor:

- 1. \$700,000 from the labor standards miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), fee and penalty account (30), to the child performer protection fund (025), child performer protection account (CP).
- 2. \$8,000,000 from the labor standards miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), fee and penalty account (30), to the general fund.
- 3. \$10,500,000 from the unemployment insurance interest and penalty special revenue fund (482), unemployment insurance special interest and penalty account (01), to the general fund.
- 4. \$2,700,000 from the labor standards miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), public work enforcement account (BA), to the general fund.
 - 5. \$1,500,000 from the training and education program on occupational safety and health fund (305), occupational safety and health inspection account (02), to the general fund.

Mental Hygiene:

- 1. \$5,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), mental hygiene patient income account (13), to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), federal salary sharing account (EC).
- 2. \$240,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), mental hygiene patient income account (13) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), provider of service accounts (05).
- 3. \$190,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), mental hygiene program fund account (10) to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), provider of service account (05).
- 49 4. \$150,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special 50 revenue fund (339), mental hygiene patient income account (13).
- 51 5. \$150,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special 52 revenue fund (339), mental hygiene program fund account (10).
- 6. \$300,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), mental hygiene program fund account (10) to the general fund.
- 7. \$150,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), mental hygiene patient income account (13) to the general fund.

- 1 8. \$750,000 from the federal operating grants fund (290), to the 2 general fund.
 - Public Protection:

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- 1. \$1,350,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), emergency management account (61), to the general fund.
- 6 2. \$3,300,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special 7 revenue fund (339), recruitment incentive account (U2).
- 8 3. \$14,000,000 from the general fund to the correctional industries 9 revolving fund (397), correctional industries internal service account 10 (00).
- 4. \$25,500,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), statewide public safety communications account (LZ), to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), seized assets account (E8).
- 5. \$1,500,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), statewide public safety communications account (LZ), to the combined gifts, grants and bequests fund (020), New York state emergency services revolving loan account (AU).
 - 6. \$8,677,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), statewide public safety communications account (LZ), to the general debt service fund (311), revenue bond tax account (02).
- 7. \$10,000,000 from federal miscellaneous operating grants fund (290), DMNA damage account (71), to the general fund.
- 8. \$16,000,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), crimes against revenue program account (CA).
 - 9. \$2,000,000 from the general fund to the Attica state employee victims' fund (013).
- 10. \$20,000,000 from any office of homeland security account within the federal miscellaneous operating grants fund (290), receiving money through the homeland security grants program, to the general fund.
 - 11. \$11,500,000 from the federal miscellaneous operating grants fund (290) world trade center account, to the general fund.
- 12. \$13,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) criminal justice improvement account (62) to the general fund.
- 13. \$2,800,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (390) indigent legal services fund (01).
- 36 14. \$1,500,000 from the agency enterprise fund (331) farm program account (FM), to the general fund.
- 38 15. \$20,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), 39 statewide public safety communications account (LZ), to the general 40 fund.

Transportation:

- 42 1. \$17,672,000 from the federal miscellaneous operating grants fund 43 (290) to the special revenue fund (339), tri-state federal regional 44 planning account (17).
- 2. \$20,147,000 from the federal capital projects fund (291) to the special revenue fund (339), tri-state federal regional planning accounts (17).
- 48 3. \$14,881,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), 49 compulsory insurance account (H7), to the general fund.
- 4. \$20,000,000 from the suburban transportation fund (327) to the mass transportation operating assistance fund (313), additional mass transportation fund account (06).
- 53 5. \$19,000,000 from the general fund to the mass transportation oper-54 ating assistance fund (313) public transportation systems accounts (01).
- 55 6. \$16,721,000 from the mass transportation operating assistance fund 56 (313) metropolitan mass transit operating assistance account (02), to

the mass transportation operating assistance fund (313) public transportation systems operating assistance account (01).

- 7. \$763,079,000 from the general fund to the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (072).
- 8. \$803,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), surplus property account (42), to the general fund.
- 9. \$5,000,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), accident damage account (G7), to the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund (072).
- 10. \$600,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), inter11 net point insurance reduction program account (IC), to the general fund.
 12 Miscellaneous:
 - 1. \$75,000,000 from the general fund to any funds or accounts for the purpose of reimbursing certain outstanding accounts receivable balances.
 - 2. \$250,000,000 from the general fund to the debt reduction reserve fund (064).
 - 3. \$23,300,000 from the general fund to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), improvement of real property tax administrative account (BZ).
 - § 3. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, on or before March 31, 2011:
 - 1. Upon request of the commissioner of environmental conservation, up to \$10,733,000 from revenues credited to any of the department of environmental conservation special revenue funds, including \$3,135,800 from the environmental protection and oil spill compensation fund (303), and \$1,739,600 from the conservation fund (302), to the environmental conservation special revenue fund (301), indirect charges account (BJ).
 - 2. Upon request of the commissioner of agriculture and markets, up to \$3,000,000 from any special revenue fund or enterprise fund within the department of agriculture and markets to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) administrative costs account, to pay appropriate administrative expenses.
 - 3. Upon request of the commissioner of agriculture and markets, up to \$2,000,000 from the state exposition special fund (325), state fair receipts account (01) to the miscellaneous capital projects fund (387), state fair capital improvement account (13).
 - 4. Upon request of the commissioner of the division of housing and community renewal, up to \$2,911,000 from revenues credited to any division of housing and community renewal miscellaneous special revenue fund (339) to the agency cost recovery account (HI).
 - 5. Upon request of the commissioner of health up to \$15,000,000 from revenues credited to any of the department of health's special revenue funds, to the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), administration account (AP).
- § 4. Notwithstanding section 2815 of the public health law or any other contrary provision of law, upon the direction of the director of the budget and the commissioner of health, the dormitory authority of the state of New York is directed to transfer seven million dollars annually from funds available and uncommitted in the New York state health care restructuring pool to the health care reform act (HCRA) resources fund HCRA resources account.
- § 5. On or before March 31, 2011, the comptroller is authorized and directed to transfer the unencumbered balance from the family benefit fund (329) to the general fund.

§ 6. On or before March 31, 2011, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit earnings that would otherwise accrue to the general fund that are attributable to the operation of section 98-a of the state finance law, to the agencies internal service fund (334), banking services account (12), for the purpose of meeting direct payments from such account.

- § 7. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, upon the direction of the director of the budget and upon requisition by state university of New York, the dormitory authority of the state of New York is directed to transfer, up to \$22,000,000 in revenues generated from the sale of notes or bonds, to the state university of New York for reimbursement of bondable equipment for further transfer to the state's general fund.
- § 8. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer monies, upon request of the director of the budget, on or before March 31, 2011, from and to any of the following accounts: the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), patient income account (13), the miscellaneous special revenue fund (339), mental hygiene program fund account or the general fund in any combination, the aggregate of which shall not exceed \$350 million.
- § 9. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, at the request of the director of the budget, up to \$500 million from the unencumbered balance of any special revenue fund or account, or combination of funds and accounts, to the general fund. The amounts transferred pursuant to this authorization shall be in addition to any other transfers expressly authorized in the 2010-11 budget. Transfers from federal funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, or the community projects fund are not permitted pursuant to this authorization. The director of the budget shall notify both houses of the legislature in writing prior to initiating transfers pursuant to this authorization.
- § 10. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and in accordance with section 4 of the state finance law, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, at the request of the director of the budget, up to \$75 million from the unencumbered balance of any non-general fund or account, or combination of funds and accounts, to the general fund. The amounts transferred pursuant to this authorization shall be equal to those savings achieved in such non-general funds as a result of the five day salary deferral authorized with the 2010-11 budget and are in addition to any other transfers expressly authorized. Transfers from federal funds are not permitted pursuant to this authorization. The director of the budget shall notify both houses of the legislature in writing prior to initiating transfers pursuant to this authorization.
- § 11. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the power authority of the state of New York, as deemed feasible and advisable by its trustees, is authorized and directed to make a contribution to the state treasury to the credit of the general fund in the amount of \$65,000,000 for the fiscal year commencing April 1, 2010, the proceeds of which will be utilized for economic development, energy efficiency or energy cost mitigation purposes. The power authority of the state of New York will transfer not less than \$40,000,000 by June 1, 2010, and will transfer the remainder, up to \$25,000,000, by January 31, 2011.
- § 12. Section 44 of the private housing finance law is amended by adding a new subdivision 32 to read as follows:



- 32. To transfer funds in an amount to be agreed upon, at the request of the director of the division of the budget, to the state treasury for deposit to the general fund as an expense of the agency. Such transfer shall be made in such amounts and at such times as specified in an agreement or agreements executed between the agency and the director of the budget with copies to be provided to the chairman of the assembly ways and means committee and the chairman of the senate finance committee.
 - § 13. Intentionally omitted.

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- § 14. Intentionally omitted.
- § 15. Subdivision 5 of section 97-rrr of the state finance law, as amended by section 13 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding the provisions οf section one seventy-one-a of the tax law, as separately amended by chapters four hundred eighty-one and four hundred eighty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty-one, or any other provisions of law to the contrary, during the fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand [nine] ten, the state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the fund created pursuant to this section from amounts collected pursuant to article twenty-two of the tax law and pursuant to a schedule submitted by the director of the budget, up to [\$3,524,450,000] \$3,215,000,000, as may be certified in such schedule as necessary to meet the purposes of such fund for the fiscal year beginning April first, two thousand [nine] ten.
- § 16. Subdivision 6 of section 4 of the state finance law, as amended by section 15 of part RR of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 6. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, at the beginning of the state fiscal year, the state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to receive for deposit to the credit of a fund and/or an account such monies as are identified by the director of the budget as having been intended for such deposit to support disbursements from such fund and/or account made in pursuance of an appropriation by law. As soon as practicable upon enactment of the budget, the director of the budget shall, but not less than three days following preliminary submission to the chairpersons of the senate finance committee and the assembly ways and means committee, file with the state comptroller an identification of specific monies to be so deposited. Any subsequent change regarding the monies to be so deposited shall be filed by the director of the budget, as soon as practicable, but not less than three days following preliminary submission to the chairpersons of the senate finance committee and the assembly ways and means committee.

All monies identified by the director of the budget to be deposited to the credit of a fund and/or account shall be consistent with the intent of the budget for the then current state fiscal year as enacted by the legislature.

[The provisions of this subdivision shall expire on March thirty-first, two thousand ten.]

- § 17. Subdivision 4 of section 40 of the state finance law, as amended by section 16 of part RR of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. Every appropriation made from a fund or account to a department or agency shall be available for the payment of prior years' liabilities in such fund or account for fringe benefits, indirect costs, and telecommunications expenses and expenses for other centralized services fund

programs without limit. Every appropriation shall also be available for the payment of prior years' liabilities other than those indicated above, but only to the extent of one-half of one percent of the total amount appropriated to a department or agency in such fund or account.

[The provisions of this subdivision shall expire March thirty-first, two thousand ten.]

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- § 18. The comptroller is authorized and directed to deposit to the general fund-state purposes account reimbursements from moneys appropriated or reappropriated to the correctional facilities capital improvement fund (399) by a chapter of the laws of 2009. Reimbursements shall be available for spending from appropriations made to the department of correctional services in the general fund-state purposes account by a chapter of the laws of 2009 for costs associated with the administration and security of capital projects and for other costs which are attributable, according to a plan, to such capital projects.
- 16 § 19. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the 17 contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit, 18 to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the 19 proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corpo-20 ration for a capital appropriation for \$43,383,000 authorized by chapter 21 55 of the laws of 2000 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization 23 grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, to reimburse spending from various appropriations for certain projects related to the New York city watershed, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropri-27 ation for \$15,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2000 to the urban development corporation for payment of costs related to a sports facility in the city of Rochester, reimbursement from the 29 proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the urban development corporation 30 of the state of New York for a capital appropriation for \$50,000,000 31 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2000 to the urban development 32 33 corporation for payment of costs related to economic development projects in the downtown Buffalo, the Buffalo inner harbor area, 35 surrounding environs, reimbursement from proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the dormitory authority of the state of New York for a capital appropriation for \$225,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 38 2000 to all state agencies for payment of costs related to the strategic 39 investment program, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes and bonds 40 issued by the dormitory authority of the state of New York for a capital 41 appropriation for \$50,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 42 2000 the state education department for payment of capital to construction grants to school districts pursuant to the rebuilding 43 44 schools to uphold education program, for reimbursement from the proceeds 45 of notes and bonds issued by the dormitory authority of the state of New York for a capital appropriation for \$15,000,000 authorized by chapter 47 53 of the laws of 2000 to the office of children and family services for payment of costs related to the child care facilities development 48 program, and for reimbursement from the proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the dormitory authority of the state of New York for a capital 51 appropriation for \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2000 to the office of science, technology and academic research for payment of costs related to biomedical research and/or manufacturing 54 facilities.
 - § 20. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit



to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation for \$29,772,000 authorized by chapter 54 of the laws of 2001 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund.

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§ 21. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit, to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation for \$29,365,000 authorized by chapter of the laws of 2002 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the urban development corporation or other financing source for a capital appropriation \$89,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2002 to the office of general services for payment of capital construction costs for the Alfred E. Smith office building located in the city of Albany, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the urban development corporation or other financing source for capital appropriations for \$1,500,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2002 to the office of general services for payment of capital construction costs for the Elk street parking garage building located in the city of Albareimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2002 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$13,250,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2002 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$14,300,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2002 to the urban development corporation to finance a portion of the now program, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for disbursements of up to \$20,800,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 51 of the laws of 2002 to the judiciary for courthouse improvements, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$15,000,000 from appropriations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2002 to any agency for costs related to homeland security, and reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 54 of the laws of 2002 to the department of ronmental conservation for Onondaga lake.

§ 22. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$30,174,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2003 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimburse-

1 ment from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or other financing source for a capital appropriation of \$19,500,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2003 to the office of general services for payment of capital construction costs for the 51 Elk street parking garage building located in the city of Albany, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$10,000,000 from any 7 capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2003 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environ-10 11 mental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$13,250,000 12 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2003 to the energy research and 13 development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at 14 West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by 15 the dormitory authority for disbursements of up to \$16,400,000 from any 16 capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 51 of the 17 laws of 2003 to the judiciary for courthouse improvements, reimbursement 18 from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development 19 corporation for disbursements of up to \$10,000,000 from appropriations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2003 to any 20 21 agency for costs related to homeland security, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corpo-23 ration for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 24 55 of the laws of 2003 to the department of environmental conservation 25 for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of 26 27 up to \$11,000,000 from any capital appropriations or reappropriations 28 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2003 to the department of envi-29 ronmental conservation for environmental purposes, and reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority 30 for disbursements of up to \$100,000,000 from a capital appropriation 31 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2003 to the department of state 32 33 for enhanced 911 wireless service.

23. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation for \$28,893,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2004 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$10,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2004 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$11,350,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2004 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation, for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2004 to the department of environmental conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$11,000,000 from any capital appropriations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 55 of the laws

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1 of 2004 to the department of environmental conservation for environmental purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for a capital appropriation of \$80,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2004 to the education department for capital transition grants for transportation, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for a capital appropriation of \$250,000,000 authorized by 7 chapter 55 of the laws of 2004 for payment of costs related to economic development projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of bonds or notes issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation 10 11 \$83,500,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006, as amended 12 by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006, for payment of costs related to the 13 H. H. Richardson complex and the Darwin Martin House, and reimbursement 14 from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for a capital appropriation of \$350,000,000 authorized by chapter 3 of 16 the laws of 2004 for the New York state economic development program. 17

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§ 24. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$29,602,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2005 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$10,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$11,350,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2005 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2005 to the department of environmental conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$11,000,000 from any capital appropriations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2005 to the department of environmental conservation for environmental purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation \$350,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2005 for the Javits center, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for a capital appropriation of \$90,000,000 authorized by chapter 62 of the laws of 2005 for regional development, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for a capital appropriation of \$250,000,000 authorized by chapter 62 of the laws of 2005 for technology and development, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$75,000,000 authorized by chapter 162 of the laws of 2005 for the New York state economic development program, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$150,000,000 authorized by chapter 62 of the laws of 2005 for the higher education facilities capital matching grants

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54 55 program, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority or other financing source for a capital appropriation of \$4,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2005 to the office of general services for payment of capital construction costs for the Elk street parking garage building located in the city of Albany, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$15,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2005 to the state education department for payment of capital construction costs for public broadcasting facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$15,700,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2005 to the division of state police for public protection facilities, and reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$3,000,000 from any capiappropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2005 to the division of military and naval affairs for various purposes.

§ 25. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation for \$29,600,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2006 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$20,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$14,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2006 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2006 to the department of environmental conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,000,000 from any capital appropriations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2006 to the department of environmental conservation for environmental purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$3,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2006 to the division of military and naval affairs for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,400,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2006 to the division of state police for public protection facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$117,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2006 to all state departments and agencies for the purchase of equipment, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority or the urban development corpo-

1 ration for all or a portion of capital appropriations of \$603,050,000 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation for economic development/other projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$269,500,000 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the dormitory authority or the urban develop-7 ment corporation for economic development projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority or the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation \$201,500,000 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban 10 11 development corporation for university development projects, reimburse-12 ment from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory author-13 ity or for a capital appropriation of \$143,000,000 authorized by chapter 14 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation for cultural facilities projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes 16 or bonds issued by the dormitory authority or the urban development 17 corporation for capital appropriations totaling \$60,000,000 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation 18 19 for energy/environmental projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority or the urban develop-20 21 ment corporation for a capital appropriation of \$20,000,000 authorized 22 by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation 23 for a competitive solicitation for construction of a pilot cellulosic 24 ethanol refinery, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation 25 of \$74,700,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2006 to the urban 26 27 development corporation for services and expenses related to infrastruc-28 ture for a new stadium in Queens county, and reimbursement from the 29 proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$74,700,000 authorized by chapter 55 of 30 the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation for services and 31 expenses related to infrastructure improvements to construct a new park-32 33 facility at a new stadium in Bronx county, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes and bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$5,000,000 authorized by 35 36 chapter 55 of the laws of 2006 to the environmental facilities corpo-37 ration for payment for the pipeline for jobs program, reimbursement from 38 the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority for 39 capital disbursements of up to \$14,000,000 from any capital appropri-40 ation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006 41 for the library construction purpose, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation of \$2,000,000 authorized by chapter 44 the laws of 2006 for a Cornell equine drug testing laboratory, 45 reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation 47 of \$1,200,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006 for the towns of Bristol and Canandaigua public water systems, reimbursement from the 48 proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation of \$5,500,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006 for Belleayre mountain ski center, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation of \$25,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006 for the town 54 55 of Smithtown/Kings Park psychiatric center rehabilitation, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development



1 corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation \$5,000,000 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 for a state of New York umbilical cord bank, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation of \$5,500,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006 for an Old Gore mountain ski bowl connection, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban 7 development corporation or the dormitory authority for an appropriation \$2,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2006 for a Fredo-10 nia vineyard laboratory, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation or the dormitory 11 12 authority for an appropriation of \$99,500,000 authorized by chapter 108 13 of the laws of 2006 to the office for technology for payment of capital 14 construction costs for a consolidated data center, reimbursement from 15 the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority or the 16 urban development corporation for an appropriation of \$40,000,000 17 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 for a food testing labora-18 reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the 19 New York state thruway authority for an appropriation of \$22,000,000 authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the department of 20 21 transportation for high speed rail, reimbursement from the proceeds of 22 notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital 23 disbursements of up to \$500,000,000 from an appropriation authorized by chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation for 25 development of a semiconductor manufacturing facility, reimbursement 26 from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development 27 corporation of up to \$150,000,000 from an appropriation authorized by 28 chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 to the urban development corporation for 29 research and development activities of a semiconductor manufacturer, and reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban 30 31 development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$300,000,000 32 from an appropriation to the urban development corporation authorized by 33 chapter 108 of the laws of 2006 for community revitalization projects. 34 35 contrary,

§ 26. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$29,600,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$20,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2007 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$13,500,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 to the department of environmental conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,000,000 from any capital appropriations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 55 of the laws

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1 of 2007 to the department of environmental conservation for environmental purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$3,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2007 to the division of military and naval affairs for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds 7 notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements from a capital appropriation of \$50,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2007 to the division of state police for construction of a Troop G facility, reimbursement from the proceeds 10 11 notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disburse-12 ments from a capital appropriation of \$6,000,000 authorized by chapter 13 50 of the laws of 2007 to the division of state police for construction 14 of evidence storage facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appro-16 priations totaling \$77,900,000 authorized by chapter 51 of the laws of 17 2007 to the judiciary for court training facilities and courthouse 18 improvement projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds 19 issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$20,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2007 to all state 20 21 departments and agencies for the purchase of equipment, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority 22 23 for capital disbursements of up to \$14,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2007 25 for library construction, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or 26 bonds issued by the dormitory authority for capital disbursements of up 27 to \$60,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation author-28 ized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2007 for cultural education storage 29 facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to 30 \$15,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized 31 by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 for the Roosevelt Island Operating 32 33 Corporation aerial tramway, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$20,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropri-35 36 ation authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 for Governor's Island, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the 38 urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to 39 \$7,500,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized 40 by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 for Harriman research and technology 41 park, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the 42 urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$7,950,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized 44 by chapter 55 of the laws of 2007 for USA Niagara, and reimbursement 45 from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$1,300,000 from appropri-47 ations authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2007 made to the office 48 of general services for legislative office building hearing rooms.

§ 27. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$29,600,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2008 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimburse-

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1 ment from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$141,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2008 to all state departments and agencies for the purchase of equipment or systems development, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$45,500,000 from any capital appropriation or 7 reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2008 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$13,500,000 authorized by chapter 10 11 of the laws of 2008 to the energy research and development authority 12 for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, 13 reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environ-14 mental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2008 to the department of envi-16 ronmental conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from 17 proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,000,000 from any capital appropri-18 19 ations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2008 20 the department of environmental conservation for environmental 21 purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to 23 \$3,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized 24 by chapter 50 of the laws of 2008 to the division of military and naval 25 affairs for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital 26 27 appropriation of \$11,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 28 2008 to the office for technology for the costs of development of inter-29 im data center facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appro-30 priation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2008 to 31 the office for technology for activities related to broadband service, 32 33 reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of 34 \$6,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2008 to the division of state 35 36 police for rehabilitation of facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds 37 of notes or bonds issued by the Dormitory Authority of the State of New 38 York or other financing source for a capital appropriation authorized by 39 chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 of \$14,000,000 to the education depart-40 ment for library construction, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes 41 or bonds issued by the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York or 42 other financing source for a capital appropriation authorized by chapter 43 of the laws of 2008 of \$15,000,000 to the education department for 44 museum renewal projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or 45 bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$50,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the 47 urban development corporation for services and expenses related to the investment opportunity fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or 48 49 bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$30,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the 51 urban development corporation for services and expenses related to arts and cultural projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of bonds or notes 53 issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$35,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 for economic 54 55 and community development projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of bonds or notes issued by the urban development corporation for a capital



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appropriation of \$30,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 for New York city waterfront development projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of bonds or notes issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$45,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 for Luther Forest infrastructure projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation \$35,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to downstate regional projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$145,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to upstate city-by-city projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$35,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to the downstate revitalization projects, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$120,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to the upstate regional blueprint fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$40,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related upstate agricultural economic development fund, to the reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$350,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to the New York state capital assistance program, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$350,000,000 authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2008 the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to the New York state economic development assistance program, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for capital appropriation of \$20,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2008 to the urban development corporation for services and expenses related to the empire state economic development fund.

§ 28. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$29,600,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2009 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$129,800,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2009 to all state departments and agencies for the purchase of equipment or systems development, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$24,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2009 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the

proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$13,500,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2009 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$10,000,000 authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 2009 to the department of envi-7 conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,000,000 from any capital appropri-10 ations or reappropriations authorized by chapter 55 of the laws of 12 to the department of environmental conservation for environmental 13 purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by 14 the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$3,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2009 to the division of military and naval 17 affairs for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes 18 or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital 19 appropriation of \$6,000,000 authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2009 to the division of state police for rehabilitation of facilities, 20 21 reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York or other financing source for a 23 capital appropriation authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2009 of \$14,000,000 to the State Education Department for library construction, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York or other financing source for a 26 27 capital appropriation of \$4,000,000 to the State Education Department 28 for rehabilitation associated with the St. Regis Mohawk elementary 29 school authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2009 and reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development 30 corporation for capital appropriation of \$25,000,000 authorized by chap-31 ter 55 of the laws of 2009 to the urban development corporation for 32 33 services and expenses related to the empire state economic development 34 fund.

Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the 29. contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$29,600,000 authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to the department of environmental conservation for payment of a portion of the state's match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving loan fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital appropriation of \$187,285,000 authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to all state departments and agencies for the purchase of equipment or systems development, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$26,950,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to the office of general services for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$19,247,000 authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to the energy research and development authority for the Western New York Nuclear Service Center at West Valley, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for a capital appropriation of \$5,000,000

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1 authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to the department of environmental conservation for Onondaga lake, reimbursement from proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the environmental facilities corporation for disbursements of up to \$12,000,000 from any capital appropriations or reappropriations authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to the department of environmental conservation for environmental purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by 7 the urban development corporation for capital disbursements of up to \$3,000,000 from any capital appropriation or reappropriation authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 to the division of military and naval 10 11 affairs for various purposes, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes 12 or bonds issued by the urban development corporation for a capital 13 appropriation of \$6,000,000 authorized by a chapter of the laws of 2010 14 to the division of state police for rehabilitation of facilities, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the Dormito-16 ry Authority of the State of New York or other financing source for a 17 capital appropriation of \$14,000,000 authorized by a chapter of the laws 18 of 2010 to the State Education Department for library construction and 19 reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York or other financing source for a 20 21 capital appropriation of \$42,000,000 for the State preparedness and 22 training center.

§ 30. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the capital projects fund, reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the dormitory authority and urban development corporation for disbursements of up to \$8,000,000 from an appropriation authorized by chapter 50 of the laws of 2009 for drug courts.

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- § 31. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit to the credit of the city university special revenue fund (377), reimbursement from the proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York for capital disbursements of up to \$20,000,000 from any appropriation or reappropriation authorized by chapter 53 of the laws of 2009 to the city university of New York for various purposes.
- § 32. Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the state comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to use any balance remaining in the mental health services fund debt service appropriation, after payment by the state comptroller of all obligations required pursuant to any lease, sublease, or other financing arrangement between the dormitory authority of the state of New York as successor to the New York state medical care facilities finance agency, facilities development corporation pursuant to chapter 83 of the laws of and the department of mental hygiene for the purpose of making payments to the dormitory authority of the state of New York for the amount of the earnings for the investment of monies deposited in the mental health services fund that such agency determines will or may have to be rebated to the federal government pursuant to the provisions of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, in order to enable such agency to maintain the exemption from federal income taxation on the interest paid to the holders of such agency's mental services facilities improvement revenue bonds. On or before June 30, 2010, such agency shall certify to the state comptroller its determination of the amounts received in the mental health services fund as a result of the invest-

ment of monies deposited therein that will or may have to be rebated to the federal government pursuant to the provisions of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.

- § 33. (1) Notwithstanding any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the state comptroller shall at the commencement of each month certify to the director of the budget, the commissioner of environmental conservation, the chair of the senate finance committee, and the chair of the assembly ways and means committee the amounts disbursed from all appropriations for hazardous waste site remediation disbursements for the month preceding such certification.
- (2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, prior to the issuance by the comptroller of bonds authorized pursuant to subdivision a of section 4 of the environmental quality bond act of nineteen hundred eighty-six, as enacted by chapter 511 of the laws of 1986, disbursements from all appropriations for that purpose shall first be reimbursed from moneys credited to the hazardous waste remedial fund, site investigation and construction account, to the extent moneys are available in such account. For purposes of determining moneys available in such account, the commissioner of environmental conservation shall certify to the comptroller the amounts required for administration of the hazardous waste remedial program.
- balance above the amounts certified by the commissioner of environmental conservation to reimburse disbursements pursuant to all appropriations from such site investigation and construction account; provided, however, that if such transfers are determined by the comptroller to be insufficient to assure that interest paid to holders of state obligations issued for hazardous waste purposes pursuant to the environmental quality bond act of nineteen hundred eighty-six, as enacted by chapter 511 of the laws of 1986, is exempt from federal income taxation, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, from such site investigation and construction account to the general fund, the amount necessary to redeem bonds in an amount necessary to assure the continuation of such tax exempt status. Prior to the making of any such transfers, the comptroller shall notify the director of the budget of the amount of such transfers.
 - § 34. Intentionally omitted.

- § 35. Subdivision 4 of section 72 of the state finance law, as separately amended by chapters 405 and 957 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. (a) Any balance of moneys in any debt service fund in excess of both the debt principal and interest payments required to be made from such fund during the current fiscal year, or during future fiscal years, and any reserve requirement established by statute or by a relevant bond covenant, shall be transferred to the general fund.
- (b) On or before the beginning of each quarter, the director of the budget may certify to the state comptroller the estimated amount of monies that shall be reserved in the general debt service fund for the payment of debt service and related expenses payable by such fund during each month of the state fiscal year, excluding payments due from the revenue bond tax fund. Such certificate may be periodically updated, as necessary. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the state comptroller shall reserve in the general debt service fund the amount of monies identified on such certificate as necessary for the payment of debt service and related expenses during the current or next

succeeding quarter of the state fiscal year. Such monies reserved shall not be available for any other purpose.

- § 36. Subdivision 8 of section 68-b of the state finance law, as amended by section 50 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 8. Revenue bonds may only be issued for authorized purposes, as defined in section sixty-eight-a of this article. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the dormitory authority of the state of New York and the urban development corporation may issue revenue bonds for any authorized purpose of any other such authorized issuer through March thirty-first, two thousand [ten] <u>fifteen</u>. The authorized issuers shall not issue any revenue bonds in an amount in excess of statutory authorizations for such authorized purposes. Authorizations for such authorized purposes shall be reduced in an amount equal to the amount of revenue bonds issued for such authorized purposes under this article. Such reduction shall not be made in relation to revenue bonds issued to fund reserve funds, if any, and costs of issuance, if these items are not counted under existing authorizations, nor shall revenue bonds issued to refund bonds issued under existing authorizations reduce the amount of such authorizations.
- § 37. Section 51 of part RR of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008 providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2008-2009 budget, as amended by section 13-a of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2008; provided, however, that the amendments to subdivision 6 of section 4 and subdivision 4 of section 40 of the state finance law made by sections fifteen and sixteen of this act shall expire on the same date such subdivisions expire; and provided, further, however, that section thirty-four of this act shall take effect on the same date as the reversion of section 69-c of the state finance law as provided in section 58 of part T of chapter of the laws of 2007, [as amended; provided, further that such amend-ments shall expire and be deemed repealed March 31, 2010;] and provided, further, however, that sections one, three, four, and eighteen through twenty-seven of this act shall expire March 31, 2009 when upon such date the provisions of such sections shall be deemed repealed; and provided further that section fourteen of this act shall expire March 31, [2010] 2011 when upon such date the provisions of such section shall be deemed repealed.
- § 38. Subdivision 2 of section 68-a of the state finance law, as amended by section 56-a of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. "Authorized purpose" for purposes of this article and section nine-ty-two-z of this chapter shall mean any purposes for which state-supported debt, as defined by section sixty-seven-a of this chapter, may or has been issued except debt for which the state is constitutionally obligated thereunder to pay debt service and related expenses, and except (a) as authorized in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section three hundred eighty-five of the public authorities law, (b) as authorized for the department of health of the state of New York facilities as specified in paragraph a of subdivision two of section sixteen hundred eighty of the public authorities law, (c) state university of New York dormitory facilities as specified in subdivision eight of section sixteen hundred seventy-eight of the public authorities law, and (d) as authorized for mental health services facilities by section nine-a

section one of chapter three hundred ninety-two of the laws of nineteen hundred seventy-three constituting the New York state medical care facilities financing act. Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (d) of this subdivision, for the period April first, two thousand nine through March thirty-first, two thousand [ten] eleven, mental health services facilities, as authorized by section nine-a of section one of chapter three hundred ninety-two of the laws of nineteen hundred seventy-three constituting the New York state medical care facilities financing act, shall constitute an authorized purpose.

§ 39. Paragraph a of subdivision 4 of section 57 of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 437 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

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13 a. Such bonds shall be sold at par, at par plus a premium [not to 14 exceed five percent in the case of refunding bonds or five-tenths of one percent in the case of all other bonds], or at a discount to the bidder 16 offering the lowest interest cost to the state, taking into consider-17 ation any premium or discount and, in the case of refunding bonds, the bona fide initial public offering price, not less than four nor more 18 19 than fifteen days, Sundays excepted, after a notice of such sale has 20 been published at least once in a definitive trade publication of the 21 municipal bond industry published on each business day in the state of New York which is generally available to participants in the municipal 23 bond industry, which notice shall state the terms of the sale. comptroller may not change the terms of the sale unless notice of such 25 change is sent via a definitive trade wire service of the municipal bond industry which, in general, makes available information regarding activ-26 27 ity and sales of municipal bonds and is generally available to participants in the municipal bond industry, at least one [day] hour prior to 29 the [date] time of the sale as set forth in the original notice of sale. In so changing the terms or conditions of a sale the comptroller may 30 send notice by such wire service that the sale will be delayed by up to 31 thirty days, provided that wire notice of the new sale date will be 32 33 given at least one business day prior to the new time when bids will be accepted. In such event, no new notice of sale shall be required to be published. Notwithstanding the provisions of section three hundred five 35 36 of the state technology law or any other law, if the notice of sale 37 contains a provision that bids will only be accepted electronically in 38 the manner provided in such notice of sale, the comptroller shall not be 39 required to accept non-electronic bids in any form. Advertisements shall 40 contain a provision to the effect that the state comptroller, in his or 41 her discretion, may reject any or all bids made in pursuance of such advertisements, and in the event of such rejection, the state comptroller is authorized to negotiate a private sale or readvertise for 44 bids in the form and manner above described as many times as, in his or 45 her judgment, may be necessary to effect a satisfactory sale. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, whenever in the 47 judgment of the comptroller the interests of the state will be served thereby, he or she may sell state bonds at private sale at par, at par 48 plus a premium [not to exceed five percent in the case of refunding bonds or five-tenths of one percent in the case of all other bonds], 51 at a discount. The comptroller shall promulgate regulations governing the terms and conditions of any such private sales, which regulations shall include a provision that he or she give notice to the governor, 54 the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly, of his or her intention to conduct a private sale of obligations pursu-



ant to this section not less than five days prior to such sale or the execution of any binding agreement to effect such sale.

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- § 40. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 of section 60 of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 437 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (a) Such bonds shall be sold at par, at par plus a premium [not to 7 exceed five percent in the case of refunding bonds or five-tenths of one percent in the case of all other bonds], or at a discount to the bidder offering the lowest interest cost to the state, taking into consideration any premium or discount and, in the case of refunding bonds, the 10 bona fide initial public offering price, not less than four nor more 11 12 than fifteen days, Sundays excepted, after a notice of such sale has 13 been published at least once in a definitive trade publication of the 14 municipal bond industry published on each business day in the state of New York which is generally available to participants in the municipal 16 bond industry, which notice shall state the terms of the sale. 17 comptroller may not change the terms of the sale unless notice of such change is sent via a definitive trade wire service of the municipal bond 18 19 industry which, in general, makes available information regarding activ-20 ity and sales of municipal bonds and is generally available to partic-21 ipants in the municipal bond industry, at least one [day] hour prior to the [date] time of the sale as set forth in the original notice of sale. 23 In so changing the terms or conditions of a sale the comptroller may 24 send notice by such wire service that the sale will be delayed by up to 25 thirty days, provided that wire notice of the new sale date will be 26 given at least one business day prior to the new time when bids will be 27 accepted. In such event, no new notice of sale shall be required to be 28 published. Notwithstanding the provisions of section three hundred five 29 of the state technology law or any other law, if the notice of sale contains a provision that bids will only be accepted electronically in 30 the manner provided in such notice of sale, the comptroller shall not be 31 required to accept non-electronic bids in any form. Advertisements shall 32 contain a provision to the effect that the state comptroller, in his or 33 her discretion, may reject any or all bids made in pursuance of such advertisements, and in the event of such rejection, the state comp-35 36 troller is authorized to negotiate a private sale or readvertise for 37 bids in the form and manner above described as many times as, in his or 38 her judgment, may be necessary to effect a satisfactory sale. Notwith-39 standing the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, whenever in the 40 judgment of the comptroller the interests of the state will be served 41 thereby, he or she may sell state bonds at private sale at par, at par 42 plus a premium [not to exceed five percent in the case of refunding bonds or five-tenths of one percent in the case of all other bonds], 44 at a discount. The comptroller shall promulgate regulations governing 45 the terms and conditions of any such private sales, which regulations include a provision that he or she give notice to the governor, 47 the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly of his or her intention to conduct a private sale of obligations pursu-48 ant to this section not less than five days prior to such sale or the 50 execution of any binding agreement to effect such sale.
- \S 41. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 73 to \S read as follows:
- § 73. Federal interest subsidy payments. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the comptroller shall deposit any federal interest subsidy payments received by the state for state-supported debt issued as build America bonds, as authorized pursuant to the



American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, as amended or pursuant to any successor authorization, to each respective debt service fund which relates to such bonds.

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- § 42. Subdivision 2 of section 1680-m of the public authorities law, as added by section 39 of part T of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in order to assist the authority and the urban development corporation in undertaking the financing [of] for construction [of a collections storage facility for the state museum, the state library and the state archives] and rehabilitation associated with the cultural education facilities and the St. Regis Mohawk elementary school, the director of the budget is hereby authorized to enter into one or more service contracts with the authority and the urban development corporation, none of which shall exceed thirty years in duration, upon such terms and conditions as the director of the budget and the authority and the urban development corporation agree, so as to annually provide to the authority and the urban development corporation, in the aggregate, a sum not to exceed the principal, interest, and related expenses required for such bonds and notes. Any service contract entered into pursuant to this section shall provide that the obligation of the state to pay the amount therein provided shall not constitute a debt of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision and shall be deemed executory only to the extent of monies available and that no liability shall be incurred by the state beyond the monies available for such purpose, subject to annual appropriation by the legislature. Any such contract or any payments made or to be made thereunder may be assigned and pledged by the authority and the urban development corporation as security for its bonds and notes, as authorized by this section.
- § 43. Subdivision 4 of section 1689-i of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 60 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. [(a)] To obtain funds for the purposes of this section, the authority shall have power from time to time, in accordance with a schedule certified to the authority by the commissioner of education identifying eligible library construction projects approved for the payment of aid apportionments pursuant to section two hundred seventy-three-a of the education law, to issue negotiable bonds or notes of the authority. Unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise, whenever the words "bond" or "bonds" are used in this section, such words shall include a note or notes of the authority.
- [(b) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of fourteen million dollars for the purposes of this section.]
 - § 44. Subdivision 5 of section 3234 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 54 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. A majority of the whole number of directors then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business or the exercise of any power of the corporation. Except as otherwise specified in this title, for the transaction of any business or the exercise of any power of the corporation, the corporation shall have power to act by a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is in attendance; provided that one or more directors may participate in a meeting by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment allowing all directors participating in the meeting to hear

each other at the same time and participation by such means shall constitute presence in person at a meeting. A [unanimous] <u>majority</u> vote of all directors <u>then in office</u> shall be required for approval of a resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds or notes or any supplemental or amendatory resolution <u>and such majority vote must include the favorable votes of the director of the budget and the comptroller. The corporation may delegate to one or more of its directors, or officers, agents and employees, such powers and duties as the directors may deem proper. Five days notice shall be given to each director and nonvoting representative prior to any meeting of the corporation.</u>

§ 45. Subdivisions 6 and 8 of section 1689-i of the public authorities law, as added by section 4 of part I of chapter 61 of the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

- 6. The commissioner of education shall certify, from time to time, to the dormitory authority, the comptroller, the director of the division of the budget, the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the assembly ways and means committee each school district for which he or she has determined an aid apportionment for authority financing of an EXCEL project pursuant to subdivision fourteen of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of the education law. Such certification, which shall be made within thirty days after such determination or as soon thereafter as is practicable, shall identify the amount of aid apportionment which has been approved for such school district and shall estimate the date or dates when such project will be undertaken [to assist the authority in establishing a schedule for financing such project. The commissioner of education shall notify the authority if there is a change in such date].
- 8. To obtain funds for the purposes of this section, the authority shall have power from time to time, [in accordance with a certification to the authority by the commissioner of education pursuant to subdivision six of this section,] to issue negotiable bonds or notes of the authority. Unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise, whenever the words "bond" or "bonds" are used in this section, such words shall include a note or notes of the authority.
- § 46. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 67-d to read as follows:
- § 67-d. State-supported bond authorizations. 1. Subject to the provisions of article five-B of this chapter, and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, one or more authorized issuers of state-supported debt are hereby authorized to issue bonds and notes in such amounts necessary to finance the programmatic purposes as specified in this section. The bond authorizations set forth in this section shall be further limited to an amount inclusive of any state-supported debt issued for such purposes prior to April first, two thousand ten, but exclusive of bonds and notes issued to fund any reserve fund or funds, premium and discount, costs of issuance, and any other related amounts necessary to effectuate the issuance of such bonds or notes. In addition, the director of the budget shall annually report on the amounts authorized for such purposes, as they relate to capital appropriations authorized to be bond financed in the enacted budget.
- (a) Authorized issuers of state-supported debt for education purposes are authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts necessary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed twenty-one billion seven hundred eighty-nine million eight hundred forty-one thousand dollars (\$21,789,841,000) including:
 - (i) State University of New York ("SUNY") Education Facilities



- 1 (ii) State University of New York Housing Facilities
- 2 (iii) State University of New York Upstate Community Colleges
- 3 (iv) City of New York ("CUNY") Facilities
- 4 (v) State Education Department
- 5 (vi) Library for the Blind
- 6 (vii) State University of New York Athletic Facilities
- 7 (viii) RESCUE
- 8 <u>(ix) University Facilities (Jobs 2000)</u>
- 9 (x) School District Capital Outlay Grants
- 10 (xi) Judicial Training Institute
- 11 (xii) Transportation Transition Grants
- 12 (xiii) Public Broadcasting Facilities
- 13 (xiv) Higher Education Capital Matching Grants
- 14 (xv) Expanding our Children's Education and Learning (EXCEL)
- 15 (xvi) Library Facilities
- 16 (xvii) Cultural Education Storage Facilities
- 17 (b) Authorized issuers of state-supported debt for environmental
- 18 purposes are authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts neces-
- 19 sary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed the amount
- 20 of two billion nine hundred seventy-five million eight hundred ninety-
- 21 seven thousand dollars (\$2,975,897,000), including:
- 22 (i) Environmental Infrastructure Projects
- 23 (ii) Hazardous Waste Remediation
- 24 (iii) Riverbank State Park
- 25 <u>(iv) Water Pollution Control</u>
- 26 (v) State Park Infrastructure
- 27 (vi) Pipeline for Jobs (Jobs 2000)
- 28 (vii) Western New York Nuclear Service Center (West Valley)
- 29 (viii) Long Island Pine Barrens Preserve
- 30 (ix) Pilgrim Sewage Plant
- 31 (c) Authorized issuers of state-supported debt for state facilities
- 32 purposes are authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts neces-
- 33 sary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed a total
- 34 amount of eight billion nine hundred forty-seven million six hundred 35 fifty-six thousand dollars (\$8,947,656,000), including:
- 36 (i) Empire State Plaza
- 37 (ii) State Capital Projects
- 38 (iii) Division of State Police Facilities
- 39 <u>(iv) Division of Military and Naval Affairs</u>
- 40 (v) Alfred E. Smith Building
- 41 (vi) Elk Street Parking Garage
- 42 (vii) Improvements to State office buildings and other facilities
- 43 (viii) Judiciary Improvements
- 44 (ix) Office of State Comptroller State Buildings
- 45 (x) Albany Parking Garage (East Parking Garage)
- 46 (xi) State office buildings and other facilities
- 47 (xii) Equipment Acquisition
- 48 (xiii) Correctional Facilities
- 49 (xiv) Homeland Security and Training Facilities
- 50 (xv) Youth Facilities
- 51 (xvi) E-911 Program
- 52 (xvii) Office for Technology Facilities
- 53 (xviii) Food Laboratory
- 54 (xix) Courthouse Improvements
- 55 (xx) New York Racing Association (NYRA) Land Acquisition and Video
- 56 <u>Lottery Terminal Construction</u>

- 1 (d) Authorized issuers of state-supported debt for economic develop2 ment purposes are authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts
 3 necessary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed a
 4 total amount of ten billion six hundred ninety-seven million two hundred
 5 forty-eight thousand dollars (\$10,697,248,000), including:
 - (i) Housing Programs

- 7 (ii) Javits Convention Center
- 8 <u>(iii) Community Enhancement Facilities</u>
- 9 <u>(iv) Science and Technology Center (Syracuse)</u>
- 10 (v) Super Computer Center (Cornell)
- 11 (vi) The Center for Telecommunications (Columbia)
- 12 (vii) Higher Education Applied Technology (HEAT) Program
- 13 (viii) Industrial Innovation (City of Troy/RPI Refunding)
- 14 (ix) The Center for Advance Materials Processing (Clarkson)
- 15 (x) The Center for Electro-Optic Imaging (Rochester)
- 16 (xi) The Center for Neural Science (NYU)
- 17 (xii) Incubator Facilities (Alfred)
- 18 (xiii) Onondaga Convention Center
- 19 (xiv) Sports Facilities
- 20 (xv) Child Care Facilities
- 21 (xvi) Bio-Tech Facilities
- 22 (xvii) Strategic Investment Program (SIP)
- 23 (xviii) Regional Economic Development
- 24 (xix) New York State Economic Development
- 25 (xx) Regional Economic Development 2004
- 26 (xxi) High Technology and Development
- 27 (xxii) Regional Economic Development/SPUR
- 28 (xxiii) Buffalo Inner Harbor
- 29 (xxiv) Jobs Now Program
- 30 (xxv) Economic Development 2006
- 31 (xxvi) Javits Convention Center Expansion (2006)
- 32 (xxvii) Queens Stadium
- 33 (xxviii) Bronx Stadium
- 34 (xxix) New York State Economic Development Stadium Parking
- 35 (xxx) State Modernization Projects
- 36 (xxxi) International Computer Chip Research and Development Center
- 37 (xxxii) 2008 and 2009 Economic Development Initiatives
- 38 (xxxiii) H.H. Richardson Complex & Darwin Martin House
- 39 (e) Authorized issuers of state-supported debt for health and mental
- 40 hygiene purposes are authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts
- 41 necessary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed a
- 42 total amount of eight billion four hundred sixty-four million two
- 43 hundred sixty-eight thousand dollars (\$8,464,268,000), including:
- 44 (i) Department of Health Facilities
- 45 (ii) Mental Health Services Facilities
- 46 (iii) HEAL NY Capital Program
- 47 (f) Authorized issuers of state-supported debt for transportation
- 48 purposes are authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts neces-
- 49 sary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed a total
- 50 amount of twenty-four billion eight hundred forty million four hundred
- 51 thirty-four thousand dollars (\$24,840,434,000), including:
- 52 (i) Albany County Airport
- 53 (ii) Consolidated Highway Improvement Program (CHIPs)
- 54 (iii) Dedicated Highway and Bridge Trust Fund
- 55 (iv) High Speed Rail Projects

(v) Metropolitan Transportation Authority Transit and Commuter Projects

- (g) The local government assistance corporation is authorized to issue bonds or notes in such amounts necessary to finance project costs in a total amount not to exceed a total amount of four billion seven hundred million dollars (\$4,700,000,000).
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in order to assist the issuers of state-supported debt not otherwise secured by a dedication of specific revenues, the director of budget is authorized to enter into one or more service contracts or other agreements, none of which shall exceed thirty years in duration, with the issuers of such state-supported debt, upon such terms and conditions as the director of the budget and the issuers shall agree.
- (a) Any service contract or other agreements entered into pursuant to this subdivision or any payments made or to be made thereunder may be assigned and pledged by the issuer as security for its bonds, notes, or other obligations.
- (b) Any such service contract or other agreements shall provide that the obligation of the director of the budget or of the state to fund or to pay the amounts therein provided for shall not constitute a debt of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision and shall be deemed executory only to the extent moneys are available and that no liability shall be incurred by the state beyond the moneys available for such purpose, and that such obligation is subject to annual appropriation by the legislature. Except for the purpose of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds.
- (c) Any service contract or other agreements entered into pursuant to this subdivision shall provide for state commitments to provide annually to the issuer a sum or sums, upon such terms and conditions as shall be deemed appropriate by the director of the budget and the authorized issuer, to fund the principal, interest, and other related expenses required for any bonds, notes, or other obligations.
- 3. In addition to the debt authorizations specified in subdivision one of this section, the issuers of state-supported debt may also issue bonds and notes to refund or otherwise repay previously issued statesupported debt. The aggregate amount of indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the authorized issuer hereinafter issued pursuant to this paragraph, including as may have been previously authorized in law, shall exclude the amount of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes; provided that the amount so excluded under this paragraph may exceed the principal amount of such bonds or notes that were refunded or otherwise repaid only if the present value of the aggregate debt service on the refunding bonds or notes shall not have at the time of their issuance exceeded the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds or notes they were issued to refund or repay, such present value in each case being calculated by using the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes from the payment date thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes and to the price bid therefor, or to the proceeds received by the authorized issuer from the sale thereof or as such present value is otherwise determined in law.

§ 47. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 19 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 36 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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(c) Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, the dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds for state university educational facilities purposes if the principal amount of 6 7 bonds to be issued when added to the aggregate principal amount of bonds issued by the dormitory authority on and after July first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight for state university educational facilities will exceed ten billion eighty-nine million dollars; provided, however, that 10 11 bonds issued or to be issued shall be excluded from such limitation if: 12 such bonds are issued to refund state university construction bonds 13 and state university construction notes previously issued by the housing 14 finance agency; or (2) such bonds are issued to refund bonds of the authority or other obligations issued for state university educational 16 facilities purposes and the present value of the aggregate debt service 17 on the refunding bonds does not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service on the bonds refunded thereby; provided, further that 18 19 upon certification by the director of the budget that the issuance of 20 refunding bonds or other obligations issued between April first, nine-21 teen hundred ninety-two and March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three will generate long term economic benefits to the state, as 23 assessed on a present value basis, such issuance will be deemed to have met the present value test noted above. For purposes of this subdivi-25 sion, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding bonds and the aggregate debt service of the bonds refunded, shall be 26 27 calculated by utilizing the true interest cost of the refunding bonds, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest 29 rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding bonds from the payment dates thereof to the 30 date of issue of the refunding bonds to the purchase price of the 31 refunding bonds, including interest accrued thereon prior to the issu-32 33 ance thereof. The maturity of such bonds, other than bonds issued to refund outstanding bonds, shall not exceed the weighted average economic 35 life, as certified by the state university construction fund, of the 36 facilities in connection with which the bonds are issued, and in any 37 case not later than the earlier of thirty years or the expiration of the 38 term of any lease, sublease or other agreement relating thereto; 39 provided that no note, including renewals thereof, shall mature later 40 than five years after the date of issuance of such note. The legislature 41 reserves the right to amend or repeal such limit, and the state of New 42 York, the dormitory authority, the state university of New York, and the state university construction fund are prohibited from covenanting or 44 making any other agreements with or for the benefit of bondholders which 45 might in any way affect such right. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount 47 of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued 48 49 shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accord-50 ance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance 51 law providing therefor.

- § 48. Paragraph j of subdivision 2 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 37 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- j. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, the maximum amount of bonds and notes to be issued after March



1 thirty-first, two thousand two for a housing unit for the use of students at a state-operated institution or statutory or contract college under the jurisdiction of the state university of New York shall be one billion two hundred thirty million dollars. Such amount shall be exclusive of bonds and notes issued to fund any reserve fund or funds, 6 costs of issuance, and to refund any outstanding bonds and notes relat-7 ing to a housing unit under the jurisdiction of the state university of New York. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as 10 such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the 11 state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount 12 set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of 13 section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 49. Subdivision 10-a of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 38 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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54 55 10-a. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, but notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, the maximum amount of bonds and notes to be issued after March thirty-first, two thousand two, on behalf of the state, in relation to any locally sponsored community college, shall be five hundred thirty-six million dollars. Such amount shall be exclusive of bonds and notes issued to fund any reserve fund or funds, costs of issuance and to refund any outstanding bonds and notes, issued on behalf of the state, relating to a locally sponsored community college. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 50. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 14 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 39 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, (i) the dormitory authority shall not deliver a series of bonds for city university community college facilities, except to refund or to be substituted for or in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university community college facilities pursuant to a resolution of the dormitory authority adopted before July first, nineteen hundred eightyfive or any resolution supplemental thereto, if the principal amount of bonds so to be issued when added to all principal amounts of bonds previously issued by the dormitory authority for city university community college facilities, except to refund or to be substituted in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university community college facilities will exceed the sum of four hundred twenty-five million dollars and (ii) the dormitory authority shall not deliver a series of bonds issued for city university facilities, including community college facilities, pursuant to a resolution of the dormitory authority adopted on or after July first, nineteen hundred eighty-five, except to refund or to be substituted for or in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university facilities and except for bonds issued pursuant to a resolution supplemental to a resolution of the dormitory authority adopted prior to July first, nineteen hundred eighty-five, if the principal amount of bonds so to be issued when added to the principal amount of bonds previously issued pursuant to any such resolution, except bonds issued to refund or

1 to be substituted for or in lieu of other bonds in relation to city university facilities, will exceed six billion eight hundred forty-three million two hundred thousand dollars. The legislature reserves the right to amend or repeal such limit, and the state of New York, the dormitory authority, the city university, and the fund are prohibited from covenanting or making any other agreements with or for the benefit 7 of bondholders which might in any way affect such right. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, 10 11 authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and 12 shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-sev-13 en-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 51. Paragraph d of subdivision 19 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 349 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as follows:

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- ant to this subdivision shall provide for state commitments to provide annually to the dormitory authority a sum or sums, upon such terms and conditions as shall be deemed appropriate by the director of the budget, to fund, or to fund the debt service requirements of any bonds or notes, including bonds issued to fund any required debt service reserve requirement for bonds, of the dormitory authority issued to fund such projects having a cost not in excess of sixteen million dollars; provided that notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor; and
- § 52. Subdivision 8 of section 1680-e of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 177 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:
- The authority shall not issue its bonds to finance the design, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, furnishing and equipping of a state university athletic facility in an aggregate principal amount greater than twenty-two million dollars; provided, however, that, in addition to such bonds, the authority may issue an aggregate principal amount of bonds sufficient to fund any reserve funds established in connection therewith to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of any of such bonds and the cost of the management of the design and construction of the state university athletic facility. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixtyseven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 53. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 1689-a of the public authorities law, as amended by section 43 of part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- 54 (b) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an 55 amount in excess of one hundred ninety-five million dollars for the 56 purposes of this section, excluding a principal amount of bonds or notes



issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay for the costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds, and bonds or notes previously issued. Except for the purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds or notes.

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In computing for the purposes of this paragraph, the aggregate amount indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the dormitory authority issued pursuant to this section, there shall be excluded the amount of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes, provided that the amount so excluded under this clause may exceed the principal amount of such bonds or notes that were issued to refund or otherwise repay only if the present value the aggregate debt service on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes shall not have at the time of their issuance exceeded the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds or notes they were issued to refund or repay, such present value in each case being calculated by using the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes from the payment date thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes and to the price bid therefor, or to the proceeds received by the dormitory authority from the sale thereof, in each case including estimated accrued interest. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 54. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 1689-c of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 624 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

The authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of forty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars for the purposes of this subdivision, excluding a principal amount of bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay for the costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds, and bonds or notes previously issued. Except for the purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds or notes.

computing for the purposes of this subdivision, the aggregate amount of indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the authority issued pursuant to this subdivision, there shall be excluded the amount of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes, provided that the amount so excluded under this paragraph may exceed the principal amount of such bonds or notes that were issued to refund or otherwise repay only if the present value of the aggregate debt service on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes shall not have at the time of their issuance exceeded the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds or notes they were issued to refund or repay, such present value in each case being calculated by using the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment 56 bonds or notes, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the

1 interest rate (compounded semi-annually) semi-annual necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes from the payment date thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes and to the price bid therefor, or to the proceeds received by the dormitory authority from the sale thereof, in each case including estimated accrued interest. Notwithstanding 7 the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and 10 11 shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-sev-12 en-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 55. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 1689-f of the public authorities law, as added by section 64 of part H of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of one hundred forty million dollars for the purposes of this section, plus a principal amount of bonds or notes:
 - (1) to fund any debt service reserve fund, and

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(2) to provide for the payment of fees and other charges and expenses, including underwriters' discount, related to the issuance of such bonds or notes, or related to the provision of any applicable bond or note facilities.

In computing for the purposes of this paragraph, the aggregate amount of indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the dormitory authority issued pursuant to this title, there shall be excluded the amount of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes, provided that the amount so excluded under the clause may exceed the principal amount of such bonds or notes that were issued to refund or otherwise repay only if the present value of the aggregate debt service on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes shall not have at the time of their issuance exceeded the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds or notes they were issued to refund or repay, such present value in each case being calculated by using the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes from the payment date thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes from the payment date thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes and to the price bid therefor, or to the proceeds received by the dormitory authority from the sale thereof, in each case including estimated accrued interest. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 56. Subdivision 2 of section 219-a of the judiciary law, as amended by section 27 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- 54 2. The chief administrator of the courts may enter into an agreement 55 jointly with the dormitory authority and with any other person, firm, 56 association, corporation or agency pursuant to which facilities for such



1 institute shall be constructed or otherwise provided and thereafter maintained. The maximum amount of bonds that may be issued for institute is sixteen million one hundred five thousand dollars, exclusive of bonds issued to fund any reserve fund or funds, pay costs of issuance and refund bonds. Expenses of the unified court system in relation to this agreement shall be paid out of funds appropriated from 7 the court facilities incentive aid fund to the judiciary for that Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, 10 as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the 11 12 amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the 13 provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing 14 therefor.

§ 57. Subdivision (a) of section 61 of part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2004, amending the education law and other laws relating to the calculation and payment of state aid to school districts and boards of cooperative educational services, is amended to read as follows:

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- Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, one or more authorized issuers as defined by section 68-a of the state finance law are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$80,000,000, excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing transportation capital expense transition grants base year approved expenses for transportation capital, debt service and leases; and to reimburse the state general fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 58. Paragraph a of subdivision 5 of section 236-a of the education law, as added by section 1 of part P of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- a. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, one or more authorized issuers as defined by section sixty-eight-a of the state finance law are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed fifteen million dollars, excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing approved capital improvement

project grants for public broadcasting stations in New York state; and to reimburse the state general fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 58-a. Section 2 of part P of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, amending the education law relating to establishing a program of capital financing for public broadcasting stations, as amended by chapter 167 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

- § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2005, and shall expire March 31, [2010] when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed.
- § 59. Clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (j) of subdivision 4 of section 1 of part U of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, amending the labor law and other laws relating to implementing the state fiscal plan for the 2005-2006 state fiscal year, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- (B) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of 150 million dollars for the purposes of this section; excluding bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this clause, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 60. Clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (j) of subdivision 4 of section 1680-j of the public authorities law, as added by section 1 of part MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- (B) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of three hundred fifty million dollars for the purposes of this section; excluding bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this

clause, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 61. Paragraph a of subdivision 14 of section 3641 of the education law, as added by section 2 of part I of chapter 61 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- a. Establishment of the EXCEL program. There is hereby established the expanding our children's education and learning (EXCEL) program to provide project financing or assistance in the form of grants to eligible school districts, in addition to, or in lieu of, the apportionments made pursuant to subdivisions six, six-a, six-b, six-c, [six-d,] six-f and paragraph c of subdivision fourteen of section thirty-six hundred two of this article, and subdivisions ten and twelve of this section, for the costs of EXCEL school facility projects. An apportionment for any such project shall initially be available in the state fiscal year commencing April first, two thousand six. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the dormitory authority of the state of New York shall be authorized to issue bonds or notes in an aggregate amount not to exceed two billion six hundred million dollars for purposes of the EXCEL program. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 62. Subdivision 9 of section 1689-i of the public authorities law, as added by section 4 of part I of chapter 61 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 9. The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of two billion six hundred million dollars for the purposes of this section, excluding a principal amount of bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay for the costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds, and bonds or notes previously issued. Except for the purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds or notes. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 63. Subdivision 1 of section 1689-i of the public authorities law, as amended by section 40 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The dormitory authority is authorized to issue bonds, at the request of the commissioner of education, to finance eligible library construction projects pursuant to section two hundred seventy-three-a of the education law, in amounts certified by such commissioner not to exceed a total principal amount of fifty-six million dollars. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first,



two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 64. Subdivision 1 of section 1680-m of the public authorities law, as amended by section 41 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the authority and the urban development corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for construction and rehabilitation associated with the cultural education facilities and the St. Regis Mohawk elementary school. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed ninety-one million five hundred eighty-five thousand dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the authority for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 65. Subdivision 3 of section 1285-p of the public authorities law, as amended by section 42 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The maximum amount of bonds that may be issued for the purpose of financing environmental infrastructure projects authorized by this section shall be eight hundred sixty-seven million five hundred thousand dollars, exclusive of bonds issued to fund any debt service reserve funds, pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision one of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- 1 § 66. Subdivision 3 of section 1285-q of the public authorities law, 2 as added by section 6 of part I of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, is 3 amended to read as follows:
- The maximum amount of bonds that may be issued for the purpose of financing hazardous waste site remediation projects authorized by this section shall not exceed one billion two hundred million dollars and shall not exceed one hundred twenty million dollars for appropriations 7 enacted for any state fiscal year, provided that the bonds not issued for such appropriations may be issued pursuant to reappropriation in subsequent fiscal years. No bonds shall be issued for the repayment of 10 any new appropriation enacted after March thirty-first, two thousand 11 12 thirteen for hazardous waste site remediation projects authorized by 13 this section. Amounts authorized to be issued by this section shall be 14 exclusive of bonds issued to fund any debt service reserve funds, pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes 17 of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall 18 not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other 19 than those appropriated by this state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed 20 21 pursuant to subdivision one of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. 23 standing the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is 25 defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance 26 law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, 27 and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section 28 sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
 - § 67. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1290 of the public authorities law, as amended by chapter 366 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

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The corporation shall have power and is hereby authorized from time to time to issue its negotiable or non-negotiable bonds and notes in conformity with applicable provisions of the uniform commercial code in such principal amount, as, in the opinion of the corporation, be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its purposes, including the acquisition and construction, operation and maintenance of sewage treatment works, sewage collecting systems, solid waste disposal facilities, storm water collecting systems, water management facilities, air pollution control facilities, the removal, disposal and remediation of petroleum storage tanks and the remediation of the sites thereof and any other project or projects authorized pursuant to the provisions of this title, and paying the cost thereof; the making of loans to persons for purposes of sections twelve hundred eighty-five-j, twelve hundred eighty-five-m and twelve hundred eighty-five-o of this title only, to any municipality or recipient for such purposes; the making of loans, providing of financing or extension of credit to or on behalf of beginning farmers for purposes of section twelve hundred eighty-five-r of this title only; the financing of the design, acquisition, construction, improvement and installation of all or any portion of Riverbank Park, provided however, that any such bonds or notes issued to finance Riverbank Park shall only be issued in such principal amount as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for the repayment of amounts disbursed pursuant to appropriations or reappropriations under chapter fifty-four of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-one including any subsequent reappropriation of the unexpended balance of such appro-

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54 55 priations or reappropriations for the purpose of Riverbank Park, plus an amount sufficient to fund any debt service reserve fund established by the corporation for the purpose of Riverbank Park and to provide for the payment of fees and other charges and expenses of the corporation in connection with such bonds and notes, which principal amount shall constitute the statutory ceiling on the amount of bonds and notes that can be issued for such purpose; the financing of all or any portion of any state park infrastructure project or reimbursement of the state for expenditures relating thereto, plus an amount to provide for the payment of fees and other charges and expenses of the corporation in connection with such bonds and notes; the provision of funds to the state for any amounts contributed or to be contributed to the water pollution control revolving fund, the pipeline for jobs fund or the drinking water revolving fund provided, however, that any such bonds or notes issued to provide funds to the water pollution control revolving fund, line for jobs fund or the drinking water revolving fund shall only be issued in such principal amount as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for the repayment of amounts disbursed pursuant to any appropriation or reappropriation enacted for the pipeline for jobs fund or for the payment of the state match for federal capitalization grants for the water pollution control revolving fund or the drinking water revolving fund, plus an amount sufficient to fund any debt service reserve fund and to provide for fees, charges and other costs of issuance, which principal amount shall constitute the statutory ceiling on the amount of bonds and notes that can be issued for such purpose; the financing of any environmental infrastructure projects authorized by section twelve hundred eighty-five-p of this title; the purchase of municipal bonds and notes, and bonds and notes of a state agency, the payment of the cost of any project, the payment of interest on bonds and notes of the corporation, the establishment of reserves to secure such bonds and notes; the provision of working capital and all other expenditures of the corporation incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and powers[;]. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 68. Subdivision 1 of section 1285-1 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 55 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or special law to the contrary, the office of parks, recreation and historic preservation or the division of the budget, with the approval of the director of the budget, and the corporation are each hereby authorized to enter into a contract or contracts providing for the financing of the design, acquisition, construction, improvement and installation of all or any portion of any state park infrastructure project or reimbursement to the state for costs incurred in connection with a state park infrastructure project for and on behalf of the state; and the corporation and the office of parks, recreation and historic preservation or the division of the budget, with the approval of the director of the budget, may enter into a contract, lease, easement, license or other instrument pursuant to which the corporation shall make all or any portion of any state park infrastructure project available to such state agency. Any such contract

1 or contracts, lease, easement, license or other instrument shall be upon such terms and conditions as the corporation and the state shall determine to be reasonable, including, but not limited to, the payment of or reimbursement to the corporation for (a) all costs of the corporation in financing all or any portion of any state park infrastructure project, and any claims arising therefrom, (b) all fees and other charges of, and 7 all expenses incurred by, the corporation in connection with the issuance and administration of any bonds or notes issued by the corporation for such purpose, and (c) amounts sufficient to pay all principal, premium, if any, and interest on such bonds or notes. Such payment or 10 11 reimbursement may be made annually or otherwise, may be in fixed amounts or based on any factors or other matters, or may be made in any other 13 manner, as such contract or contracts, lease, easement, license or other instrument shall provide. Provided, however, that the net proceeds of any such bonds or notes issued shall not exceed sixteen million dollars, not including issuance costs, capitalized interest and debt service 17 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on reserve funds. and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported 18 19 debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-sev-20 en-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed 21 the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the 22 provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing 23 therefor.

§ 69. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 of section 1854 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 27 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:

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(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or special law to the contrary, the director of the budget and the chair of the authority are each authorized to enter into one or more service contracts, and to amend or supplement any existing service contract, with respect to programs, projects, and activities of the authority pursuant to this subdivision, upon such terms as the director of the budget and the chair of the authority may agree, including, but not limited to, provisions relating to the respective obligations of the state and the authority with respect to administration, management, maintenance, and use of the real property at the Western New York Nuclear Service Center held by the authority, design, construction, modification, operation, and maintenance of facilities thereon, and implementation of programs, projects, or activities to improve or correct conditions thereon, including, but not limited to, the West Valley demonstration project, and provisions providing for the payment of (A) all fees and charges of, and expenses and other non-asset costs of financing incurred by, the authority in connection with the issuance and administration of special obligation bonds or notes to pay for or reimburse the state with respect to such and (B) all debt service payments on such bonds and notes. actions, Provided, however, that the aggregate net proceeds of any such bonds or notes issued, excluding any bonds or notes issued for the purpose of refunding other bonds and notes issued under this subdivision, shall not exceed the aggregate of amounts appropriated for such actions in the state fiscal year ending March thirty-one, nineteen hundred ninety-three and any state fiscal year thereafter up to and including the state fiscal year ending March thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, not including amounts to be applied to the payment of all fees and other charges of, and expenses and other non-asset costs of financing incurred by, the authority in connection with the issuance and administration of such bonds and notes; and, capitalized interest and debt service reserve

funds established for such bonds or notes and the acquisition of insurance, letters of credit or other credit enhancement or liquidity facilities obtained in connection with such bonds or notes. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 70. Subdivision (a) of section 93 of chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to state finances, as amended by chapter 309 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the New York state urban development corporation act, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$15,000,000 excluding bonds issued to fund a debt service reserve fund, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of the Long Island pine barrens land acquisition as authorized by chapter 54 of the laws of 1995 and all subsequent reappropriations of the appropriation made pursuant to chapof the laws of 1995 for the purpose of the Long Island pine barrens land acquisition, and to reimburse the state capital projects fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to the service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 71. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 1290 of the public authorities law, as added by section 29 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:
- (e) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the corporation shall not issue any notes or bonds on behalf of any state department or agency to fund the removal, disposal and remediation of petroleum storage tanks and the remediation of the sites thereof or on behalf of the office of mental health to finance the pilgrim state sewage treatment project, after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred ninetysix. This limitation shall not apply to bonds and notes issued to refund bonds issued for such purposes. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- 54 § 72. Subdivision 1 of section 2 of chapter 7 of the laws of 1989, 55 authorizing the New York state urban development corporation to assist



the state in restructuring certain payment requirements is amended to read as follows:

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- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the UDC act, the corporation is hereby authorized, as a civic project of the corporation, to issue bonds and notes in an aggregate original principal amount not exceed one hundred thirty-three million dollars (\$133,000,000), and to make available the proceeds received from the sale of such bonds and notes to the New York state office of general services, for the purposes financing the acquisition of interests in state office facilities as further authorized by this act. Bonds issued or to be issued for such purposes shall be excluded from the foregoing limitation as to the aggregate original principal amount if such bonds are issued to refund bonds issued for such purposes and the present value of the aggregate debt service on the refunding bonds does not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service on the bonds refunded thereby. For purposes hereof, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding bonds and the aggregate debt service of the bonds refunded, shall be calculated by utilizing the true interest cost of the refunding bonds, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest (compounded semi- annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding bonds from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding bonds to the purchase price of the refunding bonds including interest accrued thereon prior to the issuance thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing
- § 73. Subdivision 1 of section 342 of chapter 190 of the laws of 1990 amending the tax law relating to certain taxes, fees and other impositions, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the UDC act, the corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds, notes or other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed two hundred million dollars, plus a principal amount of bonds, notes or other obligations (a) to fund any related debt service reserve fund, or other reserve funds as may be needed, (b) to provide capitalized interest, and (c) to provide fees and other charges and expenses, including underwriters' discount, related to the issuance of such bonds, notes or other obligations and the maintenance of such reserves, all as determined by the corporation, excluding bonds, notes or other obligations issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds, notes or other obligations theretofore issued for such purposes. In computing the total principal amount of bonds, notes or other obligations that may at any time be issued for any purpose under this section, the amount of the outstanding bonds, notes or other obligations that constitutes interest under the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the effective date of this section, shall be excluded. The corporation is further authorized to apply the proceeds received from the sale of such bonds, notes or other obligations (except for any portion of such proceeds allocated to the payment of costs of issuance, the funding of a debt service reserve fund or other reserves as may be needed, or the paying of capitalized interest) to purchases of interests from the state pursuant to sections three hundred thirty-nine through three hundred forty-seven of this act.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 74. Subdivision (a) of section 27 of part Y of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005, providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006 budget, as amended by section 43 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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- Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to \$114,100,000, excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital projects for division of state police facilities, debt service and leases; and to reimburse the state general fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 75. Subdivision (a) of section 28 of part Y of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005 providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006 budget, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, one or more authorized issuers as defined by section 68-a of the state finance law are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$15,000,000, excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital projects for public protection facilities in the Division of Military and Naval Affairs, debt service and leases; and to reimburse the state general fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a

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54 55 statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 76. Subdivision (a) of section 34 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002 relating to the financing of certain buildings located in the city of Albany, as amended by section 21 of part P-2 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the New York state urban development corporation act, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$89,000,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing the Alfred E. Smith office building located in the city of Albany, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made from the state capital projects fund. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face of thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 77. Subdivision (a) of section 35 of part Y of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005 providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2005-2006 budget, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the New York state urban development corporation act, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$25,000,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing the Elk street parking garage building located in the city of Albany, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made from the state capital projects fund. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this

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54 55 section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 78. Subdivision (a) of section 48 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, providing for the administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2002-2003 budget, as amended by section 44 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000 but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the urban development corporation act, the corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$25,000,000 excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital costs related to homeland security for the division of state police, the division of military and naval affairs, and any other state agency, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made from the state capital projects fund, and is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$155,800,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing improvements to State office buildings and other located statewide, including the reimbursement of any facilities disbursements made from the state capital projects fund. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect.

Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of statesupported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 79. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 1680-i of the public authorities law, as amended by section 25 of part P-2 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of thirty-seven million six hundred thousand dollars for the purposes of this section; excluding bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of



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such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 80. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 36 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 5 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- The dormitory authority is empowered and authorized to enter into a lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other agreement with the office of general services of the state of New York pursuant to which one or more facilities are to be acquired, designed, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated, improved or otherwise made available for the provision of parking facilities for the state of New York in the city of Albany, New York and pursuant to which such facilities are to be furnished or equipped and in furtherance of such authorization, the commissioner of general services is hereby empowered to grant or convey to the dormitory authority, such lands as may be necessary for such purposes upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner of general services may fix and determine provided, however, that any contract or lease construction, reconstruction or rehabilitation authorized by this subdivision shall be governed by article eight of the labor law. Such lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other agreement may provide for the payment of annual rentals and other payments by the state of New York on behalf of the departments or agencies having occupancy or use thereof to the dormitory authority from appropriations as provided in paragraph (c) of this subdivision and may contain such other terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the parties thereto, including but not limited to, provisions relating to the maintenance and operation of the facilities, the establishment of reserve funds, indemnities and the disposition of a facility or the interest of the dormitory authority therein, if any, prior to or upon termination or expiration of such lease, sublease, lease purchase or other agreement. Such lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other agreement shall be subject to the approval of the director of the budget. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 81. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 35 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as added by chapter 5 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) The dormitory authority is empowered and authorized to enter into a lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other agreement with the office of general services of the state of New York on behalf of the department of audit and control of the state of New York pursuant to which one or more facilities are to be designed, acquired, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated, improved or otherwise provided for the department of audit and control of the state of New York, the New York state and local



1 employees' retirement system and the New York state and local police and fire retirement system and pursuant to which such facilities are to be furnished or equipped provided, however, that any contract or lease for construction, reconstruction or rehabilitation authorized by this subdivision shall be governed by article eight of the labor law. Such lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other agreement may provide for the payment 7 of annual rentals and other payments by the department of audit and control of the state of New York to the dormitory authority from appropriations as provided in paragraph (c) of this subdivision or from payments made pursuant to any lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other 10 agreement authorized pursuant to paragraph (f) of this subdivision and contain such other terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the 13 parties thereto, including but not limited to, provisions relating to 14 the maintenance and operation of the facilities, the establishment of reserve funds, indemnities and the disposition of a facility or the 16 interest of the dormitory authority therein, if any, prior to or upon 17 termination or expiration of such lease, sublease or other agreement. 18 Such lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other agreement shall be 19 subject to the approval of the director of the budget. Notwithstanding 20 the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand 21 ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in 22 subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, 23 authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and 24 shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-sev-25 en-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 82. Subdivision 1 of section 1680-n of the public authorities law, as added by section 46 of part T of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

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- 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the authority and the urban development corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for the acquisition of state buildings and other facilities. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed one hundred forty million dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the authority and the urban development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 83. Subdivision 4 of section 66-b of the state finance law, as 54 amended by section 45 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is 55 amended to read as follows:



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- 4. Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, but notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the maximum amount of certificates of participation or similar instruments representing periodic payments due from the state of New York, issued on behalf of state departments and agencies, the city university of New York and any other state entity otherwise specified after March thirty-first, two thousand three shall be five hundred sixty-four million dollars. Such amount shall be exclusive of certificates of participation or similar instruments issued to fund a reserve fund or funds, costs of issuance and to refund outstanding certificates of participation. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixtyseven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 84. Subdivision 1 of section 1680-k of the public authorities law, as added by section 5 of part J-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the dormitory authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed forty million dollars excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing the construction of the New York state agriculture and markets food laboratory. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of design, financing, site investigations, site acquisition and preparation, demolition, construction, rehabilitation, acquisition of machinery and equipment, and infrastructure improvements. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuers shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuers for service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision two of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 85. Subdivision (a) of section 32 of chapter 60 of the laws of 2006, relating to providing for administration of certain funds and accounts related to the 2006-2007 budget, as amended by section 45 of part RR of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, one or more authorized issuers as defined by section 68-a of the state finance law are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in



1 an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$120,500,000, excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital projects for office for technology facilities, debt service and leases; and to reimburse the state general fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of such authorized 7 issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt 10 11 service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes 13 shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on 16 such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and 17 after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, 18 as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of 19 the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the 20 amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the 21 provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor. 22

§ 86. Section 1680-o of the public authorities law, as amended by section 49-b of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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- § 1680-o. Courthouse improvements and training facilities. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the authority and the urban development corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for eligible courthouse improvements, drug courts, and training facilities. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed eighty-five million nine hundred thousand dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the authority and the urban development corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the authority and the urban development corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 87. Subdivision 1 of section 16 of part D of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, providing for the financing of the correctional facilities improvement fund and the youth facility improvement fund, as amended by section 46 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:



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1. Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, the New York state urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds, notes and other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed five billion eight hundred thirty-seven million eight hundred thousand dollars \$5,837,800,000, shall include all bonds, notes and other obligations issued pursuant to chapter 56 of the laws of 1983, as amended or supplemented. The proceeds of such bonds, notes or other obligations shall be paid to the state, for deposit in the correctional facilities capital improvement fund to pay for all or any portion of the amount or amounts paid by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the department of correctional services from the correctional facilities capital improvement fund for capital projects. The aggregate amount of bonds, notes or other obligations authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall exclude bonds, notes or other obligations issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds, notes or other obligations theretofore issued, the proceeds of which were paid to the state for all or a portion of the amounts expended by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the department of correctional services; provided, however, that upon any such refunding or repayment the total aggregate principal amount of outstanding bonds, notes or other obligations may be greater than five billion eight hundred thirty-seven million eight hundred thousand dollars \$5,837,800,000, only if the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations to be issued shall not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so to be refunded or repaid. For the purposes hereof, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes other obligations, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and to the price bid including estimated accrued interest or proceeds received by the corporation including estimated accrued interest from the sale thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixtyseven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 88. Subdivision (a) of section 48 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002, relating to the financing of certain buildings located in the city of Albany, as amended by section 44 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000 but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the urban development corporation act, the corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$25,000,000 excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds



1 or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital costs related to homeland security for the division of state police, the division of military and naval affairs, and any other state agency, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made from the state capital projects fund, and is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$155,800,000, 7 excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the 10 11 purpose of financing improvements to State office buildings and other 12 facilities located statewide, including the reimbursement of 13 disbursements made from the state capital projects fund. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt 17 service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, and such bonds and notes 19 shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect.

Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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54 55 § 89. Subdivision 1 of section 17 of part D of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, providing for the financing of the correctional facilities improvement fund and the youth facility improvement fund, as amended by section 20 of part P-2 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, the New York state urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds, notes and other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed three hundred twenty-eight million five hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$328,515,000), which authorization increases the aggregate principal amount of bonds, notes and other obligations authorized by section 40 of chapter 309 of the laws of 1996, and shall include all bonds, notes and other obligations issued pursuant to chapter 211 of the laws of 1990, as amended or supplemented. The proceeds of such bonds, notes or other obligations shall be paid to the state, for deposit in the youth facilities improvement fund, to pay for all or any portion of the amount or amounts paid by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the office of children and family services from the youth facilities improvement fund for capital projects. The aggregate amount of bonds, notes and other obligations authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall exclude bonds, notes or other obligations issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds, notes or other obligations theretofore issued, the proceeds of which were paid to the state for all or a portion of the amounts expended by the state from appropriations or reappropriations made to the office of children and family services; provided, however, that upon any such refunding or repayment the total aggregate principal amount of

outstanding bonds, notes or other obligations may be greater than three 1 hundred twenty-eight million five hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$328,515,000), only if the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations to be issued shall not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service the bonds, notes or other obligations so to be refunded or repaid. 7 For the purposes hereof, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obligations so refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the effective 10 11 interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obli-12 gations, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual 13 interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary to discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations from the payment dates thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations and to the 17 price bid including estimated accrued interest or proceeds received by the corporation including estimated accrued interest from the sale ther-18 19 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after 20 April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as 21 such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount 23 set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of 24 section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 90. Subdivision 3 of section 1689-h of the public authorities law, as added by section 5 of part Y of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

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- 3. To obtain funds for the purposes of this subdivision, the authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in an amount not to exceed one hundred million dollars excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for payment of the costs of expedited deployment funding in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred thirty-three of the county law. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 91. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 103 of chapter 18 of the laws of 2008, amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to racing corporations and associations, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$105,000,000, excluding bonds or notes issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds or notes and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing the acquisition of clear title to the Aqueduct, Belmont and Saratoga racetracks and related real property through a payment or payments by the state pursuant to an order of the United States bankruptcy court for the southern

district of New York approving a plan of reorganization of the New York racing association. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of site acquisition, costs relating to clearance of title, professional fees and costs of issuance. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-dof the state finance law providing therefor.

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(b) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$250,000,000, excluding bonds or notes issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds or notes and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing the design, acquisition, construction and equipment of such structures as may be necessary to properly house video lottery terminal gaming at Aqueduct racetrack. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to, the cost of property acquisition, studies, appraisals, surveys, testing, environmental impact statements, infrastructure, facility design, construction and equipment, costs of leasing space, professional fees and costs of issuance. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of statesupported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 92. Subdivision 2 of section 553-b of the public authorities law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 93. Section 21-e of chapter 432 of the laws of 1997, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the transportation, economic development and environmental conservation budget, is amended to read as follows:
- § 21-e. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs or making grants, loans or combinations thereof for community enhancement facilities projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed four hundred twenty-five million dollars total for all issuing authorities, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the authority shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the authority for debt service and

related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 94. Subdivision (c) of section 7 of chapter 796 of the laws of 1992, providing for enhancements to the center for science and technology on the campus of Syracuse University and the Cornell super computer center on the campus of Cornell University, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) The aggregate amount of the monies granted by the corporation to the university shall not exceed six million five hundred thousand dollars (\$6,500,000). Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of statesupported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 95. Subdivision (c) of section 13 of chapter 796 of the laws of 1992, providing for enhancements to the center for science and technology on the campus of Syracuse University and the Cornell super computer center on the campus of Cornell University, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) The aggregate principal amount of moneys granted by the corporation to the university shall be twelve million three hundred thousand dollars (\$12,300,000). Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 96. Section 4 of chapter 684 of the laws of 1986, relating to providing for the construction of the center for computers, microelectronics and telecommunications on the campus of Columbia University in the city of New York, as amended by chapter 796 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:
- § 4. Notwithstanding any general, special or local law, the corporation is hereby authorized to lend or otherwise disburse to the university proceeds received from the sale of the bonds and notes of the corporation in connection with the development of the center as provided herein, provided, that bonds issued for the purposes of this act and any renewals thereof shall mature not less than twenty years nor more than forty years after the date of issuance thereof or not less than twenty years nor more than forty years after the original issuance date of any note sold in anticipation of the issuance of any such bond, provided that the loan shall be secured by a first mortgage lien on the center, and provided further that bonds of an issue, proceeds from which were disbursed not as a loan, shall not be subject to subdivision (d) of section 15 of this chapter. Notwithstanding the provisions of this

section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 97. Section 15 of chapter 796 of the laws of 1992, providing for enhancements to the center for science and technology on the campus of Syracuse University and the Cornell super computer center on the campus of Cornell University, is amended to read as follows:
- § 15. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the urban development corporation act, the corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds and notes, in one or more offerings, in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed twenty-three million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$23,800,000), excluding costs of issuance including debt service reserve requirements, and to make the proceeds received from the sale of such bonds and notes available to Syracuse University, Cornell University and Columbia University in accordance with the provisions of sections two through seven, sections eight through thirteen, and section fourteen of this act. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- 98. Section 17 of chapter 796 of the laws of 1992, providing for enhancements to the center for science and technology on the campus of Syracuse University and the Cornell super computer center on the campus of Cornell University, is amended to read as follows:
- § 17. There is hereby established under the administration and direction of the Urban Development Corporation the Higher Education Applied 33 Technology Program. State funding for projects eligible under the Higher Education Applied Technology program shall be limited to seventy-five million dollars for the period April 1, 1993 through March 31, 1996 and 35 made available according to the following schedule:
 - 1. Long Island University
- 38 Brooklyn Health Technology Center 14,500,000 39
 - 2. Rochester Institute of Technology
 - Center for Integrated Manufacturing 9,500,000
- 41 3. Fordham University

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- 42 New University Library and Regional Education Technology
- 43 Center 9,000,000
- 44 4. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute
- 45 Center for Polymer Synthesis 4,500,000
- 46 5. State University of New York at Albany
- 47 Center for Environmental Sciences and Technology
- 48
- 49 6. City University of New York
- 50 Applied Science Coordinating Institute at the Graduate
- 51
- 52 7. Marist College
- Small Business Communications Network 1,000,000 53
- 54 8. Columbia University
- 55 Center for Disease Prevention 10,000,000
 - 9. State University of New York at Binghamton



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54 55 State funding for such programs during such period shall be limited to no more than twenty-five million dollars in any fiscal year. standing section 18 of the urban development corporation act, the Urban Development Corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds for such programs in an amount not to exceed seventy-five percent of the total funds made available in the Higher Education Applied Technology program, excluding costs of issuance including debt service requirements. At least twenty-five percent of state funds for such program shall be subject to appropriations from the capital projects fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 99. Section 18 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as amended by chapter 839 of the laws of 1987, the schedule as amended by chapter 214 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

§ 18. Bond authorization. The corporation shall not issue bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount exceeding one billion two hundred ninety-five million dollars, excluding (1) bonds and notes issued to refund or otherwise repay outstanding bonds and notes of the corporation or of the New York state project finance agency, (2) notes issued by the corporation to evidence eligible loans made to the corporation pursuant to the New York state project finance agency act, and (3) bonds and notes issued with the approval of the state director of the budget and the New York state public authorities control board which are secured by and payable solely out of a specific project, other than a residential project, undertaken by the corporation subsequent to June first, nineteen hundred seventy-seven, and the revenues and receipts derived therewithout recourse against other assets of the corporation or against a debt service reserve fund to which state funds are apportionable pursuant to subdivision three of section twenty of this act, provided that the corporation shall not issue bonds or notes pursuant to this clause (3) if (a) (i) the arrangements under which the project is undertaken do not provide for annual real property taxes, or payments in lieu of real property taxes, on the real property included in the project securing such bonds or notes which together at least equal the average annual real property taxes which were paid with respect to such real property for three years prior to the acquisition of such project or any portion thereof by the corporation or a subsidiary thereof, and after a public hearing, the local legislative body of the city, town or village in which such project is to be located has not consented to such arrangements, provided, however, that in a city having a population of one million or more such consent shall be given by the board of estimate of such city, or (b) the aggregate principal amount of any such bonds and notes is less than twice the amount of any moneys appropriated by the state and made available by the corporation to the project securing such bonds and notes, or (c) the aggregate principal amount of the bonds and notes issued pursuant to this clause (3) will thereby exceed three hundred seventy-nine million dollars, excluding bonds and notes issued to refund or otherwise repay outstanding bonds and notes issued pursuant to this clause (3), provided, however, that the corporation may provide for a pooled financing arrangement with

1 regard to bonds issued for the purposes of financing the construction of the Center for Computers, Microelectronics and Telecommunications at Columbia University, the Center for Science and Technology at Syracuse University, the Cornell Super Computer Center at Cornell University, the Onondaga County Convention Center Complex, the Center for Advanced Materials Processing at Clarkson University, the Center for Electro-Optic Imaging at University of Rochester, the Center for Neural Science at New 7 York University, the Alfred University Incubator Facilities in Allegany County and Steuben County, the Broadway Redevelopment Project, and the Sematech Semiconductor facility, and, that the aggregate amount of bonds which may be issued pursuant to this clause (3) shall be increased above the amounts in the following schedule for the purposes of providing for 13 the costs of issuance including any debt service reserve requirements that may be necessary in accordance with the following schedule:

15	Schedule	
16	Project	Amount
17	The Carborundum Company	
18	Niagara Falls	4,400,000
19	Hooker Chemicals & Plastics Corporation	
20	Niagara Falls	13,500,000
21	Moog, Inc.	
22	Town of Elma	8,925,000
23	Sybron Corporation	
24	Rochester	6,600,000
25	Refined Syrups & Sugars, Inc.	
26	Yonkers	7,500,000
27	Sheraton Hotel	
28	Utica	4,300,000
29	Urban Renewal Parcel	
30	Office Building	
31	Utica	5,000,000
32	Downtown Retail Center	
33	Binghamton	3,000,000
34	American Stock Exchange/Office Facility	•
35	New York City	- 0
36	New Printing Plant	16 000 000
37 38	New York City (Bronx)	16,000,000
	New Electronics Manufacturing Plant	0 000 000
39 40	New York City (Bronx)	8,000,000
41	Binghamton	6 000 000
42	Industrial Renewal Project	0,000,000
43	New York City (Brooklyn)	2 700 000
44	Manufacturing Plant Expansion	2,700,000
45	New York City (Bronx)	15.000.000
46	Shopping Mall	15,000,000
47	City of Buffalo	2 - 100 - 000
48	Nettleton Shoe	2,100,000
49	Syracuse	2,200,000
50	Batten Kill Railroad Project	_,,
51	Warren/Washington Counties	2,250,000
52	Carrier Corporation	_,,
53	Onondaga County	27,000,000
54	Center for Industrial Innovation	
55	City of Troy	33,000,000



Fordham Plaza
New York City (Bronx)
Freezer Queen Foods, Inc.
Buffalo 2,380,000
Chelsea Homes Project
Marlboro (Ulster County)
Columbia University
Center for Computers, Microelectronics
and Telecommunications
City of New York
Syracuse University
Center for Science and Technology
City of Syracuse
Cornell University
Cornell Super Computer Center
City of Ithaca 5,000,000
Onondaga County Convention
Center Complex at Syracuse 40,000,000
Clarkson University
Center for Advance
Materials Processing
University of Rochester Center for Elector-Optic Imaging 10,000,000
New York University Center for Neural Science 5,000,000
Alfred University Incubator Facilities in
Allegany County and Steuben County 10,000,000
Broadway Redevelopment Project
at Schenectady
Albany International
East Greenbush (Rensselaer County) 2,500,000
Sematech Semi-Conductor Facility
NEW YORK STATE 40.000.000
New York State
Stony Brook Incubator
Stony Brook Incubator Project

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The amounts in the above schedule are interchangeable among the projects listed but in no case may be used to fund or initiate any other project. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

- § 100. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (h) of section 22 of chapter 839 of the laws of 1987, constituting the omnibus economic development act of 1987, is amended to read as follows:
- (6) The aggregate amount of moneys loaned by the corporation to the county in connection with the development of the complex shall not exceed forty million dollars (\$40,000,000). Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law,



authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 101. Subdivision (a) of section 12-b of chapter 258 of the laws of 1993, relating to the development of sports facilities, as amended by section 3 of part M of chapter 61 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Sports facilities bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the New York state urban development corporation act and section 51 of the state finance law, the New York state urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$144,936,000, excluding bonds issued to fund a debt service reserve fund, to pay the costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of making grants or loans to provide assistance for the construction and improvement of sports facilities (1) appropriated in chapter 54 of the laws of 1994, chapter 55 of the laws of 1996 as added by chapter 53 of the laws of 1996 or a chapter of the laws of 2000, (2) reappropriated in chapter 54 of the laws of 1995 and all subsequent reappropriations, and (3) authorized by this chapter, and to reimburse the state capital projects fund for disbursements made therefor, in accordance with the 23 following project list:

24 Greater Rochester Outdoor Sports Facility

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25	at High Falls	15,250,000
26	Syracuse McArthur Stadium	16,000,000
27	Buffalo Sabres	25,000,000
28	Auburn	1,715,450
29	Batavia	1,400,000
30	Dutchess Co.	2,500,000
31	Elmira	200,000
32	Jamestown	217,500
33	Oneonta	150,000
34	Utica	400,000
35	Watertown	500,000
36	Broome Co. Hockey Arena	488,150
37	Cooperstown - Baseball Hall of Fame Stadium	125,000
38	Newburgh Football Field	2,000,000
39	Rochester War Memorial	12,590,000
40	Schenectady Tennis Center	500,000
41	Soccer Hall of Fame (Oneonta)	4,500,000
42	Nassau County Natatorium	24,000,000
43	Rich Stadium	8,000,000
44	Suffolk County Baseball Stadium	14,400,000
45	Rochester Rhino's Stadium	15,000,000

46 Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to the service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued 54 shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 102. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 5 of section 1680-g of the public authorities law, as amended by section 44 of part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) The dormitory authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of thirty million dollars for the purposes of this section; excluding bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 103. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 1689-e of the public authorities law, as added by section 2 of part Q of chapter 61 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- (b) The authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of ten million dollars for the purposes of this subdivision, excluding a principal amount of bonds or notes issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay for the costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds, and bonds or notes previously issued. Except for the purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds or notes.

In computing for the purposes of this subdivision, the aggregate amount of indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the authority issued pursuant to this subdivision, there shall be excluded the amount of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes, provided that the amount so excluded under this paragraph may exceed the principal amount of such bonds or notes that were issued to refund or otherwise repay only if the present value of the aggregate debt service on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes shall not have at the time of their issuance exceeded the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds or notes they were issued to refund or repay, such present value in each case being calculated by using the effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds or notes from the payment date thereof to the date of issue of the refunding or repayment bonds or notes and to the price bid therefor, or to the proceeds received by the dormitory authority from the sale thereof, in each case including estimated accrued interest. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 104. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part H of chapter 61 of the laws of 2000, authorizing bonds for the strategic investment program, is amended to read as follows:

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(a) Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the New York state urban development corporation, the dormitory authority of the state of New York or the environmental facilities corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$225,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of making grants, loans or combinations thereof for \$250,000 or more for environmental projects, including the preservation of historically significant places in New York state, and projects to conserve, acquire, develop or improve parklands, parks or public recreation areas; including economic development projects which will facilitate the creation or retention of jobs or increase business activity within a municipality or region of the state; including higher education projects; projects to establish new or rehabilitate existing business incubator facilities to accommodate emerging or small high technology companies; and arts or cultural projects; and to reimburse the state capital projects fund for disbursements made therefor. Such bonds and notes of the New York state urban development corporation, the dormitory authority of the state of New York or the environmental facilities corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the New York state urban development corporation, the dormitory authority of the state of New York or the environmental facilities corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 105. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part T of chapter 84 of the laws of 2002, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York to issue bonds and notes, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount, subject to the limitations contained in section eight of this act, not to exceed \$1,200,000,000 excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purposes of financing project costs authorized under this act. Such bonds and notes of the corporation or the dormitory authority shall not be a debt of the state and the state shall not be

1 liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation or the authority for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any 7 interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. All of the provisions of the New York state urban development corporation act and the dormitory authority act relating to bonds and notes which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this 10 11 section shall apply to obligations authorized by this section, including but not limited to the power to establish adequate reserves therefore 13 and to issue renewal notes or refunding bonds thereof. The issuance of 14 any bonds or notes hereunder shall further be subject to the approval of 15 the director of the division of the budget. Notwithstanding the 16 provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand 17 ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, 18 19 authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and 20 shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-sev-21 en-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 106. Subdivision (a) of section 27 of chapter 3 of the laws of 2004, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York to issue bonds and notes, is amended to read as follows:

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(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the New York State urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$350,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing economic development projects outside cities with a population of one million or more. Such bonds and notes of the corporation or the dormitory authority shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation or the dormitory authority for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. All of the provisions of the New York state urban development corporation act and the dormitory authority act relating to bonds and notes which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall apply to obligations authorized by this section, including but not limited to the power to establish adequate reserves therefor and to issue renewal notes or refunding bonds thereof. The issuance of any bonds or notes hereunder shall further be subject to the approval of the director of the division of the budget. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the

provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 107. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part X of chapter 59 of the laws of 2004, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York to issue bonds and notes, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the New York State urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$250,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing projects cost of the Empire Opportunity Fund; Rebuilding the Empire State Through Opportunities in Regional Economies (RESTORE) New York Program; and the Community Capital Assistance Program authorized pursuant to Part T of chapter 84 of the laws of 2002. Such bonds and notes of the corporation or the dormitory authority shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation or the dormitory authority for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. All of the provisions of the New York state urban development corporation act and the dormitory authority act relating to bonds and notes which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall apply to obligations authorized by this section, including but not limited to the power to establish adequate reserves therefor and to issue renewal notes or refunding bonds thereof. The issuance of any bonds or notes hereunder shall further be subject to the approval of the director of the division of the budget. standing the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 108. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of 2005, relating to the urban development corporation bonding authority, as added by section 3 of part C of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$250,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of reimbursing the state capital projects fund disbursements made pursuant to appropriations for the New York state high technology and development program, pursuant to a memorandum of understanding to be executed by the governor, the tempo-

1 rary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly, and further provided that the proceeds of such bonds or notes are authorized to be utilized to finance grants, loans or combinations thereof pursuant to the New York state high technology and development program, as appropriated by a chapter of the laws of 2005. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of design, financing, 7 acquisition and preparation, demolition, construction, rehabilitation, acquisition of machinery and equipment, parking facilities, and infrastructure. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuers shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall 10 11 they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuers for debt service and related expenses 12 13 pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of 14 this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the 16 internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall 17 only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand 18 19 ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, 20 21 authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and 22 shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-sev-23 en-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 109. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part S of chapter 59 of the laws of 2005, relating to the authority of the urban development corporation and the dormitory authority to issue bonds, as amended by section 1 of part C of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation or the dormitory authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$90,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of reimbursing the state capital projects fund disbursements made pursuant to appropriations for the regional economic development program pursuant to a memorandum of understanding to be executed by the governor, the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly. The proceeds of such bonds or notes are authorized to be utilized to finance grants, combinations thereof pursuant to the regional economic development program, as appropriated by a chapter of the laws of 2005. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of design, financing, site investigations, site acquisition and preparation, lition, construction, rehabilitation, acquisition of machinery and equipment, and infrastructure improvements. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuers shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuers for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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54 55 § 110. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part L-1 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, authorizing the urban development corporation to issue bonds, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the New York state urban development corporation act, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$50,000,000, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of making grants, loans or combinations thereof for economic development projects which will facilitate the creation or retention of jobs or increase business activity within downtown Buffalo, the Buffalo inner harbor area or surrounding environs; and to reimburse the state capital projects fund for disbursements made therefor. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, such project shall be determined pursuant to a memorandum of understanding to be executed by the governor, the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly. Eligible shall include, but not be limited to Hauptman-Woodward project(s) Medical Research Institute; Buffalo Medical Campus; University of - Center of Excellence in Bioinformatics; Roswell Park Cancer Institute Corporation; and other projects relating to historic preservation, Cultural facilities; and transportation projects. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the costs of design, financing, site acquisition and preparation, working capital, demolition, construction, rehabilitation, acquisition of machinery and equipment, parking facilities, and infrastructure. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 111. Subdivision (a) of section 55 of part K of chapter 81 of the laws of 2002 relating to the financing of certain buildings located in the city of Albany, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 18 of the New York state urban development corporation act, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs or making grants, loans or combinations thereof for the JOBS Now program, pursuant to appropriations contained



in a chapter or chapters of the laws of 2002 and section 16-h of the urban development corporation act, or to reimburse the state capital projects fund for disbursements made therefor. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed fourteen million three hundred thousand dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay 7 costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds 10 11 other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on 17 such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and 18 after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, 19 as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of 20 the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the 21 amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing 23 therefor.

§ 112. Subdivision (a) of section 1 of part X of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York to issue bonds or notes, as amended by section 1 of part J-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

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Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the New York State Urban Development Corporation or the Dormitory Authority are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$2,318,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of making grants, loans or combination thereof for economic development projects; university development projects; homeland security projects; environmental projects; public recreation projects; initiatives that promote academic research and development; projects that improve arts and cultural facilities; initiatives, including but not limited to, the development of photovoltaic technologies and other research and development regarding fuel diversification, energy conservation and energy efficiency in the transportation and energy sector; for a competitive solicitation for construction of a pilot cellulosic ethanol refinery; Ohel Camp for the Disabled; United Way 2-1-1; Cornell University Equine Testing Lab; Pipeline for Jobs; Towns of Bristol and Canandaigua Public Water System; Smithtown/Kings Park Psychiatric Center Rehabilitation; Belleayre Mountain Ski Center; State of New York Umbilical Cord Blood Bank; Old Gore Mountain Ski Bowl Connection; Brentwood State Park Athletic Complex; Adirondack Community Housing Trust; Ogdensburg Psychiatric Center; Fredonia Vineyard Laboratory; Renovation of Housing Facilities; or to reimburse state capital projects funds for disbursements made for such purposes pursuant to an appropriation contained in a chapter of the laws of 2006. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of design, site acquisition and preparation, demoli-

1 tion, construction, rehabilitation, acquisition of machinery and equipment, parking facilities, and infrastructure. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuers shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuers for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract 7 executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt 10 11 service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this 12 sion, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-13 supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section 14 sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance 16 with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law 17 providing therefor.

§ 113. Subdivision 11 of section 5-a of chapter 35 of the laws of 1979, relating to appropriating funds to the New York state urban development corporation, as added by chapter 3 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

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(11) Financing agreements. The development corporation and the state, acting through the director of the budget, are hereby authorized to enter into one or more financing agreements with respect to bonds (other than hotel bonds) on the terms and conditions as the director of budget and the development corporation agree, so as to annually provide to the development corporation, in the aggregate, a sum not to exceed the annual debt service payments and related expenses (including without limitation financing costs and costs and expenses under ancillary bond facilities and development corporation credit support agreements) required for the bonds secured by a financing agreement and subject to the limita-Copies of any such agreements, including any tions of this section. amendments thereto shall be submitted to the state comptroller and the chairs of the assembly committee on ways and means and the senate finance committee. The obligation of the state to fund or to pay the amounts provided for in any financing agreement, as in this section provided and as shall be provided in the financing agreement, shall not constitute a debt of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision and shall be deemed executory only to the extent of monies available; no liability shall be incurred by the state beyond the moneys available for such purpose; and such obligation is subject to annual appropriation by the legislature. The amounts paid to the development corporation pursuant to any such financing agreement shall be used by it solely to pay or provide for debt service payments and related expenses as more particularly set forth in the applicable financing agreement (including rebate to the federal government of certain earnings, if so required). The bonds for which each financing agreement is applicable (a) shall be issued with a final maturity of no more than thirty years, and (b) may be issued in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed the sum of \$350,000,000, excluding the amount determined by resolution of the development corporation to be required for refunding the outstanding Jacob K. Javits convention center bonds referred to in subdivision one of this section, and, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds and to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and (c) shall be subject to the provisions of article 5-B of the state finance law. It is

hereby determined and found that the development corporation, as a subsidiary of the urban development corporation, is an authorized issuer pursuant to article 5-C of the state finance law and that the bonds secured by a financing agreement, upon issuance in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this section, may be issued pursuant to such article. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on 7 and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the 10 provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing 11 12 therefor.

§ 114. Subdivision (a) of section 44 of chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, authorizing the urban development corporation to issue bonds, is amended to read as follows:

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- Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to \$74,700,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing grants, loans or combinations thereof for the infrastructure required to enable the construction of a new stadium in Queens. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of site acquisition, infrastructure, public amenities, environmental remediation if required by unusual site conditions, parking, transit improvements, extraordinary pilings costs, or any other item not directly associated with the hard or soft costs of construction (or work directly related to the construction) of the new stadium. No monies shall be used for construction of the new stadium structure, provided, however, an amount no greater than \$4,700,000 shall be available as a capital reserve for the construction of such stadium. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 115. Subdivision (a) of section 45 of chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, authorizing the urban development corporation to issue bonds, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$74,700,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service

1 reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing grants, loans or combinations thereof for the infrastructure required to construct a new parking facility at a new stadium in the Bronx. Eligible project costs may include, but not be limited to the cost of site acquisition, infrastructure, design, 7 and construction of a new parking garage. Provided, however, an amount no greater than \$4,700,000 shall be available as a capital reserve for the construction of such stadium. Such bonds and notes of such authorized issuer shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be 10 11 liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than 12 those appropriated by the state to such authorized issuer for debt 13 service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest 17 income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and 18 19 after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, 20 as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of 21 the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the 22 amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the 23 provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing 24 therefor.

§ 116. Subdivision (a) of section 43 of chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, authorizing the urban development corporation to issue bonds, is amended to read as follows:

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Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, but notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to \$75,000,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing economic development projects outside cities with a population of one million or more. Such bonds and notes of the corporation or the dormitory authority shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation or the dormitory authority for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. All of the provisions of the New York state urban development corporation act and the dormitory authority act relating to bonds and notes which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall apply to obligations authorized by this section, including but not limited to the power to establish adequate reserves [therefore] therefor and to issue renewal notes or refunding bonds thereof. The issuance of any bonds or notes hereunder shall further be subject to the approval of the director of the division of the budget. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of

section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 117. Section 42 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as added by section 54 of part T of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- § 42. New York state modernization projects. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the dormitory authority and the corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for the Roosevelt Island operating corporation related to the modernization of the aerial tramway, critical maintenance and improvement projects on Governor's Island, redevelopment initiatives at the Harriman research and technology park and USA Niagara and other state costs associated with such projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed fifty million four hundred fifty thousand dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the dormitory authority and the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 118. Section 41 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as added by chapter 259 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- § 41. International computer chip research and development center. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the urban development corporation is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs at the College of Nanoscale Science and Engineering of the University at Albany - State University of New York for the development and/or expansion of an international computer chip research and development center, including but not limited to the construction and renovation, purchase and installation of equipment or other state costs associated with the project at the College of Nanoscale Science and Engineering of the University at Albany - State University of New York. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed three hundred million dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. Such bonds and notes of the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be

liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than 1 those appropriated by the state to the corporation for principal, interand related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, 7 on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixtyseven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not 10 11 exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, 12 the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law provid-13 ing therefor.

§ 119. Subdivision 1 of section 43 of section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as amended by section 48 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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- Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the dormitory authority and the corporation are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series for the purpose of funding project costs for various economic development and regional initiatives, the upstate regional blueprint fund, the downstate revitalization fund, the upstate agricultural economic fund, the New York state capital assistance program, the New York state economic development assistance program and other state costs associated with such projects. The aggregate principal amount of bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed one billion three hundred ten million dollars, excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued. bonds and notes of the dormitory authority and the corporation shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the dormitory authority and the corporation for principal, interest, and related expenses pursuant to a service contract and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 120. Subdivision (a) of section 49-a of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, authorizing the New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York to issue bonds and notes, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) The New York state urban development corporation and the dormitory authority of the state of New York are hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$83,500,000 excluding bonds issued to finance one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing project costs of the H. H.

1 Richardson Complex and Darwin Martin House pursuant to an appropriation contained in a chapter of the laws of 2006. Such bonds and notes of the corporation or the dormitory authority shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out any funds other than those appropriated by the state to the corporation or the dormitory authority for debt service and related expenses 7 pursuant to any service contract executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall 10 11 only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. All of the provisions of the New York state urban development corporation act and the dormito-13 ry authority act relating to bonds and notes which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall apply to obligations authorized by this section, including but not limited to the power to establish adequate reserves therefor and to issue renewal notes or refunding 17 bonds thereof. The issuance of any bonds or notes hereunder shall 18 further be subject to the approval of the director of the division of 19 the budget. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and 20 after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, 21 as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of 22 the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the 23 provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing 25 therefor.

§ 121. Paragraph a of subdivision 2 of section 1680 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 25 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

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The dormitory authority is hereby authorized and empowered upon application of the educational institution concerned to acquire, design, construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate and improve, or otherwise provide and furnish and equip dormitories and attendant facilities for any educational institution, provided that any contract undertaken or financed by the dormitory authority for any construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of any building or structure commenced after September first, nineteen hundred seventy-four for the Gananda school district or the Gananda educational facilities corporation, or any agency, board or commission therein, or any official thereof, shall comply with the provisions of section one hundred one of the general municipal law and the specifications for such contract may provide for assignment of responsibility for coordination of any of the contracts for such work to a single responsible and qualified person, firm or corporation; provided, however, that all contracts construction of buildings on behalf of Queens Hospital Center shall be in conformity with the provisions of section one hundred one of the general municipal law; provided that any contracts for the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of any public work project undertaken by the dormitory authority of any facility for the aged for any political subdivision of the state or any district therein or agency, department, board or commission thereof, or any official thereof, shall comply with the provisions of section one hundred thirty-five of the state finance law; and provided further that any contract undertaken or financed by the dormitory authority for any construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of any building commenced after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine for the department of health shall comply with the provisions of section one hundred thirty-five of the state finance law.

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Each educational institution defined in subdivision one of this 3 section, except the department of health of the state of New York, shall, when authorized by an appropriate resolution adopted by its governing board or, when permitted, adopted by an appropriate committee 7 of such governing board, have power: (i) to convey or cause to be conveyed to the authority real property or rights in real property required in connection with the construction and financing of a dormitory by the authority for such educational institution; or (ii) to enter 10 11 into agreements or leases or both with the dormitory authority pursuant 12 to subdivision sixteen of section sixteen hundred seventy-eight of this 13 title and to paragraph e of this subdivision, or both, or, in the case 14 of the department of health of the state of New York, providing that legislation or appropriations which specifies the facilities to be 16 acquired, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated or improved for the 17 department of health of the state of New York and the total estimated 18 costs for each such facility, not to exceed four hundred ninety-five 19 million dollars in the aggregate, shall have been approved by the legis-20 lature, the commissioner of health shall have power: (i) to convey or 21 cause to be conveyed to the authority real property or rights in real property required in connection with the construction and financing of a 23 dormitory by the authority for such educational institution; or (ii) enter into agreements or leases or both with the dormitory authority pursuant to subdivision sixteen of section sixteen hundred seventy-eight of this title and to paragraph e of this subdivision or both. The educa-26 27 tional institution for which such dormitory and attendant facility is intended to be provided shall approve the plans and specifications and 29 location of such dormitory and attendant facility. The dormitory author-30 ity shall have the same power and authority in respect to such dormitories and attendant facilities provided pursuant to this subdivision that 31 32 it has relative to other dormitories. Notwithstanding the provisions of 33 this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued 35 36 shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accord-37 ance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance 38 law providing therefor.

§ 122. Paragraph b of subdivision 2 of section 9-a of section 1 of chapter 392 of the laws of 1973, constituting the New York state medical care facilities finance agency act, as amended by section 49-c of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

b. The agency shall have power and is hereby authorized from time to time to issue negotiable bonds and notes in conformity with applicable provisions of the uniform commercial code in such principal amount as, in the opinion of the agency, shall be necessary, after taking into account other moneys which may be available for the purpose, to provide sufficient funds to the facilities development corporation, or any successor agency, for the financing or refinancing of or for the design, construction, acquisition, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of mental health services facilities pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision, the payment of interest on mental health services improvement bonds and mental health services improvement notes issued for such purposes, the establishment of reserves to secure such bonds and notes, the cost or premium of bond insurance or the costs of any financial mechanisms which may be used to reduce the debt service that would be

1 payable by the agency on its mental health services facilities improvement bonds and notes and all other expenditures of the agency incident to and necessary or convenient to providing the facilities development corporation, or any successor agency, with funds for the financing or refinancing of or for any such design, construction, acquisition, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement and for the refunding of mental 7 hygiene improvement bonds issued pursuant to section 47-b of the private housing finance law; provided, however, that the agency shall not issue mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health services facilities improvement notes in an aggregate principal amount 10 11 exceeding seven billion three hundred sixty-six million six hundred thousand dollars, excluding mental health services facilities improve-13 ment bonds and mental health services facilities improvement notes 14 issued to refund outstanding mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health services facilities improvement notes; provided, however, that upon any such refunding or repayment of mental 17 health services facilities improvement bonds and/or mental health 18 services facilities improvement notes the total aggregate principal 19 amount of outstanding mental health services facilities improvement bonds and mental health facilities improvement notes may be greater than 20 21 seven billion three hundred sixty-six million six hundred thousand dollars only if, except as hereinafter provided with respect to mental health services facilities bonds and mental health services facilities notes issued to refund mental hygiene improvement bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to the provisions of section 47-b of the private housing finance law, the present value of the aggregate debt service of the 27 refunding or repayment bonds to be issued shall not exceed the present value of the aggregate debt service of the bonds to be refunded or repaid. For purposes hereof, the present values of the aggregate debt 29 service of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations 30 and of the aggregate debt service of the bonds, notes or other obli-31 gations so refunded or repaid, shall be calculated by utilizing the 32 33 effective interest rate of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations, which shall be that rate arrived at by doubling the 35 semi-annual interest rate (compounded semi-annually) necessary discount the debt service payments on the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations from the payment dates thereof to the date of 38 issue of the refunding or repayment bonds, notes or other obligations 39 and to the price bid including estimated accrued interest or proceeds 40 received by the authority including estimated accrued interest from the 41 sale thereof. Such bonds, other than bonds issued to refund outstanding bonds, shall be scheduled to mature over a term not to exceed the aver-43 age useful life, as certified by the facilities development corporation, 44 of the projects for which the bonds are issued, and in any case shall 45 not exceed thirty years and the maximum maturity of notes or any renewals thereof shall not exceed five years from the date of the 47 original issue of such notes. Notwithstanding the provisions of this the agency shall have the power and is hereby authorized to 48 section, issue mental health services facilities improvement bonds and/or mental health services facilities improvement notes to refund outstanding mental hygiene improvement bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to the provisions of section 47-b of the private housing finance law and the amount of bonds issued or outstanding for such purposes shall not be included for purposes of determining the amount of bonds issued pursuant 55 to this section. The director of the budget shall allocate the aggregate principal authorized to be issued by the agency among the office of



mental health, office of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, and the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, in consultation with their respective commissioners to finance bondable appropriations previously approved by the legislature. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 123. The opening paragraph of section 1680-j of the public authorities law, as amended by section 54 of part B of chapter 58 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the dormitory authority of the state of New York is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed seven hundred fifty million dollars excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purposes of financing project costs authorized under section twenty-eight hundred eighteen of the public health law. Of such seven hundred fifty million dollars, million dollars shall be made available to the community health centers capital program established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred seventeen of the public health law. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 124. Subdivision (a) of section 66 of chapter 432 of the laws of 1997, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the transportation, economic development and environmental conservation budget, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or special law to the contrary, the dormitory authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or notes in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed forty million dollars for the financing of construction, reconstruction, improvement, reconditioning, and preservation of airport or aviation capital projects at Albany county airport and associated roadwork; provided, however, that in addition to such bonds, the authority may issue an aggregate principal amount of bonds sufficient to fund any reserve funds established in connection therewith, to provide capitalized interest on the bonds or notes, to pay the costs incurred by the authority in connection with the issuance and servicing of any such bonds, and to refund, advance refund or otherwise repay any bonds or notes issued pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 125. Subdivision (b) of section 11 of chapter 329 of the laws of 1991, amending the state finance law and other laws relating to the



establishment of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund, as amended by section 49 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

(b) Any service contract or contracts for projects authorized pursuant to sections 10-c, 10-f, 10-g and 80-b of the highway law and section 14-k of the transportation law, and entered into pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, shall provide for state commitments to provide annually to the thruway authority a sum or sums, upon such terms and conditions as shall be deemed appropriate by the director of the budget, to fund, or fund the debt service requirements of any bonds or any obligations of the thruway authority issued to fund such projects having a cost not in excess of \$5,860,800,000 cumulatively by the end of fiscal year 2009-10. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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§ 126. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 385 of the public authorities law, as amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 60 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The authority is hereby authorized, as additional corporate purposes thereof solely upon the request of the director of the budget: (i) to issue special emergency highway and bridge trust fund bonds and notes for a term not to exceed thirty years and to incur obligations secured by the moneys appropriated from the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established in section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law; (ii) to make available the proceeds in accordance with instructions provided by the director of the budget from the sale of such special emergency highway and bridge trust fund bonds, notes or other obligations, net of all costs to the authority in connection therewith, for the purposes of financing all or a portion of the costs of activities for which moneys in the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established in section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law are authorized to be utilized or for the financing of disbursements made by the state for the activities authorized pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law; and (iii) to enter into agreements with the commissioner of transportation pursuant to section ten-e of the highway law with respect to financing for any activities authorized pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law, or agreements with the commissioner of transportation pursuant to sections ten-f and ten-g of the highway law in connection with activities on state highways pursuant to these sections, and (iv) to enter into service contracts, contracts, agreements, deeds and leases with the director of the budget or the commissioner of transportation and project sponsors and others provide for the financing by the authority of activities authorized pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law, and each of the director of the budget and the commissioner of transportation are hereby authorized to enter into service contracts, contracts, agreements, deeds and leases with the authority, project sponsors or others to provide for such financing. The authority shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of \$16.5 billion, plus a principal amount of bonds or notes: (A) to fund capital reserve funds; (B) to provide capitalized interest; and, (C) to fund other costs of issuance. In computing for the purposes of this subdivision, the aggregate amount

1 of indebtedness evidenced by bonds and notes of the authority issued pursuant to this section, as amended by a chapter of the laws of nineteen hundred ninety-six, there shall be excluded the amount of bonds or notes issued that would constitute interest under the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the amount of indebtedness issued to refund or otherwise repay bonds or notes. Notwith-7 standing the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, 10 and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section 11 12 sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

§ 127. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 8 of section 3236 of the public authorities law, as amended by chapter 2 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:

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- (a) The corporation shall not issue any bonds or notes in an amount in excess of four billion seven hundred million dollars, plus a principal amount of bonds or notes:
- (i) to fund any capital reserve fund in accordance with the capital reserve fund requirement,
- (ii) to provide capitalized interest for a period not to exceed six months, and
- (iii) to provide for the payment of fees and other charges and expenses, including underwriters' discount, related to the issuance of such bonds or notes, or related to the provision of any applicable bond or note facilities. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 128. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 47-e of the private housing finance law, as amended by section 47 of part PP of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Subject to the provisions of chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, in order to enhance and encourage the promotion of housing programs and thereby achieve the stated purposes and objectives of such housing programs, the agency shall have the power and is hereby authorized from time to time to issue negotiable housing program bonds and notes in such principal amount as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for the repayment of amounts disbursed (and not previously reimbursed) pursuant to law or any prior year making capital appropriations or reappropriations for the purposes of the housing program; provided, however, that the agency may issue such bonds and notes in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding two billion four hundred twenty-eight million one hundred forty-one thousand dollars, plus a principal amount of bonds issued to fund the debt service reserve fund in accordance with the debt service reserve fund requirement established by the agency and to fund any other reserves that the agency reasonably deems necessary for the security or marketability of such bonds and to provide for the payment of fees and other charges and expenses, ing underwriters' discount, trustee and rating agency fees, bond insurance, credit enhancement and liquidity enhancement related to the issuance of such bonds and notes. No reserve fund securing the housing program bonds shall be entitled or eligible to receive state funds

apportioned or appropriated to maintain or restore such reserve fund at or to a particular level, except to the extent of any deficiency resulting directly or indirectly from a failure of the state to appropriate or pay the agreed amount under any of the contracts provided for in subdivision four of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.

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- § 129. Subdivision (a) of section 2 of part R-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006 relating to dormitory authority bonds, is amended to read as follows:
- Subject to the provisions of chapter 59 of the laws of 2000, the New York state thruway authority is hereby authorized to issue bonds or in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$22,000,000 excluding bonds issued to fund one or more debt service reserve funds, to pay costs of issuance of such bonds, and bonds or notes issued to refund or otherwise repay such bonds or notes previously issued, for the purpose of financing capital costs related to high speed rail projects for the department of transportation, including the reimbursement of any disbursements made from the state capital projects fund. Such bonds and notes of the authority shall not be a debt of the state, and the state shall not be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those appropriated by the state of the authority for debt service and related expenses pursuant to any service contracts executed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, and such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect. Except for purposes of complying with the internal revenue code, any interest income earned on bond proceeds shall only be used to pay debt service on such bonds. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, on and after April first, two thousand ten, the amount of state-supported debt, as such term is defined in subdivision one of section sixty-seven-a of the state finance law, authorized to be issued shall not exceed the amount set forth in, and shall be issued in accordance with, the provisions of section sixty-seven-d of the state finance law providing therefor.
- § 130. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2010, provided, however, that:
- (a) section forty-two of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2008;
- (b) sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, eighteen, and nineteen through twenty-nine of this act shall expire March 31, 2011, when, upon such date, the provisions of such sections shall be deemed repealed;
- (c) the amendments to subdivision 5 of section 97-rrr of the state finance law made by section fifteen of this act shall not affect the expiration of such subdivision and shall be deemed to expire therewith;
- 51 (d) the amendments to paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 236-a 52 of the education law, made by section fifty-eight of this act, shall not 53 affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed there-54 with; and



- 1 (e) sections thirty-seven and fifty-eight-a of this act shall be 2 deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after March 31, 3 2010.
- § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
- 13 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 14 the applicable effective date of Parts A through JJ of this act shall be 15 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.

