

New York State

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

George E. Pataki, Governor John F. Cape, Acting Director

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INTRODUCTION

This Mid-Year Financial Plan Update for 2004-05 (the "Update") is submitted pursuant to Section 23 of the State Finance Law.

In this Update readers will find:

- An explanation of the mid-year revisions to the 2004-05 Enacted Budget Financial Plan and updated gap projections for 2005-06 and 2006-07;
- A revised forecast for the national and State economies that supports the current Financial Plan projections;
- Monthly General Fund cash flow projections for 2004-05;
- A discussion of Financial Plan reserves and risks;
- Updated 2004-05 receipts and disbursements estimates under the Health Care Reform Act (HCRA); and,
- Updated information on the State's debt outstanding and debt service caps, as well as the State's variable rate debt levels.

Financial Plan tables summarizing (a) the General Fund, State Funds, and All Governmental Funds Cash-basis Financial Plans, (b) the monthly General Fund cash flow, (c) the quarterly HCRA cash flow, and (d) General Fund, State Funds, and All Governmental Funds spending by function appear at the end of this Update.

The Enacted Budget estimates cited in this Update were published in the Division of the Budget's (DOB) report, "2004-05 Enacted Budget Report," issued on September 14, 2004.

Both this Update and the Enacted Budget Report are available on-line at <u>www.budget.state.ny.us</u> or by contacting the Division of the Budget, State Capitol, Albany, NY 12224, (518) 473-8705.

GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

On September 14, 2004, the Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the Enacted Budget Report for the 2004-05 fiscal year. DOB projected General Fund receipts of \$42.7 billion, General Fund disbursements of \$43.0 billion, and a change of \$50 million in fund balances, resulting in a potential imbalance of \$434 million in the General Fund in 2004-05. The projections reflected the impact of the Governor's vetoes of certain legislative additions to the Executive Budget, valued at roughly \$235 million of savings in the current fiscal year. To fully eliminate the current-year imbalance and help reduce the projected budget gaps of \$5 billion to \$6 billion in 2005-06 and \$7 billion to \$8 billion in 2006-07, DOB began preparation of a Fiscal Management Plan (FMP) in cooperation with State agencies.

DOB now projects that General Fund receipts will total \$43.0 billion in 2004-05, an increase of \$359 million from the Enacted Budget estimate. Disbursements are now projected to total \$43.2 billion, an increase of \$215 million. The revisions to revenue and spending, which are based upon results to date and a revised economic outlook, are explained in more detail later in this Update. The most significant changes include upward revisions to the personal income tax (PIT) and the real estate transfer taxes, offset by higher costs for Medicaid and the Department of Correctional Services.

The net impact of revenue and spending revisions leaves a potential current year imbalance of \$290 million that DOB plans to close through the FMP. To date, the FMP has generated \$66 million in administrative savings. The DOB will continue to work with agencies to develop administrative and legislative actions to achieve the remaining \$224 million of savings needed to balance the 2004-05 budget and to begin to reduce the outyear gaps. In addition to the expected FMP savings, the Financial Plan also assumes that Empire conversion resources will be available by the end of this fiscal year to avoid additional General Fund costs in the range of \$200 million to \$400 million in 2004-05 (the risks surrounding the conversion proceeds are described later in this Update).

The projected imbalance of \$224 million constitutes roughly one half of one percent of total General Fund spending and as such falls within the range that DOB believes can be managed through Financial Plan actions. The State has a balance of approximately \$800 million in its rainy day reserve (Tax Stabilization Reserve Fund) that could be used to offset a potential shortfall in FMP savings or conversion proceeds. However, DOB does not expect to draw on this fund to maintain budget balance in 2004-05.

The following table summarizes the changes since the Enacted Budget. A detailed explanation of the changes is provided later in this Update.

General Fund (millions of dollars)						
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-0			
nacted Budget (Before Vetoes & FMP)	(669)	(6,350)	(7,954			
Vetoes	235	211	259			
nacted Budget (Before FMP)	(434)	(6,139)	(7,695			
Revenues	359	513	50			
New Costs	(215)	(819)	(96			
Medicaid	(90)	(109)	(17			
DOCS	(75)	(89)	(10-			
Lottery	(55)	0				
Collective Bargaining	(43)	(205)	(19			
Mental Hygiene	(15)	(111)	(15			
School Aid	0	(207)	(32			
SUNY	0	(80)	(8			
All Other Changes	63	(18)	6			
Fiscal Management Plan Savings	290	450	450			
FMP Savings Achieved (to date)	66	83	4			
Remaining FMP Savings Needed	224	367	403			
id-Year Update	0	(5,995)	(7,708			

As a result of the mid-year revisions, the DOB projects that All Governmental Funds spending will total \$101.3 billion in 2004-05, an increase of \$84 million from the Enacted Budget.

Fiscal Management Plan

The Governor directed DOB to develop a FMP to reduce State Operations costs, curtail nonessential spending, and identify other cost containment actions to bring the General Fund into balance and begin to address the 2005-06 and 2006-07 budget gaps. The following table summarizes the savings achieved to date and the remaining savings needed to achieve budget balance in the current year.

	ement Plan Savings ons of dollars)		
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07
FMP Savings Achieved (to date)	66	83	47
SUNY	23	25	22
Medicaid	20	23	0
Health	13	13	10
Mental Hygiene	6	15	8
Tax and Finance	3	6	6
All Other	1	1	1
Remaining FMP Savings to be Achieved	224	367	403
Total Fiscal Management Plan Savings	290	450	450

FMP savings include the implementation of administrative efficiencies in several programs run by the agencies noted above, and the maximization of Federal and other available resources. These savings include lower spending for State University of New York (SUNY) operating aid (\$23 million), maximization of offsets in the Medicaid Escrow Account (\$20 million), and efficiencies in the Early Intervention Program (\$10 million). FMP savings were also achieved by the Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services, the Office of Children and Family Services, the Office of Employee Relations, Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, the Public and Private Employment Relations Board and the Commission on Quality of Care for the Mentally Disabled.

The DOB will continue to work in cooperation with State agency managers to develop administrative and legislative actions to achieve the full value of FMP savings counted on in the three-year Financial Plan. In addition to administrative savings, elements of the plan may include cost containment proposals that can be presented for legislative consideration later this year.

Vetoes

On August 20, 2004, Governor Pataki exercised his veto authority. This action contributed to closing approximately one-third of the projected imbalance at that time. The Mid-Year Financial Plan Update relies upon the \$235 million in General Fund savings from vetoes in 2004-05 with comparable savings in 2005-06 and 2006-07. In addition, the Governor also vetoed \$1.6 billion in new bonding for capital spending. Under the State Constitution, the Legislature act on the Governor's vetoes through December 31, 2004, or enact additional appropriations, subject to gubernatorial veto, at any time during the 2004-05 fiscal year.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

National Economy

The outlook for the US economy remains essentially unchanged from that reported in the Enacted Budget. The national economy, as measured by real U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP), grew 4.9 percent during the first half of 2004 compared to the same period last year, however, output growth is expected to slow to 4.3 percent for the year reflecting slower second half growth. DOB expects output growth to slow to 3.2 percent in 2005 consistent with DOB's estimate of historical trend growth for the economy. The Federal Reserve increased its Federal Funds rate target at each of its last three meetings, from 1.00 percent to 1.75 percent, and is expected to continue to raise rates at a "measured pace" through 2005 and beyond. Rising interest rates, fading fiscal stimulus, as well as higher energy costs are expected to contribute to lower real consumption growth -- the major factor in the expected slowdown in output growth.

Output has been growing above trend and employment growth has remained essentially consistent with DOB's projections. However, the labor market is expected to improve in 2005, with employment growth accelerating to 1.8 percent, following 1.0 percent growth for 2004. The outlook for personal income is weaker than in the Enacted Budget Report due largely to the impact of the hurricanes late in 2004 and the return to trend growth in 2005 (just above 3 percent annually). Personal income is expected to grow 5.3 percent in 2005, following 5.2 percent growth for 2004. In addition, DOB now expects moderately higher inflation for 2005 than projected in the Enacted Budget Report, primarily due to the persistent rise in oil prices. Consumer prices are expected to grow 2.7 percent in both 2004 and 2005.

Major Economic Indicators						
	2003	2004	2005			
Gross Domestic Product (real)	3.0	4.3	3.2			
Personal Income	3.2	5.2	5.3			
Nonfarm Employment	(0.3)	1.0	1.8			
Consumer Price Index	2.3	2.7	2.7			
Note: Numbers above are percent change/calendar year. DOB estimates are based on National Income and Product Account data through September 2004.						

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, DOB staff estimates.

DOB's forecast is not without risk. If oil prices remain above \$50 per barrel, both inflation and interest rates could be higher and real output growth lower than expected. Persistent geopolitical uncertainty could combine with higher energy prices resulting in slower profit growth and slower job growth than expected. In turn, continued weakness in the labor market could further depress consumption spending. In contrast, if oil prices decline faster than expected, real consumption and output could be stronger, while inflation could be weaker than predicted.

State Economy

DOB's New York State Index of Coincident Economic Indicators shows that the State economy entered a recovery in September 2003. The State economy has added about 70,000 private sector jobs since August of last year. The DOB outlook for the State labor market is slightly weaker than projected in the Enacted Budget Report, but represents a significant improvement from the 0.6 percent decline observed in 2003. The total State employment is projected to rise 0.3 percent in 2004, followed by growth of 0.9 percent in 2005. Wage income is projected to rise 5.6 percent in 2004, followed by growth of 4.7 percent for 2005, representing virtually no change from the Enacted Budget Report. Employment, wage, and total personal income growth projected for 2004 and 2005 reflect the belief that the State economy is solidly on an expansionary path.

In addition to the risks associated with the national economic forecast, there exist specific risks to the State economy. Chief among them is a weaker performance within the financial sector than is currently projected. Higher energy prices and lower corporate profits could have a negative impact on equity markets, causing securities industry profits to be significantly lower than projected. A weaker financial market performance than expected could result in lower bonus payment growth than projected, with this impact largely felt during the first quarter of 2005. In contrast, a stronger national economy than anticipated could result in greater equity market growth and, in turn, stronger finance sector income growth than currently expected.

Major Economic Indicators						
	2003	2004	2005			
Personal Income	2.3	5.3	4.8			
Nonagricultural Employment(0.6)0.30.9						
Unemployment Rate	6.3	6.0	5.6			
Note: Numbers above are percent changes for personal income and nonagricultural employment and percents for the unemployment rate, calendar year basis. Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, NYS Department of Labor, DOB staff estimates.						

ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SUMMARY

Summary of Receipt Changes

Total receipts in 2004-05 are now projected at \$43.0 billion in the General Fund, an increase of \$359 million from the Enacted Budget and an annual increase of \$687 million (1.6 percent). State Funds receipts are estimated at \$63.4 billion, \$287 million above the Enacted Budget and an annual increase of \$1.3 billion (2.0 percent). In All Governmental Funds, the broadest measure of the State budget, receipts are projected to total \$100.6 billion, an increase of \$445 million above the Enacted Budget and \$1.6 billion (1.6 percent) over 2003-04. A detailed discussion of annual growth in receipts is contained in the Enacted Budget Report.

	eceipt Changes of dollars)		
(General	State	All
_	Fund	Funds	Funds
2003-04 Actuals	42,327	62,170	98,989
2004-05 Enacted Budget	42,655	63,153	100,118
Personal Income Tax	227	300	300
PIT Revenue Bond Tax Fund Transfer	73	0	0
Real Estate Transfer Tax	165	165	165
Miscellaneous Receipts	(91)	(183)	(189)
Federal Grants	6	5	169
All Other Changes	(21)	0	0
Net Change from Enacted Budget	359	287	445
2004-05 Mid-Year Update	43,014	63,440	100,563
Annual Change from 2003-04			
Dollar Change	687	1,270	1,574
Percent Change	1.6%	2.0%	1.6%
Annual Change Adjusted for \$1.9B in Tobacco			
Proceeds Received in 2003-04			
Dollar Change	2,587	3,170	3,474
Percent Change	6.4%	5.3%	3.6%

NOTE: Annual growth is affected by the deferral of \$1.9 billion in payments from 2002-03 to 2003-04. The deferral artificially inflates the 2003-04 spending base and thus understates the annual change to 2004-05. Accordingly, DOB is reporting the annual spending change on both an adjusted (excluding the impact of payment deferrals) and unadjusted basis.

Personal Income Tax/Revenue Bond Tax Fund: Total PIT receipts in the General Fund are estimated at \$18.7 billion in 2004-05, an increase of \$227 million in the Enacted Budget estimate. DOB has revised the estimate for net income tax receipts from All Governmental Funds upward by \$300 million reflecting stronger-than-expected collections results through September. The estimate includes an additional \$376 million in current-year estimated tax payments reflecting stronger-than-expected results to date, and a net increase of \$25 million in final returns for the 2003 tax year, refunds, and delinquencies, offset by a lower withholding estimate (\$101 million). Deposits to the Revenue Bond Tax Fund (RBTF) are increased by \$73

million reflecting better-than-expected results to date. Current year results are expected to exceed 2003-04 actual collections by almost \$3.0 billion. This reflects a net positive change in the Refund Reserve Account of almost \$1.3 billion. Important risks affecting the PIT estimate include the strength of growth in the overall economy, financial and real estate markets, and financial sector compensation trends.

Real Estate Transfer Taxes: Real estate transfer taxes are now expected to exceed Enacted Budget estimates by \$165 million reflecting the strong commercial and residential real estate markets.

Miscellaneous Receipts: In the General Fund, miscellaneous receipts are expected to total \$2.3 billion in 2004-05, \$91 million lower than the Enacted Budget estimate. The decrease in expected collections is primarily due to a decrease of \$112 million in license and fees revenues to compensate for lower-than-expected collections to date, and changes in the valuation of previous law changes. This decline is partially compensated for by an increase of \$27 million in other transactions in expectation of increases in medical provider assessments revenues and higher-than-expected collections to date. Miscellaneous receipts have declined significantly from 2003-04 reflecting the loss of one-time receipts.

In All Governmental Funds, miscellaneous receipts are projected to decrease by \$189 million from the Enacted Budget estimates. This decrease is primarily due to \$91 million in General Fund changes described above, reductions in bond proceeds resulting from lower than anticipated spending in the Dedicated Highway and Bridge Trust Fund (\$60 million) and in the Capital Projects Fund (\$24 million), lower receipts from the delayed implementation of the New York State Options for People Through Services Program (\$62 million) (NYS-OPTS a system of services for individuals with developmental disabilities intended to provide them with greater flexibility and choices about their own care), and \$55 million in lower Lottery receipts primarily due to a reduction in the Video Lottery Terminal (VLT) program estimate based upon the results to date. These decreases are offset by higher SUNY receipts of \$142 million generated primarily by hospital services (\$46 million), self-supporting program revenue (\$13 million) and Capital Projects Funds (\$42 million) to support spending.

Federal Grants: Receipts in this category have been increased by \$169 million above the Enacted Budget primarily to support higher projected spending for Medicaid (\$125 million) as described below and Children and Families Services including adoption and foster care (\$47 million).

All Other Changes: In comparison to the Enacted Budget forecast, all other receipts have been revised downward by \$21 million. The principal revisions include a higher transfer for capital projects related to the Consolidated Highway Improvement Program offset by debt service savings.

The estimates for both user taxes and fees and business taxes remain unchanged from the Enacted Budget forecast. However, although the total amounts estimated for business taxes in 2004-05 are unchanged, DOB has made some adjustments to estimates of various taxes within this category. The bank tax estimate is increased by \$120 million due to stronger than anticipated collections to date, offset by lower-than-expected corporate franchise tax (\$91 million) and utility tax (\$29 million) payments.

Summary of Disbursement Changes

The DOB projects General Fund disbursements will total \$43.2 billion in 2004-05, an increase of \$149 million over the Enacted Budget estimate, after reflecting FMP savings to date. State Funds and All Governmental Funds disbursements are projected to reach \$64.3 billion and \$101.3 billion in 2004-05, reflecting a modest net reduction in spending of \$20 million in State Funds and a slight increase of \$84 million in All Governmental Funds from the Enacted Budget. The major components of the disbursement changes since the Enacted Budget are summarized in the following table and are explained in more detail below.

Summary of Disbursement Changes (millions of dollars)						
	General State Fund Funds		All Funds			
2003-04 Actuals	42,065	61,332	97,326			
2004-05 Enacted Budget	43,039	64,293	101,207			
Medicaid	90	24	149			
SUNY	0	113	118			
DOCS	75	75	81			
Lottery	55	0	0			
Judiciary	43	43	43			
Mental Hygiene	15	(50)	(46)			
Transportation	0	(78)	(132)			
All Other Changes	(63)	(85)	(67)			
Subtotal	215	42	146			
FMP Savings to Date	(66)	(62)	(62)			
Net Change from Enacted Budget	149	(20)	84			
2004-05 Mid-Year Update	43,188	64,273	101,291			
Annual Change from 2003-04						
Dollar Change	1,123	2,941	3,965			
Percent Change	2.7%	4.8%	4.1%			
Annual Change Adjusted for \$1.9B in Payment Deferrals Paid in 2003-04						
Dollar Change	3,023	4,841	5,865			
Percent Change	7.5%	8.1%	6.1%			

NOTE: Annual growth is affected by the deferral of \$1.9 billion in payments from 2002-03 to 2003-04. The deferral artificially inflates the 2003-04 spending base and thus understates the annual change to 2004-05. Accordingly, DOB is reporting the annual spending change on both an adjusted (excluding the impact of payment deferrals) and unadjusted basis.

Medicaid: All Governmental Funds Medicaid spending is expected to increase by \$149 million over the Enacted Budget estimate. The revision is comprised of higher spending in the General Fund (\$90 million) and Federal Funds (\$125 million), partially offset by lower spending in other State funds (\$66 million). The General Fund spending revisions and the corresponding increase in the Federal share of Medicaid costs are the result of higher than expected prescription drug prices and pharmacy utilization (\$80 million) and personal and home health care utilization (\$60 million), partially offset by underspending for various other services, including inpatient and outpatient hospital services (\$50 million). In addition, projected Special Revenue Fund spending for certain programs funded through HCRA and disbursements

associated with disproportionate share payments to hospitals are expected to be lower than the Enacted Budget estimates.

State University of New York: Projected All Governmental Funds spending has been increased by \$118 million over the Enacted Budget estimate primarily due to reestimates for operating costs associated with SUNY hospitals (\$46 million) and SUNY State-operated campuses (\$13 million), and reestimates in capital projects spending (\$42 million) based upon year-to-date experience.

Lottery: Total receipts from the Lottery Fund, which are used to finance school aid spending, are estimated to be \$55 million lower than the Enacted Budget projection. These lower receipts are primarily due to a reduction in VLTs revenues based upon the trend of actual receipts to date (\$82 million) offset by the use of available fund balances (\$27 million).

Department of Correctional Services: On an All Governmental Funds basis, projected DOCS spending has been increased by \$81 million over the Enacted Budget estimate. This revision primarily reflects higher than expected costs for health services and pharmaceuticals (\$35 million), overtime (\$30 million), and fuel and utility expenses (\$10 million).

Judiciary: The estimate for Judiciary spending has been increased by \$43 million over the Enacted Budget estimate to reflect an increase in personal service costs resulting from the recently negotiated collective bargaining agreement.

Mental Hygiene: All Governmental Funds spending in the Office of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities (OMRDD) is expected to decrease by \$46 million from the Enacted Budget estimate primarily due to the delayed implementation of OMRDD's NYS-OPTS Program.

Transportation: The revisions from the Enacted Budget estimates are driven primarily by a reestimate of capital projects spending in the Capital Projects Fund (\$24 million), the Dedicated Highway and Bridge Trust Fund (\$60 million), and Federal Funds (\$57 million) based upon year-to-date experience.

All Other Changes: The \$63 million downward revision in the General Fund reflects changes in various programs based upon year-to-date experience, including reestimates to general state charges due in part to lower worker's compensation costs (\$56 million) and debt service (\$4 million).

Fiscal Management Plan Savings: Savings achieved through implementation of the FMP amount to \$66 million in the General Fund and \$62 million in State Funds and All Governmental Funds. FMP savings achieved to date include the implementation of administrative efficiencies in several programs and the maximization of Federal and other available resources as described earlier in this Update.

Collective Bargaining: DOB still continues to project General Fund collective bargaining costs of \$274 million in 2004-05 for Executive Branch agencies. The costs for the unions that have reached labor settlements, including the Civil Service Employees Association, the United University Professions, and the Professional Employee Federation, and the State's Management-Confidential employees, have been allocated from a central reserve to the appropriate agencies/programs with this Update. The State still assumes that the costs for the unions that have not yet reached collective bargaining agreements (e.g., NYSCOPBA, Council 82) will be consistent with these concluded labor settlements.

GENERAL FUND OUTYEAR PROJECTIONS

The DOB projects General Fund budget gaps in the range of \$6 billion in 2005-06 and \$7 billion to \$8 billion in 2006-07, essentially unchanged from the Enacted Budget estimates.

The current gap projections are subject to revision as additional information becomes available about, among other things, the national and State economies, financial sector activity, entitlement spending and social service caseloads, and State reimbursement obligations that are driven by local government activity. Key factors include: end-of-year business tax collections; calendar year economic results; year-end financial sector bonus income data; the school aid database update in November; and quarterly Medicaid and welfare cycle trend analyses. Historically, these factors have been subject to a high degree of fluctuation across the forecast period, and could produce results above or below the current projections.

Sources of Projected General Fund Outyear Gaps

As noted in the Enacted Budget Report, the projected gaps are primarily the result of anticipated spending increases that exceed the growth in revenue collections, and the loss of nonrecurring resources used to help balance the budget in 2004-05. The following chart provides a "zero-based" look at the 2005-06 gap.

Sources of 2005-06 Budget Gap (billions of dollars)	
	2005-06
Revenue Growth	2.3
Loss of Nonrecurring Actions	(2.1)
PIT/Sales Tax Temporary Surcharge Phase-out/Clothing Exemption	(1.1)
Final Use of Tobacco Proceeds	(0.4)
Medicaid Growth	(0.8)
Loss of FMAP	(0.2)
State Takeover of FHP	(0.3)
School Aid	(0.8)
Pension/Health Insurance Costs	(0.7)
Increasing Debt Service and STAR Costs	(0.5)
All Other Spending Growth	(1.4)
2005-06 Projected Budget Gap	(6.0)

Receipts in 2005-06 are projected to decrease by \$761 million from the current year. Underlying revenue growth of \$2.3 billion (4.8 percent) is offset by decreases attributable to the loss of several one-time revenues (\$1.2 billion), tax law changes, including the phase-out of the PIT surcharge and the one-quarter percent increase in sales tax, and reversion to a full-year clothing tax exemption (\$1.1 billion), and the final use of the tobacco securitization proceeds (\$400 million).

Disbursements are projected to increase by \$5.2 billion in 2005-06. The growth is primarily attributable to the loss of one-time savings detailed in the Enacted Budget Report (\$883 million); underlying growth in Medicaid, including the increasing cost of providing health care services, as well as the rising number of recipients and corresponding increases in medical service utilization (\$800 million), the expiration of a temporary 2.95 percent increase in the Federal Medicaid match rate (\$220 million); the continued phase-in of the State takeover of local government Family Health Plus (FHP) costs (\$280 million); school aid, which reflects current year reestimates that are payable in 2005-06 as well as projected growth on a school year basis

(\$798 million); higher pension costs (\$489 million), primarily resulting from last year's legislation, and rising health insurance costs (\$247 million).

Changes From the Enacted Budget

Total receipt estimates have been revised upward from Enacted Budget projections by \$513 million in 2005-06 and \$505 million in 2006-07. The changes are concentrated in the personal income tax and the real estate transfer tax. Both sources are performing better than expected in the current fiscal year and it is expected that these results will continue into 2005-06 and 2006-07. Overall, the economic assumptions underlying the outyear estimates remain largely consistent with Enacted Budget estimates and do not suggest significant changes in revenue growth rates beyond these base adjustments. DOB expects growth in the receipts base of 5.7 percent over the next two fiscal years. This exceeds average base revenue growth over recent years but is consistent with prior economic expansions.

In comparison to the Enacted Budget forecast, General Fund disbursements are expected to increase by \$736 million in 2005-06 and \$921 million in 2006-07. Major sources of growth include higher current year school aid liabilities that are payable in 2005-06 and thereafter as well as revised estimates for expense-based programs (\$207 million in 2005-06 growing to \$327 million in 2006-07); additional collective bargaining costs for the City University and the Judiciary (\$205 million in 2005-06 and \$191 million in 2006-07); higher costs for mental hygiene programs due mainly to the delay in implementing the NYS-OPTS program, continued development of pipeline expansion, mandated staffing requirements, and higher pharmaceutical and utility costs (\$111 million in 2005-06 and \$153 million in 2006-07); Medicaid revisions based on current year spending experience (\$109 million in 2005-06 growing to \$175 million in 2006-07); and higher overtime and health services costs in DOCS (\$89 million in 2005-06 and \$104 million in 2006-07). FMP savings are valued at \$83 million in 2005-06 and \$47 million in 2006-07.

Please refer to the Enacted Budget Report for more details on the projected growth in outyear receipts and disbursements.

CASH FLOW

DOB projects positive quarterly balances of \$1.8 billion in December 2004 and \$1.1 billion at the end of March 2005 (including projected FMP savings). Monthly cash flow projections are included in the Financial Plan tables at the end of this Update.

The State Comptroller invests General Fund moneys, bond proceeds, and other funds not immediately required to make payments, through the State's Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP), which is comprised of joint custody funds (Governmental Funds, Internal Service Funds, Enterprise Funds, and Private Purpose Trust Funds), as well as several sole custody funds.

The Office of the State Comptroller (OSC) is authorized to make temporary loans from the State's STIP to cover temporary cash shortfalls in certain funds and accounts resulting from the timing of receipts and disbursements. The Legislature authorizes the funds and accounts that may receive loans each year. Loans may be granted only for amounts that are "receivable on account" or can be repaid from the current operating receipts of the particular fund (i.e., loans cannot be granted in expectation of future revenue enhancements). The 2004-05 Enacted Budget extends legislation that permits OSC to temporarily loan balances in other funds to the General Fund within any month, and repay them by month end. This authorization was utilized

in June 2004 and September 2004 to support General Fund intra-month daily cash flow needs; however, as required under the legislation, the General Fund ended both June and September with positive cash balances of \$1.9 billion and \$2.4 billion, respectively.

FINANCIAL PLAN RESERVES AND RISKS

The State projects balances in its principal reserves to guard against unbudgeted risks will remain at \$815 million. The reserves include \$794 million in the rainy day reserve and \$21 million in the Contingency Reserve Fund for litigation.

Ongoing litigation challenging the use of proceeds resulting from the conversion of Empire from a not-for-profit corporation to a for-profit corporation could result in a loss of resources in 2004-05 for both the General Fund and HCRA. Pursuant to court order, all proceeds are currently being held in escrow by the State Comptroller until a judgment is rendered. The current HCRA Plan, which expires on June 30, 2005, counts on a total of \$1.2 billion in conversion proceeds, including planned proceeds from future sales. In addition, another \$200 million in conversion proceeds is expected to finance Medicaid costs in the General Fund in 2004-05. Availability of these resources depends on successful resolution of the litigation or release of the moneys currently held in escrow. The General Fund is required to finance any shortfall in HCRA up to the payment that would have been received by HCRA absent the securitization of tobacco proceeds. In addition, a statutory loan repayment provision requires the General Fund to provide up to \$200 million to cover any additional HCRA shortfall.

In Campaign for Fiscal Equity (CFE) v. State of New York, the State Court of Appeals directed the State to implement a remedy by July 30, 2004 that ensures all children in New York City have the opportunity to receive a sound basic education. The Court has appointed a panel of three Special Masters who are expected to submit a report to the Court by November 30, 2004. The Court has directed the Special Masters to report and make recommendations on the measures the State has taken to bring its school financing system into constitutional compliance with respect to New York City schools.

DOB continues to assume the entire outyear value of VLTs is reserved to help finance compliance with the CFE court case. Under an expansion plan proposed by the Governor in the 2004-05 Executive Budget, receipts from VLTs were expected to be \$950 million in 2005-06. This plan was not enacted by the Legislature. Eight VLT facilities are authorized under the current law, but two major facilities located at Yonkers and Aqueduct Raceways have not yet begun operations. These two facilities were expected to produce the majority of the VLT receipts under current law. In July 2004, the Appellate Division of the Court of Appeals upheld the constitutionality of VLTs as a lottery providing education funding. However, the decision stated that certain allocation provisions within the statute allowing VLTs were considered unconstitutional.

While the order of the Court allows current VLT facilities to continue operations, development of the Yonkers and Aqueduct projects has been deferred pending the outcome of litigation at the Court of Appeals.

HEALTH CARE REFORM ACT FINANCIAL PLAN

HCRA was established in 1996 to improve the fiscal health of hospitals and ensure that affordable and quality health care coverage was available to all New Yorkers. Subsequent extensions and modifications of the legislation have initiated new health care programs and

provided additional funding for workforce recruitment and training. The current HCRA legislation expires on June 30, 2005.

2004-05 HCRA Financial Plan (millions of dollars)	
Opening Fund Balance	430
Public Goods Pool:	2,632
Surcharges	1,493
Covered Lives Assessment	703
Hospital Assessment (1 percent)	217
Federal Funds/Other	219
Tobacco Control and Insurance Initiatives Pool:	2,200
Empire Conversion Proceeds	1,217
Cigarette Tax	693
Federal Funds	290
Total Receipts	4,832
Disbursements:	
Medicaid/Public Health Support	1,067
Hospital Indigent Care	826
EPIC	494
Graduate Medical Education	383
FHP	381
CHP	375
Workforce Recruitment/Retention	329
All Other	617
Total Disbursements	4,472
Closing Fund Balance	790

HCRA Receipts

Total receipts, estimated at \$4.8 billion in 2004-05, remain unchanged since the Enacted Budget and primarily comprise surcharges on hospital revenues, Empire conversion proceeds (includes \$200 million that will be transferred to the General Fund), a covered lives assessment paid by insurance carriers, cigarette taxes, Federal Funds, and hospital assessments of 1 percent of net revenues.

As described earlier in this Update, there is a risk that Empire Conversion proceeds may not become available as budgeted. If Empire Conversion proceeds are not available by March 31, 2005, the General Fund would be required to make payments under the tobacco revenue guarantee and statutory loan repayment provision in the range of \$100 to \$200 million, based on current projections.

HCRA Disbursements

Total disbursements of nearly \$4.5 billion are projected in 2004-05, and remain unchanged since the Enacted Budget projections. Roughly three-quarters of these disbursements are already appropriated in the State Budget, and are reflected in the Financial Plan estimates earlier in this Update, including transfers to accommodate various Medicaid and public health costs, hospital indigent care, Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC), FHP, Child Health Plus (CHP), provider workforce recruitment and retention funds paid through Medicaid rates, and mental health expansion programs. The remaining spending excluded from the State

Budget comprises programs that have historically been excluded such as Graduate Medical Education and excess medical malpractice, as well as various programs serving the uninsured and anti-tobacco programs.

A cash balance of \$790 million is projected at the end of 2004-05, declining to approximately \$165 million on June 30, 2005 when the HCRA statute expires.

A detailed quarterly cash flow projection is included in the Financial Plan tables at the end of this Update.

DEBT MANAGEMENT

The Debt Reform Act of 2000 imposed phased-in limits on the amount of new Statesupported debt and debt service costs. The State has also authorized a limited amount of variable rate and swap authorizations to reduce overall costs.

Debt Reform

The Debt Reform Act of 2000 restricts debt to capital purposes only, and imposed phasedin caps that limit new debt outstanding to four percent of personal income and new debt service costs to five percent of total governmental funds receipts. To immediately constrain State debt levels, the Act applies to all new State-supported debt issued on and after April 1, 2000. Section 23 of the State Finance Law requires the calculation of the caps imposed by the Act to be submitted with the Financial Plan Update most proximate to October 31 of each year.

For the 2003-04 fiscal year, the debt outstanding and debt service caps are 1.98 percent each. As shown in the table below, actual levels of debt outstanding and debt service costs continue to remain below the limits imposed by the Act.

Debt Outstanding Cap (dollars in millions)		Debt Service Cap (dollars in millions)	
New Debt Outstanding	\$10,891	New Debt Service	\$83
Personal Income (CY 2003)	\$701,852	Governmental Funds Receipts	\$99,698
Debt Outstanding (Percent of PI)	1.55%	Debt Service (Percent of Govt'l Fund Receipts)	0.84%
Cap Imposed by Debt Reform Act	1.98%	Cap Imposed by Debt Reform Act	1.98%

Interest Rate Exchange Agreements/Variable Rate Obligations

Legislation enacted in 2002 authorized the use of a limited amount of variable rate obligations and interest rate exchange agreements. The legislation provides that issuers of State-supported bonds may enter into variable rate debt instruments that result in a maximum total net variable rate exposure of 15 percent of State-supported debt. Subject to various criteria established in the legislation to minimize risk, such issuers may also enter into interest rate exchange agreements in a total notional amount that does not exceed 15 percent of State-supported debt.

The State has utilized \$5.5 billion in synthetic fixed rate swaps to refinance existing high cost debt, and generate significant savings above what could have been achieved with traditional fixed rate financings. The State will continue to monitor market conditions to take advantage of any further refunding opportunities, including the possible use of its remaining

swap authorization. The issuers and the DOB will continue to issue monthly reports and closely monitor all outstanding swap agreements.

INTEREST RATE EXCHANGE CAPS						
	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Interest Rate Exchange						
Сар	6,047	6,214	6,347	6,454	6,552	6,595
Notional Amounts of						
Interest Rate Exchange						
Agreements	5,458	5,458	5,458	5,453	5,449	5,424
Percent of Interest Rate						
Exchange Agreements						
to Debt Outstanding	13.5	13.2	12.9	12.7	12.5	12.3

The State's current policy on variable rate exposure is to count both the net variable rate exposure required by statute and 35 percent of the outstanding notional amount of 65 percent of LIBOR fixed rate swaps. This policy reserve provides a cushion against the unlikely risk of a significant difference between payments owed and received by the State's Authorized Issuers under their synthetic fixed rate swaps, and that such factors can be consistent with traditional variable rate exposure. About \$2.4 billion in State-supported convertible rate bonds are also currently outstanding. These bonds bear a fixed rate until future mandatory tender dates in 2005, 2009, 2011, 2012 and 2013 at which time they can convert to a fixed or variable rate. Consistent with statute, convertible bonds which bear a fixed rate, and thus do not result in a net variable rate exposure to the State, are not counted under the cap until their mandatory tender date when they are assumed to convert to a variable rate. During the Plan, approximately \$670 million of the convertible bonds are assumed to convert to variable rate on their 2005 and 2009 tender dates and are reflected in the table below. The State and its authorized issuers will continue to evaluate market conditions, available support capacities and related costs, as well as alternative structures to help implement a planned \$1 billion increase in variable rate exposure during each of the next two fiscal years.

VARIABLE RATE EXPOSURE						
	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Net Variable Rate Cap	6,047	6,214	6,347	6,454	6,552	6,595
Statutory Outstanding Net						
Variable Rate Obligations	1,870	2,812	3,742	4,162	4,079	4,659
Net Variable Rate with						
Policy Reserve for LIBOR						
Swaps	3,780	4,722	5,652	6,070	5,986	6,558
Variable Rate Exposure to						
Debt Outstanding	9.4	11.4	13.4	14.1	13.8	14.9

EXPLANATION OF THE FINANCIAL PLAN TABLES

The State's Financial Plan forecasts receipts and disbursements for each fiscal year. The economic forecast of DOB and the State's tax and fee structure serve as the basis for projecting receipts. After consulting with public and private sector experts, DOB prepares a detailed economic forecast for both the nation and New York, showing GDP, employment levels, inflation, wages, consumer spending, and other relevant economic indicators. Then DOB projects the yield of the State's revenue structure against the backdrop of these forecasts.

Projected disbursements are based on agency staffing levels, program caseloads, levels of service needs, formulas contained in State and Federal law, inflation and other factors. The factors that affect spending estimates vary by program. For example, welfare spending is based primarily on anticipated caseloads that are estimated by analyzing historical trends, projected economic conditions and changes in Federal law. In criminal justice, spending estimates are based on recent trends and data from the criminal justice system, as well as on estimates of the State's prison population. All projections account for the timing of payments, since not all the amounts appropriated in the budget are disbursed in the same fiscal year.

The State's Fund Structure

The State accounts for all of its spending and receipts by the fund in which the activity takes place (such as the General Fund or the Capital Projects Fund), and the broad category or purpose of that activity (such as State Operations or Capital Projects). The Financial Plan tables sort all State projections and results by fund and category.

The General Fund receives the majority of State taxes. State Funds include the General Fund and funds specified for dedicated purposes, with the exception of Federal Funds. All Governmental Funds, which includes State Funds and Federal Funds, comprises four major fund types, and provides the most comprehensive view of the financial operations of the State. It includes:

The General Fund, which receives most of the State's tax revenue and accounts for spending on programs that are not supported directly by dedicated fees and revenues;

Special Revenue Funds, which receive Federal grants, certain dedicated taxes, fees and other revenues that are used for a specified purpose;

Capital Projects Funds, which account for costs incurred in the construction and reconstruction of roads, bridges, prisons, and other infrastructure projects; and

Debt Service Funds, which pay principal, interest and related expenses on long-term bonds issued by the State and its public authorities.

Within each of these fund types, revenues and spending are classified by major categories of the Financial Plan (e.g., taxes, miscellaneous receipts, Grants to Local Governments, State Operations). The following tables summarize projected General Fund, State Funds and All Governmental Funds receipts and disbursements for the 2004-05 fiscal year.

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CASH FINANCIAL PLAN GENERAL FUND 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	Change	October
Opening fund balance	1,077	0	1,077
Receipts:			
Taxes:			
Personal income tax	18,490	226	18,716
User taxes and fees	8,679	0	8,679
Business taxes	3,714	0	3,714
Other taxes	764	0	764
Miscellaneous receipts	2,438	(91)	2,347
Federal grants	0	6	6
Transfers from other funds:			
PIT in excess of Revenue Bond debt service	5,612	101	5,713
Sales tax in excess of LGAC debt service	2,158	0	2,158
Real estate taxes in excess of CW/CA debt service	246	165	411
All other	554	(48)	506
Total receipts	42,655	359	43,014
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	29,392	90	29,482
State operations	7,501	124	7,625
General State charges	3,671	(56)	3,615
Transfers to other funds:	3,071	(50)	5,015
Debt service	1,737	(4)	1,733
Capital projects	196	(4) (2)	1,733
Other purposes	542	(2)	539
Total disbursements	43,039	149	43,188
Total disbursements	43,039	149	43,100
Fiscal Management Plan	434	(210)	224
Change in fund balance	50	0	50
Closing fund balance	1,127	0	1,127
Tax Stabilization Reserve Fund	794	0	794
Contingency Reserve Fund	21	0	21
Community Projects Fund	312	0	312
	÷.=	v	0.12

Note: The \$210 million change in the Fiscal Management Plan Category is comprised of \$66 million in FMP savings and \$144 million in excess receipts over disbursements.

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN GENERAL FUND 2005-2006 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	Change	October
Receipts:			
Taxes:			
Personal income tax	18,843	240	19,083
User taxes and fees	8,075	0	8,075
Business taxes	3,823	0	3,823
Other taxes	820	0	820
Miscellaneous receipts	1,700	11	1,711
Federal grants	0	4	4
Transfers from other funds:			
PIT in excess of Revenue Bond debt service	5,825	96	5,921
Sales tax in excess of LGAC debt service	2,130	0	2,130
Real estate taxes in excess of CW/CA debt service	250	163	413
All other	277	(1)	276
Total receipts	41,743	513	42,256
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	33,062	(60)	33,002
State operations	7,927	755	8,682
General State charges	4,334	7	4,341
Transfers to other funds:			
Debt service	1,843	(18)	1,825
Capital projects	213	17	230
Other purposes	553	35	588
Total disbursements	47,932	736	48,668
Fiscal Management Plan	450	(83)	367
Deposit to/(use of) Community Projects Fund	(50)	0	(50)
Margin	(5,689)	(306)	(5,995)

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN GENERAL FUND 2006-2007 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	Change	October
Receipts:			
Taxes:			
Personal income tax	19,721	251	19,972
User taxes and fees	8,304	0	8,304
Business taxes	3,902	0	3,902
Other taxes	878	0	878
Miscellaneous receipts	1,735	(4)	1,731
Federal grants	0	4	4
Transfers from other funds:			
PIT in excess of Revenue Bond debt service	6,008	92	6,100
Sales tax in excess of LGAC debt service	2,197	0	2,197
Real estate taxes in excess of CW/CA debt service	259	163	422
All other	274	(1)	273
Total receipts	43,278	505	43,783
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	35,362	125	35,487
State operations	8,276	877	9,153
General State charges	4,888	(136)	4,752
Transfers to other funds:			
Debt service	1,818	1	1,819
Capital projects	214	13	227
Other purposes	565	41	606
Total disbursements	51,123	921	52,044
Fiscal Management Plan	450	(47)	403
Deposit to/(use of) Community Projects Fund	(150)	0	(150)
Margin	(7,245)	(463)	(7,708)

GENERAL FUND PERSONAL INCOME TAX COMPONENTS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	October	Change
Withholdings	23,059	22,958	(101)
Estimated Payments	6,224	6,600	376
Final Payments	1,535	1,585	50
Delinquencies	660	600	(60)
Gross Collections	31,478	31,743	265
State/City Offset	(290)	(300)	(10)
Refund Reserve	701	701	0
Refunds	(4,450) (1)	(4,405) (1)	45
Reported Tax Collections	27,439	27,739	300
STAR	(3,018)	(3,018)	0
RBTF	(5,931)	(6,005)	(74)
General Fund	18,490	18,716	226

Net personal income tax collections are affected by transactions in the tax refund reserve account. The tax refund reserve account is used to hold moneys designated to pay tax refunds. The Comptroller deposits receipts into this account at the discretion of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. The deposit of moneys into the account during a fiscal year has the effect of reducing receipts for the fiscal year, and the withdrawal of moneys from the account has the effect of increasing receipts in the fiscal year of withdrawal. The tax refund reserve account also includes amounts made available as a result of the LGAC financing program. Beginning in 1998-99, a portion of personal income tax collections is deposited directly in the School Tax Relief (STAR) fund and used to make payments to reimburse local governments for their revenue decreases due to the STAR program.

Note 1: Reflects the payment of the balance of refunds on 2003 liability and the projected payment of \$960 million of calendar year 2004 refunds in the last quarter of the State's 2004-05 fiscal year and a projected balance in the Tax Refund Reserve Account of \$524 million.

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

CURRENT STATE RECEIPTS GENERAL FUND 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	October	Change
Personal income tax	18,490	18,716	226
User taxes and fees:	8,679	8,679	0
Sales and use tax	8,018	8,018	0
Cigarette and tobacco taxes	411	411	0
Motor vehicle fees	25	25	0
Alcoholic beverages taxes	183	183	0
Alcoholic beverage control license fees	42	42	0
Business taxes:	3,714	3,714	0
Corporation franchise tax	1,751	1,660	(91)
Corporation and utilities tax	657	628	(29)
Insurance taxes	912	912	0
Bank tax	394	514	120
Other taxes:	764	764	0
Estate tax	731	731	0
Gift tax	2	2	0
Real property gains tax	3	3	0
Pari-mutuel taxes	28	28	0
Other taxes	0	0	0
Total taxes	31,647	31,873	226
Miscellaneous receipts	2,438	2,347	(91)
Federal grants	0	6	6
Total receipts	34,085	34,226	141

					CASHFLOW GENERAL FUI 2004-05	CASHFLOW GENERAL FUND 2004-05							
I	2004 April	May	June	July	(dollars Ir August	(dollars in millions) August <u>September</u>	October	November	December	2005 January	February	March	Total
Opening Fund Balance	1,077	3,842	1,227	1,865	1,740	2,314	2,413	2,184	1,518	1,834	4,970	5,475	1,077
Receipts: Taxes													
Personal income tax	3,851 626	526 576	1,945 867	1,215 622	1,344 506	1,895 826	630 588	543 580	1,290 850	3,134 622	1,805 407	538 760	18,716 8.018
User taxes and fees	62 070	41	52	2 2 2	55	46 46		9 2 2	89 29	38	47	20	0,010 661
Business taxes	148	6)	727	91	56	805	2 8 <u>6</u>	35	768	35	: 1	1,026	3,714
Other taxes	8	50	79	60	52	57	65	83	72	64	67	67	764
Miscellaneous receipts	69	67	318	245	124	141	1 8	343	304	153	178	305	2,347
Federal Grants	-	~	-	0	7	~	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
I ransters from other tunds Revenue Bond Fund	875	158	648	405	382	649	197	8	436	1.044	427	423	5.713
LGAC	181	33	0	0	617	339	180	176	263	188	m	178	2,158
Clean Water/Clean Air	52	26	17	23	67	49	20	28	16	19	20	14	411
All Other Transfers	4	0	0	9	-	179	57	-	11	28	-	218	506
Total receipts	5,954	1,469	4,704	2,729	3,296	4,987	1,920	1,868	4,078	5,350	3,062	3,597	43,014
Disbursements:													
Grants to local governments	1,621	3,089 700	2,805	1,669 701	1,677	2,836	1,411	1,462	2,270	1,260	1,843	7,539	29,482 7 001
State operations General State charges	637 423	179	790 214	268 7 30	306	910	194 194	204	8/2 240	004 265	174	238	7,020 3,615
Transfers to other funds	211	4 5	000	¥0	35	310	2	168	348	44	28	244	1 733
Capital Projects		46	23	50	32	33	900	<u>8</u> 4	54	28	137	(286)	194
All Other Transfers	96	17	14	16	71	35	127	41	18	23	14	67	539
Total disbursements	3,189	4,084	4,066	2,854	2,722	4,888	2,149	2,534	3,802	2,254	2,617	8,029	43,188
Fiscal Management Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	40	60	84	224
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements	2,765	(2,615)	638	(125)	574	66	(229)	(666)	316	3,136	505	(4,348)	50
Closing Fund Balance	3,842	1,227	1,865	1,740	2,314	2,413	2,184	1,518	1,834	4,970	5,475	1,127	1,127

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN STATE FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Debt Service Funds	(MEMO) Total
Opening fund balance	1,077	1,703	(336)	174	2,618
Receipts:					
Taxes	31,873	4,758	1,795	8,993	47,419
Miscellaneous receipts	2,347	11,101	1,920	647	16,015
Federal grants	6	0	0	0	6
Total receipts	34,226	15,859	3,715	9,640	63,440
B ' d					
Disbursements:	00.400	44.400	1.040	0	44 640
Grants to local governments	29,482 7,625	11,109	1,049	0 22	41,640
State operations General State charges	7,625 3,615	5,064 485	0 0	22	12,711 4,100
Debt service	3,615	465	0	3,859	3,859
Capital projects	0	1	1,962	3,659 0	3,859 1,963
Total disbursements	40,722	16,659	3,011	3,881	64,273
Total dispursements	40,722	10,039	3,011	3,001	04,273
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers from other funds	8,788	762	230	5,229	15,009
Transfers to other funds	(2,466)	(397)	(1,080)	(10,989)	(14,932)
Bond and note proceeds	0	0	193	0	193
Net other financing sources (uses)	6,322	365	(657)	(5,760)	270
Fiscal Management Plan	224	0	0	0	224
Change in fund balance	50	(435)	47	(1)	(339)
Closing fund balance	1,127	1,268	(289)	173	2,279

The Special Revenue Funds opening fund balance has been increased by \$54 million to reflect the reclassification of the Expendable and Non-Expendable Trust Funds from the Fiduciary fund type to the Special Revenue fund type pursuant to GASB 34.

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN STATE FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	Change	October
Opening fund balance	2,618	0	2,618
Receipts:			
Taxes	46,954	465	47,419
Miscellaneous receipts	16,198	(183)	16,015
Federal grants	1	5	6
Total receipts	63,153	287	63,440
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	41,730	(90)	41,640
State operations	12,442	269	12,711
General State charges	4,150	(50)	4,100
Debt service	3,899	(40)	3,859
Capital projects	2,072	(109)	1,963
Total disbursements	64,293	(20)	64,273
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from other funds	14,999	10	15,009
Transfers to other funds	(14,729)	(203)	(14,932)
Bond and note proceeds	193	0	193
Net other financing sources (uses)	463	(193)	270
Fiscal Management Plan	434	(210)	224
Change in fund balance	(243)	(96)	(339)
Closing fund balance	2,375	(96)	2,279

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Debt Service Funds	(MEMO) Total
Opening fund balance	1,077	2,183	(489)	174	2,945
Receipts:					
Taxes	31,873	4,758	1,795	8,993	47,419
Miscellaneous receipts	2,347	11,225	1,920	647	16,139
Federal grants	6	35,185	1,814	0	37,005
Total receipts	34,226	51,168	5,529	9,640	100,563
Disbursements:					
Grants to local governments	29,482	42,802	1,267	0	73,551
State operations	7,625	42,802 8,408	1,207	22	16,055
General State charges	3,615	689	0	0	4,304
Debt service	0,019	0009	0	3,859	3,859
Capital projects	0	2	3,520	0,000	3,522
Total disbursements	40,722	51,901	4,787	3,881	101,291
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers from other funds	8,788	3,135	230	5,229	17,382
Transfers to other funds	(2,466)	(2,889)	(1,088)	(10,989)	(17,432)
Bond and note proceeds	0	0	193	0	193
Net other financing sources (uses)	6,322	246	(665)	(5,760)	143
Fiscal Management Plan	224	0	0	0	224
Change in fund balance	50	(487)	77	(1)	(361)
Closing fund balance	1,127	1,696	(412)	173	2,584

The Special Revenue Funds opening fund balance has been increased by \$54 million to reflect the reclassification of the Expendable and Non-Expendable Trust Funds from the Fiduciary fund type to the Special Revenue fund type pursuant to GASB 34.

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	Change	October
Opening fund balance	2,945	0	2,945
Receipts:			
Taxes	46,954	465	47,419
Miscellaneous receipts	16,328	(189)	16,139
Federal grants	36,836	169	37,005
Total receipts	100,118	445	100,563
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	73,507	44	73,551
State operations	15,730	325	16,055
General State charges	4,357	(53)	4,304
Debt service	3,899	(40)	3,859
Capital projects	3,714	(192)	3,522
Total disbursements	101,207	84	101,291
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from other funds	17,175	207	17,382
Transfers to other funds	(17,223)	(209)	(17,432)
Bond and note proceeds	193	0	193
Net other financing sources (uses)	145	(2)	143
Fiscal Management Plan	434	(210)	224
Change in fund balance	(510)	149	(361)
Closing fund balance	. 2,435	149	2,584

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

CURRENT STATE RECEIPTS ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	Enacted	October	Change
Personal income tax	27,439	27,739	300
User taxes and fees	12,886	12,886	0
Sales and use taxes	10,907	10,907	0
Cigarette and tobacco taxes	411	411	0
Motor fuel tax	512	512	0
Motor vehicle fees	640	640	0
Highway use tax	152	152	0
Alcoholic beverage taxes	183	183	0
Alcoholic beverage control license fees	42	42	0
Auto rental tax	39	39	0
Business taxes	5,403	5,403	0
Corporation franchise tax	1,989	1,888	(101)
Corporation and utilities taxes	866	831	(35)
Insurance taxes	1,021	1,021	0
Bank tax	465	601	136
Petroleum business taxes	1,062	1,062	0
Other taxes	1,226	1,391	165
Estate tax	731	731	0
Gift tax	2	2	0
Real property gains tax	3	3	0
Real estate transfer tax	461	626	165
Pari-mutuel taxes	28	28	0
Other taxes	1	1	0
Total taxes	46,954	47,419	465
Miscellaneous receipts	16,328	16,139	(189)
Federal grants	36,836	37,005	169
Total receipts	100,118	100,563	445

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	State	Federal	Total
Opening fund balance	1,703	480	2,183
Receipts:			
Taxes	4,758	0	4,758
Miscellaneous receipts	11,101	124	11,225
Federal grants	0	35,185	35,185
Total receipts	15,859	35,309	51,168
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	11,109	31,693	42,802
State operations	5,064	3,344	8,408
General State charges	485	204	689
Debt service	0	0	0
Capital projects	1	1	2
Total disbursements	16,659	35,242	51,901
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from other funds	762	2,373	3,135
Transfers to other funds	(397)	(2,492)	(2,889)
Bond and note proceeds	0	0	0
Net other financing sources (uses)	365	(119)	246
Change in fund balance	(435)	(52)	(487)
Closing fund balance	1,268	428	1,696

The State Special Revenue Funds opening fund balance has been increased by \$54 million to reflect the reclassification of the Expendable and Non-Expendable Trust Funds from the Fiduciary fund type to the Special Revenue fund type pursuant to GASB 34.

CASH FINANCIAL PLAN CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	State	Federal	Total
Opening fund balance	(336)	(153)	(489)
Receipts:			
Taxes	1,795	0	1,795
Miscellaneous receipts	1,920	0	1,920
Federal grants	0	1,814	1,814
Total receipts	3,715	1,814	5,529
Disbursements:			
Grants to local governments	1,049	218	1,267
State operations	0	0	0
General State charges	0	0	0
Debt service	0	0	0
Capital projects	1,962	1,558	3,520
Total disbursements	3,011	1,776	4,787
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from other funds	230	0	230
Transfers to other funds	(1,080)	•	(1,088)
Bond and note proceeds	(1,080) 193	(8) 0	(1,088) 193
•			
Net other financing sources (uses)	(657)	(8)	(665)
Change in fund balance	47	30	77
Closing fund balance	(289)	(123)	(412)

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 GENERAL FUND (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND GOVERNMENT OVERSIG	нт			
Agriculture and Markets, Department of	44,974	798	(2,805)	42,967
Alcoholic Beverage Control	0	0	0	0
Banking Department	0	0	0	0
Consumer Protection Board	367	18	0	385
Economic Development, Department of	38,140	496	0	38,636
Empire State Development Corporation	14,975	0	0	14,975
Energy Research and Development Authority	0	0	0	0
Housing Finance Agency	0	0	0	0
Housing and Community Renewal, Division of	66.543	854	518	67,915
Insurance Department	0	0	0	0
Olympic Regional Development Authority	7,350	0	0	7,350
Public Service, Department of	0	0	0	0
Science, Technology and Academic Research, Office of	57,057	75	0	57,132
Functional Total	229,406	2.241	(2,287)	229,360
	220,100	_,	(=,=01)	220,000
PARKS AND THE ENVIRONMENT				
Adirondack Park Agency	4,173	141	0	4,314
Environmental Conservation, Department of	99,900	2,577	16,478	118,955
Environmental Facilities Corporation	0	0	0	0
Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, Office of	106,391	3,348	(28)	109,711
Functional Total	210,464	6,066	16,450	232,980
TRANSPORTATION				
Motor Vehicles, Department of	1,048	3,612	0	4,660
Thruway Authority	0	0	0	0
Transportation, Department of	113,316	0	(450)	112,866
Functional Total	114,364	3,612	(450)	117,526
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE				
	806	31	(0)	834
Advocate for Persons with Disabilities, Office of		79	(3)	
Aging, Office for the	65,961 0	/9 0	0	66,040
Children and Families, Council on	-	•	•	0
Children and Family Services, Office of	1,313,811	7,360	(3,559)	1,317,612
Health, Department of	7,413,923	5,363	57,000	7,476,286
Medical Assistance	6,525,059	0	70,000	6,595,059
Medicaid Administration	120,150	0	0	120,150
All Other	768,714	5,363	(13,000)	761,077
Human Rights, Division of	13,265	441	0	13,706
Labor, Department of	10,885	28	0	10,913
Prevention of Domestic Violence, Office of	1,572	74	488	2,134

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 GENERAL FUND (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE (Continued)				
Temporary and Disability Assistance, Office of	1,560,183	2,328	(22,757)	1,539,754
Welfare Assistance	1,145,953	0	(24,157)	1,121,796
Welfare Administration	341,133	0	1,400	342,533
All Other	73,097	2,328	0	75,425
Welfare Inspector General, Office of	713	23	0	736
Workers' Compensation Board	0	0	0	0
Functional Total	10,381,119	15,727	31,169	10,428,015
MENTAL HEALTH				
Mental Health, Office of	1,340,784	36,231	(6,784)	1,370,231
Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, Office of	788,900	41,014	11,896	841,810
Alcohol and Substance Abuse Services, Office of	282,715	1,923	82	284,720
Developmental Disabilities Planning Council	0	0	0	0
Quality of Care for the Mentally Disabled, Commission on	2,962	81	(12)	3,031
Functional Total	2,415,361	79,249	5,182	2,499,792
PUBLIC PROTECTION				
Capital Defenders Office	12,519	175	0	12,694
Correction, Commission of	2,427	84	0	2,511
Correctional Services, Department of	1,919,692	18,647	75,000	2,013,339
Crime Victims Board	2,776	132	0	2,908
Criminal Justice Services, Division of	93,036	1,155	(2,200)	91,991
Investigation, Temporary State Commission of	3,239	87	0	3,326
Judicial Commissions	2,542	62	0	2,604
Military and Naval Affairs, Division of	27,754	484	(2,155)	26,083
Parole, Division of	174,103	4,752	0	178,855
Probation and Correctional Alternatives, Division of	75,480	66	0	75,546
Public Security, Office of	6,990	57	0	7,047
State Police, Division of	330,086	1,700	0	331,786
Functional Total	2,650,644	27,401	70,645	2,748,690
EDUCATION				
Arts, Council on the	44,477	195	0	44,672
City University of New York	756,772	0	0	756,772
Education, Department of	14,323,740	1,032	54,858	14,379,630
School Aid	12,838,932	0	54,858	12,893,790
STAR Property Tax Relief	0	0	0	0
Handicapped	858,359	0	0	858,359
All Other	626,449	1,032	0	627,481
Higher Education Services Corporation	926,525	7	0	926,532
State University Construction Fund	0	0	0	0
State University of New York	1,262,137	57,617	(22,625)	1,297,129
Functional Total	17,313,651	58,851	32,233	17,404,735

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 GENERAL FUND (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Audit and Control, Department of	163,376	3,190	400	166,966
Budget, Division of the	27,737	1,240	400 277	29,254
Civil Service, Department of	20,552	783	129	29,204
Elections, State Board of	3,616	95	0	3,711
Employee Relations, Office of	3,495	118	(49)	3,564
Executive Chamber	14,816	1,174	(49)	16,129
General Services, Office of	117,716	2,175	0	119,891
Inspector General, Office of	4,142	2,175	0	4,303
•	4,142	3,200	0	4,303
Law, Department of	,	,		,
Lieutenant Governor, Office of the	458	29	0	487
Lottery, Division of	0	0	0	0
Public Employment Relations Board	3,173	109	130	3,412
Racing and Wagering Board, State	0	0	0	0
Real Property Services, Office of	25,614	102	0	25,716
Regulatory Reform, Governor's Office of	3,375	97	0	3,472
State, Department of	18,643	410	67	19,120
Tax Appeals, Division of	2,718	94	0	2,812
Taxation and Finance, Department of	301,683	10,116	(2,200)	309,599
Technology, Office for	19,897	300	0	20,197
TSC Lobbying	975	37	0	1,012
Veterans Affairs, Division of	11,185	206	(418)	10,973
Functional Total	855,482	23,636	(1,525)	877,593
ALL OTHER CATEGORIES				
Legislature	200,679	0	0	200,679
Judiciary (excluding fringe benefits)	1,311,000	0	42,500	1,353,500
Homeland Security	4,374	0	1,458	5,832
World Trade Center	0	ů 0	0	0,002
Local Government Assistance	802,661	ů 0	0	802,661
Long-Term Debt Service	1,736,852	ů 0	(3,793)	1,733,059
Capital Projects	196,492	137	(2,238)	194,391
Collective Bargaining	274,400	(274,400)	(2,230)	194,391
General State Charges/Miscellaneous	4,341,591	57,480	(39,820)	4,359,251
Functional Total	8,868,049	(216,783)	(1,893)	8,649,373
TOTAL GENERAL FUND SPENDING	43,038,540	0	149,524	43,188,064

2004-2005 Mid-Year Financial Plan Update

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 STATE FUNDS (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND GOVERNMENT OVERSIG	SHT			
Agriculture and Markets, Department of	73,527	1,011	(2,802)	71,736
Alcoholic Beverage Control	10,220	311	(85)	10,446
Banking Department	60,221	1,645	Û Ó	61,866
Consumer Protection Board	2,465	73	(100)	2,438
Economic Development, Department of	345,218	516	Ó	345,734
Empire State Development Corporation	65,975	0	0	65,975
Energy Research and Development Authority	26,123	0	0	26,123
Housing Finance Agency	0	0	0	0
Housing and Community Renewal, Division of	184,685	1,810	(162)	186,333
Insurance Department	128,217	3,208	5,747	137,172
Olympic Regional Development Authority	7,750	0	0	7,750
Public Service, Department of	55.860	1,454	(2,595)	54,719
Science, Technology and Academic Research, Office of	74,545	75	0	74,620
Functional Total	1,034,806	10,103	3	1,044,912
		i		
PARKS AND THE ENVIRONMENT				
Adirondack Park Agency	4,173	141	0	4,314
Environmental Conservation, Department of	721,509	6,422	16,478	744,409
Environmental Facilities Corporation	12,416	228	0	12,644
Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, Office of	222,843	4,780	(28)	227,595
Functional Total	960,941	11,571	16,450	988,962
TRANSPORTATION				
Motor Vehicles, Department of	203,172	10,454	(2,663)	210,963
Thruway Authority	4,000	0	(2,003)	4,000
Transportation, Department of	3,738,326	16,325	(78,098)	3,676,553
Functional Total	3,945,498	26,779	(80,761)	3,891,516
	3,343,490	20,779	(00,701)	3,091,010
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE				
Advocate for Persons with Disabilities, Office of	1,018	33	(3)	1,048
Aging, Office for the	65,972	79	0	66,051
Children and Families, Council on	0	0	0	0
Children and Family Services, Office of	1,364,311	7,480	(14,902)	1,356,889
Health, Department of	11,858,658	10,524	(37,628)	11,831,554
Medical Assistance	9,465,959	0	3,700	9,469,659
Medicaid Administration	120,150	0	0	120,150
All Other	2,272,549	10,524	(41,328)	2,241,745
Human Rights, Division of	13,271	441	0	13,712
Labor, Department of	103,714	839	(1,206)	103,347
Prevention of Domestic Violence, Office of	1,602	74	488	2,164

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 STATE FUNDS (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE (Continued)				
Temporary and Disability Assistance, Office of	1,633,431	2,328	(6,042)	1,629,717
Welfare Assistance	1,145,953	0	(24,157)	1,121,796
Welfare Administration	341,133	0	1,400	342,533
All Other	146,345	2,328	16,715	165,388
Welfare Inspector General, Office of	713	23	0	736
Workers' Compensation Board	145,407	3,208	0	148,615
Functional Total	15,188,097	25,029	(59,293)	15,153,833
MENTAL HEALTH				
Mental Health, Office of	1,651,852	36,519	(6,784)	1,681,587
Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, Office of	948,825	41,014	(50,349)	939,490
Alcohol and Substance Abuse Services, Office of	323,301	1,968	134	325,403
Developmental Disabilities Planning Council	0	0	0	0
Quality of Care for the Mentally Disabled, Commission on	2,967	148	(12)	3,103
Functional Total	2,926,945	79,649	(57,011)	2,949,583
PUBLIC PROTECTION				
Capital Defenders Office	12,519	175	0	12,694
Correction, Commission of	2,427	84	0	2,511
Correctional Services, Department of	2,107,942	18,745	74,755	2,201,442
Crime Victims Board	30,326	154	0	30,480
Criminal Justice Services, Division of	118,569	1,160	(7,200)	112,529
Investigation, Temporary State Commission of	3,426	87	0	3,513
Judicial Commissions	2,542	62	0	2,604
Military and Naval Affairs, Division of	47,103	546	(4,506)	43,143
Parole, Division of	174,203	4,752	0	178,955
Probation and Correctional Alternatives, Division of	75,480	66	0	75,546
Public Security, Office of	11,929	22	0	11,951
State Police, Division of	472,079	1,736	3,690	477,505
Functional Total	3,058,545	27,589	66,739	3,152,873
EDUCATION				
Arts, Council on the	45,177	195	0	45,372
City University of New York	1,134,572	0	0	1,134,572
Education, Department of	19,674,699	2,980	1,302	19,678,981
School Aid	15,090,841	0	0	15,090,841
STAR Property Tax Relief	3,018,000	0	0	3,018,000
Handicapped	858,359	0	0	858,359
All Other	707,499	2,980	1,302	711,781
Higher Education Services Corporation	1,004,796	1,444	0	1,006,240
State University Construction Fund	9,402	331	(477)	9,256
State University of New York	4,462,504	92,796	106,457	4,661,757
Functional Total	26,331,150	97,746	107,282	26,536,178

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 STATE FUNDS (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Audit and Control, Department of	176,815	3,293	25,400	205,508
Budget, Division of the	39,786	1,315	2,787	43,888
Civil Service, Department of	21,652	783	129	22,564
Elections, State Board of	3,616	95	0	3,711
Employee Relations, Office of	3,550	118	84	3,752
Executive Chamber	14,916	1,174	139	16,229
General Services, Office of	209,363	2,320	2,277	213,960
Inspector General, Office of	5,441	189	0	5,630
Law, Department of	149,725	3,966	(464)	153,227
Lieutenant Governor, Office of the	458	29	0	487
Lottery, Division of	159,651	712	13,857	174,220
Public Employment Relations Board	3,472	109	88	3,669
Racing and Wagering Board, State	14,832	269	1,669	16,770
Real Property Services, Office of	53,800	911	(1,921)	52,790
Regulatory Reform, Governor's Office of	3,375	97	0	3,472
State, Department of	160,647	1,089	12	161,748
Tax Appeals, Division of	2,718	94	0	2,812
Taxation and Finance, Department of	337,749	10,179	(2,200)	345,728
Technology, Office for	19,897	300	0	20,197
TSC Lobbying	1,325	37	(50)	1,312
Veterans Affairs, Division of	11,185	206	(418)	10,973
Functional Total	1,393,973	27,285	41,389	1,462,647
ALL OTHER CATEGORIES				
Legislature	201,629	0	0	201,629
Judiciary (excluding fringe benefits)	1,500,313	0	42,500	1,542,813
Homeland Security	15,274	0	1,458	16,732
World Trade Center	1,375	0	0	1,375
Local Government Assistance	802,661	0	0	802,661
Long-Term Debt Service	3,898,993	0	(40,120)	3,858,873
General State Charges/Miscellaneous	4,123,714	(305,751)	(59,154)	2,668,809
Capital Accounting Adjustment (1)	(1,090,000)	0	0	0
Functional Total	9,453,959	(305,751)	(55,316)	9,092,892
TOTAL STATE FUNDS SPENDING	64,293,914	0	(20,518)	64,273,396

* Represents the allocation of collective bargaining cost to agencies. The Enacted Budget estimate had reflected the costs centrally.

Note 1: Projected 2004-05 spending by function has been adjusted to include certain off-budget capital projects spending, however it is excluded from total projected spending. This spending is not included in actual cash results by the State Comptroller on a cash basis but is reflected on a GAAP basis.

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted	Collective	Revisions	Mid-Year
	Estimate	Bargaining *	(including FMP)	Estimate
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND GOVERNMENT OVERSIG	нт			
Agriculture and Markets, Department of	88,992	1,053	(2,768)	87,277
Alcoholic Beverage Control	10,220	311	(85)	10,446
Banking Department	60,221	1,645	Ó	61,866
Consumer Protection Board	2,465	73	(100)	2,438
Economic Development, Department of	345,557	516	Ó	346,073
Empire State Development Corporation	65,975	0	0	65,975
Energy Research and Development Authority	26,123	0	0	26,123
Housing Finance Agency	0	0	0	0
Housing and Community Renewal, Division of	219,674	2,097	(287)	221,484
Insurance Department	128,217	3,208	5,747	137,172
Olympic Regional Development Authority	7,750	0	0	7,750
Public Service, Department of	57,429	1,478	(2,648)	56,259
Science, Technology and Academic Research, Office of	80,170	75	0	80,245
Functional Total	1,092,793	10,456	(141)	1,103,108
	4 500		0	4 00 4
Adirondack Park Agency	4,523	141	0	4,664
Environmental Conservation, Department of	901,821	8,173	16,854	926,848
Environmental Facilities Corporation	12,416	228	0	12,644
Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, Office of	228,028	4,822	(28)	232,822
Functional Total	1,146,788	13,364	16,826	1,176,978
TRANSPORTATION				
Motor Vehicles, Department of	217,695	10,480	(2,663)	225,512
Thruway Authority	4,000	0	0	4,000
Transportation, Department of	5,334,101	16,645	(131,712)	5,219,034
Functional Total	5,555,796	27,125	(134,375)	5,448,546
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE				
	4.044	07	(2)	4.070
Advocate for Persons with Disabilities, Office of	4,044	37	(3) 0	4,078
Aging, Office for the Children and Families, Council on	171,228 0	293 0	0	171,521 0
	-	-	40.729	-
Children and Family Services, Office of	3,092,522	8,627	- / -	3,141,878
Health, Department of Medical Assistance	33,478,337	12,774	(1,928)	33,489,183
	29,300,766	-	128,700	29,429,466
Medicaid Administration	542,400	0	35,000	577,400
All Other	3,635,171	12,774	(165,628)	3,482,317
Human Rights, Division of	14,884	444	0	15,328
Labor, Department of	766,602	8,870	99,604	875,076
Prevention of Domestic Violence, Office of	1,602	74	488	2,164

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE (Continued)				
Temporary and Disability Assistance, Office of	4,455,899	5,573	(6,042)	4,455,430
Welfare Assistance	3,124,959	0	(24,157)	3,100,802
Welfare Administration	341,133	0	1,400	342,533
All Other	989,807	5,573	16,715	1,012,095
Welfare Inspector General, Office of	1,083	23	0	1,106
Workers' Compensation Board	145,860	3,216	294	149,370
Functional Total	42,132,061	39,931	133,142	42,305,134
MENTAL HEALTH				
Mental Health, Office of	2,172,437	36,521	(2,954)	2,206,004
Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, Office of	2,820,865	41,014	(45,689)	2,816,190
Alcohol and Substance Abuse Services, Office of	478,649	2,127	(6,427)	474,349
Developmental Disabilities Planning Council	3,730	(18)	27	3,739
Quality of Care for the Mentally Disabled, Commission on	11,200	200	(12)	11,388
Functional Total	5,486,881	79,844	(55,055)	5,511,670
PUBLIC PROTECTION				
Capital Defenders Office	12,519	175	0	12,694
Correction, Commission of	2,427	84	0	2,511
Correctional Services, Department of	2,140,898	18,952	81,189	2,241,039
Crime Victims Board	61,858	201	0	62,059
Criminal Justice Services, Division of	304,234	1,446	(3,071)	302,609
Investigation, Temporary State Commission of	3,426	87	0	3,513
Judicial Commissions	2,542	62	0	2,604
Military and Naval Affairs, Division of (1)	1,840,922	1,138	(26,736)	1,815,324
Parole, Division of	175,903	4,752	1,012	181,667
Probation and Correctional Alternatives, Division of	75,480	77	0	75,557
Public Security, Office of	11,929	22	0	11,951
State Police, Division of	489,083	1,774	3,690	494,547
Functional Total	5,121,221	28,770	56,084	5,206,075
EDUCATION				
Arts, Council on the	45,789	214	0	46,003
City University of New York	1,134,572	0	0	1,134,572
Education, Department of	22,694,716	6,266	(448)	22,700,534
School Aid	15,090,841	0	0	15,090,841
STAR Property Tax Relief	3,018,000	0	0	3,018,000
Handicapped	1,432,976	0	0	1,432,976
All Other	3,152,899	6,266	(448)	3,158,717
Higher Education Services Corporation	1,014,996	1,449	0	1,016,445
State University Construction Fund	9,402	331	(477)	9,256
State University of New York	4,634,189	92,796	111,672	4,838,657
Functional Total	29,533,664	101,056	110,747	29,745,467

CASH DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION 2004-2005 ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (thousands of dollars)

	Enacted Estimate	Collective Bargaining *	Revisions (including FMP)	Mid-Year Estimate
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Audit and Control, Department of	176,815	3,293	25,400	205,508
Budget, Division of the	39,786	1,315	2,787	43,888
Civil Service, Department of	21,652	783	129	22,564
Elections, State Board of	6,616	95	(3,000)	3,711
Employee Relations, Office of	3,550	118	84	3,752
Executive Chamber	14,916	1,174	139	16,229
General Services, Office of	213,756	2,320	2,277	218,353
Inspector General, Office of	5,441	189	0	5,630
Law, Department of	170,823	4,551	(464)	174,910
Lieutenant Governor, Office of the	458	29	0	487
Lottery, Division of	159,651	712	13,857	174,220
Public Employment Relations Board	3,472	109	88	3,669
Racing and Wagering Board, State	14,832	269	1,669	16,770
Real Property Services, Office of	53,800	911	(1,921)	52,790
Regulatory Reform, Governor's Office of	3,375	97	0	3,472
State, Department of	234,589	1,215	12	235,816
Tax Appeals, Division of	2,718	94	0	2,812
Taxation and Finance, Department of	338,027	10,179	(2,200)	346,006
Technology, Office for	19,897	300	0	20,197
TSC Lobbying	1,325	37	(50)	1,312
Veterans Affairs, Division of	12,517	257	(481)	12,293
Functional Total	1,498,016	28,047	38,326	1,564,389
ALL OTHER CATEGORIES				
Legislature	201,629	0	0	201,629
Judiciary (excluding fringe benefits)	1,508,013	0	42,500	1,550,513
Homeland Security	141,974	0	1,458	143,432
Local Government Assistance	802,661	0	0	802,661
Long-Term Debt Service	3,898,993	0	(40,120)	3,858,873
General State Charges/Miscellaneous	4,176,765	(328,593)	(85,955)	2,672,217
Capital Accounting Adjustment (2)	(1,090,000)	0	0	0
Functional Total	9,640,035	(328,593)	(82,117)	9,229,325
TOTAL ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPENDING	101,207,255	0	83,437	101,290,692

* Represents the allocation of collective bargaining cost to agencies. The Enacted Budget estimate had reflected the costs centrally.

Note 1: Projected 2004-05 includes \$1.7 billion in World Trade Center spending that will be reflected in various agencies at year end.

Note 2: Projected 2004-05 spending by function has been adjusted to include certain off-budget capital projects spending, however it is excluded from total projected spending. This spending is not included in actual cash results by the State Comptroller on a cash basis but is reflected on a GAAP basis.

CASH FLOW HEALTH CARE REFORM ACT 2004-2005 (millions of dollars)

	First Quarter (Actual)	Second Quarter (Actual)	Third Quarter (Projected)	Fourth Quarter (Projected)	Total (Projected)
Opening fund balance	430	702	801	843	430
Receipts:					
Public Goods Pool	745	594	739	554	2,632
Tobacco Control and Insurance Initiatives Pool	183	178	863	976	2,200
Total receipts	928	772	1,602	1,530	4,832
Disbursements:					
Hospital Indigent Care Fund	238	196	227	165	826
Professional Education/Graduate Medical Education	85	112	95	91	383
Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC)	150	150	103	91	494
Child Health Plus (CHP)	72	56	155	92	375
Family Health Plus (FHP)	0	0	189	192	381
Workforce Recruitment and Retention	14	18	146	151	329
Public Health	18	40	15	22	95
Mental Health	33	28	25	0	86
Roswell Park Cancer Institute	0	25	25	28	78
Physician Excess Medical Malpractice	0	0	23	32	55
Transfer To Medicaid:					
Pharmacy Costs	0	0	216	309	525
Physician Costs	0	0	43	42	85
Health Insurance Demonstration Project	0	0	28	2	30
Supplemental Medical Insurance	0	0	17	51	68
All Other Medicaid	0	0	108	156	264
All Other	46	48	145	159	398
Total disbursements	656	673	1,560	1,583	4,472
Excess (deficiency) of receipts					
over disbursements	272	99	42	(53)	360
Closing fund balance	702	801	843	790	790